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Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT No. 26.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### PUBLIC.

*Simla, the 30th June, 1899.*

**No. 1403.**—In accordance with the provisions of section 18, sub-section (1), of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), and with the directions contained in the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1964, dated the 2nd September, 1887, the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish, for general information, the following draft of a proviso which it is proposed to add to Rule 2—III (e) of the rules to regulate the transport and importation of explosives published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1393, dated the 8th July 1897.

The draft will be taken into consideration after the 15th of August 1899.

## DRAFT.

"Provided, that, in the case of detonators, the following further rules shall also be observed, namely:

- (a) The detonators, and the spaces between the same and between the same and the sides of the inner package, shall all be filled, as far as practicable, with fine sawdust or other similar material. A layer of cotton wool or other soft elastic material shall be placed between both ends of all the detonators and the interior of the inner package in which the same are placed, in such manner and so secured that both ends of the detonators will rest upon the said cotton wool or other material. Every inner package, if of metal, shall be lined throughout with paper or other soft material.
- (b) Where the number of detonators packed for conveyance exceeds in all one thousand (1,000), or such greater number as may from time to time be assigned with the consent of, and under conditions approved by, an Inspector of Explosives, all the inner packages as aforesaid shall be placed inside a substantial case of wood or metal, made and closed so as to prevent any of the inner packages escaping therefrom, and the case shall be placed inside such outer package as is required by the above general rule relating to the packing for conveyance of explosives of the 3rd division of the 6th (ammunition) class, in such manner and so secured as to leave a clear space of not less than three inches between every part of the interior of the said outer package, notwithstanding that such clear space may, if preferred, be filled with sawdust, straw, or other similar material, or may contain a light framework or battens of wood to keep the case aforesaid in position in the outer package."

**No. 1431.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27, clause (b), of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel so much of the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 2356, dated the 31st December 1879, as exempts the Mahal of Angul in the Lower Provinces of Bengal from the operation of the prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 and 14 of the said Act.

## ESTABLISHMENTS.

*The 27th June, 1899.*

**No. 396.**—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal:

Mr. R. C. Hamilton, of the Indian Civil Service.

Mr. G. Balthasar, of the Indian Civil Service.

**No. 397.**—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam:

Mr. H. L. Salkeld, of the Indian Civil Service.

Mr. J. Cornes, of the Indian Civil Service.

## MEDICAL.

*The 27th June, 1899.*

**No. 1124.**—The services of Captain A. Street, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S. (Bombay), are placed

permanently at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

## SANITARY.

*Plague.*

*The 28th June, 1899.*

**No. 2047.**—The following telegram from Her Britannic Majesty's Ambassador at Constantinople to His Excellency the Viceroy, dated the 22nd June 1899, is published for general information:

Twelve days' quarantine on departures from Egyptian ports since June 21st.

**No. 2062.**—The services of Risaldar Sadashiva Krishna Bapat, 2nd Bombay Lancers, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duties.



The 30th June, 1899.

No. 2075.—The following notices of the Board of Trade are published for general information:

(F. & H. 8177.)

Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, June 1, 1899.

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the following Notice respecting quarantine issued by the Governor of Malta, *vis.*:

No. 154.—Government Notice.

His Excellency the Governor, having heard the opinion of the Board of Health, has been pleased to modify Government Notice No. 138 of the 16th May, 1899, and to direct that the following regulations be observed, *vis.*:

1. Vessels which are not allowed to enter the Harbour, but are allowed to communicate in quarantine with the Islands of Comino and Cominotto under such restrictions as the Collector of Customs may direct.

(a) Vessels that have on board, or have had during the voyage cases of cholera, yellow fever, or plague, or cases of a disease with symptoms resembling those of cholera, yellow fever, or plague.

(b) Vessels with pilgrims from the East.

(c) Vessels arriving from Arabian ports in the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf which have not been admitted to free pratique at Suez and Port Said.

2. Vessels which are allowed to enter the Quarantine Harbour to coal and take in provisions under quarantine restrictions.

(a) Vessels arriving from Egyptian and Indian ports without a clean bill of health which have not been admitted to free pratique in a port in the Adriatic or Mediterranean Sea, or which have not, to the satisfaction of the Chief Government Medical Officer, been thoroughly disinfected before being admitted to free pratique at the said port.

(b) Vessels arriving from any port without a clean bill of health, which do not fall under any of the preceding regulations.

Vessels without a clean bill of health that carry a doctor may complete a period of ten days' quarantine, reckoned from date of departure, either at sea or at the anchorage of Comino, before being admitted under the same conditions as arrivals from Bombay.

3. Medical Inspection.

All vessels arriving at Malta shall undergo strict medical inspection.

4. Passengers.

(a) Passengers arriving from Bombay, Kurrachee, and passengers from Calcutta, on board vessels that do not carry a doctor, shall be landed in one of the quarantine establishments where they will be subjected to strict medical inspection until their clothing and all other articles of personal use, likely to retain infection, shall have been thoroughly disinfected.

(b) Passengers arriving from Calcutta on board vessels that carry a doctor and that have been admitted to free pratique at Suez, shall be permitted to land; but no luggage shall be landed before it is disinfected in one of the quarantine establishments.

5. Goods.

The importation of coffee, beans or ground, coloured with substances injurious to health, is prohibited.

The importation of cotton seed from any port subject to quarantine is forbidden.

The importation of rags is prohibited.

The importation is forbidden, before disinfection, of the following articles, *vis.*, wearing apparel, soiled linen and clothing, bedding materials, feathers, bones, and jute goods.

The importation of hides from any port subject to quarantine, or from any place where cattle disease exists, is prohibited before disinfection.

The importation of vines, vine shoots and fruit packed in vine leaves, is prohibited. The importation of plants or roots from any port of the Mediterranean is prohibited unless the same are accompanied by a satisfactory certificate that Phylloxera is not known to exist at the place of origin.

By command,

G. STRICKLAND,

Chief Secretary to Government.

Palace, Valletta, May 23, 1899.

No. 1080-G.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Ravenshaw, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 1st (officiating Resident of the 2nd) class, is posted as Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara.

No. 1829-A.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain J. R. C. Colvin, Superintendent of the Cooch Behar State, being a European British subject, to be a Justice of the Peace within the State of Cooch Behar.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### STATISTICS AND COMMERCE. CUSTOMS.

*Simla, the 27th June, 1899.*

No. 2919-S.R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 22 and 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the duty of five per cent. *ad valorem*, leviable under No. 15 of Schedule IV of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), as amended by Acts XVI of 1894 and III of 1896, on tie-bars of iron or steel shall be reduced to one per cent. *ad valorem*.

*The 30th June, 1899.*

No. 2976-S.R.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the Parlakimedi tramway shall, for the purposes of item No. 93 of Schedule IV of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), as amended by Acts XVI of 1894 and III of 1896, be included in the term "Railway" as used in the said item.

### LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*The 29th June, 1899.*

No. 2961-Gl.—Mr. J. A. Robertson, Assistant Accountant General and Examiner of Local Accounts, Bengal, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 30th June 1899.

Mr. K. L. Datta, Assistant Comptroller General, is posted as Assistant Accountant General and Examiner of Local Accounts, Bengal, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Robertson, or until further orders.

*The 30th June, 1899.*

No. 2992-Gl.—Major G. Davidson, R.E., Mint Master, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 3rd June 1899.

Major G. M. Porter, R.E., is appointed to officiate as Mint Master, Bombay, with effect from the 4th June 1899, during the absence on privilege leave of Major Davidson, or until further orders.

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 30th June, 1899.*

### APPOINTMENTS.

#### ARMY STAFF.

No. 707.—Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) J. A. Bell, Deoli Irregular Force, officiating Assistant Adjutant-General, Poona District, is confirmed as an Assistant Adjutant-General on the establishment, *vice* Colonel G. H. C. Dyce, C.B., appointed a Colonel on the Staff. Dated 29th June 1899.

### COMMANDS.

#### DISTRICT.

No. 708.—Brigadier-General N. R. Stewart, Indian Staff Corps, officiating in command of the Hyderabad Contingent, is confirmed in that command, *vice* Major-General Sir M. G. Gerard, K.C.S.I., C.B., who has vacated. Dated 29th June 1899.

#### STATION.

No. 709.—Colonel G. H. C. Dyce, C.B., Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Adjutant-General on the establishment, Bombay Command, and Colonel on the Staff, Commanding Edwardesabad-Tochi Force, to be a Colonel on the Staff on the establishment, Punjab Command, *vice* Brigadier-General N. R. Stewart, confirmed in the command of the Hyderabad Contingent, but to continue in command of the Edwardesabad-Tochi Force. Dated 29th June 1899.



## JUDICIAL.

No. 710.—In exercise of the powers conferred by article 190 of the Indian Articles of War (Act V of 1869 as amended by Act XII of 1894), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following rules to regulate the procedure of Courts-Martial under those articles:

Rules of Procedure for Courts-Martial under the Indian Articles of War.

1. No persons subject to these articles shall be tried or punished by court-martial for any military

offence after the expiration of three years from the date of such offence, unless the offender, by reason of absence or some other manifest impediment, could not be arrested or confined and brought to trial within that period; in which case he shall be liable to be tried at any time not exceeding two years after such impediment has ceased.

Indian Article  
of War 99.

2. Any person subject to the Indian Articles of War, who commits any offence against them, may be tried and punished for such offence at any place whatever in the same manner as if the offence had been committed in such place.

Indian Article  
of War 180.

3. When any person subject to these articles has been acquitted or convicted of an offence by a criminal court or has been summarily dealt with under Indian Article of War 165 or 166, he shall not be liable to be again tried for the same offence by a court-martial, or dealt with summarily in respect of it under either of the said articles.

Rule of pro-  
cedure.

4. A commanding officer will take care that a person under his command, when charged with an offence, is not detained in military custody for more than forty-eight hours after the committal of such person into custody is reported to him, without the charge being investigated, unless such investigation seems to him impracticable with due regard to the public service. Every case of detention beyond a period of forty-eight hours, and the reason thereof, shall be reported by the commanding officer to the general or other officer commanding the district or station.

Rule of pro-  
cedure 3.

5. Every charge against a person subject to the Indian Articles of War will be heard in the presence of the accused. The accused will have full liberty to cross-examine any witness against him and to call any witnesses and make any statement in his defence.

Rule of pro-  
cedure.

6. (a) The commanding officer will dismiss a charge brought before him, if, in his opinion, the evidence does not show that an offence under the Indian Articles of War has been committed, or if in his discretion he thinks the charge ought not to be proceeded with.

(b) At the conclusion of the hearing of a charge, if the commanding officer is of opinion that it ought to be proceeded with, he shall, without unnecessary delay, dispose of the case

either summarily if he has power so to deal with the offender or by remanding him for trial by court-martial or by reference to the proper superior military authority.

(c) If the accused is remanded for trial by court-martial, the commanding officer shall, without unnecessary delay, either issue an order for the assembly of a court-martial, or apply to the proper military authority to convene a court-martial as the case requires; this delay and any delay in the reference to superior military authority should not ordinarily exceed thirty-six hours.

7. (a) Where the accused is remanded by his commanding officer for trial by general or district court-martial, the evidence of the witnesses who were present before the commanding

officer shall be taken down in writing in a narrative form in the presence of the prisoner, who, if there is any variance between the evidence of any witness so taken down and the evidence previously given before the commanding officer, shall be allowed to put questions to the witness with reference to such variance, and such questions with the answers shall be added in writing to the evidence taken down.

(b) The evidence of each witness when taken down as provided in (a) shall be read over to him. Any statement of the prisoner material to his defence shall be added in writing.

(c) The above evidence and the statement, if any, shall be taken down before the commanding officer, or such officer as he directs; and if the commanding officer thinks it desirable, he may re-hear the case and re-consider his decision and dispose of it as provided by Rule 6 (b).

(d) The evidence and statement (if any) taken in pursuance of this rule (in these rules referred to as the summary of evidence), or a true copy thereof, shall be laid before the court-martial before whom the prisoner is tried on the assembly of the court.

8. When a person accused or suspected of an offence is taken before his superior officer, or before a court of inquiry, or inquest, he should not be authori-

tatively required to make any statement of his conduct in that matter, and no statement or evidence given by him before his superior officer or before a court of inquiry or a court of inquest should be received before he has been warned that his statement or evidence may be used against him in the event of further proceedings being instituted.

9. (a) A term of imprisonment by a commanding officer should be awarded in days and will commence to run from the day of award.

(b) When the commanding officer has once awarded punishment for an offence, he cannot afterwards increase that punishment for that offence.

Rules of  
procedure un-  
der Army Act,  
paragraph 5,  
modified.

Army Regu-  
lations, India,  
volume II,  
paragraph  
426.

Rules of pro-  
cedure, para-  
graph 6, page  
595, modified.

Rules of procedure A-A, paragraph 7, modified to suit Indian Articles of War.

10. A person amenable to the Indian Articles of War has no right to claim a trial by court-martial instead of submitting to the summary award of his commanding officer, but the commanding officer may, if he thinks proper, vindicate the justice of his award finding such person guilty by remanding him for trial by court-martial instead of punishing him summarily, but he must do so before the prisoner leaves his presence after the award is made.

Army Regulations, India, volume II, paragraph 377.

11. (a) When an accusation is made against a native officer, or charges of a serious nature are preferred against any individual subject to the Indian Articles of War, a court of inquiry is to be held, when considered necessary, by superior authority to investigate the case, the proceedings of which are to accompany the application (when made) for a general court-martial. Such court of inquiry will merely collect all available evidence, but will express no opinion.

Army Regulations, India, volume II, paragraph 381-A.

12. The discipline of the Native army depends in great measure on the summary court-martial. When a soldier or other native amenable to the Indian Articles of War has committed an offence which is ordinarily triable by summary court-martial, commanding officers, when determining by what court the prisoner is to be tried, are to bear in mind that the legislature, in conferring upon them the powers of a summary court-martial, intends that they shall exercise these powers.

The cases ought, therefore, to be few which should be remanded for trial by regimental court-martial; and trial by this class of court is to be restricted as far as possible.

#### *Prisoner's preparation for defence.*

Rules of procedure, paragraph 13, modified.

13. A prisoner for whose trial a court-martial has been ordered to assemble shall be afforded proper opportunity of preparing his defence, and shall be allowed free communication with his witnesses, and with any friend or legal adviser whom he may wish to consult.

Army Regulations, India, volume II, paragraph 384.

14. Charges for submission to a district court-martial will be sent by commanding officers, through the officer commanding the station, to the convening authority, who will, ordinarily, when the case presents no special difficulties, pass his orders thereon without calling for a report from the judge-advocate of the circle.

Similarly, the proceedings after trial will be sent direct to the confirming authority, who will ordinarily deal with them at once without waiting for a report from the circle judge-advocate.

Any case of doubt or difficulty should always be referred to the judge-advocate of the circle, more especially charges of civil offences, and offences connected with accounts, or which are of a fraudulent nature as distinct from ordinary theft.

Applications for trial from out-stations should be passed on by transmitting officers usually on the day of their receipt.

#### *Framing Charges.*

15. (a) A charge-sheet containing the whole issue or issues to be tried by a court-martial at one time. Rules of procedure, paragraph 9.

(b) A charge means an accusation contained in a charge-sheet that a person amenable to military law has been guilty of an offence.

(c) A charge-sheet may contain one charge or several charges.

16. (a) Every charge-sheet will begin with the name and description of the person charged, and Rules of procedure, paragraph 10, modified.

Form of charge-sheet. should state in the case of an officer, his name, and corps (if any). In the case of soldier or an attested or enrolled follower, his name, number, rank and corps (if any). And when he does not at the time of the trial belong to the regular forces, should show by the description of him, or directly by an express averment, that he is amenable to military law, in respect of the offence charged.

(b) When a soldier holding an appointment is brought to trial by court-martial, he is to be arraigned in his army rank with his appointment also designated, thus— Army Regulations, India, volume II, paragraph 407.

No. ——— Sowar (Lance-Duffadar) R. B. ——— Regiment.

No. ——— Sepoy or Private (Lance-Naik) N. F. ——— Regiment.

17. (a) Each charge should state one offence only, and in no case should an offence be described in the alternative in the same charge. Rules of procedure, paragraph 11, modified.

(b) Each charge should be divided into two parts—

(1) The statement of the offence; and

(2) The statement of the particulars of the act, neglect, or omission constituting the offence.

(c) The offence should be stated, if not a civil offence, in the words of the Indian Articles of War, and if a civil offence, in such words as sufficiently describe that offence, but not necessarily in technical words.

(d) The particulars should state such circumstances respecting the alleged offence as will enable the accused to know what act, neglect or omission is intended to be proved against him as such offence.

(e) The particulars is one charge may be framed wholly or partly by a reference to the particulars in another charge, and in that case so much of the latter particulars as is so referred to shall be deemed to form part of the first-mentioned charge as well as of the other charge.

(f) Where it is intended to prove any facts in respect of which any deduction from ordinary pay can be awarded as a consequence of the offence charged, the particulars should state



those facts and the sum of the loss or damage it is intended to charge.

(g) When a prisoner is charged with any loss or damage, the sum of such loss or damage is to be specified in the particulars of the charge.

rules of pro-  
cedure, para-  
graph 12.

18. (a) A charge-sheet shall not be invalid by reason only of any mistake in the name or description of the person charged, if he does not object to the charge-sheet during the trial, and it is not shown that injustice has been done to the person charged.

(b) In the construction of a charge-sheet or charge there shall be presumed in favour of supporting the same every proposition which may reasonably be presumed to be impliedly included though not expressed therein.

rules of pro-  
cedure, para-  
graph 33.

19. (a) At any time during the trial, if it appears to the court that there is any mistake in the name or description of the prisoner in the charge-sheet, the court may amend the charge-sheet so as to correct that mistake.

(b) If on the trial of any charge it appears to the court, at any time before they have begun to examine the witnesses, that in the interests of justice any addition to, omission from, or alteration in, the charge is required, they may report their opinion to the convening authority, and may adjourn, and the convening authority may either direct a new trial to be commenced, or amend the charge, and order the trial to proceed with such amended charge after due notice to the prisoner.

rules of pro-  
cedure, para-  
graphs 31-32.  
Army Regu-  
lations, India,  
volume II,  
paragraph  
38.

20. (a) The prisoner before being arraigned should be informed by an officer of every charge on which he is to be tried, and also that on his giving the names of witnesses whom he desires to call, reasonable steps will be taken for procuring their attendance, and those steps shall be taken accordingly.

The interval between the prisoners being informed of the charges against him, and his arraignment should be such as to allow him time to have his witnesses present, and to consider his defence.

(b) The officer at the time of so informing the prisoner should give the prisoner a copy of the charge-sheet, and should, if necessary, read and explain to him the charges brought against him.

(c) If he desires it a list of the names, rank and corps (if any) of the president and officers who are to form the court should, in courts-martial other than summary courts-martial, be given to the prisoner.

(d) If it appears to the court that the prisoner is liable to be prejudiced by any non-compliance with this rule, the court should take steps and, if necessary, adjourn to avoid the prisoner being so prejudiced.

rules of pro-  
cedure, para-  
graph 15.  
Army Regu-  
lations, India,  
volume II,  
paragraph  
40.

21. Any number of prisoners may be tried together for an offence charged to have been committed by them collectively, but in such case notice of the intention to try the prisoners together should be given to each

prisoner at the time of his being informed of the charge, and any prisoner may claim, either by notice to the authority convening the court, or, when arraigned before the court, by notice to the court, to be tried separately on the ground that the evidence of one or more of the other prisoners proposed to be tried together with him will be material to his defence; the convening authority or court, if satisfied that such evidence will be material, and if the nature of the charge admits of it, shall allow the claim, and such prisoner shall be tried separately.

22. Any person subject to the Indian Articles of War who at any place in British India within the jurisdiction of any court of criminal justice established by Her Majesty, or by the Government of India, or by the Local Government, is accused of any offence against the Indian Penal Code, and not included in the Indian Articles of War, shall be delivered over to the nearest magistrate to be proceeded against according to law.

23. The commission, attempt to commit or abetment of the offences of murder, culpable homicide, and any offence punishable under any of the sections 323 to 335 (both inclusive) or section 506 of the Indian Penal Code, when committed either within or without British India, by a person subject to the Indian Articles of War, may be tried by court-martial at any place whether within or without British India, and on conviction may be punished by any punishment assigned for the offence by the Indian Penal Code.

24. When more prisoners than one are tried separately by the same court-martial, the proceedings of each trial are to be conducted and recorded separately, and every officer of the court and every witness before the court shall in a fresh trial by the same court make a fresh oath or affirmation, as hereinafter prescribed, notwithstanding any previous oath or affirmation.

25. (a) A certificate showing the state of health of the prisoner on the day of trial is laid before the court and attached to the proceedings. The certificate is to be renewed in the event of any change taking place in the prisoner's health during the sitting of the court, or in case of revision of the proceedings.

(b) An explanatory memorandum is to be attached to the proceedings when any of the following circumstances occur—

(a) When there has been any great delay in bringing an offender to trial.

(b) When a district court-martial is composed of less than five officers.

(c) When a summary court-martial tries without reference an offence which should not ordinarily be tried without reference.

Indian Article  
of War 170.

Civil offences how  
triable.

Indian Article  
of War 173.

When certain offences  
are triable by mili-  
tary law.

Army Regu-  
lations, India,  
volume II,  
paragraph  
396, amended  
and added to.

Procedure to be ob-  
served when more than  
one prisoner is tried  
under Indian Articles  
of War.

Certificates of health,  
etc.

Army Regu-  
lations, India,  
volume II,  
paragraph  
393.

Army Regu-  
lations, India,  
volume II,  
paragraph  
395.

Indian Article of War 102.

26. An interpreter must be appointed to every court-martial. (Indian Article of War 102)

If no duly qualified interpreter is available at the station or place where the court sits, the officer appointing the court, or the officer commanding the district or place where the trial is to be held, may appoint a competent person to interpret. When no such person is available the superintending officer, or in an European court-martial the president, shall perform the duty of an interpreter.

In the case of summary court-martial the officer holding the trial or one of the officers in attendance may interpret under the above circumstances.

#### Summary court-martial.

27. A summary court-martial shall be held as soon as practicable (having regard to Rule 13) after the completion of the investigation of the charge which the court is to try.

Indian Article of War 93 (2).

28. At every summary court-martial the officer holding the trial (*i.e.*, the commanding officer composing the court) shall alone constitute the court, but the proceedings shall be attended throughout by two other officers, British or Native, who shall not, as such, be affirmed or sworn.

Indian Article of War 93 (3).  
Army Regulations, India, volume II, paragraph 397.

29. The proceedings shall be recorded in the English language, and when closed shall be signed by the officer holding the trial, and by the officers attending thereat, and by the interpreter.

30. When the officer holding the court, the interpreter, and the officers attending the court are assembled the prisoner is brought before the court and the prescribed oaths or affirmations are taken.

Indian Article of War 108.

31. The officer holding the trial shall administer to the interpreter or, when necessary, shall himself, as interpreter, make the oath or affirmation laid down in Indian Article of War 108, as far as the words "published by authority."

After which the interpreter if an European officer shall administer to the officer holding the trial the oath given in Indian Article of War 109 as far as the words "custom of war in the like cases."

If the interpreter is not an European officer, the officer holding the trial shall take the oath himself without its being administered to him by any one.

After the oaths have been administered all witnesses should be directed to withdraw from the court.

Rule of procedure 31.

32. (a) After the officer holding the trial and other persons are sworn as above mentioned, the prisoner is arraigned on the charges against him.

(b) The charges on which the prisoner is arraigned will be read to him and he will be required to plead separately to each charge.

33. The prisoner, when required to plead to any charge, may object to the charge on the ground that it does not disclose an offence under the Indian Articles of War, or is not in accordance with these rules, or he may plead condonation or previous conviction or punishment for the same offence.

34. (a) The prisoner before pleading to a special plea to the charge may offer a special plea to the jurisdiction of the court, and if he does so, and the court consider that anything stated in that plea, shows that the court have not jurisdiction, any evidence offered in support shall be received, together with any evidence offered in disproof or qualification thereof, and any address by the prisoner in reference thereto.

(b) If the court overrule the special plea, the trial should be proceeded with.

(c) If the court allow the special plea, the decision and the reasons for it shall be recorded and the court dissolved.

35. (a) If no special plea to the general jurisdiction of the court is offered, or if such plea, being offered, is overruled, the prisoner's plea—"Guilty" or "Not guilty" (or if he refuses to plead, or does not plead intelligibly either one or the other, a plea of "Not guilty") shall be recorded on each charge.

(b) Before recording a plea of "Guilty" the court should ascertain that the prisoner understands the nature of the charge to which he has pleaded "Guilty."

36. In trials under the Indian Articles of War, whether the prisoner pleads "Guilty" or "Not guilty" or whatever the plea may be, it is incumbent on the court to investigate the charge, so that all the circumstances connected therewith may come to light, and to record their findings as the result of sworn evidence.

37. After the plea of "Guilty" or "Not guilty" to any charge is recorded the evidence for the prosecution shall be taken.

38. At the close of the evidence for the prosecution the prisoner will be asked if he intends to call any witnesses in his defence.

If he states that he does, the procedure will be as follows:

(a) The prisoner will be asked if he has anything to say in his defence, and may address the court in his defence, or may defer such address until he has called his witnesses.

(b) The prisoner may call his witnesses, including also witnesses to character.

39. If at any trial for desertion, absence without leave, overstaying leave, or not rejoining when warned for service the person tried states in his defence any sufficient or reasonable excuse for his



unauthorised absence, and refers in support thereof to any officer in the civil or military service of Government, or if it appears that any such officer is likely to prove or disprove the said statement in defence, the courts shall address such officer and adjourn until his reply is received.

The written reply of any officer so referred to shall, if signed by him, be received in evidence and have the same effect as if made on oath or affirmation before the court.

Rule of procedure 85 (a).

40. The court may, if it thinks necessary in the interests of justice, call witnesses in reply to the defence.

41. After all the evidence both for prosecution and defence has been heard the officer holding the trial will give his opinion as to whether the prisoner is guilty or not guilty of the charges.

Rule of procedure 44 (a).

42. (a) The finding on every charge will be recorded and except as mentioned in these rules will be recorded simply as a finding of "Guilty" or "Not guilty" or of "Not guilty and honourably acquit him of the same."

(b) When the court is of opinion as regards any charge that the facts found to be proved in evidence differ materially from the facts alleged in the statement of particulars in the charge, but are sufficient nevertheless to prove the offence stated in the charge, and that the difference is not so material as to have prejudiced the prisoner in his defence, they may, instead of a finding of "Not guilty," record a special finding.

(c) The special finding may find the prisoner guilty on a charge subject to the statement of exceptions or variations annexed to the finding.

(d) When the court is of opinion that the facts proved do not disclose an offence under the Indian Articles of War, the court will acquit the prisoner on that charge.

Army Regulations, India, volume II, paragraph 401.

43. (a) If at a summary court-martial the finding is guilty, the officer holding the trial may record any previous convictions against the offender, and his general character either as of his own knowledge, or as the result of evidence duly taken on oath and entered in the proceedings.

(b) Should the officer holding the trial not record the character, etc., of the witness as of his own knowledge, evidence may be given of them by a witness verifying a statement which contains a summary of the entries in the regimental books respecting that prisoner, and by identifying the prisoner as the person referred to in that summary.

Rule of procedure 46 (a).

(c) The prisoner may cross-examine any such witness and may call witnesses to rebut such evidence; and if the prisoner so requests, the regimental books or a duly certified copy of the material entries therein shall be produced, and if the prisoner alleges that the summary is in any respect not in accordance with the regimental books or with such certified copy, as the case

may be, the court shall compare the summary with those books or copy, and if they find it is not in accordance therewith, shall cause the summary to be corrected accordingly.

44. The court shall award one sentence in respect of all the offences of which the prisoner is found guilty.

45. If the court awards a sentence of imprisonment with hard labour of three months or under, and no additional sentence of dismissal accompanies it, an addition to the sentence should be made above the signature to the effect that the imprisonment is to be carried out in military custody. This is not to form a subsidiary order.

46. Sentences exceeding one month and less than one year are to be recorded in months. Sentences which consist partly of months and partly of days are to be recorded in months and days.

47. When a prisoner has been sentenced by a summary court-martial to—

- (a) imprisonment with hard labour exceeding three months;
- (b) corporal punishment;
- (c) dismissal from the service;
- (d) loss of standing;

the commanding officer will enter a subsidiary G. O. 24 of order on the proceedings underneath the signatures to the sentence as follows:—

- (a) The prisoner is to be made over with the prescribed warrant of commitment to the officer in charge of the nearest jail for the purpose of undergoing the imprisonment, and his name is to be struck off the strength of the regiment from this date.
- (b) The corporal punishment will be carried out at (state place and date) in the presence of the — and the medical officer, and will be inflicted with the regulation cat on the bare back.
- (c) The prisoner's name will be struck off the strength of his regiment (battery, corps or detachment) from this date.
- (d) The name of the prisoner will be transposed in the list of his rank and will stand next below that of — (or will bear date the day of 18 ).

48. The sentence of summary court-martial held by an officer of not less than five years' service may be carried out at once, as no confirmation is necessary, the commanding officer being at once the convening officer, the officer holding the trial and the confirming officer.

49. If the officer holding a summary court-martial is of less than five years' service, he shall not, except on active service, carry into effect any sentence awarded by him until it has received the approval of a superior military officer commanding not less than a corps.

50. The sentence of a summary court-martial will be promulgated in the manner usual in the service at the earliest convenient opportunity after it has been pronounced by the commanding officer and will be carried out without delay after promulgation.

Indian Article of War 97.

51. The proceedings of a summary court-martial shall immediately on promulgation be forwarded to the deputy or assistant judge-advocate-general of the circle.

That officer after review of the proceedings will submit them to the general or other officer commanding the district with a recommendation for countersignature if they are legal and correct, or a report setting forth the illegalities and irregularities and recommending the setting aside of the proceedings if serious enough to have prejudiced the prisoner, or to have warranted such procedure.

Indian Article of War 97.

52. (a) For reasons based on the merits of the case the officer commanding the district in which the trial is held, the Commander-in-Chief in India, the General Officer of the Command and any other officer prescribed by the Indian Articles of War may set aside the proceedings of a summary court-martial, but they may not be set aside on any purely technical grounds.

G. O. 97 of 1883.

(b) The expression "merits of the case" only refers to the proceedings as far as and including the finding, and would include such points as an illegal charge, improper or manifestly insufficient evidence, prejudice to prisoner in his defence, refusal to admit as evidence the written reply of a civil or military officer called for by the prisoner under Article 115, and such like.

(c) The sentence cannot be set aside on the merits of the case provided it is a legal one. It can be remitted, the prisoner pardoned or readmitted to the service after dismissal, and service or other advantage forfeited by him can be restored by certain authorities as detailed in Article 160.

53. (a) The officer commanding the district after receiving the report of the deputy or assistant judge-advocate-general of the circle will enter his remarks on the final page of the form of proceedings headed "Remarks by the reviewing officer," after which the proceedings will be returned to the prisoner's corps to be filed in the records.

(b) If the officer commanding the district has occasion to set aside the proceedings, he will enter a memorandum to that effect on the above-mentioned final page of the form of proceedings, and the prisoner will be at once set at liberty and relieved from all the effects of the conviction.

*General provisions as to witnesses and evidence at all courts-martial.*

Army Regulations, India, volume II, paragraph 39.

54. A court-martial shall not receive evidence which is not relevant to the facts stated in the state-

ment of particulars in the charge, or any evidence which is not admissible under the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, subject to such modifications thereof as may have been made in the Indian Articles of War or as may be directed by the Governor-General in Council by notification.

55. The court may take judicial notice of all matters of notoriety, including all matters within their general military knowledge, but not of any circumstances connected with the case under trial with which they may be acquainted.

56. Evidence of mere deficiency of necessities, etc., on a certain date is generally insufficient to establish a charge of loss by neglect or making away with them. In all such cases it should be clearly proved—1st, that on a certain date, anterior to that in the charge, the soldier had the deficient articles in his possession; 2nd, that on the date stated in the charge the articles were deficient, and have not since been recovered.

57. In any proceeding under these articles, any application, certificate, warrant, reply or other document purporting to be signed by an officer in the civil or military service of the Government shall, on production, be presumed to have been duly signed by the person and in the character by whom and in which it purports to have been signed, until the contrary is shown.

58. The prosecutor is not bound to call all the witnesses whose evidence is in the summary or abstract of evidence given to the prisoner, but he should ordinarily call such of them as the prisoner desires, in order that he may cross-examine them, and the prosecutor should, for this reason, so far as seems to the court practicable, secure the attendance of all such witnesses.

59. If in courts-martial where a summary or abstract of evidence is given to the prisoner the prosecutor intends to call a witness whose evidence is not contained in that summary or abstract, notice of the intention shall be given to the prisoner a reasonable time before the witness is called; and if such witness is called without such notice having been given, the court shall, if the prisoner so desire it, either adjourn after taking the evidence of the witness, or allow the cross-examination of such witness to be postponed, and the court shall inform the prisoner of his right to demand such adjournment or postponement.

60. The prisoner shall not be required to give to the prosecutor a list of the witnesses whom he intends to call, but it shall rest with the prisoner alone to secure the attendance of any witness whose evidence is not contained in the summary or abstract, and for whose attendance the prisoner has not requested steps to be taken as provided by Rule 20.



Article  
922.

61. (a) The judge-advocate in the case of a general court-martial, and the officer ordering the trial in the case of any other court-martial, may, by summons under his hand, require the attendance before the court, at a time and place to be mentioned in the summons, of any person either to give evidence or produce any document or other thing.

(b) In the case of a witness amenable to military authority, the summons shall be sent to the officer actually commanding the corps, department or detachment to which he belongs, and such officer shall serve it upon him accordingly.

(c) In the case of any other witness, the summons shall be sent to the magistrate within whose jurisdiction he may be or reside, and such magistrate shall give effect to the summons as if the witness were required in the court of such magistrate.

(d) When a witness is required to produce any particular document or other thing in his possession or power, the summons shall describe it with convenient certainty.

(e) Nothing in this Rule shall be deemed to effect the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, sections 123 and 124, or to apply to any letter, post-card, telegram or other document in the custody of postal or telegraph authorities.

(f) If any document in such custody is, in the opinion of any district magistrate, chief presidency magistrate, high court or court of session, wanted for the purposes of any court-martial, such magistrate or court may require the postal or telegraph authorities, as the case may be, to deliver such document to such person as such magistrate or court may direct.

(g) If any such document is, in the opinion of any other magistrate or of any commissioner of police, or district superintendent of police, wanted for any such purpose, he may require the postal or telegraph department, as the case may be, to cause search to be made for and to detain such document pending the orders of any such district magistrate, chief presidency magistrate, or court.

of pro-  
79.

62. If such proper steps as mentioned in the preceding rule have not been taken as to any witness, or if any witness whose attendance could not be reasonably procured before the assembly of the court is essential to the prosecution or defence, the court shall adjourn and report the circumstances to the convening officer.

in Arti-  
of War

63. (a) Any witness duly summoned, and any person who commits any contempt of court in the presence of a court-martial, or any offence described in Article 56, 67, or 68, shall, if subject to these articles, be proceeded against as the court may direct.

(b) If any such witness or person is not so subject, the president of the court-martial may certify the offence under his hand to the court of any magistrate within the local limits of

whose jurisdiction it was committed, and the magistrate may thereupon take cognisance of the case and after hearing anything which the accused may desire to say, dispose of it as if the offence had been committed in a proceeding in the court of such magistrate.

64. (a) No president or member of a court-martial, no judge-advocate or superintending officer, no party to any proceeding before a court-martial, or his legal practitioner or agent, and no witness acting in obedience to a summons to attend a court-martial shall, while proceeding to, attending on, or returning from, a court-martial, be liable to arrest under civil or revenue process.

(b) If any such person is arrested under any such process, he may be discharged by order of the court-martial.

65. During the trial a witness, other than the prosecutor, ought not, except by special leave of the court, to be in court while not under examination, and if while he is under examination a discussion arises as to the allowance of a question, or the sufficiency of his answers, or otherwise as to his evidence, he may be directed to withdraw.

66. Every person giving evidence at a court-martial shall be examined on oath, or on affirmation where affirmation is appropriate and admissible, and shall be duly sworn or affirmed in such of the following forms as may be appropriate:

*For Europeans and persons professing the Christian religion.*

"I do swear that what I shall state shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. So help me God"—

or,

"I solemnly affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that what I shall state shall be the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth."

*For Mussalman, Hindu or other Native witness.*

"I solemnly affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that what I shall state shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth."

If none of the forms of oath or affirmation prescribed in Articles 108 to 111, both inclusive, or appropriate to any officer of a court-martial or any witness, such officer or witness shall make oath or affirmation to the purport herein before prescribed, in such form as the court ascertains to be according to his religion or otherwise binding on his conscience.

67. (a) Every question may be put to a witness orally by the officer holding the trial, the prosecutor, prisoner, or judge-advocate, without the intervention of the court, and the witness will forthwith reply unless an objection is made by the court, judge-advocate,

prosecutor or prisoner, in which case he will not reply until the objection is disposed of. The witness will address his reply to the court.

(b) The evidence of a witness, as taken down, should be read to him after he has given all his evidence and before he leaves the court, and such evidence may be explained or corrected by the witness at his instance. If he makes any explanation or correction, the prosecutor and prisoner may respectively examine him respecting the same.

Rule of  
procedure.

68. (a) A witness may be examined by the person calling him, and may be cross-examined by the opposite party to the proceeding, and on the conclusion of the cross-examination may be re-examined by the person calling him on matters raised by the cross-examination.

(b) The court may, if they think fit, allow the cross-examination of a witness to be postponed.

Rule of pro-  
cedure 84 (ii).

69. (a) At any time before the time for the second address of the prisoner (or at a summary court-martial at any time before the finding of the court), the officer commanding, the judge-advocate, also any member of the court, may, with the permission of the court, address through the president any question to a witness.

(b) Upon any such question being answered, the commanding officer, the superintending officer or the president shall also put to the witness any question relative to that answer which he may be requested to put by the prosecutor or the prisoner, and which the court deem reasonable.

Rule of proce-  
dure 25.

70. (a) At the request of the prosecutor or prisoner a witness may, by leave of the court, be recalled at any time before the time for the second address of the prisoner for the purpose of having any question put to him through the officer commanding, superintending officer or the president.

(b) A witness may, in special cases, be allowed by the court to be called or re-called by the prosecutor before the time for the second address of the prisoner, for the purpose of rebutting any material statement made by a witness for the defence upon his examination by the prisoner on any new matter which the prosecutor could not reasonably have foreseen.

(c) Where the prisoner has called witnesses to character, the prosecutor, before the time for the second address of the prisoner, may call or re-call witnesses for the purpose of proving a previous conviction or entries in the defaulters' book against the prisoner.

(d) The court may call or re-call any witness at any time before the finding, if they consider that it is necessary for the ends of justice.

*Convening General, District and Regimental courts-martial.*

Rule of proce-  
dure 17.

71. (a) An officer before convening a court-martial should first satisfy himself that the charges to be tried by the court

are offences within the meaning of the Indian Articles of War, and that the evidence justifies a trial on those charges; and if not so satisfied, should order the release of the prisoner or refer the case to superior authority.

(b) He should also satisfy himself that the case is a proper one to be tried by the description of court-martial he proposes to convene.

(c) The officer convening a court-martial shall appoint or detail the officers to form the court, and may also appoint or detail such waiting officers as he thinks expedient.

(d) The officer convening a court-martial shall send to the judge-advocate or superintending officer the original charge-sheet on which the prisoner is to be tried, and the summary or abstract of evidence.

72. (a) Whenever a native officer or soldier or other native amenable to the Indian Articles of War is ordered to be tried by any court-martial other than a summary court-martial, the 3rd clause of the 86th Indian Article of War is to be read and explained to him before the assembly of the court; and if the prisoner then claims the right given him by the article, the court will be composed of British officers, and the proceedings will be conducted and recorded in all other respects in accordance with these articles.

(b) In the case of any court-martial composed of European commissioned officers, the president shall conduct the proceedings.

(c) A British officer of not less than four years' service called the superintending officer, shall be appointed to superintend the proceedings of every court-martial composed of native officers which is not attended by a judge-advocate.

(d) At every court-martial the senior officer shall sit as president without special appointment as such.

(e) In the case of the death or unavoidable absence of the president, the next senior officer shall take the place of the president, without special appointment as such, and the trial shall proceed if the court is still composed of not less than the smallest number of officers of which it is required by law to consist.

73. (a) If before the prisoner is arraigned, the full number of officers detailed are not available to serve, by reason of non-eligibility, disqualification, challenge, or otherwise, the court should ordinarily adjourn for the purpose of fresh members being appointed: but if the court are of opinion that in the interests of justice, and for the good of the service, it is inexpedient so to adjourn, they may, if not reduced in number below the legal minimum, proceed, recording their reasons for so doing.

(b) If the court adjourns for the purpose of the appointment of fresh members, whether under these rules or otherwise, the convening officer may, if he thinks fit, convene another court.

Army  
Regulation  
India, vol  
II, paragr  
3828.

Rule of  
procedure  
and Army  
Regulation  
India, vol  
II, paragr  
378.



Rule of pro-  
cedure 19.Ineligibility and dis-  
qualification of officers  
for court-martial.

74. (a) An officer is not eligible for serving on a court-martial if he is not subject to military law.

(b) An officer is disqualified for serving on a general, district or regimental court-martial on a prisoner if such officer—

- (i) is the officer who convened the court; or
- (ii) is the prosecutor or a witness for the prosecution; or
- (iii) investigated the charges before trial, or was a member of a court of inquiry respecting the matters on which the charges against the prisoner are founded; or
- (iv) is the commanding officer of the prisoner, or of the corps or battalion to which the prisoner belongs, or
- (v) has a personal interest in the case.

Rule of pro-  
cedure 20.

75. (a) A general court-martial shall be composed, as far as possible, of officers of different corps and in no case exclusively of officers of the same regiment or corps to which the accused belongs.

(b) A district court-martial may, when necessary, be composed wholly of officers of the corps or department to which the prisoner belongs.

Rule of pro-  
cedure 22.

76. (a) On the court assembling, the order convening the court shall be read, and also the names, rank, and corps of the officers appointed to serve on the court; and it shall be the first duty of the court to satisfy themselves that the court is legally constituted; (that is to say)—

- (i) that, so far as the court can ascertain, the court has been convened in accordance with the Indian Articles of War and these Rules;
- (ii) that the court consists of a number of officers not less than the legal minimum, and, save as mentioned in Rule 73, not less than the number detailed;
- (iii) that none of the officers so assembled are disqualified for serving on that court-martial;
- (iv) that an interpreter has been appointed, and a superintending officer when necessary.

(b) The court should further, if it is a general or district court-martial to which a judge-advocate has been appointed, ascertain that the judge-advocate is duly appointed, and is not disqualified for acting at that court-martial.

(c) The court, if not satisfied on the above matters should report their opinion to the convening authority: and may adjourn for that purpose.

Rule of pro-  
cedure 23.

77. (a) The court, when satisfied on the above matters, should satisfy themselves in respect to each charge about to be brought before them—

- (i) that it appears to be laid against a person amenable to military law, and to the jurisdiction of the court; and

- (ii) that each charge discloses an offence under the Indian Articles of War, and is framed in accordance with these rules, and is so explicit as to enable the prisoner readily to understand what he has to answer.

(b) The court, if not satisfied on the above matters, should report their opinion to the convening authority and may adjourn for that purpose.

#### *Procedure at Trial.—Challenge and swearing.*

78. When the court have satisfied themselves as to the above facts, the appearance of prosecutor and prisoner. prosecutor, who must be a person subject to military law, should take his place, and the court shall cause the prisoner to be brought before the court. Rule of pro-  
cedure 24.

79. (a) At all trials by ordinary court-martial the court, upon the prisoner being brought before them, shall ascertain that the court is constituted of officers to whom the prisoner makes no reasonable objection, by reading over the names of the members to the prisoner. Rule of pro-  
cedure 25.

(b) The prisoner has no right to object to the prosecutor, judge-advocate or superintending officer.

(c) The prisoner shall state the names of all the officers to whom he objects before any objection is disposed of.

(d) The prisoner may call any person to give evidence in support of his objection.

(e) If more than one officer is objected to, the objection to each officer will be disposed of separately, and the objection to the lowest in rank will be disposed of first; and on an objection to an officer, all the other officers present shall vote on the disposal of such objection, notwithstanding that objections have been made to any of those officers.

(f) When an objection to an officer is allowed, that officer shall forthwith retire, and take no further part in the proceedings.

(g) When an officer objected to retire, and there are any officers in waiting, the vacancy shall be forthwith filled by one of the officers in waiting being directed to serve in lieu of the retiring officer. If there is no officer in waiting available, the court will proceed as directed by Rule 76 (A) (ii).

(h) The eligibility, absence of disqualification, and freedom from objection of an officer filling a vacancy, will be ascertained by the court, as in the case of other officers appointed to serve on the court.

80. (a) As soon as the court is constituted with the proper number of officers who are not objected to, or the objections to whom have been overruled, the officer conducting the proceedings shall administer to the interpreter or, when necessary, shall himself make as interpreter the affirmation or oath laid down in Indian Article of War 108. Rule of pro-  
cedure 26.

(b) The interpreter, or the officer conducting the proceedings, shall then administer to the president and each of the members of the court-martial an affirmation or oath in the forms laid down in Indian Article of War 108.

(c) The interpreter, or any other European officer of the court, shall then administer to the judge-advocate or superintending officer the affirmation or oath in the forms laid down in Indian Article of War 109.

Rule of procedure 27.

81. (a) After the members of the court and other persons are sworn as above-mentioned, the prisoner shall be arraigned on the charges against him.

(b) The charges upon which the prisoner is arraigned are read to him, and he will be required to plead separately to each charge.

Rule of procedure 34.

82. (a) The prisoner, before pleading to a charge, may offer a special plea to the general jurisdiction of the court; and if he does so, and the court consider that anything stated in such plea shows that the court have not jurisdiction, they shall receive any evidence offered in support, together with any evidence offered by the prosecutor in disproof or qualification thereof, and any address by the prisoner and reply by the prosecutor in reference thereto.

(b) If the court overrule the special plea, they should proceed with the trial.

(c) If the court allow the special plea, they shall record their decision and the reasons for it, and report it to the convening authority and adjourn; such decision shall not require any confirmation, and the convening authority shall either forthwith convene another court for the trial of the prisoner, or order the prisoner to be released.

(d) If the court are in doubt as to the validity of the plea, they may refer the matter to the convening authority, and may adjourn for that purpose, or may record a special decision with respect to such plea, and proceed with the trial.

Rule of procedure 35.

83. If no special plea to the general jurisdiction of the court is offered, or if such plea, being offered, is overruled, the prisoner's plea "Guilty" or "Not guilty" (or if he refuses to plead or does not plead intelligibly either one or the other, a plea of "Not guilty") shall be recorded on each charge.

Rule of procedure 36.

84. (a) The prisoner at the time of his general plea of "Guilty" or "Not guilty" to a charge for an offence may offer a plea in bar of trial on the ground of having previously been convicted or acquitted by a competent civil court or a court-martial of the offence, or of having been dealt with summarily by his commanding officer for the offence, or of the offence having been pardoned or condoned by competent military authority, or of the offence having been committed more than three years ago.

(b) If he offers such plea in bar the court shall record it as well as his general plea, and

if they consider that any fact or facts, stated by him, are sufficient to support the plea in bar, they shall receive any evidence offered and hear any address made by the prisoner and the prosecutor in reference to the plea.

(c) If the court find that the plea in bar is proved, they shall record their finding and notify it to the convening authority and shall either adjourn, or if there is any other charge against the prisoner whether in the same or in a different charge-sheet, which is not affected by the plea in bar, may proceed to the trial of the prisoner on that charge.

(d) If the finding that a plea in bar is proved is not confirmed, the court may be re-assembled by the confirming authority and proceed as if the plea had been found not proved.

(e) If the court find that the plea in bar is not proved, they shall proceed with the trial and the said finding shall be subject to confirmation like any other finding of the court.

85. In trials under the Indian Article of War, Paragraph 308, Army Regulations, India, volume II. whether the prisoner pleads "Guilty" or "Not guilty," or whatever the plea may be, it is incumbent on the court to investigate the charge, and to record the evidence, so that all the circumstances thereof may be known to the confirming authority.

86. After the plea of "Not guilty" to any charge is recorded, the trial will proceed as follows: Rule of procedure 39.

(a) The prosecutor may, if he desires, make an opening address.

(b) The evidence for the prosecution shall then be taken.

(c) If it should be necessary for the prosecutor to give evidence for the prosecution, he should give it after the delivery of his address, and he must be sworn, and give his evidence in detail.

(d) He may be cross-examined by the prisoner, and afterwards may make any statement which might be made by a witness on re-examination.

87. (1) At the close of evidence for the prosecution the prisoner will be asked if he intends to call any witnesses other than witnesses as to character. Rule of procedure 40.

(2) If the prisoner does not state that he intends to call any witnesses other than witnesses as to character, the procedure will be as follows:

(a) The prosecutor may address the court a second time for the purpose of summing-up the evidence for the prosecution.

(b) The prisoner will be asked if he has anything to say in his defence and may address the court in his defence.

(c) The prisoner may call witnesses as to his character.



(d) The prosecutor may produce in reply to the witnesses as to character, proof of former convictions and entries in the defaulters' book, but he may not again address the court.

88. If the prisoner states that he intends to call witnesses other than prisoner call witnesses. witnesses as to character, the procedure will be as follows:—

(a) The prisoner will be asked if he has anything to say in his defence, and may address the court in his defence.

(b) The prisoner may call his witnesses, including witnesses as to character.

(c) The prosecutor may, in special cases with the permission of the court, call witnesses in reply.

(d) After the evidence of all the witnesses for the defence has been taken, the prisoner may again address the court, and the time at which such second address is allowed is in these rules referred to as the time for the second address of the prisoner.

(e) The prosecutor will be entitled to address the court in reply.

89. (a) The judge-advocate, if any, will, unless both he and the court judge-advocate. think a summing-up unnecessary, sum up in open court the whole case.

(b) After the judge-advocate has spoken, no other address shall be allowed.

#### *Finding and Sentence.*

90. (a) The court will deliberate on their finding in closed court.

(b) The opinion of each member of the court will be taken separately on each charge.

91. (a) The finding on every charge will be recorded, and except as mentioned in these rules, will be recorded simply as a finding of "Guilty" or of "Not guilty," or of "Not guilty and honourably acquit him of the same."

(b) Where the court are of opinion as regards any charge that the facts which they find to be proved in evidence differ materially from the facts alleged in the statement of particulars in the charge, but are nevertheless sufficient to prove the offence stated in the charge, and that the defence is not so material as to have prejudiced the prisoner in his defence, they may, instead of a finding of "Not guilty," record a special finding.

(c) The special finding may find the prisoner guilty on a charge, subject to the statement of exceptions or variations annexed to the finding.

(d) Where the court are of opinion as regards any charge that the facts proved do not disclose an offence under the Indian Articles of War, the court will acquit the prisoner of that charge.

(e) If the court doubt as regards any charge whether the facts proved show the prisoner to

be guilty or not of an offence under the Indian Articles of War, they may, before recording a finding on that charge, refer to the confirming authority for an opinion, and, if necessary, adjourn for that purpose.

92. (a) If the finding on any charge is "Guilty," then, for the guidance of the court in determining their sentence and of the confirming authority in considering the sentence, the court, before deliberating on their sentence, should take evidence of and record the prisoner's age, service, and rank, and the length of time he has been in arrest or in confinement on any previous sentence, and any military decoration, or military reward, of which he may be in possession or to which he is entitled, and which the court can sentence him to forfeit, and as to the general character of the prisoner and any previous convictions against him either by court-martial or by a civil court.

(b) Evidence on the above matters may be given by a witness verifying a statement which contains a summary of the entries in the regimental books respecting the prisoner and identifying the prisoner as the person referred to in that summary.

(c) Evidence on the above matter should not be given by a member of the court, but may be, and generally is, given by the prosecutor.

(d) Evidence on the above matter should not be given by a member of the court, but may be, and generally is, given by the prosecutor.

(e) The prisoner may cross-examine any such witness, and may call witnesses to rebut such evidence; and if the prisoner so requests, the regimental books, or duly certified copy of the material entries therein, shall be produced; and if the prisoner alleges that the summary is in any respect not in accordance with regimental books, or such certified copy, as the case may be, the court shall compare the summary with those books or copy, and if they find it is not in accordance therewith, shall cause the summary to be corrected accordingly.

93. The court shall award one sentence in respect of all the offences of which the prisoner is found guilty, and such sentence shall be deemed to be awarded in respect of the offence in each charge in respect of which it can be legally given, and not to be awarded in respect of any offence in a charge in respect of which it cannot be legally given.

94. Sentences, unless for one year or two years exactly, should, if for one month or upwards, be recorded in months. Sentences, consisting partly of months and partly of days are to be recorded in months and days.

95. (a) If the court make recommendation to mercy, they shall give their reasons for such recommendation.

#### *Confirmation and Revision.*

96. (a) If the court make recommendation to mercy, they shall give their reasons for such recommendation.

(b) The number of votes by which a recommendation to mercy mentioned in this rule, or any question relative thereto as adopted, or rejected, may be entered in the proceedings.

Rule of procedure 50.

96. Upon the court awarding the sentence, signing and transmission of proceedings, and sign the sentence and such signature shall authenticate the whole of the proceedings, and the proceedings upon being signed by the judge-advocate, if any, shall be at once transmitted for confirmation.

97. The forfeitures mentioned in Indian Article of War 137 are

Forfeitures. awardable only to make good proved loss or damage. When no loss or damage has resulted from the prisoner's misconduct, such forfeitures are not awardable, and, if awarded, should not be confirmed.

Indian Article of War 120.

98. The finding or sentence of any court-martial may be once revised by order of the officer authorized to dispose of the proceedings, and, on such revision, the court, if so directed by him, may take additional evidence.

Rule of procedure 52.

99. (a) When the finding or sentence is sent back for revision, the court should re-assemble in closed court, but if so directed by the officer authorized to dispose of the proceedings, may take fresh evidence on revision and such evidence must be taken in open court and in the presence of the prisoner.

The court should on revision consist of the same officers who were present when the original decision was passed, except in the case of the unavoidable absence of any of the officers, in which case the remainder can go on with the revision, provided the court still consists of the smallest legal number of officers.

(b) When the sentence alone is sent back for revision, the court shall not revise the finding.

(c) When the finding is sent back for revision and the court do not adhere to their former finding, they shall revoke the finding and sentence, and record a new finding, and if such new finding involves a new sentence, pass sentence afresh.

(d) After revision the president shall date and sign the decision of the court, and the proceedings upon being signed by the judge-advocate, if any, shall be at once transmitted for confirmation.

Rule of procedure 54.

100. (a) Where a sentence has been awarded by court-martial in respect of offences in several charges and the confirming authority confirms the finding on some but not on all of such charges, that authority shall take into consideration the fact of such non-confirmation, and shall, if it seems just, mitigate, remit, or commute the punishment awarded according as seems just, having regard to the offences in the charges the findings on which are confirmed.

(b) Where a sentence has been awarded by a court-martial in respect of offences in several charges and has been confirmed, and any one of such charges or the finding thereon is found to be invalid, the authority having power to remit or commute the punishment awarded by such sentence shall take into consideration the fact of such invalidity, and if it seems just, mitigate, remit, or commute the punishment awarded

according as seems just, having regard to the offences in the charges which with the findings thereon are not invalid, and such punishment shall be as valid as if it had been originally awarded only in respect of those offences.

101. (a) If the sentence of a court-martial is informally expressed, the confirming authority may, in confirming the sentence, vary the form, so that it shall be properly expressed, and if the punishment awarded by the sentence is in excess of the punishment authorised by law, the confirming authority may vary the sentence, so that the punishment shall not be in excess of the punishment authorised by law; and the confirming authority may confirm the finding and the sentence as so varied of such court-martial.

(b) Whenever it appears that a court-martial had jurisdiction to try a prisoner, and that the prisoner was charged with some offence or offences under the Indian Articles of War and was shown by legal evidence to have been guilty of the offence or one of the offences charged, the finding in respect of the offence or offences of which he is so shown to be guilty, and the sentence, may be confirmed, and if so confirmed shall be valid, notwithstanding any deviation from these rules or any defect or objection, technical or other, unless it appears that any injustice has been done to the prisoner; but nothing in this rule shall relieve an officer from any responsibility for any wilful or negligent disregard of any of these rules.

102. For forms of subsidiary orders in the case of award of imprisonment, corporal punishment, or dismissal from the service, see Rule 47.

In the case of courts-martial other than summary courts-martial the subsidiary order will be added over the signature of the staff officer or the officer who has power to dispose of the proceedings.

103. On the trial of a native commissioned officer, an extract from the regimental records detailing his age, length of service, and general character is to be transmitted to the deputy or officiating judge-advocate for the purpose of being attached to the proceedings, but it is not to be read to the court for the purpose of influencing its sentence, the object being solely to enable the confirming authority to judge of the prisoner's previous character. The provisions of this paragraph are also applicable to warrant officers of the subordinate medical department who are subject to the Indian Articles of War.

#### Insanity.

104. (a) Where the court find either that the prisoner is unfit, by reason of insanity, to take his trial, or that he committed the offence with which he is charged, but was insane at the time of the commission thereof, the court shall, in the former case, find that the prisoner is unfit owing to unsoundness of mind to take his trial and, in the latter, shall find the prisoner not guilty, but add that he committed the act or

Rule of procedure 55

Army Regulations, Volume 403.



which he is being tried, the president shall date and sign the finding, and the proceedings, upon being signed by the judge-advocate, if any, shall be at once transmitted for confirmation.

(b) If such finding is not confirmed, the prisoner may be tried by the same or another court-martial for the offence with which he was originally charged.

(c) Where such finding is confirmed, then until the directions of the Government as to the disposal of such prisoner are known, or in the case of a prisoner unfit to take his trial until any earlier time at which such prisoner is fit to take his trial, the prisoner shall be confined in such manner as may, in the opinion of the proper military authority, be best calculated to keep him securely, without unnecessary harshness, as he is not to be considered as a criminal, but as a person labouring under a disease.

#### General Provisions as to Proceedings of Court.

105. The members of a court-martial will take their seats according to their army rank, except that in the case of a regimental court-martial consisting entirely of officers of the same corps, they will take their seats according to their rank in that corps.

106. (a) In the case of any court-martial composed of European commissioned officers, the president shall conduct the proceedings, but the judge-advocate (if any) shall make the record.

(b) In the case of court-martial composed of native officers the judge-advocate, if there is one, shall conduct the proceedings. If there is no judge-advocate, the superintending officer shall conduct them.

107. (a) The president, when he is conducting the proceedings, otherwise the judge-advocate or superintending officer, is responsible for the trial being conducted in proper order and in accordance with the Indian Articles of War; and will take care that everything is conducted in a manner befitting a court of justice.

(b) It is the duty of the president, judge-advocate or superintending officer to see that justice is administered, that the prisoner has a fair trial, and that he does not suffer any disadvantage in consequence of his position as a prisoner, or of his ignorance, or of his incapacity to examine or cross-examine witnesses, or otherwise.

108. Presidents or superintending officers are responsible that the proceedings of courts-martial not attended by judge-advocates are fairly and accurately recorded in a clear and legible hand without abbreviations and erasures; and when they cannot write legibly themselves, they should employ a member to write for them. If interlineation—which should be avoided as much as possible—are necessary, they are to be initialled by the judge-advocate, president, or superintending officer. The pages are to be numbered, and the sheets are to be fastened together. Care is to be taken that sufficient space (at least half a page) is left immediately below the signature of

the president for the signature and remarks of the confirming authority.

109. (a) It is the duty of the prosecutor to assist the court in the administration of justice, to behave impartially, to bring the whole of the transaction before the court, and not to take any unfair advantage of, or suppress any evidence in favor of, the prisoner.

(b) The court may stop the prosecutor in referring to any matter not relevant to the charge then before the court, or any matter which the court is not investigating, and it is the duty of the court to restrain any undue violence of language or want of fairness or moderation on the part of the prosecutor.

(c) The court should allow great latitude to the prisoner in making his defence; he must abstain from any remarks contemptuous or disrespectful towards the court, and from coarse and insulting language towards others, but he may for the purpose of his defence impeach the evidence and the motives of the witnesses and prosecutor, and charge other persons with blame and even criminality, subject, if he does so, to any liability to further proceedings to which he would otherwise be subject. The court may caution the prisoner as to the irrelevance of his defence, but should not, unless in special cases, stop his defence solely on the ground of such irrelevance.

110. Where two or more prisoners are tried together and any evidence is tendered by any one or more of them, the evidence and addresses on the part of all the prisoners will be taken before the prosecutor replies and the prosecutor will make one address only in reply as regards all the prisoners.

111. (a) Where the convening officer directs any charges against a prisoner to be inserted in different charge-sheets, the prisoner shall be arraigned, and, until after the finding tried upon each charge-sheet separately, and accordingly the procedure in rules 81 to 89, both inclusive, shall, until after the finding, be followed in respect of each charge-sheet, as if it contained the whole of the charges against the prisoner.

(b) The trials upon the several charge-sheets shall be in such order as the convening officer directs.

(c) When the court have tried the prisoner upon all the charge-sheets, they shall in the case of the finding being "Not guilty" on all the charges, proceed as directed by Rule 91, and, in case of the finding on any one or more of the charges being "Guilty," proceed as directed by Rule 92 both inclusive in like manner in each case as if all the charges in the different charge-sheets had been contained in one charge-sheet, and the sentence passed shall be of the same effect as if all the charges had been contained in one charge-sheet.

(d) If the convening officer directs that, in the event of conviction of a prisoner upon a charge in any charge-sheet, he need not be tried upon the subsequent charge-sheets, the court in such event may, without trying the prisoner upon

any of the subsequent charge-sheet, proceed as before directed by (c).

(c) Where a charge-sheet contains more than one charge, the prisoner may, before pleading, claim to be tried separately in respect of any charge or charges in that charge-sheet, on the ground that he will be embarrassed in his defence if he is not so tried separately; and in such case the court, unless they think his claim unreasonable, shall arraign and try the prisoner in like manner as if the convening officer had inserted the said charge or charges in different charge-sheets.

Rule of procedure 63.

112. (a) When a court-martial sits in closed court on any deliberation amongst the members or otherwise, no person shall be present except the members of the court, the judge-advocate, interpreter and any officers under instruction; and the court may either retire or may cause the place where they sit to be cleared of all other persons not entitled to be present.

(b) Except as above mentioned all the proceedings, including the view of any place, shall be in open court and in the presence of the prisoner.

Indian Article of War 106.

113. Trials by courts-martial may be carried on at any time without restriction.

The date and hour of the court's original assembly shall be fixed by, or under the orders of the convening officer; but the adjournment and re-assembly of a court-martial shall be determined by the court itself.

Rule of procedure 65.

114. (a) When a court is once assembled and the prisoner has been arraigned, the court should continue the trial from day to day and sit for a reasonable period on every day, unless it appears to the court that an adjournment is necessary for the ends of justice, or that such continuance is impracticable.

(a) A court-martial in the absence either of a judge-advocate or superintending officer (if such has been appointed for that court-martial), shall not proceed, and, if necessary, shall adjourn.

(c) The senior officer on the spot may also, for military exigencies, adjourn or prolong the adjournment of the court.

(d) Any adjournment may be made from place to place as well as from time to time. If the time to which the adjournment is made is not specified, the adjournment will be until such time as the court may subsequently fix, if the place to which such adjournment is made is not specified, the adjournment will be to the same place or to such place as may be fixed in further orders issued by the court.

Indian Article of War 103.

115. (a) When a court-martial after the commencement of the trial is reduced below the smallest number of officers of which it is by the Indian Articles of War required to consist, it shall be deemed to be dissolved.

(b) If on account of the illness of the prisoner before the finding, it is impossible to continue

the trial within a reasonable time, a court-martial shall be dissolved.

(c) Where a court-martial is dissolved under this article, the prisoner may be tried again.

116. In case of the death of the prisoner, or of such illness of the prisoner as renders it impossible to continue the trial, the court will ascertain the fact of the death or illness by evidence, and record the same, and adjourn, and transmit the proceedings to the convening authority.

117. (a) A member of a court who has been absent while any part of the evidence on the trial of a prisoner is taken can take no further part in the trial by that court of that prisoner, but the court will not be affected unless it is reduced below the legal minimum.

(b) An officer cannot be added to a court-martial after the prisoner has been arraigned.

118. (a) Every member of a court must give his opinion on every question which the court has to decide, and must give his opinion as to the sentence, notwithstanding that he has voted for an acquittal.

(b) Subject to the provisions of the Indian Articles of War every question shall be determined by an absolute majority of the opinions of the members of the court, and in the case of an equality of opinions the president's second or casting vote will be reckoned as determining the majority, except in a vote on the finding or sentence when, on an equality of votes, the decision shall be in favour of the prisoner.

(c) The opinions of the members of the court should be taken in succession, beginning with the junior in rank.

(d) No sentence of death shall be passed by any court-martial without the concurrence of two-thirds at least of the members of the court.

119. If any question should arise incidentally during trial, the person, whether prosecutor or prisoner, requesting the opinion of the court is to speak first; the other person is then to answer, and the first person is to be allowed to reply.

120. When more trials than one are held by the same court-martial, every officer of the court and every witness before the court shall make a fresh oath or affirmation, as hereinbefore prescribed, notwithstanding any previous oath or affirmation.

#### Friend of Prisoner and Counsel.

121. (a) In any general or district court-martial a prisoner may have a person to assist him during the trial, whether a legal adviser or any other person.

(b) A person so assisting him may advise him on all points, and suggest the questions to be put to witnesses; and if an officer, subject to military law, shall have the same rights and duties as counsel have under these rules, and



the right of the prisoner shall be limited in like manner.

of pro- 122. (a) Subject to these rules, counsels shall  
87. Counsel allowed in be allowed to appear on  
certain general and dis- behalf of the prosecutor and  
trict courts-martial. prisoner at general and dis-  
trict courts-martial—

- If the commander-in-chief, or the convening officer, declares that it is expedient to allow the appearance of counsel thereat, and such declaration
- may be made as regards all general and district court-martial, or as regards any particular general court-martial, and may be made subject to such reservation as to cases on active service, or otherwise, as seems expedient.

(b) Save as provided in Rule 121, the rules with respect to counsel will apply only to the courts-martial at which counsel are under this rule allowed to appear.

of pro- 123. (a) Where a prisoner gives notice of his  
88. Requirements for intention to have a counsel  
appearance of counsel. to assist him during the trial  
either on the day on which he is informed of the  
charge or at any time not being less than seven  
days before the trial, or such shorter time before  
the trial as, in the opinion of the court would  
have enabled the prosecutor to obtain, if he had  
thought fit, a counsel to assist him during the  
trial, and would have enabled the authority  
appointing a judge-advocate to appoint a counsel  
to act as judge-advocate at the trial, or where  
such notice as mentioned in (b) is given to the  
prisoner on the part of the prosecution, a  
counsel may appear at the court-martial to assist  
the prisoner.

(b) If the convening officer so directs, a counsel may appear on behalf of the prosecutor, but in that case, unless the notice in (a) has been given by the prisoner, notice of the direction for counsel to appear shall be given to the prisoner at such time (not in any case less than seven days) before the trial, as would, in the opinion of the court, have enabled the prisoner to obtain a counsel to assist him at the trial.

(c) A counsel, who appears before a court-martial on behalf of the prosecutor or prisoner, shall have the same right as the prosecutor or prisoner for whom he appears, to call, and orally examine, cross-examine and re-examine witnesses, to make an objection or statement, to address the court, to put in any plea, and to inspect the proceedings, and shall have the right otherwise to act in the course of the trial in the place of the person on whose behalf he appears, and he shall comply with these rules as if he were that person; and in such case that person shall not have the right himself to do any of the above matters except as regards the statement allowed by Rule 128, or except so far as the court permit him so to do.

(d) When counsel appears on behalf of the prosecutor, the prosecutor, if called as a witness, may be examined and re-examined as any other witness, and Rule 86 (c) and (d) shall not apply.

124. (a) The counsel for the prosecution Rule of pro-  
Counsel for prosecu- should always make an cedure 89.  
tion. opening address, and should  
state therein the substance of the charge against  
the prisoner, and the nature and general effect  
of the evidence which he proposes to adduce in  
support of it, without entering into unnecessary  
detail.

(b) The counsel, appearing on behalf of the prosecutor, shall have the same duty as the prosecutor, and is subject to be stopped and restrained by the court in the manner provided by Rule 109-B.

125. (a) The counsel, appearing on behalf of Rule of pro-  
the prisoner, has the like cedure 90.  
Counsel for prisoner. rights, and is under the  
like obligations as are specified in Rule 109 (b)  
in the case of the prisoner.

(b) If the court ask the counsel for the prisoner a question as to any witness or matter, he may decline to answer, but he must not give to the court any answer or information which is misleading.

126. (a) Counsel, whether for the prosecution Rule of pro-  
General rules as to or for the prisoner, will cedure 91.  
counsel. conform strictly to these  
rules and to the rules of civil courts in India  
relating to the examination, cross-examination,  
and re-examination of witnesses, and relating to  
the duties of counsel.

(b) If a counsel puts to a witness a question as to a matter which is not relevant except so far as it affects the credit of the witness by injuring his character, and the witness objects to answering the question, the court shall consider whether the witness should be compelled to answer it; and—

- (1) If they are of opinion that the imputation conveyed by the question would, if true, seriously affect their opinion as to the credibility of the witness, the court should require the witness to answer the question; but
- (2) If they are of opinion that the said imputation, if true, would not affect or would not seriously affect the opinion of the court as to the credibility of the witness, the court should disallow the question.

If the question is disallowed, counsel on both sides will refrain from further examining or commenting on the said matter.

(c) Counsel will not state as a fact any matter which is not proved or which he does not intend to prove in evidence.

(d) Counsel will not state what is his own opinion as to any matter of fact before the court.

(e) Counsel will not, in a question to any witness, assume that facts have been given in evidence which have not been given in evidence, or that particular answers have been given contrary to the facts.

(f) Counsel will treat the court and judge-advocate or superintending officer with due respect, and shall, while regarding the exigencies of his case, bear in mind the requirements of military discipline in the respectful treatment of

any superior officer of the prisoner who may attend as a witness.

Rules of procedure 92.

127. (a) Neither the prosecutor nor the prisoner has any right to object to any counsel if properly qualified.

(b) A counsel shall be deemed properly qualified—

- (1) If in England or Ireland he is a barrister-at-law.
- (2) If in Scotland he is an advocate.
- (3) If in India he is a barrister-at-law, an advocate of Scotland, or is a legal practitioner authorised to practise, with right of audience in a court of sessions.
- (4) If in any other part of Her Majesty's dominions, he is recognised by the convening officer as having in that part rights and duties similar to those of a barrister-at-law in England, and as being subject to punishment or disability for a breach of professional rules.

Rule of procedure 93.

128. (a) A prisoner, assisted by counsel, or by an officer subject to military law, may, if he thinks fit, at the close of the case for the prosecution, and before the address by such counsel or officer, make any statement giving his own account of the subject of the charges against him, and such statement may be made either in writing or orally, as if he were a witness, except that he must not be sworn and that no question can be put to him by the court or by any person.

(b) If the prisoner make such a statement, the procedure will, so far as possible, be the same if the prisoner had called witnesses other than witnesses as to character.

#### Proceedings.

Rule of procedure 94.

129. (a) At a court-martial the judge-advocate, or, if there is none, the president or superintending officer, shall record or cause to be recorded all transactions of that court, and shall be responsible for the accuracy of such record (in these rules referred to as the proceedings); and if the judge-advocate is called as a witness by the prisoner, the president (or at a court composed of native officers, the interpreter) will be responsible for the accuracy of the record in the proceedings of the evidence of the judge-advocate.

(b) The evidence shall be taken down in a narrative form in as nearly as possible the words used, but in any case where the prosecutor, the prisoner, the judge-advocate, or the court considers it material, the question and answer shall be taken down *verbatim*.

(c) Any question which has been objected to, and the tender of any evidence which has been objected to, shall, if the prosecutor or prisoner so requests, or the court think fit, be entered with the grounds of the objection, and the decision of the court thereon.

(d) Where any address by, or on behalf of, the prosecutor or prisoner, is not in writing, it

shall not be necessary to record the same in the proceedings further or otherwise than the court think proper, except that—

(1) the court shall in every case make such record of the defence made by the prisoner as will enable the confirming officer to judge of the reply made by, or on behalf of, the prisoner to each charge against him; and

(2) the court should also record any particular matters in the address by, or on behalf of, the prosecutor or prisoner, which the prosecutor or prisoner, as the case may be, requires.

(e) The court shall not enter in the proceedings any comment, or anything not before the court, or any report of any fact not forming part of the trial; but if any such comment or report seems to the court necessary, the court may forward it to the proper military authority in a separate document signed by the president.

(f) All letters, memoranda, or copies thereof, containing instructions to a court for a revision are to be attached to the proceedings.

(g) No corrections or additions are to be made to the proceedings of a court-martial after promulgation.

130. The proceedings shall be deemed to be in the custody of the judge-advocate (if any), or, if there is none, of the president or superintending officer, but may, with proper precautions for their safety, be inspected by the members of the court, the prosecutor and prisoner, respectively, at all reasonable times before the court is closed to consider the finding.

131. (a) Where the court is a general court-martial, the proceedings shall be at once sent by the person having the custody thereof to such person as may be from time to time directed by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, and, subject to the provisions of any such direction of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief as may be directed by the order convening the court.

(b) Where the court is a district court-martial, the proceedings shall be at once sent by the person having the custody thereof to such person as may be directed by the order convening the court, or, in default of such direction, to the confirming officer.

(c) Where the court is a regimental court-martial, the proceedings shall be at once sent by the president or superintending officer to the confirming officer.

(d) The proceedings of courts-martial when despatched by post should invariably be sent under registered cover.

132. (a) The proceedings of a court-martial (other than a regimental or summary court-martial) shall, after promulgation, be forwarded, as circumstances require, to the office of the Judge Advocate-General in India, and there preserved for not less, in the case of a general court-martial, than seven years, and in the case of any other court-martial, than three years.



(b) The proceedings of a summary or regimental court-martial, when promulgated, shall be preserved for not less than three years, with the regimental records of the corps to which the prisoner belonged, in manner from time to time directed by regulations.

(c) After disposal and publication in orders, the proceedings of district courts-martial are to be sent by the staff officer, or deputy or assistant judge advocate-general, to the commanding officer of the corps or department to which the prisoner belongs, in order that the charge, finding, sentence and confirmation may be communicated to the prisoner, and the necessary entry may be made in the court-martial book.

133. (a) When the officer commanding a district considers it necessary to submit under special circumstances on any legal points any proceedings of minor courts-martial for the orders of the lieutenant-general commanding, the proceedings are to be forwarded for that purpose to the deputy judge advocate-general. Matters involving any question of discipline in the proceedings of such courts are to be submitted through the deputy adjutant-general of the command.

(b) It is the duty of officers commanding districts, to whom the proceedings of minor courts-martial are transmitted, to point out to commanding officers of regiments whenever they conceive that the punishments awarded have been too lenient or too severe, or too frequent, and they will also bring any such instances to notice at their inspections.

134. (a) Every person tried by a court-martial shall be entitled on demand at any time after the confirmation of the finding and sentence, when such confirmation is required and before the proceedings are destroyed, to obtain from the officer or person having the custody of the proceedings a copy thereof, including the proceedings upon revision, if any, upon payment for the same at the prescribed rate.

(b) A prisoner's appeal against the proceedings of a court-martial is to be transmitted to command head-quarters for consideration.

135. (a) If the proceedings of a court-martial, or any part thereof, are lost, a copy thereof, if any, certified by the president or by the judge advocate at the court-martial, may be accepted in lieu of the original.

(b) If there is no such copy, and sufficient evidence of the charge, finding, sentence, and transactions of the court can be procured, that evidence may, with the assent of the prisoner, be accepted in lieu of the original proceedings, or part thereof, lost.

(c) In any case above in this rule mentioned, the finding and sentence, if requiring confirmation, may be confirmed, and shall be as valid as if the original proceedings, or part thereof, had not been lost.

(d) If in a case where confirmation of a finding, or finding and sentence, is required, the proceedings, or part thereof, were lost before confirmation, and there is no such copy or evidence, or the prisoner refuses such assent, as above mentioned, the prisoner may be tried again, and on the issue of an order convening the court for such trial, the said finding and sentence of the previous court of which the proceedings were so lost, shall be null.

#### Judge Advocate.

136. (a) Where the convening officer is authorised to appoint a judge advocate, he shall, in the case of a general, and may, in the case of a district, court-martial by order appoint a fit person to act as judge advocate at such court-martial.

(b) An officer who is disqualified for sitting on a court-martial shall be disqualified for acting as judge advocate at the court-martial.

(c) A court-martial shall not be invalid by reason of any invalidity in the appointment of the judge advocate officiating thereat, in whatever manner appointed, if a fit person has been appointed; but this rule shall not relieve from responsibility the person who made such invalid appointment.

(d) General officers or officers holding warrants empowering them to appoint judge advocates may, when a court-martial is assembled at a considerable distance from the station of the judge advocate, exercise their discretion in employing an officer to conduct the proceedings, provided the case is a simple one in which difficult points of law are not likely to arise; and they may also under like circumstances appoint an officer to act for the judge advocate when revision is ordered in a case originally attended by that official. The new judge advocate must be sworn.

137. If the judge advocate dies, or from illness, or from any cause whatever, is unable to attend, the court shall adjourn, and the president shall report the circumstance to the convening authority; and a person not disqualified to be judge advocate may be appointed by the proper authority, who shall be sworn, and act as judge advocate for the residue of the trial, or until the judge advocate returns.

138. The powers and duties of a judge advocate are as follows:

(a) The prosecutor and the prisoner, respectively, are at all times, after the judge advocate is named to act on the court, entitled to his opinion on any question of law relative to the charge or trial, whether he is in or out of court, subject, when he is in court, to the permission of the court.

(b) At a court-martial he represents the judge advocate-general.

(c) He is responsible for informing the court of any informality or irregularity in the proceedings. Whether consulted or not, he will inform

the convening officer and the court of any informality or defect in the charge, or in the constitution of the court, and will give his advice on any matter before the court.

(d) Any information or advice given to the court on any matter before the court will, if he or the court desire it, be entered in the proceedings.

(e) At the conclusion of the case he will, unless both he and the court consider it unnecessary, sum up the evidence and give his opinion upon the legal bearing of the case before the court proceed to deliberate upon their finding.

(f) Upon any point of law or procedure which arises upon the trial which he attends, the court should be guided by his opinion, and not overrule it, except for very weighty reasons. The court are responsible for the legality of their decisions, but they must consider the grave consequences which may result from their disregard of the advice of the judge advocate on any legal point. The court, in following the opinion of the judge advocate on a legal point, may record that they have decided in consequence of that opinion.

(g) The judge advocate has, equally with the president, the duty of taking care that the prisoner does not suffer any disadvantage in consequence of his position as prisoner, or of his ignorance or incapacity to examine or cross-examine witnesses or otherwise, and may, for that purpose, with the permission of the court, call witnesses and put questions to witnesses, which appear to him necessary or desirable to elicit the truth.

(h) In fulfilling his duties the judge advocate will be careful to maintain an entirely impartial position.

#### Exception from Rules.

Rule of procedure 103.

139. Where it appears to the officer convening a court-martial, or to the senior officer on the spot, that military exigencies, or the necessities of discipline, render it impossible or inexpedient to observe any of the Rules 7, 11, 13 and 20, he may, by order under his hand, make a declaration to that effect, specifying the nature of such exigencies or necessities, and thereupon the trial or other proceeding shall be as valid as if the rule mentioned in such declaration had not been contained herein; and such declaration may be made with respect to any or all of the rules above in this rule mentioned in the case of the same court-martial:

Provided that the prisoner shall have full opportunity of making his defence, and shall be afforded every facility for preparing it which is practicable, having due regard to the said exigencies or necessities.

#### Summary General Court-Martial.

Indian Articles of War 90.

140. The following authorities have power to convene a summary general court-martial, and such a court-martial may be convened—

(a) In any place, whether within or beyond British India, by an officer empowered

in this behalf by an order of the Governor General in Council, or of the Commander-in-Chief in India, or of the General Officer of the Command,

(b) By an officer commanding any detached portion of Her Majesty's troops upon active service when, in his opinion, it is not practicable with due regard to discipline and the exigencies of the service, that an offence should be tried by ordinary general court-martial.

141. (a) A summary general court-martial shall consist of not less than three officers, who may be either British or Native, or both British and Native officers, as the officer convening the court thinks fit.

(b) Such court may be convened and the proceedings thereof recorded in accordance with the form in the second Appendix to the Indian Articles of War, with such variations as the circumstances of each case may require:

Provided that the convening officer may, in respect of any such trial by such court, specially order the evidence together with the prisoner's statement in defence to be fully recorded in writing.

142. The statement of an offence may be made briefly in any language sufficient to describe or disclose an offence under the Indian Articles of War.

143. Except when prisoners are tried together for an offence committed collectively, the court and all witnesses must be re-sworn at each successive trial.

144. (a) The names of the president and members of the court will be read over in the hearing of the prisoner and he will be asked if he objects to be tried by any of those officers.

(b) If the prisoner objects to an officer, and any member of the court thinks the objection reasonable, steps will be taken to try the prisoner before a court composed of officers against whom he has no reasonable objection.

145. The oaths as laid down in the Indian Articles of War 108 and 109 will be taken by the members of the court and the interpreter.

146. When the court are sworn, the president will state, to the prisoner then to be tried the offence with which he is charged, with, if necessary, an explanation giving him full information of the act or omission with which he is charged, and will ask the prisoner whether he is guilty or not of the offence.

147. If a special plea to the general jurisdiction is offered by the prisoner, and is considered by the court to be proved, the court shall report the same to the convening officer.

148. (a) The witnesses for the prosecution will be called, and the prisoner will be allowed to



cross-examine them, and to call any available witnesses for his defence.

(b) The oaths as laid down in Indian Article of War 111 shall be administered by a member of the court to every witness.

of pro- 149. The prisoner will be asked what he has  
re 115. Defence. to say in his defence, and  
shall be allowed to make  
his defence.

in Article 150. A summary general court-martial shall  
ar 92. have all the powers of a general court-martial  
and, subject to any instructions contained in the  
order convening the court, its sentence shall  
be valid, and may be carried out forthwith in  
case it does not exceed that which a district  
court-martial is empowered to pass, and in any  
other case when confirmed by the authority con-  
vening the court.

Definition 151. (a) The expression "Officer command-  
ing any detached portion  
of Her Majesty's troops"  
means the officer whose duty it is under the  
provisions of Her Majesty's Regulations or, in  
the absence of any such provisions under the  
custom of the service, to deal with a charge  
against any of the persons belonging to such  
corps or portion of a corps who are present  
under his command, of having committed an  
offence, that is, to dispose of the charge on his  
own authority, or to refer it to superior  
authority.

of pro- 152. Any statement in an order convening a  
re 122. Evidence of opinion summary court-martial as  
of convening and con- to the opinion of the con-  
firming officer. vening officer, and any  
statement in the minute confirming the finding  
or sentence of a summary court-martial as to  
the opinion of the confirming officer, shall be  
conclusive evidence of such opinion, but this  
rule shall not prejudice the proof at any time of  
any such opinion when not so stated.

*Regulations for Courts of Inquiry, other than  
Courts of Inquiry held under Article 162 of  
the Indian Articles of War.*

of pro- 153. (a) A court of inquiry may be assembled  
re 123. Courts of inquiry. by the officer in command  
of any body of troops whe-  
ther belonging to one or more corps.

(b) The court may be composed of any num-  
ber of officers of any rank, and of any branch or  
department of the service, according to the  
nature of the investigation.

(c) The court will be guided by the written  
instructions of the officer who assembled the  
court. The instructions should be full and  
specific, and must state the general character of  
the information required from the court in their  
report.

(d) A court of inquiry has no judicial power,  
and is in strictness not a court at all, but an  
assembly of persons directed by a commanding  
officer to collect evidence with respect to a  
transaction into which he cannot conveniently  
himself make inquiry.

(e) Previous notice should be given of the  
time and place of the meeting of a court of

inquiry, and of all adjournments of the court to  
all persons concerned in the inquiry.

(f) Whenever any inquiry affects the charac-  
ter of an officer or soldier, full opportunity must  
be afforded to such officer or soldier of being  
present throughout the inquiry, and of making  
any statement he may wish to make, and of  
cross-examining any witness whose evidence,  
in his opinion, affects his character, and produc-  
ing any witnesses in defence of his character.

(g) A court of inquiry has no power to com-  
pel witnesses to attend, and the evidence cannot  
be taken on oath.

(h) A court of inquiry will give no opinion on  
the conduct of any officer or soldier, and the  
proceedings of a court of inquiry, or any con-  
fession, statement or answer to a question made  
or given at a court of inquiry, shall not be ad-  
missible in evidence against an officer or soldier,  
nor shall any evidence respecting the proceed-  
ings of the court be given against any officer or  
soldier. Nevertheless, in the event of an officer  
or soldier being tried by court-martial in respect  
of any matter or thing which has been reported  
on by a court of inquiry, such officer or soldier  
shall be entitled to a copy of the proceedings of  
the court of inquiry.

(i) The whole of the proceedings of a court  
of inquiry will be forwarded by the president to  
the commanding officer who assembled the court  
and that commanding officer will, on his own  
responsibility, form such opinion as he thinks  
just.

(j) When, in consequence of the assembling  
of a court of inquiry, an opinion adverse to the  
character of any officer or soldier is formed by  
the officer who determines the case so inquired  
into, whether such officer be the officer who  
assembled the court or a superior officer to  
whom the case has been referred by such last-  
mentioned officer, such adverse opinion shall be  
communicated to the officer or soldier against  
whom it has been given.

(k) The court may be re-assembled as often  
as the convening officer may direct, for the pur-  
pose of examining additional witnesses or re-  
cording further information.

(l) Members of a court of inquiry in a case  
which is subsequently the subject of a court-  
martial, are not to be detailed as members of the  
court-martial.

154. (a) In all cases of loss, destruction, or Army Regu-  
damage of public property lations, India,  
Boards of investiga- exceeding twenty rupees, volume II,  
tion on loss or damage of public property. commanding officers of paragraph  
of public property. stations, posts, or regiments are to assemble  
boards composed of officers of standing and ex-  
perience, in view to full investigation being  
made into the causes of such loss, destruction,  
or damage. In all such proceedings the board  
will record an opinion as to the cause of the  
said loss, etc., naming the persons, if any,  
chargeable with its loss.

(b) Witnesses subject to military law may be Army Regu-  
warned when necessary that any material differ- lations, India,  
ence between their statements and the evidence volume II,  
they may subsequently give at a court-martial paragraph  
or other court will be a ground for punishment. 427.

Army Regulations, India, volume II, paragraph 430.

155. Commanding officers should not send on the proceedings of any court of inquiry or board of investigation until they have satisfied themselves that the matter to be inquired into has been thoroughly investigated as far as circumstances will admit. The court or board may be assembled, as often as the convening officer may direct, for the purpose of examining additional witnesses or recording further information.

Rule of procedure 124.

156. (a) A court of inquiry under Indian Article of War 162 will, when assembled, require the attendance of such witnesses as they think sufficient to prove the absence and other facts specified as matters of inquiry in the said section.

(b) They will take down the evidence given them in writing, and at the end of the proceedings will make a declaration of the conclusions at which they have arrived in respect of the facts they are assembled to inquire into.

(c) The commanding officer of the absent soldier will enter in the regimental books a record of the declaration of the court, and the original proceedings will be destroyed.

(d) The court of inquiry will examine all witnesses who may be desirous of coming forward on behalf of the absentee and in making their declaration will give due weight to the evidence of such witnesses.

(e) A court of inquiry will administer the same oath or solemn declaration to the witnesses as if the court were a court-martial, but the members of such court will not themselves be sworn.

#### Courts of inquest.

Rule of procedure 126.

157. When a court of inquest is required to be convened by the commanding officer beyond the limits of British India under the provisions of India Army Regulations, volume II, section VIII, sub-section I, paragraph 1131, the court shall be convened and inquest held in manner following:

- (a) The officer commanding will order the court to assemble.
- (b) The court will consist of three officers and of a medical officer.
- (c) The court shall not take evidence on oath, and shall warn every person who is accused or suspected that he is not required to give evidence criminating himself, but that any statement or evidence he gives may be used against him in the event of any further proceedings being instituted.
- (d) The court after hearing the evidence will report to the commanding officer the evidence as to the cause of the death, together with the written opinion of the medical officer of the court on his examination of the body as to the cause of death.

158. The expression "Commanding officer" as used in the Indian Articles of War means in relation to any person the British officer whose duty it is under the Army Regulations, India, or, in absence of such regulations, by the custom of the service, to discharge with respect to that portion of the forces or that department the functions of commanding officer in regard to matters of the description referred to in that provision.

#### PART III.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL.

159. Any power or jurisdiction given to, and any act or thing to be done by, to or before, any person holding any military office for the purpose of these rules, may be exercised by, or done by, to, or before any other person for the time being authorised in that behalf according to the custom of the service.

160. In any case not provided for by these rules such course will be adopted as appears best calculated to do justice.

161. (a) The forms in the appendices to these rules should be followed in all cases in which they are applicable, and when used shall be valid in law, but a deviation from such forms will not, by reason only of such deviation, render any charge, warrant, order, proceedings, or other document invalid.

(b) An omission of any such form will not, by reason only of such omission, render any act or thing invalid.

(c) The notes to, and instructions in, the forms will be considered as instructions which it is expedient to follow in all cases to which such notes and instructions apply.

162. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

- (a) The expression "proper military authority," when used in relation to any power, duty, act, or matter, means such military authority as, in pursuance of regulations of the custom of the service, exercises or performs that power or duty or is concerned with that act or matter.
- (b) The expression "Commander-in-Chief" means, as regards India, the Commander-in-Chief in India.
- (c) The expression "Indian Articles of War" includes any Act, whether passed before or after the date of these rules, which amends or applies Act V of 1869; also any Act, whether passed before or after the date of these rules, which enacts an offence which is triable by court-martial.
- (d) Other expressions have the same meaning as if these rules formed part of the Indian Articles of War (Act V of 1869), and accordingly words in the singular number include the plural, and words in the plural number include the singular, and the masculine gender includes the feminine gender.

of pro-  
134.

163. (a) Time for the purposes of any proceeding, or other matter under these rules, shall be reckoned exclusive of Sunday, Good Friday, and Christmas Day, but any time reckoned for the purposes of Rule 6, or of any punishment or of any deduction of pay, shall include those days.

(b) Any report or application directed by these rules to be made to a superior authority, or proper military authority, shall be made in writing through the proper channel, unless such authority, on account of military exigencies or otherwise, dispenses with the writing.

(c) These rules shall apply to a person subject to military law as an officer in like manner, so nearly as circumstances admit, as if he were an officer, and to a person subject to military law as a soldier in like manner, so nearly as circumstances admit, as if he were a soldier, subject, nevertheless, to this qualification—that nothing in these rules shall confer on any person not an officer or soldier any jurisdiction or power as an officer or soldier.

(d) Nothing in these rules shall be construed to be contrary to, or inconsistent with, any provision of the Indian Articles of War.

• Definition of "prescribed authority" and "prescribed officer."

The "prescribed Civil or Military Officer" for the purpose of Article 1 (3) shall be the commanding officer of the corps or department in which a person is about to be enrolled as defined by the Indian Articles of War, or any Magistrate.

164. The "prescribed authority," for the purposes of Article 2 (2), will be any officer authorised by the Governor General in Council in that behalf:

For the purposes of Article 25-B, will be the Officer Commanding the District or Station, or the Division or Brigade with which the corps, department, or detachment to which the accused belongs, or is attached, is serving.

For the purposes of Articles 174 and 175, will be the Officer Commanding the District or Station in which the accused is serving.

The "prescribed officer" for the purposes of Article 176 (5) (6), will be the Controller of Military Accounts of the Command, or the Accountant-General in India if the deceased or deserter belongs to a force not under any command:

For the purposes of Article 177, will be the Commanding Officer:

The "proper military authority" for the purposes of Article 184, will be the Commanding Officer of the corps, detachment, or department to which the officer or soldier belongs or is attached:

The "prescribed rate" of payment for court-martial proceedings furnished under the provisions of Article 161-A (3) shall be—

Seven annas for the first 200 words, and half that rate for each subsequent 200 words, or part thereof.

165. These rules shall apply in every place, whether within or without Her Majesty's dominions.

166. These rules may be cited as the Rules of Procedure (Native Army).

## Rules of Procedure (Native Army).

### FIRST APPENDIX.

### FORMS OF CHARGES.

#### NOTE AS TO USE OF FORMS OF CHARGES.

(1) Every charge-sheet will begin as shown in the form in Part I of the forms of charges, which are given as examples. Rules of procedure, first appendix.

The description of an officer or soldier of the regular forces by his rank and corps is a sufficient averment that he is an officer or soldier, and that he is amenable to military law. In other cases, words must be added to show that the person is amenable to military law. (See Rule 16.)

(2) The commencement of the charge-sheet (according to the form in Part I) will be followed by the charge or charges.

(3) Each charge will consist of two parts; statement of the offence, and statement of the particulars. (Rule 17.)

(4) The statement of the offence will be in one of the forms in Part II.

(5) Where two or more words or expressions occur in Part II, bracketed together one under the other, the particular word or expression should be used which most accurately describes the offence which appears to the officer framing the charge to be capable of proof by legal evidence.

(6) Where the officer framing the charge is doubtful whether the offence, so capable of being proved by legal evidence, is more accurately described by one word, or expression, or by another, he may frame two or more alternative charges, each charge containing one of the words or expressions which appears to the officer to be applicable to the facts as capable of proof.

(7) Where two or more of the words or expressions bracketed together appear, when coupled together with the word "and" accurately to describe the offence, the charge may couple together such words or expressions; but in no case must the charge couple with the word "or" two or more of the words or expressions bracketed together. (See Rule 17-A.)

(8) For example, a man may be charged with dishonestly removing his arms, clothes, and



regimental necessaries: but a charge for dishonestly removing his arms, clothes, or regimental necessaries will be a bad charge.

(9) A man should not be charged, however, with pawning and selling a medal, as in such case he is charged with at least two distinct offences, which ought to be included in at least two distinct charges, one for pawning his medal, the other for selling his medal, but he may, if desirable, be charged in two distinct charges, one for pawning his medal, and one for selling it.

(10) In the former example (paragraph 8) the offence is the dishonest removal of some article which he is prohibited from making away with, and is the same offence although committed in respect of different articles. In the second example (paragraph 9) there are two distinct offences of making away with his articles (a) by pawning, (b) by selling—although committed in respect of the same object—a medal.

(11) In some cases the offence can only be committed by an officer, or by a non-commissioned officer, or by a soldier. The forms of charges do not contain any reference to this fact, inasmuch as it will appear from the commencement of the charge whether the prisoner is, or is not, an officer, non-commissioned officer, or soldier and, therefore, capable of committing the offence. Care, however, must be taken not to charge an officer with an offence which a soldier only can commit, nor a soldier with an offence which an officer only can commit. For example, the offence in Indian Article of War 25 can only be committed by an officer, medical subordinate, or warrant officer, while the offence in Article 50 can only be committed by a soldier.

(12) The statement of the offence in each charge will be followed by the appropriate statement of particulars, commencing with the words "in that he," etc., or, "in having," etc., and stating in brief ordinary language what the prisoner is alleged to have done.

(13) The words "in that he" will be followed by the verb in the past tense; the words "in having" will be followed by the past participle. The sentence stating the particulars will be framed more easily sometimes in the one form, sometimes in the other.

(14) In the case of several charges, the particulars in one charge may refer to the particulars in another (Rules 17-E as, for example, "in having done the acts alleged in the particulars to the first charge," or "in that, at the place and time aforesaid, he was deficient in the necessaries above mentioned in the second charge, which it was his duty to have." If the prisoner is acquitted on any charge in which full particulars were set out, and is convicted on a charge which referred to those particulars, the particulars referred to must be treated as having been set out in full in the charge on which the prisoner is convicted, and must be set out in full in any record of conviction in which the particulars are set out.

(15) The statement of particulars should specify all the ingredients necessary to constitute the offence; for example, if the charge is one for disobeying a lawful command, the "particulars" must state the command, and show that it was given by a superior officer, and also how the prisoner disobeyed the command.

(16) The "particulars" should always give a general description of the place where the offence was committed, such as the station or town, or "the line of march" and if it is material to the charge and is known, the exact place. The prepositions "near" or "between" may be used (for instance, "at or near," "between") to assist in describing a place not exactly known, but they must never be used where the exact place is of the essence of the offence.

(17) The "particulars" should always state the date at which the offence was committed. If the exact date or time is unknown, the offence may be stated as having been committed "on or about" a particular day or time. This must never be done where the time is of the essence of the offence, as, for example, in the case of absence without leave or being intoxicated on a post.

(18) In some cases the offence may be stated with most accuracy as having been committed between two days or between two times; as, for instance, in the case of absence without leave, or of quitting a post; in other cases "between" may be used in consequence of the exact day or exact time not being known.

(19) The words "or near" and "or about" and "between" should never be used unless it is impossible to express the exact place or time, or the exact place or time is clearly unimportant, or unless the word "between" is the most accurate expression of the place or time.

(20) In many cases, as, for instance, where the prisoner's defence is an alibi, the time and place may be of the utmost importance in proving that alibi, although it is not the essence of the offence.

(21) There must be added at the end of the "particulars" a statement of any expenses, loss, or damage in respect of which the court-martial will be asked to award compensation under Articles 138 and 139. For example, there may be added to the "particulars" in the case of a charge under Article 42, that the prisoner there, by damaged \_\_\_\_\_'s property, to the value of \_\_\_\_\_; and other statements may be made, according to the facts.

(22) If, however, the expenses, loss, or damage were caused by an act or omission which constitutes another offence, separately specified in the Act, that act or omission should be charged as a separate offence; for example, if a man deserts and is deficient in his regimental necessaries, he should be charged in a separate charge for loss by neglect of his necessaries. It would not be proper to state it as a consequence of the desertion, or to award compensation for it upon a conviction for desertion only.

ILLUSTRATION OF A COMPLETE CHARGE-SHEET.

*First Charge.*—Disobeying the lawful command of his superior officer, in that,

**To be tried by District Court-martial.**

(a) In time of war } when a sentry } sleeping on his post,  
(b) In time of alarm } or } quitting his post before being regularly relieved,  
When a sentry over } a state prisoner } or  
} a treasure }  
} a magazine } quitting his post without leave.  
} a dockyard }

## Article 13.

- (a) When a sentry, { plundering  
wilfully destroying } property { placed under his charge.  
(b) When on guard, { wilfully injuring } placed under charge of his guard.

## Article 14.

- Shamefully { abandoning a  
delivering up a } { garrison  
fortress  
post  
guard } committed to his charge,  
which it was his duty to defend.

## Article 15.

Treacherously making known the watchword to a person not entitled to receive it.

## Article 16.

1. (a) Directly { holding correspondence with { the enemy.  
(b) Indirectly { communicating intelligence to { a person in arms against the State.  
2. Coming to the { correspondence { the enemy  
knowledge of a { communication } with { a person in arms } and failing to discover  
it immediately to his  
commanding [or super-  
rior] officer.

## Article 17.

1. (a) Directly { assisting } with { an enemy  
(b) Indirectly { relieving } a person in arms } with { money.  
victuals.  
ammunition.  
2. Knowingly { harbouring } an enemy.  
{ protecting } a person in arms against the State.

## Article 18.

- (a) Relieving without proper author- { a State prisoner  
ity { an enemy  
a person taken in arms } placed under his  
charge.  
(b) Negligently suffering to escape { a State prisoner  
an enemy  
a person taken in arms } placed under his  
charge.  
against the State

## Article 19.

- (a) Shamefully casting away his { arms  
ammunition } { in the presence of an enemy.  
in the presence of person in arms  
against whom it was his duty to  
act.  
(b) Intentionally { words { to induce } an officer { to obtain { an enemy.  
[other { to dis- } a soldier { from acting } person in arm against  
using } means] { courage } against } whom it was his  
duty to act.  
Misbehaving in the presence of { an enemy  
persons in arms against whom it was his duty to  
act.

## Article 20.

- In time of action, without { commanding officer  
authority, having his { post  
colours  
party } to go in search of plunder.

## Article 21.

- In time of war, quitting { guard  
picquet  
party  
patrol } without being regularly relieved.  
without leave.

## Article 22.

1. (a) In time of war, { using criminal  
(b) During a military { force to  
operation, { committing an } a person } provisions { to } camp { of Her  
assault on } bringing } necessities { the } quarter } Majesty's  
Forces





2. (a) In time of war, } forcing a safeguard.  
 (b) During a military operation,
3. (a) In time of war, } breaking into, without { a house } for plunder.  
 (b) During a military operation, } authority, { [other place]
4. (a) In time of war, } plundering { a field.  
 (b) During a military operation, } injuring { a garden.  
 } destroying { [other property].

## Article 23.

1. (a) In time of war, } intentionally } occasioning a false { action.  
 (b) During a military operation, } alarm in { camp.  
 } { garrison.  
 } { quarters.
2. (a) In time of war, } spreading, { words, { reports cal- } alarm.  
 (b) During a military operation, } by { letters, { culated to } despondency.  
 } { create

*Crimes punishable otherwise than by death or transportation.*

## Article 5.

Making a wilfully false answer to a question set forth in the attestation paper which was put to him by, or by direction of, the officer before whom he appeared for the purpose of being attested.

## Article 25.

Behaving in a manner unbecoming the position { an officer.  
 and character of { a medical subordinate.  
 { a warrant officer.

## Article 26.

Intoxication { on  
 { after having been warned for } duty.  
 { on parade  
 { on the line of march

## Article 27.

- (a) Striking }  
 (b) Forcing } a sentry.  
 (c) Attempting to force }

## Article 28.

(a) Knowingly harbouring a deserter.

(b) Knowing  
 (c) Having reason to believe { a person has deserted,  
 { a deserter has been harboured by another person, } failing to give immediate notice to his own [or superior] officer.  
 { failing to use his utmost endeavours to cause the apprehension of such deserter.

## Article 29.

Enlisting a person { knowing  
 { having reason to believe { the person so enlisted to be a deserter.

## Article 30.

- (a) Absenting himself without leave.  
 (b) Overstaying his leave without sufficient cause.

## Article 31.

Failing without sufficient cause to join without delay from leave, after receiving information from { that his { corps department { has been ordered on service.  
 proper authority

## Article 32.

Without sufficient cause, failing to { parade } appointed for { exercise: }  
appear at the { place } duty.

## Article 33.

Quitting { parade } without sufficient cause.  
{ the line of march } without leave from his superior officer.

## Article 34.

In time of peace, quitting his { guard } without being regularly relieved:  
{ picquet } without leave.  
{ patrol }

## Article 35.

When in command of a { guard, } { refusing to receive a prisoner committed }  
{ picquet, } to his charge.  
{ patrol, } releasing a prisoner without proper  
authority.  
negligently suffering a prisoner to escape.

## Article 36.

When in { arrest, } leaving his { arrest } before being set at liberty by  
{ confinement, } { confinement } proper authority.

## Article 37.

Being { grossly insubordinate } to his superior officer in the execution of his  
{ grossly insolent } office.

## Article 38.

Refusing to { superintend } the making { field work } { ordered } in quarters.  
{ assist in } of a { [other military ] } to be made in the field.  
{ work }

## Article 39.

(a) Impending { a provost-marshal. }  
{ an assistant provost-marshal. }  
{ an officer } legally exercising authority  
{ a non-commissioned officer } under, or on behalf of, a  
{ a person } provost-marshal.  
(b) Refusing when { a provost-marshal. }  
called upon { an assistant provost-marshal. }  
to assist in { an officer } legally exercising authority  
the execution { a non-commissioned officer } under, or on behalf of, a  
of his duty { a person } provost-marshal.

G. O. 2  
1895.

## Article 40.

(a) Striking { a soldier } enrolled { under the } being his  
(b) Ill-treating { a person } attested { Indian } subordinate { rank.  
Articles } in { position.  
of War }

G. O. 2  
1895.

## Article 41.

(a) Committing extortion.

(b) Exacting, without proper authority, { carriage }  
{ portorage } from a person.  
{ provisions }

## Article 42.

(a) In time of peace, committing house-breaking for the purpose of plundering.

(b) In time of peace { plundering } { a field.  
{ destroying } { a garden.  
{ damaging } [other property].

## Article 43.

When in command	{ at a post, on the march,	{ receiving a complaint that a per- son under his com- mand has	{ beaten maltreated oppressed disturbed committed	{ any person, a fair, a market, a riot, a trespass,	{ neglecting to have due reparation made to injured person, failing to report the case to proper authority.

## Article 44.

- (a) Defiling a place of worship.  
 (b) Intentionally insulting the religion of a person.  
 (c) Intentionally wounding the religious feelings of a person.

## Article 45.

{ (a) Requiring (b) Accepting (c) Obtaining (d) Agreeing to accept (e) Attempting to obtain	{ for himself [any other person]	{ a gratifica- tion for procuring as a motive [or reward]	{ the enlistment the enrolment leave of absence the promotion an advantage an indulgence	{ of a person. of [or for] a person in the service.

## Article 46.

In time of peace, intentionally occasioning a false alarm in { camp.  
garrison.  
cantonments.

## Article 47.

1. (a) Designedly  
(b) Through neglect { killing  
injuring  
making away with  
losing  
ill-treating { his horse.  
any animal used in the public service.
2. (a) Dishonestly  
(b) Fraudulently { removing  
concealing  
delivering to a { arms,  
clothes,  
tools,  
musical instruments,  
surgical instruments,  
equipments,  
ammunition,  
accoutrements,  
regimental necessities, { belonging to  
himself.  
entrusted to  
him.  
belonging to  
another  
person.
3. (a) Designedly  
(b) Through neglect { injuring  
losing { arms,  
clothes,  
tools,  
musical instruments,  
surgical instruments,  
equipments,  
ammunition,  
accoutrements,  
regimental necessities, { belonging to  
himself.  
entrusted to  
him.  
belonging to  
another  
person.
4. (a) Selling  
(b) Pawning  
(c) Destroying  
(d) Defacing { a medal  
a decoration { granted  
to him  
by  
order of { Her Majesty,  
the Governor  
General of India  
in Council, { for service in  
the field.  
for general  
good-conduct.

## Article 48.

Attempting to commit and doing an act towards the commission of suicide.

## Article 49.

Being below the rank of warrant officer, carrying a	{ sword, bludgeon, [other offensive weapon],	{ without proper author- ity, when off duty,	{ in about going to returning from	{ camp. cantonments. a town. a bazar. a town. a bazar.



## Article 50.

In time of peace when a sentry { sleeping on his post.  
leaving his post before being regularly relieved.  
leaving his post without leave.

## Article 51.

Being found without proper authority, { two miles  
upwards of two miles } from camp.

## Article 52.

Absenting himself without proper authority from his { cantonments  
lines  
camp } { after tattoo.  
after retreat beating.

*Crimes to be published with dismissal from the service.*

## Article 54.

1. (a) Dishonestly misappropriating  
(b) Dishonestly converting to his own use { money,  
provisions,  
forage,  
arms,  
clothing,  
ammunition,  
tools,  
instruments,  
equipments,  
military stores, } { the property of Gov-  
ernment, entrusted  
to his charge, } { on the public ac-  
count.  
for a military pur-  
pose.

2. (a) Dishonestly using  
(b) Dishonestly disposing of { in violation of a direc-  
tion of a proper  
authority. } { money,  
provisions,  
forage,  
arms,  
clothing,  
ammunition,  
tools,  
instruments,  
equipments,  
military stores, } { the property  
of Govern-  
ment, en-  
trusted to  
his charge, } { on the pub-  
lic account.  
for a mili-  
tary pur-  
pose.

3. (a) Dishonestly receiving  
(b) Dishonestly retaining, { knowing  
having  
reason to  
believe } { the same to  
have been  
dishon-  
estly } { misappro-  
priated,  
converted, } { money,  
provisions,  
forage,  
arms,  
clothing,  
ammunitions,  
tools,  
instruments,  
equipments,  
[any military  
stores], } { the prop-  
erty of  
Gov-  
ernment  
entrust-  
ed to his  
charge } { on the  
public ac-  
count.  
for a mili-  
tary pur-  
pose.

## Article 55.

(a) Wilfully destroying  
(b) Wilfully injuring { Government  
property } { entrusted to  
him } { on the public account.  
for a military purpose.

## Article 56.

(a) Making a false statement,  
(b) Making a statement which he knows to be false,  
(c) Making a statement which he believes to be false,  
(d) Making a statement which he does not believe to be true, } { on oath  
on affirmation } { before { a court-martial.  
a military court com-  
petent to adminis-  
ter } { an oath.  
an affirmation.

*Disgraceful Conduct.*

## Article 58.

Disgraceful conduct, { malingering, feigning, producing } disease, infirmity, intentionally delaying his cure. intentionally aggravating his { disease, infirmity. }

## Article 59.

Disgraceful conduct in } voluntarily { causing hurt } to himself } with intent } himself } unfit for service. { causing grievous hurt } to a person } to render } that person }

## Article 60.

1. Disgraceful conduct in } committing theft of the property of { Government, an officer, a soldier, a person in the service, a military mess, a military band, a person serving with } the army. { a person attached to }

2. Disgraceful conduct in { dishonestly } receiving { knowing having reason } it to be stolen } Government, an officer, a soldier, a person in the service, a military mess, a military band, a person serving with } the army. { a person attached to }

## Article 61.

1. Disgraceful conduct in { dishonestly misappropriating } Government property entrusted to him for a purpose not provided for in Articles 54 and 55. { dishonestly converting to his own use }

2. Disgraceful conduct in { dishonestly retaining } Government property entrusted to him for a purpose not provided for in Articles 54 and 55, { dishonestly misappropriated. } { dishonestly converted. }

## Article 62.

1. Disgraceful conduct in { obtaining attempting } for himself { a pension an allowance an advantage } by a statement { which he knows to be false. which he has reason to believe to be false. which he does not know to be true. }

2. Disgraceful conduct in { obtaining attempting } for himself { a pension an allowance an advantage } by making a false entry. by using a false statement. by making a document containing a false statement. by omitting to make a true entry. by omitting to make a document containing a true statement. }

## Article 63.

1. Disgraceful conduct in { knowingly furnishing a false } return of { the number the state money arms ammunition clothing equipment stores [other property] } of his men under his command. charge. the men under his command. a person in a person attached to } the army: }

### Article 64.

## Article 65.

### Offence against Courts-martial.

When duly summoned to attend as a witness before a court-martial

- intentionally omitting to attend.
- prevaricating.
- refusing to
  - be sworn.
  - make affirmation.
  - answer.
- refusing to
  - produce
  - deliver up
  - a book
  - a document
  - which he has been
  - duly warned and
  - called upon to
  - produce.
  - deliver up.

### Article 68.

Using a { menacing } word  
 Being { disrespectful } sign  
 { insubordinate } gesture } in the presence of a court-martial whilst sitting.  
 { violent }

*Unspecified offences.*

### Article 70.

(a) An offence not punishable with death,  
and not specified in the Indian Arti-  
cles of War 7 to 69, both inclusive,

(b) A neglect to obey { garrison  
[or other] } orders,

(c) An act,

(d) An omission,

prejudicial to good order and military discipline.

### Article 71.

Abetment within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code of an offence punishable under the Indian Articles of War.

### *Non-military offences.*

### Articles 171 and 172.

(a) In a place beyond British India  
(b) When on active service in British India

{ committing an offence against the Indian Penal Code, that G. is to say [enter the offence as described in the appropriate section of the Code].



## Article 173.

(a) Within } British (b) Beyond } India	{ committing attempt- ing to commit abeting the com- mission of	{ murder. culpable homicide. voluntarily causing	{ hurt. grievous hurt.	{ by dangerous weapons or means, poison intoxicating drugs. stupefying drugs with intent to commit an offence	{ to extort property, to constrain to an illegal act, to extort confes- sion, to compel res- toration of property, to deter public servant from his duty, on pro- vocation	{ against any person subject to mili- tary law.

A.

Proceedings of a Summary Court-martial held at \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_  
the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 189\_\_\_\_, by \_\_\_\_\_  
under the 93rd Indian Article of War for the trial of all such prisoners as he may duly have  
brought before him.

PRESENT:

Commanding the \_\_\_\_\_ Regiment.

Attending the Trial.

\_\_\_\_\_ Regiment.

\_\_\_\_\_ Regiment.

Interpreter.

\_\_\_\_\_ Regiment.

The Officers assemble at the \_\_\_\_\_ and the trial commences  
at \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock—M.

The prisoner No. \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_

is brought into Court.

is duly sworn as Interpreter.

\_\_\_\_\_, the Commanding Officer, is duly  
sworn.

All witnesses are directed to withdraw from the Court.

B.

The charge-sheet is read, translated, and explained to the prisoner, and entered as follows:

(Enter heading and body in accordance with the forms given in A. R. I., Vol. II, Appendix 12, and illustration of a complete charge-sheet at foot of page 337. When sanction for trial by Summary Court-martial has been given by superior authority, for form of minute at foot of charge, see A. R. I., Vol. II, paragraph 423).

## C.

## ARRAIGNMENT.

*By the Commanding Officer.* How say you \_\_\_\_\_ are you guilty, or not guilty, of the \_\_\_\_\_ charge preferred against you? Question 2.  
To prisoner

Are you guilty or not guilty of the \_\_\_\_\_ charge?

Answer 1.

Question.

Answer.

## PROSECUTION.

PROSECUTION.

1st Witness

\_\_\_\_\_ is called into Court, duly \_\_\_\_\_, and examined by the Commanding Officer

Religion to be recorded (Hindu, Musalman, Sikh). Sikh should be sworn.

Question.

The prisoner declines to cross-examine the witness. The evidence is read over to the witness.

The witness withdraws.

## D.

## THE PROSECUTION IS CLOSED.

Do you intend to call any witnesses in your defence?

Question to prisoner.

Yes \_\_\_\_\_ Answer.

## DEFENCE.

DEFENCE.

The prisoner is called upon for his defence and states—

DEFENCE.  
1st Witness.

\_\_\_\_\_ is called into Court, duly \_\_\_\_\_, and examined by the prisoner.

## E.

## THE DEFENCE IS CLOSED.

## REPLY.

\_\_\_\_\_ is called into Court, duly \_\_\_\_\_ and examined. REPLY.  
1st Witness.

Question.

Answer.

## F.

## VERDICT OF THE COMMANDING OFFICER.

ing of  
guilty.

I am of opinion on the evidence before me that the prisoner, No. \_\_\_\_\_  
of the \_\_\_\_\_, is Not Guilty of the charges preferred against him,  
and I acquit him thereof.

The verdict is read out and the prisoner released. He is to return to his duty.

Signed at \_\_\_\_\_ this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 189 \_\_\_\_\_

the

holding the trial.

trial  
at \_\_\_\_\_  
M.

} attending the trial.

## G.

## VERDICT OF THE COMMANDING OFFICER.

ing of  
ty.

I am of opinion on the evidence before me that the prisoner, No. \_\_\_\_\_  
of the \_\_\_\_\_ is Guilty of the charges preferred against him.

edings  
nce.

## PROCEEDINGS BEFORE SENTENCE.

The following Minutes by the Officer holding the trial are read and explained.

It is within my own knowledge, from the records of the \_\_\_\_\_ that the prisoner has  
been previously convicted by Court-Martial (see Certificate annexed).

A. R. I.,  
II, para.

That he is at present undergoing \_\_\_\_\_ sentence.

That, irrespectively of this trial, his general character has been \_\_\_\_\_

That his age is \_\_\_\_\_  
and his service is \_\_\_\_\_

That he is in possession of the following decorations or honorary rewards:

## H.

nce.

## SENTENCE BY THE COMMANDING OFFICER.

Taking all these matters into consideration, I now sentence the prisoner, No. \_\_\_\_\_  
of the \_\_\_\_\_  
to be \_\_\_\_\_

Signed at \_\_\_\_\_, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ 189 \_\_\_\_\_

the

holding the trial.

rial clos-  
o'clock

} Attending the trial.

## Subsidiary order by the Commanding Officer.

of

189

the

Note.—For forms of subsidiary orders see Rule 47.



I,

*Remarks by the Reviewing Officer.*

*Form of proceedings of a Court-martial held under the Indian Articles of War (to be written on one side of the paper only).*

Proceedings of a \_\_\_\_\_ Court-martial held at \_\_\_\_\_  
 on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 18 [com-  
 posed of European officers under the provisions of the 86th Indian Article of War], convened by order  
 of \_\_\_\_\_, commanding \_\_\_\_\_, dated the \_\_\_\_\_ day  
 of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 .

PRESIDENT:

Rank.

Name.

Regiment.

MEMBERS:

JUDGE-ADVOCATE.

[or Superintending Officer].

INTERPRETER.

At \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock A.M. [or P.M.] the court assemble. Trial of \_\_\_\_\_, who is brought  
 a prisoner before the Court.

The Interpreter is duly sworn [or affirmed].

The orders convening and forming the Court are read, and \_\_\_\_\_  
 [or copies thereof] are marked \_\_\_\_\_, signed by the President [Judge-Advocate, or  
 Superintending Officer,] and attached to the Proceedings.

\_\_\_\_\_ appears as prosecutor, and takes his place in Court.

The names of the officers composing the Court are read over in the hearing of the prisoner,  
 and they severally answer to their names.

Q.—Do you object to be tried by any of the officers whose names you have heard read over?

A. \_\_\_\_\_

A. R. I.  
 II. Sec.  
 para. 389.

Question  
 President  
 Judge-Ad-  
 cate, or  
 perintend-  
 Officer,]  
 prisoner.

VARIATION I.

*Challenging officers.*

A.—I object to \_\_\_\_\_.

Q.—Do you object to any other officer?

(Instruction.—This question is to be repeated until all objections are ascertained.)

A. \_\_\_\_\_

Q.—What is your objection to \_\_\_\_\_?

A. \_\_\_\_\_

The prisoner in support of his objection to \_\_\_\_\_ requests permission to call \_\_\_\_\_ is called into Court, and questioned by the prisoner.

Q. \_\_\_\_\_

A. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_, the officer challenged, makes the following reply and withdraws.

The Court is closed to consider the objection.

*Decision.*—The Court disallow the objection.

The Court is re-opened, and the above decision is made known to the prisoner.

\_\_\_\_\_ resumes his seat in Court, and the trial is proceeded with.

*Decision.*—The Court allow the objection and \_\_\_\_\_ retires.

(Instruction 1.—If there is no waiting member to take the place of the officer who retires, the court must adjourn).

The Court adjourn for the purpose of a fresh officer being appointed.

*Fresh Officer* \_\_\_\_\_, takes his place as an officer of the Court.

(Instruction 2.—The option of challenge, as above, must be allowed the prisoner in respect of each fresh officer.)

assembly. On the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18\_\_\_\_\_, the Court re-assemble, and the order appointing \_\_\_\_\_ to serve on the Court is read, marked \_\_\_\_\_ and attached to the proceedings.

(Instruction 3.—The above procedure in respect of challenge must now be proceeded with as regards the fresh officer.)

VI,  
389.  
com-  
on of

The Court, after the foregoing proceedings, is constituted as follows:

PRESIDENT:

Rank.

Name.

Regiment.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

MEMBERS:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

The President and Members are duly sworn [or affirmed]. The Judge-Advocate [or Superintending Officer] is duly sworn.

(Instruction 4.—All witnesses are now directed to withdraw from the Court.)

CHARGE-SHEET.

ge.

The charge-sheet is laid before the Court, read, marked \_\_\_\_\_, signed by the President [Judge-Advocate, or Superintending Officer,] and attached to the proceedings.

gment.

The prisoner is arraigned upon each charge in the above-mentioned charge-sheet.

tion to

ner.

Q.—Are you guilty or not guilty of the [first] charge against you which you have heard read?

A. \_\_\_\_\_

(Instruction 5.—Where there is more than one charge, the foregoing question will be asked after each charge is read, the number of the charge being stated.)

al to

As the prisoner does not plead intelligibly [or refused to plead, or does not plead guilty,] the Court enter a plea of "not guilty."

(Instruction 6.—A plea of "guilty" does not remove the necessity of evidence being adduced by the prosecutor sufficient to explain clearly the facts of the offence charged.)

ation.

[If the prosecutor makes an address.] The prosecutor reads the following address, which is marked \_\_\_\_\_, signed by the President [Judge-Advocate, or Superintending Officer,] and attached to the proceedings.

The prosecutor proceeds to call witnesses.

\_\_\_\_\_ being duly sworn [*or affirmed*] is examined by the prosecutor.

First  
for  
pro  
tion.

*Cross-examined by prisoner.*

*Re-examined by prosecutor.*

*Examined by Judge-Advocate [or Superintending Officer].*

*Examined by Court.*

His evidence is read over to witness.

Witness withdraws.

#### VARIATION 2.

The prisoner declines to cross-examine this witness.

The Court, at the request of the prisoner, allow the cross-examination of this witness to be postponed.

The prisoner [*or the prosecutor*] objects to the question just put.

Q. (*by Court*).—State your objection.

A \_\_\_\_\_

The prosecutor [*or prisoner*] in reply states \_\_\_\_\_

The Judge-Advocate [*or Superintending Officer*] gives his opinion on the point of law involved, as follows:

The Court is closed to consider their decision.

The Court is re-opened, and the decision is announced as follows:

The witness, on his evidence being read over to him, makes the following explanation [*or alteration*].

Examined by the prosecutor [Prisoner, Court, Judge-Advocate, or Superintending Officer] as to the above explanation [*or alteration*].

The prosecutor and prisoner respectively decline to examine the witness as to his explanation [*or alteration*].

At \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock P.M. [*or A.M.*] the Court adjourn until \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock A.M. [*or P.M.*] on Adjourn the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_

At \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock A.M. [*or P.M.*] on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18\_\_\_\_ the Court, composed of the same members as before, re-assemble pursuant to adjournment, and the Judge-Advocate [*or Superintending Officer*], prosecutor, and prisoner being present in Court, the trial is proceeded with. Second Re-assembly

#### VARIATION 3.

*Re-assembly and adjournment.*—At \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock A.M. [*or P.M.*], on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18\_\_\_\_, the Court re-assemble pursuant to adjournment, and \_\_\_\_\_ being absent, report the case to the convening officer, and adjourn until further orders [*or the number of officers composing the court being not less than the legal minimum, the trial is proceeded with*].

The examination of witnesses for the prosecution is closed.

Q. (*to prisoner*).—Do you intend to call witnesses, other than as to character, in your defence? Second

A.—No.

The prosecutor addresses the Court upon the evidence for the prosecution as follows: [*or hands in an address which is read, translated, marked \_\_\_\_\_, signed by the President (Judge-Advocate, or Superintending Officer), and attached to the proceedings*]. Second  
ness for  
secution.  
Close of  
mination  
witness  
prosecution



Close of pro-  
secution.  
Defence.  
First witness  
character.

The prosecution is closed.

The prisoner being placed upon his defence calls the following witnesses to character :

\_\_\_\_\_ being duly sworn [or affirmed] is examined by the prisoner :

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

*Crossed-examined by Prosecutor.*

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

*Re-examined by Prisoner.*

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

*Examined by Court.*

\_\_\_\_\_

His evidence is read over to witness.

[See variation 2.]

Witness withdraws.

#### VARIATION 4.

The prosecutor declines to cross-examine this witness.

The prisoner hands in original testimonials and copies thereof. The copies are compared with the originals, marked \_\_\_\_\_, signed by the President [Judge-Advocate, or Superintending Officer], and attached to the proceedings. The originals are returned to the prisoner.

Q. (to the prisoner).—Have you anything to say in your defence ?

A. \_\_\_\_\_

The prisoner in his defence says :  
[or hands in a written address], which is read, translated, marked \_\_\_\_\_, signed by the President (Judge Advocate, or Superintending Officer), and attached to the proceedings].

Close of de-  
fence.

The defence is closed.

[Instruction 8.—If the prisoner calls witnesses who are not as to character only, the following is to be the procedure.]

First witness  
for defence.

\_\_\_\_\_ being duly sworn [or affirmed] is examined by the prisoner :

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

*Cross-examined by Prosecutor.*

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

*Re-examined by Prisoner.*

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

*Examined by Judge-Advocate [or Superintending Officer].*

*Examined by Court.*

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

His evidence read to witness.

[See variation 2.]

The witness withdraws.

## VARIATION 5.

The prosecutor declines to cross-examine this witness.

- The prosecutor by leave of the Court calls witnesses in reply.

1st witness in reply \_\_\_\_\_, being duly sworn [or affirmed], is examined by the prosecutor,

[Instruction 9.—Examination, cross-examination, and re-examination is to be conducted in the same manner as in the case of a witness for the prosecution.]

The prisoner makes the following address: [or hands in a written address], which is read, (translated) marked \_\_\_\_\_, signed by the President (Judge-Advocate, or Superintending Officer), and attached to the proceedings.

The prosecutor makes the following reply: [or hands in a written reply], which is read, Close of marked \_\_\_\_\_, signed by the President (or Judge-Advocate, or Superintending Officer), and fence. attached to the proceedings.

## VARIATION 6.

The prosecutor declines to make a reply.

The Judge-Advocate [or Superintending Officer] reads his summing-up, which is orally translated, marked \_\_\_\_\_, and attached to the proceedings.

Summing-up  
by Judge A  
vocate  
Superinten  
ing Officer

## VARIATION 7.

The Court on the representation of the Judge-Advocate [or Superintending Officer] dispense with a summing-up.

The Court is closed to consider their finding.

## VARIATION 8.

The Court is re-opened, and \_\_\_\_\_, the \_\_\_\_\_ witness for the \_\_\_\_\_, is re-called, and examined by the Court on his former oath [or affirmation].

[Instruction 10.—The Court may permit the prisoner or prosecutor to cross-examine on the evidence now elicited].

His evidence is read over to the witness.

[See variation 2.]

This witness withdraws.

The Court is closed to consider their finding.

## Finding

- (a) The Court find that the prisoner \_\_\_\_\_ is not guilty of the charge [or charges]. Finding.
- (b) \_\_\_\_\_ is not guilty of the charge [or charges], and \_\_\_\_\_ is guilty of the charge [or charges]. Full acquittal.
- (c) \_\_\_\_\_ is guilty of the charge with the exception of \_\_\_\_\_ the words [or with the exception that—]. Partial acquittal.
- (d) \_\_\_\_\_ is not guilty of desertion, but is guilty of \_\_\_\_\_ absence without leave from the \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_, being a period of \_\_\_\_\_ days. Special finding.
- \_\_\_\_\_ did the act [or acts or said the words] as stated in the charge, but was at the time insane and not responsible for his actions [or words]. Special finding.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Insanity.

## Proceedings after conviction.

The Court being re-opened, the prisoner is again brought before its \_\_\_\_\_ is duly sworn [or affirmed].

Q.—What record have you to produce in proof of former convictions against the prisoner?

A.—I produce a statement certified under the hand of the officer having custody of the regimental [or departmental] records.

The statement is read, orally translated, marked \_\_\_\_\_, signed by the President [Judge-Advocate, or Superintending Officer], and attached to the proceedings.

Q.—Is the prisoner the person named in the statement you have heard read?

A. \_\_\_\_\_

Q.—Have you compared the contents of the above statement with the regimental records?

A. \_\_\_\_\_

Q.—Are they true extracts from the regimental records and is the statement of entries in the defaulters book a fair and true summary of those entries?

A. \_\_\_\_\_

*Cross-examined by Prisoner.*

[or The prisoner declines to cross-examine this witness.]

*Examined by the Court.*

His evidence is read over to the witness.

[See variation 2].

The witness withdraws.

The Court is closed to consider its sentence.

*Sentence.*

The Court sentence the prisoner \_\_\_\_\_

(a) to suffer death by being hanged by the neck until he be dead [or to suffer death by being shot to death];

(b) to suffer transportation for the term of \_\_\_\_\_ years [or for life];

(c) be imprisoned with [or without] hard labour for \_\_\_\_\_ years [months or days];

(d) to be imprisoned for \_\_\_\_\_ months [or days]: \_\_\_\_\_ days of the said imprisonment to be with solitary confinement, such solitary confinement not to exceed 14 days at a time, with intervals between the period of solitary confinement of not less duration than such periods [the remainder of the said imprisonment to be with hard labour];

(e) to be dismissed from the service; (this may accompany any other sentence).

(f) to be suspended from rank, pay, and allowances for a period of \_\_\_\_\_

(g) to be degraded to the grade \_\_\_\_\_ [or class] in his department;

(h) to be placed \_\_\_\_\_ steps lower in the list of his rank;

(i) to be reduced to the ranks; or to the rank of—;

(j) to suffer a corporal punishment of \_\_\_\_\_ lashes;

(k) and in addition to forfeit all advantage as to his additional pay and claim to pension on his discharge, in respect of past [and future] service;

(l) and in addition to forfeit all arrears of pay and allowances [or public money] due to him at the time of his dismissal;

(m) and in addition to forfeit out of the arrears of pay and allowances [or public money], due to him at the time of his dismissal, the sum of \_\_\_\_\_ to make good \_\_\_\_\_;

(n) and in addition to be put under stoppages of pay, to the extent specified in Indian Articles of War 134 (iii), until he shall have made good the sum of \_\_\_\_\_;

Army  
Regulations,  
India, section  
VI, para. 389.



(o) and in addition to forfeit his medal or medals (or other military decoration).

Signed at \_\_\_\_\_, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
President.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Judge-Advocate [or Superintending Officer].

#### Revision.

At \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_, at \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock A.M. [or P.M.] Re-  
the Court, composed of the same members, all being present re-assemble by order of \_\_\_\_\_  
for the purpose of reconsidering its \_\_\_\_\_

The Judge-Advocate [or Superintending Officer] and Interpreter are present.

#### VARIATION 9.

The Judge-Advocate not being available, an order appointing \_\_\_\_\_ Judge-Advocate is  
read, marked \_\_\_\_\_, signed and attached to the proceedings.

The Judge-Advocate is duly sworn.

\_\_\_\_\_ being absent, a letter of explanation [or medical certificate] accounting for his  
absence is read, marked \_\_\_\_\_, signed by the President [Judge-Advocate, or Superintending  
Officer], and attached to the proceedings.

The Court being composed of the legal minimum proceeds with revision.

[or the Court being now below the legal minimum reports to the convening officer and  
adjourns *sine die*].

The order directing the re-assembling of the Court, and the letter [or memorandum] giving  
the reasons of the confirming officer for requiring a revision of the \_\_\_\_\_ are read, marked  
\_\_\_\_\_, signed by the President [Judge-Advocate, or Superintending Officer], and, attached to  
the proceedings.

The Court, having attentively considered the observations of the convening authority, respect-  
fully adhere to their \_\_\_\_\_

(a) do now revoke their finding and sentence, and now find that the prisoner \_\_\_\_\_  
is \_\_\_\_\_

The Court now sentence the prisoner \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

(b) do now revoke their sentence, and now sentence the prisoner \_\_\_\_\_

Signed at \_\_\_\_\_ this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
President.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Judge-Advocate [or Superintending Officer].

#### Recommendation to mercy.

[Instruction 11.—A recommendation to mercy, if voted by a majority, should follow the  
signatures to the sentence, and be signed by the President and Judge-Advocate [or Superintending  
Officer].

The Court by a majority of \_\_\_\_\_ [or unanimously] recommend the prisoner to mercy Rec  
on the ground that \_\_\_\_\_ mer  
met

\_\_\_\_\_  
President.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Judge-Advocate [or Superintending Officer].

#### 26. Confirmation.

(a) Confirmed. [I mitigate, remit, or commute the \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.]

(b) Not confirmed.

(c) I confirm the finding; the sentence is not confirmed.

(d) I confirm the finding on the \_\_\_\_\_ charge only, and I confirm the sentence.

(e) I confirm the finding with the exception \_\_\_\_\_; and the sentence is also con-  
firmed as to \_\_\_\_\_ [or except as to \_\_\_\_\_ or limiting \_\_\_\_\_].

Signed at \_\_\_\_\_ this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Commanding the \_\_\_\_\_ District.

#### Subsidiary Orders.

(a) The prisoner is to be released from arrest [or confinement], and to return to his duty G.O.  
[as \_\_\_\_\_]. 1899

(b) The execution will be carried out in accordance with the instructions which will be  
communicated by the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Command to the [General]  
Officer Commanding at \_\_\_\_\_.

- (c) The prisoner is to be made over with the prescribed warrant of commitment to the civil authorities for the purpose of undergoing the sentence of transportation and his name to be struck off the strength of the regiment from the date of confirmation.
- (d) The prisoner is to be struck off the strength of his regiment [or department] from the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18\_\_\_\_ [or this date], and is to be delivered over with the prescribed warrant of commitment to the officer in charge of the nearest jail.
- (e) Or the imprisonment will be carried out in military custody.
- (f) The name of the prisoner is to be struck off the returns of his regiment [or department] from the date on which this order is communicated to him [or this date], and a report of the same to be made to the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Command.
- (g) The suspension will take effect from this date [or from the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18\_\_\_\_].
- (h) The prisoner's name will be transferred to the top of the list of \_\_\_\_\_, and his rank [or class] therein will bear date the \_\_\_\_\_.
- (i) The prisoner's name will be transposed in the list of his rank and will stand next below that of \_\_\_\_\_.
- (j) The punishment will be carried out, in the presence of a medical officer [and regiment], and will be inflicted with the regulation cat on the bare back.

Warrant of Commitment applicable to sentences of transportation by substituting "transportation" for imprisonment with hard labour where necessary.

To

The Magistrate,  
or other officer in charge of the Jail,

at \_\_\_\_\_

Whereas at a \_\_\_\_\_ court-martial, held at \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 18\_\_\_\_, (Rank), (Name), \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_ regiment of \_\_\_\_\_ was convicted of (the offence to be briefly stated here, as "desertion," "theft," "receiving stolen goods," "fraud," "disobedience of lawful command," or as the case may be).

And whereas the said \_\_\_\_\_ court-martial, \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 18\_\_\_\_, passed the following sentence upon the said (Name); that is to say:

*(Sentence to be entered in full, but without signature.)*

And whereas the said sentence has been duly confirmed (if there is any mitigation of the sentence, such mitigation must be noticed thus: to the extent of \_\_\_\_\_) by (Rank and Name) Commanding \_\_\_\_\_ and the said (Name) is herewith transmitted to you to undergo the same.

Now these are to require and authorise you to receive the said (Name) into your custody, and inflict upon him the said sentence of imprisonment with hard labour for \_\_\_\_\_ reckoned from the day on which the said sentence was passed,

Given under my hand at \_\_\_\_\_, this the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 18\_\_\_\_

*(To be signed by the confirming officer of a regimental, detachment or summary court-martial or by the staff officer of the division, district, or station, or the commanding officer of the regiment if the trial has been by general or district court-martial.)*

#### SUMMONS FOR A CIVIL WITNESS.

##### *Form of Summons to a Civil Witness.*

To \_\_\_\_\_

Whereas a \_\_\_\_\_ court-martial has been ordered to assemble at \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 18\_\_\_\_, for the trial of \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_ regiment, I do, by virtue of the authority vested in me, summon and require you A \_\_\_\_\_ to attend as a witness at the sitting of the said court at \_\_\_\_\_, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock in the forenoon [and to bring with you the documents hereinafter mentioned, namely, \_\_\_\_\_], and so to attend from day to day until you shall be duly discharged; whereof you shall fail at your peril.

Given under my hand at \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 18\_\_\_\_

(Signature) \_\_\_\_\_  
Judge-Advocate (or convening Officer).





## • LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 711.—The following extracts are published for general information :

*"London Gazette," dated the 2nd June, 1899, page 3521.*

WAR OFFICE ;

*Pall Mall, 2nd June, 1899.*

Major and Brevet-Colonel N. F. F. Chamberlain, Indian Staff Corps, to be a Colonel on the Staff in India, and to have the substantive rank of Colonel in the Army, *vice* Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Sir W. H. Meiklejohn, K.C.B., C.M.G., appointed to command a second class district in India. Dated 6th February 1899.

The undermentioned officers to be Assistant-Quartermasters-General in India, and to have the substantive rank of Colonel in the Army :

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel H. E. Penton, Indian Staff Corps, *vice* Colonel O'M. Creagh, V.C., Indian Staff Corps. Dated 22nd February 1899.

Major and Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel J. E. Nixon, Indian Staff Corps, *vice* Colonel St. J. F. Michell, Indian Staff Corps. Dated 12th March 1899.

*Indian Staff Corps.*—Lieutenant-Colonel William George Currie Johnstone is transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list. Dated 24th May 1899.

*"Supplement to the London Gazette," dated the 2nd June 1899, pages 3585 and 3586.*

WAR OFFICE ;

*3rd June, 1899.*

The Queen has been graciously pleased, on the occasion of the celebration of Her Majesty's Birthday, to give orders for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Honourable Order of the Bath :

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the First Class, or Knights Grand Cross, of the said Most Honourable Order, *vis.* :

General Sir John Forbes, K.C.B., Bombay Cavalry.

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders, of the said Most Honourable Order, *vis.* :

Lieutenant-General Robert Gordon Rogers, C.B., Indian Staff Corps.

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions, of the said Most Honourable Order, *vis.* :

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel James Hay, Indian Staff Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel James Cook, Indian Staff Corps.

INDIA OFFICE ;

*3rd June, 1899.*

The Queen has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint :

Lieutenant-Colonel John Muir Hunter, Indian Staff Corps ;

to be Companions of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint—

Lieutenant-Colonel Walter Gawen King, M.B., Indian Medical Service ;

Captain Frank Popham Young, Indian Staff Corps ;

to be Companions of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

## PROMOTIONS.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 712.—The following promotion is made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :

*Second-Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.*

*5th June 1899.*

Francis William Iles.

## INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay.*

No. 713.—First-class Assistant Surgeon Joseph Sampson to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval ;

Second-class Assistant Surgeon Albino Rodrigues to be first-class Assistant Surgeon ;

Third-class Assistant Surgeon Alfred Baldwin DeSouza to be second-class Assistant Surgeon,—

with effect from 6th February 1899, consequent on the death of Senior Assistant Surgeon and honorary Lieutenant V. X. Lobo.

No. 714.—Third-class Assistant Surgeon Hugh Alexander Poyntz to be second-class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from 22nd November 1898, *vice* second-class Assistant Surgeon G. C. Ringrow, deceased.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. 715.—Sergeant Charles Bolton is granted the temporary rank of Sub-Conductor whilst holding the appointment of First Assistant Master at the Thomason College, Rurki.

## NATIVE ARMY.

## No. 716.—3rd Regiment of Bengal Cavalry—

Jemadar Haidar Shah to be Ressaidar and Daladar Shamshad Ali to be Jemadar, *vice* Alamdar Husain, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 7th May 1899.

Ressaidar Jaswant Singh to be Risaldar, Jemadar Gurdatt Singh to be Ressaidar, and Kot-Dafadar Bhagwan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Gurdatt Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st June 1899.

## No. 717.—Corps of Bengal Sappers and Miners—

Havildar Khan Bahadur to be Jemadar, *vice* Ayub Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st May 1899.

## No. 718.—29th (The Duke of Connaught's Own) Regiment of Bombay Infantry (2nd Baluch Battalion)—

Quartermaster Havildar Lashkari Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Sahib Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st April 1899.

## RETIREMENTS.

No. 719.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

Honorary Major Robert Pringle, Deputy Commissary, Miscellaneous List, Bombay,—7th May 1899.

Honorary Captain James Barker, Senior Assistant Surgeon, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Bengal,—3rd March 1899.

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

## No. 720.—Burma Railway Volunteer Corps—

The designation of the Corps is altered to "Burma Railways Volunteer Corps."

## APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

## No. 721.—Mussoorie Volunteer Rifles—

Lieutenant Arthur Barnard Stokes to be Captain, with effect from the 20th June 1899, *vice* Ogden, resigned.

Robert George Watling, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 20th June 1899, *vice* Stokes, promoted.

## No. 722.—Berar Volunteer Rifle Corps—

Captain Frank Rowley Metcalfe Charles DeRittich Mauduit, I.S.C., to be Commandant, with the rank of Major in the Indian Volunteer Force, *vice* Lucas, resigned.

## No. 723.—3rd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles—

Captain George Hamilton Maffin to be Honorary Major.

## MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## PROMOTIONS.

No. 724.—Lieutenants H. G. LeMesurier and F. A. Hes, Royal Engineers, Submarine-Mining Officers, are appointed Assistant Engineers, 1st grade, supernumerary, Military Works Department, with effect from the 7th and 23rd May 1898, respectively.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

## PROMOTIONS.

No. 24.—The following promotion is made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 2nd March 1899:

*To be Engineer.*

Assistant Engineer J. F. Ellis.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,  
Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 1st July, 1899.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned commissioned officer, on the date specified, was received in the Military Department between the 18th June and 1st July 1899:

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Remarks.
Army Veterinary Department.	Veterinary-Lieutenant Ernest Wilkinson.	20th June 1899.	Madras.	..	...

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,  
Secretary to the Government of India.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 26th June, 1899.*

No. 271.—Mr. W. H. Robinson, Officiating Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Traffic Inspector on that Railway, with effect from the forenoon of the 2nd June 1899.

No. 272.—Mr. J. Rickie, Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in Class I, Grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is, on return from privilege leave, appointed to officiate as Locomotive Superintendent of the East Coast Railway, till further orders.

*The 28th June, 1899.*

No. 273.—Mr. W. R. Shaw, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, is appointed to officiate in charge of the following works, with the rank of Superintendent of Works:

Teesta Bridge, Dharlla Bridge, Cooch Behar Town Extension, Santrabari Line and the Brahmaputra-Sultanpur Branch Railway.

*The 29th June, 1899.*

No. 274.—Mr. P. Rainier, District Traffic Superintendent, in Class II, Grade I, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Traffic Superintendent of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway in Class I of that Establishment, during the absence of Mr. A. W. U. Pope on privilege leave, or until further orders.

No. 276.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions to and in the classes of Chief and Superintending Engineers, with effect from the dates specified:

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from	
				1899.	
Humfress, G.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, sub. <i>pro tem</i>	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	13th March.	
Michell, T.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Temporary	1st April	Supernumerary.
Harman, J. M.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Temporary	1st April.	
Thomson, C.	Chief Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank.	Chief Engineer, 3rd Class	Permanent	5th April.	
White, Lt.-Col. W. H., R.E.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Permanent	5th April.	
Humfress, G.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Permanent	5th April.	
	and Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	5th April.	
Shadbolt, E. I.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	5th April.	
Hogan, J. L. P.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	6th April	Supernumerary.
Curry, T. E.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	8th April.	
Way, R. A.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, temporary rank, Supernumerary.	Chief Engineer, 3rd Class	Temporary	9th April	Supernumerary.
Martyn, G. V.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, temporary rank.	Chief Engineer, 3rd Class	Temporary	9th April.	
Shadbolt, E. I.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	15th April.	
Harrington, H. S.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Temporary	30th April	Supernumerary.
Hodges, R. N.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	30th April.	

No. 278.—The following is published for general information:

No. 139 A. E., dated Simla, the 17th June, 1899.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

*Recruitment of the superior establishment of the Accounts Branch, Public Works Department.*

Read again—

Public Works Department Resolution No. 36 A. E., dated 9th February 1893.

Read also the following correspondence between the Government of India and the Secretary of State:

Despatch to the Secretary of State, No. 324 (Financial), dated 4th November 1896.

Despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 104 (Financial), dated 17th June 1897.

RESOLUTION.—The Government of India, with the approval of the Secretary of State, are pleased to modify the system of recruitment of the Superior Accounts Branch of the Public Works Department which was laid down in the resolution quoted in the preamble, and to decide that this establishment shall be recruited partly in England and partly in India in the manner indicated below:

*In England.*—By the appointment of students selected by the Secretary of State from the Royal Indian Engineering College, Coopers Hill. The recruitment from this source is limited to 4-9ths of the vacancies to be filled.

*In India.*—(1) By the promotion of deserving subordinates to the extent of 3-9ths of the vacancies to be filled.

(2) By competitive examination of nominated candidates to the extent of 2-9ths of the vacancies to be filled.

The Government of India reserve the power, which they at present possess, of making special and exceptional appointments to the superior Accounts Establishment otherwise than in the manner described above.

2. The recruitment in India is restricted to Natives of India within the meaning of the Statute 33 Vict., Chapter 3, section 6. The definition in the Statute is:

"The words 'Native of India' shall include any person born and domiciled within the dominions of Her Majesty in India of parents habitually resident in India, and not established there for temporary purposes only."

3. The following revised rules are now prescribed for the recruitment of candidates in India:

A.—When necessary, a notification will be issued in the *Gazette of India* about the end of November, stating the number of vacancies to be competed for at the next examination.

B.—Not less than three candidates shall be nominated for each vacancy, and only nominated candidates will be allowed to compete.

C.—Persons desiring to obtain nominations should apply, in their own handwriting, not later than the 15th January of each year, to the Accountant General, Public Works Department, who is vested with an absolute discretion as to the nomination of candidates to compete at the examination.

D.—Applications from Natives of India, who are not possessed of high educational qualifications, will not be considered. Clear and distinct handwriting and a business familiarity with the English language are in any case indispensable.



**E.**—Each application must be accompanied by the following certificates:

- (i) Certificate of age from the officer in charge of the District in which the applicant's family reside, or, if they reside in a Presidency Town or a Native State, from the Presidency Magistrate or Political Agent respectively. To obtain this certificate the date and place of the applicant's birth must be proved before the District Officer, Presidency Magistrate or Political Agent, as the case may be, by documentary evidence, supplemented, where this is not conclusive proof, by statements on oath, or solemn affirmation of relatives and others. In the case of Christians, a Baptismal certificate will take the place of the certificate mentioned above.
- (ii) Certificate of physical fitness for the public service by a commissioned medical officer or by a medical officer in charge of a civil station.
- (iii) Certificate that the applicant (if not a Native) is a Statutory Native of India as defined in paragraph 2 above.
- (iv) Testimonials of good moral conduct from the instructor under whom the applicant has been educated; or from some employer or other superior under whom he has been employed, or brought up.

*Note.*—These testimonials should have special reference to conduct during the two years immediately preceding the date of application. Copies of all certificates should be sent with the originals.

**F.**—No candidate will be nominated whose age at the date of completion of the examination will be below 18 or above 23 years.

**G.**—The nominated candidates will be examined in the subjects described in the schedule to this resolution, and those who pass will, as a rule, be appointed Assistant Examiners, 3rd grade, on probation, in order of merit, and to the extent of the number of vacancies announced for competition. No candidate will be held to have passed the examination who obtains less than 650 marks in all, or less than half marks in mathematics.

**H.**—No candidate will be allowed to compete at the entrance examination more than twice, and then only on being re-nominated by the Accountant General.

**I.**—The examination will be conducted by written questions and answers, the questions being prepared in such manner as His Excellency the Governor General in Council may, from time to time, direct.

**J.**—The examination is held by the Principal, Thomason Civil Engineering College, Rurki, in June, and nominated candidates should apply to that officer to arrange the place at which they are to be examined, and should remit to him an examination fee of Rs. 32 which should reach him, together with their applications, not later than the 30th April. The second language, it is proposed to take up, should be stated in the application.

**K.**—A candidate may be examined at the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Rurki, or at the office of any Examiner of Public Works or Railway Accounts.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that this resolution be forwarded to the Local Govern-

The Governments of Madras, Bombay (General and Railway), Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, Burma (General and Railway) and the Punjab.  
The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces and Assam.  
The Resident at Hyderabad.  
The Agents to the Governor General for Central India, Rajputana and Baluchistan.  
The Director General of Telegraphs.  
The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, Lucknow, and Assam.  
The Comptroller General.

ments and Administrations and Officers noted in the margin, for information, and that it be published in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

Also to the Department of Finance and Commerce for information.

Also to the Accountant General, Public Works Department, for further necessary action.

## Schedule.

EXAMINATION FOR ADMISSION TO THE SUPERIOR ESTABLISHMENT OF THE ACCOUNTS  
BRANCH OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## Subjects for Examination.

	Marks.
Writing and Composition, impromptu essay upon some given subject .	150
Arithmetic (no special text-book) and Euclid, Books I to IV and VI ; also easy deductions	325
Algebra, including progressions, permutations and combinations, binomial theorem, and logarithms* (Text-book—Todhunter's Algebra) and Plane Trigonometry as far as properties of triangles (Text-book—Todhunter's Plane Trigonometry) ; Mensuration . . .	325
Latin, Greek, Sanskrit, French, German, Arabic, Persian or Pali . . .	200
English, History and Literature, and Indian History (Elementary) . . .	200
Geography, Asia (especially India) and Europe . . .	150
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,350</b>

\* The use of tables will be allowed at the time of examination ; with this exception no books are permitted in any of the papers.

F. R. UPCOTT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 29th June, 1899.

No. 275 —Mr. E. Lund, Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Assam, is, on expiry of his privilege leave, appointed to officiate as Examiner, Public Works Accounts, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, during the absence of Mr. W. F. Barrow on privilege leave.

No. 277 —The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions to and in the classes of Chief and Superintending Engineers, with effect from the dates specified :

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from	
Benton, J. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Temporary	1899. 15th March.	
Phelan, A. B. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, sub. <i>pro tem</i>	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Permanent	5th April.	
Simpson, J. T. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	5th April.	
Rollo, J. T. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	8th April.	
Apjohn, J. H. . . . .	Chief Engineer, 3rd Class, <i>Supernumerary</i> .	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class	Temporary	9th April .	<i>Supernumerary.</i>
Buckley, The Hon'ble R. B. .	Chief Engineer, 3rd Class	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class	Temporary	9th April.	
Horn, D. B. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Temporary	9th April.	
Field, G. M. R. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	9th April.	
Perrin, C. A. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Temporary	15th April.	
Parkes, B. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	15th April.	
Simpson, J. T. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Permanent	15th April.	
Kennedy, R.G. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	15th April.	
Inglis, W. A. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Temporary	16th April.	
Marsh, H. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	16th April.	
Phelan, A. B. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Temporary	30th April.	
Rollo, J. T. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Permanent	30th April.	
Coles, G. E. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	30th April.	

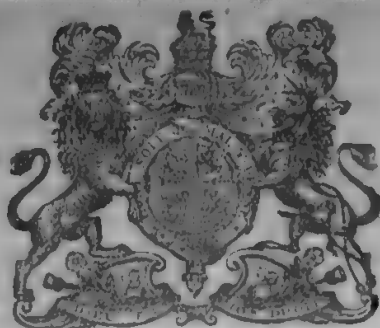
## TELEGRAPHS.

The 26th June, 1899.

No. 270 —Mr. W. Sutherland, Officiating Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, Indian Telegraph Department, reverted to Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 2nd Grade, with effect from the forenoon of the 11th May 1899.

T. HIGHAM,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 27.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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*Nothing for publication.*

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*Nothing for publication.*

**SUPPLEMENT No. 27.**

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 6th July, 1899.*

No. 14.—The following Statute is published for general information:

**THE ARMY (ANNUAL) ACT, 1899.**

[62 VICTORIA, CHAPTER 3.]

*An Act to provide, during Twelve Months, for the Discipline and Regulation of the Army.*

[27TH APRIL, 1899.]

WHEREAS the raising or keeping of a standing army within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in time of peace, unless it be with the consent of Parliament, is against law:

And whereas it is adjudged necessary by Her Majesty and this present Parliament, that a body of forces should be continued for the safety of the United Kingdom and the defence

of the possessions of Her Majesty's Crown, and that the whole number of such forces should consist of one hundred and eighty-four thousand eight hundred and fifty-three including those to be employed at the depôts in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the training of recruits for service at home and abroad, but exclusive of the numbers actually serving within Her Majesty's Indian possessions:

And whereas it is also judged necessary for the safety of the United Kingdom, and the defence of the possessions of this realm, that a body of Royal Marine forces should be employed in Her Majesty's fleet and naval service, under the direction of the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom, or the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid:

And whereas the said marine forces may frequently be quartered or be on shore, or sent to do duty or be on board transport ships or vessels, merchant ships or vessels, or other ships or vessels, or they may be under other circumstances in which they will not be subject to the

laws relating to the government of Her Majesty's forces by sea:

And whereas no man can be forejudged of life or limb, or subjected in time of peace to any kind of punishment within this realm by martial law, or in any other manner than by the judgment of his peers and according to the known and established laws of this realm; yet nevertheless it being requisite, for the retaining all the before-mentioned forces, and other persons subject to military law, in their duty, that an exact discipline be observed, and that persons belonging to the said forces who mutiny or stir up sedition, or desert Her Majesty's service, or are guilty of crimes and offences to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy punishment than the usual forms of the law will allow:

44 & 45 Vict.,  
c. 58.

And whereas the Army Act will expire in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine on the following days:

- (a) In the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man, on the thirtieth day of April; and
- (b) Elsewhere in Europe, inclusive of Malta, also in the West Indies and America, on the thirty-first day of July; and
- (c) Elsewhere, whether within or without Her Majesty's dominions, on the thirty-first day of December:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the Army (Annual) Act, 1899.

Short title.

2. (1) The Army Act shall be and remain in force during the periods herein-after mentioned, and no longer, unless otherwise provided by Parliament; that is to say,

- (a) Within the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man, from the thirtieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine to the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred, both inclusive; and
- (b) Elsewhere in Europe, inclusive of Malta, also in the West Indies and America, from the thirty-first day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine to the thirty-first day of July one thousand nine hundred, both inclusive; and
- (c) Elsewhere, whether within or without Her Majesty's dominions, from the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine

to the thirty-first day of December one thousand nine hundred, both inclusive;

and the day from which the Army Act is continued in any place by this Act is in relation to that place referred to in this Act as the commencement of this Act.

- (2) The Army Act, while in force, shall apply to persons subject to military law, whether within or without Her Majesty's dominions.

- (3) A person subject to military law shall not be exempted from the provisions of the Army Act by reason only that the number of the forces for the time being in the service of Her Majesty, exclusive of the marine forces, is either greater or less than the number herein-before mentioned.

3. There shall be paid to the keeper of a victualling house for the prices in respect of accommodation provided by him in pursuance of the Army Act the prices specified in the schedule to this Act.

#### *Amendment of Army Act.*

4. (1) In section ninety-one and in sub-section (2) of section one hundred and thirty-eight, and in sub-section (2) of section one hundred and forty-five, of the Army Act, after the words "a Secretary of State" in each place where they occur shall be inserted the words "or any officer deputed by him for the purpose", and after the words "the Secretary of State" in each place where they occur shall be inserted the words "or officer".

- (2) In sub-section (2) of section ninety-one of the Army Act, the words "or under the hand of an under-secretary", and in proviso (a) of section one hundred and thirty-eight the words "by a court martial, commanding officer, or Secretary of State," are hereby repealed.

5. After the words "of the forces in India" where they occur in sub-section (2) of section fifty-seven, sub-section (3) of section seventy-three, and sub-section (2) and proviso (b) of section one hundred and eighty-three, of the Army Act, shall be inserted the words "or such officer as the Commander-in-Chief of the forces in India, with the approval of the Governor-General of India in Council, may appoint".

Amendment of 44 & 45 Vict., c. 58, ss. 57, 73, 183, as amended by 56 & 57 Vict., c. 62, as to powers of Commander-in-Chief in India.

where they occur in sub-section (2) of section fifty-seven, sub-section (3) of section seventy-three, and sub-section (2) and proviso (b) of section one hundred and eighty-three, of the Army Act, shall be inserted the words "or such officer as the Commander-in-Chief of the forces in India, with the approval of the Governor-General of India in Council, may appoint".

6. (1) In sub-section (6) of section eighty-three of the Army Act, the words "or in the corps of armorer sergeants, or in the medical staff corps, or in the army service corps" and the words "or in the corps of mounted military police" shall be repealed.

- (2) In section one hundred and ninety of the Army Act, sub-section (15) (A) (iii), the words "the Army Service Corps, the Medical Staff Corps, and" and the word "other" shall be repealed.



## SCHEDULE.

Accommodation to be provided.	Maximum price.
Lodging and attendance for soldier where hot meal furnished.	Four pence per night.
Hot meal as specified in Part I of the Second Schedule to the Army Act.	One shilling and three-pence halfpenny each.
Breakfast as so specified	One penny halfpenny each.
Where no hot meal furnished, lodging and attendance, and candles, vinegar, salt, and the use of fire, and the necessary utensils for dressing and eating his meat.	Four pence per day.
Ten pounds of oats, twelve pounds of hay, and eight pounds of straw per day for each horse.	One shilling and nine-pence per day.
Lodging and attendance for officer.	Two shillings per night.

*Note.*—An officer shall pay for his food.

J. M. MACPHERSON,  
Secretary to the Government of India.

## HOME DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## MEDICAL.

*Simla, the 3rd July, 1899.*

No. 1146.—The services of Captain H. S. Wood, M.B., C.M., I.M.S (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

## SANITARY.

*Plague.*

*The 7th July, 1899.*

No. 2135.—The following translation of an order issued by the Spanish Government is published for general information :

*Royal Order.*

The King and in his name the Queen Regent has been pleased to order that all vessels will be placed in quarantine that have left Calcutta, on any date ; Penang since the 18th of May last, and Emuy since the 23rd of May last ; ports within the distance of 165 kilometres from these places being included in the order.

MADRID ;

*June 5th, 1899.*

## SANITARY.

*The 8th July, 1899.*

No. 2150.—The following draft of a Notification, which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by section 58 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895 (XIV of 1895), is published for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council on or after the 8th September 1899.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Governor General in Council :

*Draft Notification.*

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 58 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895 (XIV of 1895), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 262, dated the 5th October 1896 :

(1) For the last paragraph of Rule 31, the following shall be substituted, namely :

"A sign-board written in bold letters in the Persian, Urdu and Guzarati characters shall be displayed at the place, to be approved by the Inspector, at which stores are dispensed, announcing that food can be procured there. At the same place shall be posted a table of the rations of food and water in Persian, Urdu and Guzarati, and a price-list in the same languages of the articles of food offered for sale."

(2) In Rule 66, after sub-section 2 (b), the following shall be inserted namely :

"and (c) the words *food is procurable on board the ships.*"

## JUDICIAL.

*The 3rd July, 1899.*

No. 961.—The services of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Handley, Barrister-at-Law, Officiating Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

*The 7th July, 1899.*

No. 985.—The following Notification is substituted for Home Department Notification No. 738, dated the 19th May 1899:

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Captain R. R. Vaughan, Indian Staff Corps, Cantonment Magistrate of Agra, for eight months. Pension service—13th year, commenced 5th February 1899.

No. 988.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Handley having tendered the resignation of his appointment as an Officiating Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of the Indian High Courts Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 104), section 7, to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. J. Pratt, I.C.S., Officiating Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, Bengal, to officiate as a Judge of the said Court, until further orders, in the vacancy caused by the appointment of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Jenkins to be Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature, Bombay.

## ECCLESIASTICAL.

*The 7th July, 1899.*

No. 300.—The Reverend C. G. Stokoe, a Chaplain on probation on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, reported his arrival at Calcutta on the afternoon of the 26th June 1899.

Mr. Stokoe's services are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the same date.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## LAND-SURVEYS.

*Simla, the 5th July, 1899.*

No. 1490—102-2.—Captain J. M. Fleming, I.S.C., Superintendent, 2nd grade, Survey of India Department, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Surveyor General in charge Photo-Litho. Office, with effect from the 19th June 1899, *vice* Mr. T. A. Pope, proceeded on privilege leave.

## FORESTS.

*The 6th July, 1899.*

No. 608.F.—On return from the privilege leave granted him in the Notification of this Department, No. 378-F., dated the 20th April last, Mr. A. F. Gradon resumed charge of the appointment of Instructor at the Imperial Forest School, Dehra Dun, in the forenoon of the 22nd June 1899.

From the same date the services of Mr. S. Carr, officiating Instructor, were replaced at the disposal of the Government of Burma.

M. FINUCANE,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 1st July, 1899.*

No. 1088-G.—The following changes are made in the graded list of the Political Department:

To fill an existing vacancy, with effect from the 3rd May, 1899,—

Lieutenant A. P. Trevor, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of furlough to Captain L. Impey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, and with effect from the 1st June, 1899,—

Major C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Captain W. C. R. Stratton, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, and with effect from the 6th June, 1899,—

Major R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, an officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Major C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain F. C. Webb Ware, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant

of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant A. P. Trevor, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the appointment of Major P. J. McMill, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd (officiating 1st) class, to officiate as a Resident of the 2nd class and Political Resident in Turkish Arabia, and with effect from the 11th June, 1899,—

Captain L. S. Newmarch, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 1st class.

Major R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Major C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain F. C. Webb Ware, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant A. P. Trevor, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Captain F. E. Younghusband, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st (officiating Political Agent of the 3rd) class, and with effect from the 19th June, 1899,—

Captain S. F. Bayley, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain A. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Lieutenant F. B. Prideaux, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

*The 3rd July, 1899.*

No. 1089-G.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. W. C. A. Danger, as Acting Consul for Germany at Moulmein, during the absence of Mr. E. J. Foucar.

No. 1846-I.A.—The services of Mr. S. Srinivasa Raghava Aiyangar, C.I.E., Dewan Bahadur, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Fort St. George, with effect from the 14th July 1899, or the subsequent date on

which he relinquishes charge of his duties as Minister of His Highness the Gackwar of Baroda.

*The 4th July, 1899.*

No. 1094-G.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. Loch, Indian Staff Corps, a Resident of the 2nd class and Political Resident in Turkish Arabia, is appointed to officiate as Resident in Nepal, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 1858-I.B.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the schedule to the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2884-I., dated the 29th August, 1890, namely:

(8) The Administrator of the Bastar } Bastar State.

*The 6th July, 1899.*

No. 1100-G.—Major P. J. Melvill, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd (officiating 1st) class is appointed to officiate as a Resident of the 2nd class and Political Resident in Turkish Arabia, with effect from the 11th June, 1899.

No. 1107-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the provisional appointment of Herr Karl Prumler, as Consul for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Madras.

No. 1110-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Kumar Shyama Kumar Tagore, as Vice-Consul General for Persia at Calcutta.

No. 1117-G.—Mr. E. F. Harris, Head Master, is appointed to officiate as Principal of the Government College at Ajmere and as Inspector of Schools in Ajmere-Merwara, with effect from the date of assuming charge and during the absence on furlough of Mr. F. L. Reid, or until further orders.

*The 7th July, 1899.*

No. 1904-I.A.—The notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 4218-I.B., dated the 12th November, 1897, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1906-I.A.—Whereas the Governor General in Council has power and jurisdiction within the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore:

In exercise of this jurisdiction and of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply to the said Civil and Military Station, the provisions of the Indian Contract Act Amendment Act, 1899 (VI of 1899).

No. 1908-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in

On this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 507-1., dated the 6th February, 1896, namely :

(1) In Part I, for the parentheses "(Act X of 1882)" the parentheses "(Act V of 1898)" shall be substituted ; and

(2) In Part II, for clause (4) the following shall be substituted, namely :

"(4) The Superintendent of Railway Police shall have the powers of a District Superintendent of Police as described in Act V of 1861, and the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the first class, with power to take cognizance of offences on complaint and upon police report and with summary powers, as described in section 190, clause (1), sub-clauses (a) and (b), and Chapter XXII, respectively, of the Code of Criminal Procedure."

II.—The Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2279-I.B., dated the 16th July, 1896, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1119-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. John Young, as Consular Agent for the United States of America at Rangoon.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Simla, the 5th July, 1899.*

No. 3064-GI.—Mr. L. J. W. Worgan, Assistant Comptroller, Hyderabad, is granted privilege leave for two months and nineteen days, with effect from the 28th July 1899.

Mr. N. M. Duraiswami Pillai, a Superintendent in the Office of the Comptroller, Hyderabad, is appointed to act as a supernumerary Chief Superintendent in that office during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Worgan, or until further orders.

*The 7th July, 1899.*

No. 3099-GI.—Mr. L. G. Wait, Deputy Post Master General, Sind and Baluchistan, is granted furlough for fifteen months, with effect from the 12th August 1899, and the following acting appointments are made during the absence on furlough of Mr. Wait, or until further orders :

Mr. G. A. T. Bennett, officiating 2nd Assistant Director General of the Post Office of India, to act in the 3rd grade of Deputy Post Master General and to be placed in charge of the Sind and Baluchistan Circle ;

Mr. H. C. Sheridan, officiating 3rd Assistant Director General, to officiate as and Assistant Director General ; and

Mr. Knox Homan, Personal Assistant to the Director General of the Post Office of India, to officiate as 3rd Assistant Director General of the Post Office.

No. 3100-GI.—Mr. A. G. Chuckerbutty, Deputy Accountant General, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 15th July 1899.

Mr. M. A. Hydari, Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, is posted as Deputy Accountant General, Bombay.

Mr. R. Waterfield, Probationer in the Office of the Comptroller, Central Provinces, is transferred to the Office of the Accountant General, Bombay.

No. 3101-GI.—The following promotions and reversions of officers of the Account Department during the month of May 1899 are notified :

With effect from the 5th May 1899, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. H. J. Brereton,—

Mr. R. C. Chapman to officiate in class II, and

Mr. M. N. Bhattacharya to officiate in class III, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 7th May 1899,—

Mr. H. G. Tomkins to revert to class V, and

Mr. M. K. Ghatak to revert to class VI, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 9th May 1899,—

Moung Hla Oung to officiate in class II,

Mr. L. E. Pritchard to officiate in class III,

Mr. H. G. Tomkins to officiate in class IV, and

Mr. M. K. Ghatak to officiate in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 10th May 1899,—

Mr. H. G. Tomkins to revert to class V, and

Mr. M. K. Ghatak to revert to class VI, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 11th May 1899, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. A. Newmarch,—

Mr. H. G. Tomkins to officiate in class IV, and

Mr. M. K. Ghatak to officiate in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 14th May 1899, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. J. C. E. Branson,—

Mr. E. Lawrence to officiate in class I,

Messrs. T. H. Biggs and W. H. Michael to officiate in class II, and

Mr. A. G. Chuckerbutty to officiate in class III, of Accountants General.

Mr. M. F. Gauntlett to officiate in class I,



Mr. J. J. Cotton to officiate in class II,  
Mr. J. A. Robertson to officiate in class III,  
Rai N. G. Basu Bahadur to officiate in class IV, and  
Mr. W. D. Woollam to officiate in class V, of the Enrolled List.  
With effect from the 17th May 1899,—  
Messrs. R. Waterfield, P. G. Jacob, and G. C. Hart to officiate in class VI of the Enrolled List.

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 7th July, 1899.

### APPOINTMENTS.

#### COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 725.—Captain R. W. Nicholson, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 1st class, to be Assistant Commissary-General, 4th class;

Captain C. H. G. Moore, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 1st class,—

with effect from the 7th April 1899, *vice* Captain H. Clowes, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary-General, 4th class, Commissariat-Transport Department, Bombay, deceased.

#### MEDICAL DEPARTMENT:

No. 726.—Surgeon-General W. S. M. Price, Army Medical Staff, to be Principal Medical Officer, Bombay Command, with effect from the 17th June 1899, *vice* Surgeon-General A. F. Churchill, M.B., A.M.S., who has vacated.

#### PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 727.—The Viceroy and Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's personal staff:

*To be Honorary Aide-de-Camp.*

Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur William Blacker Kirwan, Assam Valley Light Horse.

No. 728.—The following appointment is made on the personal staff of Major-General C. C. Egerton, C.B., D.S.O., A.D.-C., Commanding the Punjab Frontier Force:

Captain J. C. Sherer, 3rd Regiment of Punjab Cavalry, to be Aide-de-Camp. Dated 25th May 1899.

#### SPECIAL.

No. 729.—With reference to article 280, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part I, the undermentioned officer, having been absent from military duty for ten years, is transferred to the supernumerary list, with effect from the date specified:

Lieutenant-Colonel W. F. C. C. Plowden, Cantonment Magistrate, Ranikhet,—29th May 1899.

#### NATIVE ARMY.

No. 730.—23rd (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry (Pioneers)—

Jemadar Sardar Man Singh, appointed on probation in G. G. O. No. 427 of 1897, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from the 9th May 1897.

#### LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 731.—The following extract is published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 13th June, 1899, page 3727.

#### WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 13th June, 1899.

Indian Staff Corps.—Lieutenant-Colonel John Muir Hunter is transferred to the unemployed supernumerary List. Dated 31st May 1899.

#### PENSIONS.

##### WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 732.—Sub-Conductor James Day, Commissariat-Transport Department, Bengal, has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 16th April 1899.

#### PROMOTIONS.

##### INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 733.—Subject to Her Majesty's approval, the undermentioned Captain is granted the temporary rank of Major, whilst serving as regimental commandant or second-in-command, Indian Army:

Beresford Assheton Johnstone,—18th May 1899.

No. 734.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

*Captain to be Major.*

2nd July 1899.

John Strachey.

*Second-Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.*

20th June 1899.

Charles James White.

##### INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

###### Bengal.

No. 735.—Senior Assistant Surgeon and honorary Lieutenant James Kelly to be senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Supernumerary Senior Assistant Surgeon and honorary Lieutenant Timothy Baptist is absorbed in his rank;

Second-class Assistant Surgeon Charles Nathaniel Gregg to be first-class Assistant Surgeon;

Third-class Assistant Surgeon Thomas Henderson Brooks to be second-class Assistant Surgeon,—

with effect from the 3rd March 1899, consequent on the retirement of Senior Assistant Surgeon and honorary Captain J. Barker.

(G. G. O. No. 629 of 1899 is hereby cancelled.)

No. 736.—Senior Assistant Surgeon and honorary Lieutenant Robert Duncan Crabbe to be senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

First-class Assistant Surgeon John Hickie to be senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Second-class Assistant Surgeon Francis James Daley to be first-class Assistant Surgeon;

Third-class Assistant Surgeon Charles Mullins to be second-class Assistant Surgeon,—  
with effect from the 12th March 1899, consequent on the retirement of Senior Assistant Surgeon and honorary Major R. Johnson.

#### Madras.

No. 737.—Second-class Assistant Surgeon Stephen Ansell Cartman to be first-class Assistant Surgeon;

Third-class Assistant Surgeon Lawrence Edwin Jackson to be second-class Assistant Surgeon,—

with effect from the 1st January 1899, consequent on the retirement of first-class Assistant Surgeon R. R. Wale.

No. 738.—Second-class Assistant Surgeon Godfrey Francis Desilva to be first-class Assistant Surgeon;

Third-class Assistant Surgeon Percy St. Clair Trutwein to be second-class Assistant Surgeon,—

with effect from the 30th January 1899, consequent on the retirement of first-class Assistant Surgeon F. Blake.

No. 739.—Third-class Assistant Surgeon Walter Ernest Alfred Pettigrew to be second-class Assistant Surgeon, from 11th November 1898, *vice* first-class Assistant Surgeon E. J. Baptist, deceased.

#### INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

No. 740.—Supernumerary Sub-Conductor Donald Crowhurst is absorbed in the grade of Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 29th September 1898, *vice* Sub-Conductor James Smith, remanded to regimental duty.

#### MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 741.—Sub-Conductor William Edward Bain, employed in the office of the Deputy Adjutant-General, Bombay Command, to be Conductor, with effect from the 7th July 1899.

#### NATIVE ARMY.

No. 742.—2nd Regiment of Bengal Lancers—

Dafadar Sohan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Makand Singh, promoted, with effect from the 1st December 1898.

No. 743.—15th (Cureton's Multani) Regiment of Bengal Lancers—

Kot-Dafadar Ahmad Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Ghulam Sarwar Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st June 1899.

No. 744.—15th Regiment of Madras Infantry—

Jemadar Rasandram to be Subadar and Havildar Muhammad Beg to be Jemadar, *vice* Govindarajulu, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st June 1899.

No. 745.—The 24th (Baluchistan, Duchess of Connaught's Own) Regiment of Bombay Infantry—

Jemadar Sultan Khan to be Subadar, to complete establishment, with effect from the 1st April 1899.

#### RETIREMENTS.

No. 746.—Lieutenant Colonel James Hayes Sadler, Indian Staff Corps, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 11th March 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

#### REWARDS.

No. 747.—Under the provisions of India Army Circulars, clause 95 of 1894, and subject to his passing the prescribed examination within a year, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the undermentioned 2nd class Assistant Surgeon of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department, drawing the higher rate of pay of his class, with effect from the 28th December 1898, in recognition of his services during the field operations on the North-West Frontier, 1897-98:

William George St. John Hussey.

#### VOLUNTEER CORPS.

##### APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS, RESIGNATIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

No. 748.—Rangoon Naval Volunteers—

Lieutenant James Edgar Ballantine resigns his commission.

No. 749.—Bombay Volunteer Artillery—

Lieutenant Henry Alfred Handley Payne to be Captain, *vice* Leslie, promoted.

No. 750.—1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles—

Lieutenant Malcolm Catchick Sarkies resigns his commission, with effect from the 1st June 1899.

No. 751.—East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles—

With reference to G. G. O. No. 106, dated the 28th January 1898, Captain (honorary Major) David Neville, V.D., is permitted to retain his rank and to wear the uniform of the corps on retirement.

No. 752.—1st Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles—

John Richardson Reynolds, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

## APPOINTMENTS.

No. 25.—Captain Anthony Gwyn, Deputy Director, Royal Indian Marine, is granted an extension in that appointment to the 1st March 1900, with effect from the 1st August 1899.

No. 26.—Commander G. A. Rose, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed to officiate as Port Officer, Moulmein, with effect from the 20th June 1899, *vice* Commander C. W. R. Hooper, Royal Indian Marine, on furlough.

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 8th July, 1899.*

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned commissioned officer, on the date specified, was received in the Military Department between the 2nd and the 8th July 1899:

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Remarks.
2nd Battalion, The Con-naught Rangers.	Honorary Lieutenant and Quarter-master Thomas McClelland.	1st July 1899	Meerut	...	...

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 4th July, 1899.*

No. 280.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, under Section 16 (1) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, the use of locomotive engines and of rolling stock to be drawn or propelled thereby, on the Khargpur-Midnapur Extension of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway.

No. 281.—Lieutenant E. G. Wace, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, State Railways, is placed on special duty in the Government of India, Public Works Department Secretariat, with effect from the forenoon of the 8th June 1899.

No. 282.—Mr. D. W. McPherson, Government Examiner of Accounts, East Indian Railway, is granted furlough out of India for two years, under Article 340 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 283.—Mr. F. E. Godfrey, Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Government Examiner of Accounts, East Indian Railway, in addition to his own duties, until further orders.

*The 5th July, 1899.*

No. 284.—It is hereby notified for general information that Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has accorded sanction to the construction of a light railway on the 2' 6" gauge from Nowshera to Dargal, a distance of 39.60 miles.

No. 285.—Mr. S. C. Tomkins, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, is, on the expiry of his leave, transferred from the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, to that of the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Department.

*The 7th July, 1899.*

No. 286.—Mr. Henry George Norman White is appointed, under covenant, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent in Class III, Grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, and his services are placed at the disposal of the Director of Railway Traffic for employment on the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

No. 287.—Mr. P. A. Jordan, Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in Class II of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is transferred from the North Western Railway to the East Coast Railway in his substantive rank of Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, Grade 1, of that Establishment:

*The 4th July, 1899.*

No. 279.—The following is published for general information:

No. 613 R. T., dated Simla, the 27th June, 1899.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Read—

Sections 3 (4), 16 (2), 47 and 148 (1) of the Indian Railways Act IX of 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 480½, dated the 30th October 1890, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890—the Government of India resolution No. 736 R. T., dated the 17th October 1890, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

Memorandum from the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, No. 303, dated the 12th June 1899, forwarding letter from the Agent and Chief Engineer, Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company, No. 5442, dated the 9th June 1899.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Agent and Chief Engineer of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company has applied for leave to adopt the General Rules for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods, which rules were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, under Public Works Department notification No. 480½, dated the 30th October 1890, on the Khargpur-Midnapur extension of that railway.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules which are referred to in the foregoing observations to the Khargpur-Midnapur extension of the Bengal-Nagpur railway which has been sanctioned for construction.

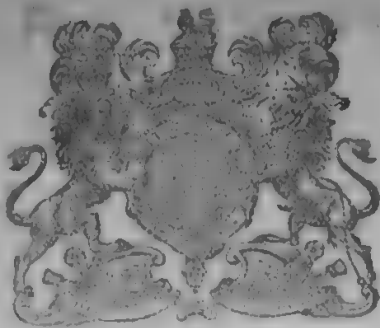
ORDER.—Ordered that the General Rules, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection free of any charge in the office of the engineer in charge of the construction of the railway.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in part I. of the *Gazette of India*.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*





# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 28.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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*Nothing for publication.*

**SUPPLEMENT No. 28.**

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### MEDICAL.

*Simla, the 11th July, 1899.*

No. 1164.—The services of Colonel G. W. R. Hay, M.D., I.M.S. (Bombay), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

*The 14th July, 1899.*

No. 1182.—The services of Captain S. Geoghegan, 3rd Madras Infantry, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 11th July 1899.

SANITARY.  
Plague.

*The 14th July, 1899.*

Nb. 2211.—The following notices of the Board of Trade are published for general information :

(F. & H. 8952.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, June 16, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State, for the Colonies, the following copy of a Notice issued by the Governor of Malta, *vis.* :

Government Notice.—No. 167:

His Excellency the Governor, having heard the opinion of the Board of Health, has been pleased to modify Government Notice No. 159 of the 30th May, 1899, and to direct that the following Regulations be observed, *vis.* :

1. Vessels which are not allowed to enter the Harbour, but are allowed to communicate in Quarantine with the Islands of Comino and Cominotto under such restrictions as the Collector of Customs may direct.
  - (a) Vessels that have on board, or have had during the voyage, cases of cholera yellow fever, or plague, or cases of a disease with symptoms resembling those of cholera, yellow fever, or plague.
  - (b) Vessels with pilgrims from the East.
  - (c) Vessels arriving from Arabian ports in the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf which have not been admitted to free pratique at Suez and Port Said.
2. Vessels which are allowed to enter the Quarantine Harbour to coal and take in provisions under Quarantine restrictions.
  - (a) Vessels arriving from Indian ports without a doctor; but those that carry a doctor and have passed through the Suez Canal in quarantine shall be admitted to free pratique.
  - (b) Vessels arriving from any port without a clean bill of health, which do not fall under any of the preceding regulations.
  - (c) Vessels arriving from Egyptian ports.

3. Medical Inspection.

All vessels arriving at Malta shall undergo strict medical inspection.

4. Passengers.

- (a) Passengers arriving from Bombay, Kurrachee, and passengers from Calcutta, on board vessels that do not carry a doctor, shall be landed in one of the quarantine establishments where they will be subjected to strict medical inspection until their clothing and all other articles of personal use, likely to retain infection, shall have been thoroughly disinfected.
- (b) Passengers arriving from Indian ports, on board vessels that carry a doctor, shall be permitted to land; but no luggage shall be landed before it is disinfected in one of the quarantine establishments.
- (c) Every passenger or other person arriving at Malta shall, before being allowed to land, declare on oath before an Inspector of Marine Police or other superior officer that he has not been in Egypt within 21 days; whenever such person does not make this declaration on oath, he shall undergo 21 days' quarantine on the ship.

5. Goods.

The importation of coffee, beans or ground, coloured with substances injurious to health, is prohibited.

The importation of cotton seed from any port subject to quarantine is forbidden.

The importation of rags is prohibited.

The importation is forbidden, before disinfection, of the following articles, *vis.* : wearing apparel, soiled linen and clothing, bedding materials, feathers, bones, and jute goods.

The importation of hides from any port subject to quarantine, or from any place where cattle disease exists, is prohibited before disinfection.

The importation of vines, vine shoots, and fruit packed in vine leaves is prohibited. The importation of plants or roots from any port of the Mediterranean is prohibited, unless the same are accompanied by a satisfactory certificate that Phylloxera is not known to exist at the place of origin.

By command,

G. STRICKLAND,

Chief Secretary to Government.

Palace, Valletta, June 8, 1899.

(F. & H. 8976.)

Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, June 16, 1899.

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the following copy of a Circular issued by the Bulgarian Government, *via* :

Sofia, le 24 Mai (5 Juin), 1899.

Ministère des Affaires Etrangères et des Cultes.

No. 6411.

Circulaire.

Le Ministère des Affaires Etrangères a l'honneur d'informer l'Agence Diplomatique de Sa Majesté Britannique que, sur l'avis du Conseil Médical Supérieur de la Principauté et par une ordonnance sub No. 179 en date du 22 Mai a.c., le Département de l'Intérieur ayant en vue l'apparition de quelques cas de peste dans le port de Bassorah, a édicté les mesures quaranténaires suivantes :

- (1) Sont déclarés comme infestés par la peste la ville de Bassorah et tout le littoral du Golfe Persique. Les mesures quaranténaires énumérées dans les ordonnances sub No. 55, 74, 130 et 136 de l'a.c. seront appliquées envers ces localités ;
- (2) L'ordonnance sub No. 118 du 19 Avril a.c. est modifiée comme suit :
  - (a) L'importation en Bulgarie des sacs venant directement des Indes ou d'autres localités contaminées par la peste est interdite ;
  - (b) Les sacs venant des Indes ou d'autres endroits infestés et qui auraient été transbordés sur un autre navire dans un port européen quelconque, ne peuvent être importés dans la Principauté que par les ports de Varna et de Bourgas et par le point frontière de Hebichtchevo, après avoir subi la désinfection ;
- (3) Les marchandises venant de localités contaminées par la peste à destination des ports du Danube ne peuvent être importées en Bulgarie, alors même qu'elles auraient reçu libre pratique par Sulina ;
- (4) Les voyageurs venant de localités infestées et qui présenteront des certificats prouvant qu'ils ont subi la quarantaine établie à Sulina, ne peuvent entrer en Bulgarie que par les ports du Danube de Silistra, Roustchouk, Sistow et Lom, après une désinfection rigoureuse de tous leurs effets ; et
- (5) Est interdite l'entrée en Bulgarie des colis postaux venant de localités contaminées par la peste.

A l'Honorable,  
Agence Diplomatique et Consulat-Général  
de Sa Majesté Britannique, Sofia.

NOTE.—For previous rules relating to Malta and Bulgaria, see Home Department Notification No. 2075, dated the 30th June 1899 (published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 1st July 1899).

#### JUDICIAL.

The 10th July, 1899.

No. 1006.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Stevens, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 8th August 1899.

The 14th July, 1899.

No. 1016.—The Hon'ble Sir H. T. Prinsep, Kt., a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 9th August 1899.

## ECCLESIASTICAL.

*The 14th July, 1899.*

**No. 314.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be substituted for the last paragraph of Rule IX of the Rules for regulating grants for the building of churches, etc., published in Home Department Notification No. 178 (Ecclesiastical), dated the 21st May 1897:

The Government grant will be found by multiplying the plinth area of the approved design, plus three times the area of the base of the tower, in cases in which a tower is admissible by a rate 25 per cent. in excess of the local rate per unit of plinth area for ordinary single-storied buildings:

Provided that if any portion of the plinth area of the tower falls within the plinth area of the church, the portion included must be deducted from the total plinth area before applying the rate.

## EDUCATION.

*The 14th July, 1899.*

**No. 326.**—Under section 12 of Act II of 1857, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the affiliation of the Bhumihar Brahman College of Muzaffarpur to the Calcutta University in Arts up to the F. A. Standard.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.

*Simla, the 12th July, 1899.*

**No. 1347—67-7.**—Veterinary-Captain F. Joslen, Officiating Principal, Lahore Veterinary College, is granted furlough on medical certificate for six months, under Articles 340 (a) and 689 B of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of the leave.

## FORESTS.

*The 14th July, 1899.*

**No. 635-F.**—Mr. C. G. Rogers, Deputy Conservator of Forests, 4th (officiating 3rd) grade, Bengal, is placed on special duty, under the Inspector General of Forests, with effect from the 6th July 1899.

M. FINUCANE,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 12th July, 1899.*

**No. 1133-G.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Monsieur René Caillé as Acting Vice-Consul for Portugal at Madras.

**No. 1139-G.**—Colonel H. A. Vincent, Indian Staff Corps, a Resident of the 2nd class and Resident in Bikaner, is granted furlough for seven months, under Article 340 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st August, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the furlough.

*The 13th July, 1899.*

**No. 1147-G.**—Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, is posted, on return from privilege leave, as Political Agent in Southern Baluchistan, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

**No. 1149-G.**—Lieutenant A. B. Dew, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, and Assistant Political



Agent at Chilas is granted privilege leave for one month and nineteen days, with effect from the 1st July, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he availed himself of the leave.

No. 1151-G.—Captain L. S. Newmarch, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd (officiating 1st) class, and Political Agent in Bhopal, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 10th August, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 1154-G.—Lieutenant F. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, a probationer for the Political Department, is appointed to be a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, with effect from the 1st July, 1899.

Lieutenant McConaghey is posted as an Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in

Rajputana, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 1157-G.—Captain R. A. E. Benn, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, and Assistant Commissioner, Thal-Chotiali, and Assistant Political Agent, Sinjawi and Railway District, held charge of the office of Deputy Commissioner, Thal-Chotiali, and Political Agent, Sinjawi and Railway District, in addition to his own duties, from the 2nd to the 21st May, 1899, both days inclusive.

No. 1159-G.—Captain H. Burden, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), Assistant Agency Surgeon in Gilgit, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 14th June, 1899.

*The 14th July, 1899.*

No. 1833-F.—Whereas the Governor General in Council has power and jurisdiction within the territory of Kurram : In exercise of such jurisdiction, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following orders which shall have effect as from the 1st day of October 1898, in respect of criminal proceedings against all persons, other than British subjects, accused of having committed, within the said territory, any of the following offences, namely :

- (1) Waging war against the Queen.
- (2) Conspiring to wage war against the Queen or to overawe the Government.
- (3) Aiding the escape of, rescuing or harbouring, a State prisoner.
- (4) Murder.
- (5) Culpable homicide not amounting to murder.
- (6) Rape.
- (7) Kidnapping and abduction.
- (8) Wrongful confinement.
- (9) Adultery.
- (10) Unnatural offence.
- (11) Criminal trespass.
- (12) Robbery.
- (13) Dacoity.
- (14) Mischief by fire or any explosive substance.
- (15) Rioting.
- (16) Injuring or defiling a place of worship with intent to insult the religion of any class.
- (17) Disturbing a religious assembly.
- (18) Trespassing on burial places with intent to wound the feelings or insult the religion of any person.
- (19) Counterfeiting coin or passing counterfeit coin or being in possession of counterfeit coin with intent to defraud.
- (20) Abetment of any of the above offences.
- (21) Attempt to commit any of the above offences.

1. The Officer on Special Duty in Kurram for the time being shall exercise, within the limits of the territory under his control, the powers of a District Magistrate and a Court of Session as described in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

2. The Commissioner and Superintendent of the Peshawar Division for the time being shall exercise the powers of a Court of Session and a High Court as

described in the said Code in respect of all offences over which magisterial jurisdiction is exercised by the Officer on Special Duty in Kurram :

Provided that the said Officer on Special Duty shall not commit any accused person for trial to the Commissioner acting as a Court of Session, and provided that every sentence of imprisonment for a term exceeding five years passed by the Officer on Special Duty in Kurram shall be subject to confirmation by the said Commissioner.

3. The Commissioner and Superintendent of the Peshawar Division for the time being shall exercise the powers of a High Court as described in the said Code in respect of all offences over which the jurisdiction of a Court of Session is exercised by the Officer on Special Duty in Kurram :

Provided that, when an accused person is sentenced to death, the said powers of a High Court as a Court of Appeal, Reference and Revision, shall be exercised, not by the Commissioner and Superintendent of the Peshawar Division, but by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and its Dependencies, and no sentence of death passed by the Officer on Special Duty in Kurram shall be carried out until it has been confirmed by the said Lieutenant-Governor.

4. In the exercise of the jurisdiction of a Court of Session conferred on him by this notification, the Officer on Special Duty in Kurram may take cognizance of an offence as a Court of Original Criminal Jurisdiction without the accused person being committed to him by a Magistrate; and shall, when so taking cognizance of any offence, follow the procedure prescribed by the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, for the trial of warrant cases by Magistrates.

5. In the exercise of the jurisdiction aforesaid the Officer on Special Duty in Kurram may on conviction sentence any offender to any punishment warranted under the Indian Penal Code in respect of any such offence as is above mentioned, and may sentence any woman convicted of adultery to any punishment warranted under section 32 of the Punjab Frontier Crimes Regulation, 1887, in respect of such an offence.

6. The Officer on Special Duty in Kurram may exercise all or any of the powers conferred on a Deputy Commissioner by sections 35, 36, 39 and 40 of the Punjab Frontier Crimes Regulation, 1887, and for these purposes shall, as far as may be, observe the procedure prescribed in the said Act in that behalf.

Notifications No 1808-F., dated 14th August, 1894, No. 350-F., dated 19th January, 1898, No. 2085-F., dated 26th May, 1898, No. 2692-I.A., dated 7th October 1898, are hereby cancelled.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Simla, the 10th July, 1899.*

No. 3114-Gl.—Mr. C. E. Collings, Chief Superintendent, Local Audit Department, Office of the Accountant General, Bengal, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 2nd August 1899.

Mr. W. J. Bryning, a Superintendent in the Office of the Accountant General, Bengal, is appointed to act as a Chief Superintendent in that office during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Collings, or until further orders.

*The 11th July, 1899.*

No. 3170-Gl.—Mr. R. A. Gamble, Officiating Accountant General, Punjab, is granted privilege leave for twenty-eight days, with effect from the 29th July 1899.

Mr. G. D. Pudumjee, Deputy Accountant General, Punjab, is appointed to officiate as Accountant General, Punjab, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Gamble, or until further orders.

Mr. Mohini Kanta Ghatak, Assistant Accountant General, Punjab, is posted as Deputy Accountant General, Punjab.

Mr. G. C. Hart, Probationer in the Office of the Accountant General, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is transferred to the Office of the Accountant General, Punjab.

*The 14th July, 1899.*

No. 3219-Gl.—Mr. J. J. Cotton, Assistant Accountant General, Bengal, is granted privilege leave for two months and twelve days, with effect from the 28th July 1899.

Mr. J. S. Milne, Assistant Accountant General, Madras, is posted as Assistant Accountant General, Bengal.

## STATISTICS AND COMMERCE.

### CUSTOMS.

*The 22th July, 1899.*

No. 3192-S.R.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the cancelment of the condition in No. 14 of Schedule IV of the Indian Tariff Act, VIII of 1894, as amended by Acts XVI of 1894 and III of 1896, which limits the exemption from import duty of machinery (and component parts thereof) to machinery intended for specified industries; and, in exercise of the power conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act (VIII of 1878), His Excellency in Council exempts from payment of import duty all machinery (and component parts thereof), as described in the said number, without reference to the industry for which it is intended.

## ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

### MINT.

*The 14th July, 1899.*

No. 3218-A.—In modification of Notification No. 2662, dated the 26th June 1893, the Governor General in Council is pleased to remove, as regards gold produced at the Indian mines and tendered at the Bombay Mint by the Agents of the Mining Companies, the restriction that it shall be fit for coinage, and to direct that it shall be received at the Mint in the condition in which it has hitherto been shipped for export.

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 14th July, 1899.*

### APPOINTMENTS.

#### ARMY STAFF.

No. 753.—Major E. A. G. Gosset, Derbyshire Regiment, station staff officer, Fyzabad, to be a Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General on the establishment, *vice* Major J. MacN. Walter, whose tenure has expired. Dated 3rd July 1899.

No. 754.—Major W. G. Hamilton, D.S.O., 2nd Battalion, East Lancashire Regiment, to be a Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General on the establishment, *vice* Major H. W. D. Denne, whose tenure has expired. Dated 12th July 1899.

#### MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 755.—Lieutenant-Colonel H. J. W. Barrow, Royal Army Medical Corps, to officiate

on the Administrative Medical Staff of the Army, with the temporary rank of Colonel, *vice* Colonel W. J. Charlton, Royal Army Medical Corps, transferred to the Home Establishment. Dated 24th June 1899.

### STAFF CORPS.

No. 756.—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenant Vernon Aubrey Scott Keighley, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), officiating squadron officer, 6th Regiment of Bombay Cavalry (Jacob's Horse),—5th June 1899.

Second-Lieutenant Stanley Malcolm Bruce 4th (Royal Irish) Dragoon Guards officiating squadron officer, 7th Regiment of Bombay Lancers (Belooch Horse),—17th June 1899.

Second Lieutenant James Pearson Stockley, Connaught Rangers, officiating wing officer, 3rd Regiment of Bombay (Light Infantry),—20th June 1899.

Second-Lieutenant Cron Hope Baillie Wright, Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), officiating wing officer, 30th Regiment (5th Burma Battalion) of Madras Infantry,—27th June 1899.

No. 757.—Captain G. O. Roos-Keppel, Royal Scots Fusiliers, Assistant Commissioner, Punjab, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, from the 19th September 1897, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

### NATIVE ARMY.

No. 758.—24th (Baluchistan; Duchess of Connaught's Own) Regiment of Bombay Infantry—

The following direct appointment is made with effect from date of joining:

Karmdad Khan to be Subadar on probation, to fill an existing vacancy.

### COMMANDS.

No. 759.—It is notified that the Government of India have sanctioned the stations of Ajmere and Deoli being placed under the immediate command of the Colonel on the Staff at Nusserabad.

### DISTRICT.

No. 760.—Colonel C. R. Macgregor, C.B., D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, Colonel on the Staff, Ferozepore, to officiate in command of a 2nd class district in the Bengal Command, with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General, while so employed, *vice* Brigadier-General St. J. F. Michell, on leave. Dated 29th June 1899.

### LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 761.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 20th June 1899, pages 3867, 3868, and 3869.

#### INDIA OFFICE;

20th June, 1899.

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff

Corps and Indian Medical Service and admissions to the Staff Corps:

#### INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

##### *To be Major.*

Captain Morden Ewart Carthew Yorstoun.  
Dated 26th March 1897.

##### *To be Captain.*

Lieutenant Cecil Herbert Peterson. Dated  
16th November 1898.

##### *To be Lieutenant's.*

Lieutenant Thomas Rose Caradoc Price,  
from the Royal West Kent Regiment.  
Dated 9th January 1899, but to rank from  
27th May 1896.

Lieutenant Denis Wellesley Maxwell, from the  
Highland Light Infantry. Dated 19th  
January 1899, but to rank from 20th  
January 1897.

Lieutenant Charles Sumner Stooks, from the  
South Wales Borderers. Dated 14th  
February 1899, but to rank from 8th April  
1897.

Lieutenant Edward Lewis Rolland, from the  
Highland Light Infantry. Dated 22nd  
January 1899, but to rank from 3rd October  
1897.

Lieutenant Edward Colson, from the South  
Wales Borderers. Dated 29th January  
1899, but to rank from 22nd November  
1897.

Lieutenant Harold Tatum, from the Yorkshire  
Light Infantry. Dated 25th January 1899,  
but to rank from 1st December 1897.

Lieutenant Freeman Astley Jackson, from the  
Royal Warwickshire Regiment. Dated  
10th March 1899, but to rank from 18th  
May 1898.

Second-Lieutenant Walter Hastings Frederic  
Hughes, from the Royal Artillery. Dated  
18th January 1899.

Lieutenant William Hastings LaTouche  
Darley, from the Devonshire Regiment.  
Dated 5th March 1899, but to rank from  
24th January 1899.

Second-Lieutenant Thomas William Atkinson,  
from the Shropshire Light Infantry. Dated  
3rd February 1899.

Lieutenant Douglas Moncrieff Govan, from the  
Royal Sussex Regiment. Dated 22nd  
February 1899, but to rank from 14th  
February 1899.

##### *Second-Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.*

Basil Rice Nicholl. Dated 14th November  
1897.

Frederic Philip Pierrepont Rouse. Dated  
22nd April 1898.

Brinsley Alexander McHenry Rice. Dated  
5th December 1898.

Grant Espie Hardie. Dated 23rd December  
1898.

Arthur Lewis Douglas Shewell. Dated 3rd  
January 1899.

James Arthur Prendergast Manson. Dated  
28th January 1899.

Herbert Joseph Cotton. Dated 6th February  
1899.

Cyril Charlton Alfred Ashburner Hughes.  
Dated 9th March 1899.

##### *To be Second-Lieutenants.*

Second-Lieutenant Hugh Hoskyns Bury,  
from the South Staffordshire Regiment.  
Dated 4th January 1899, but to rank from  
15th May 1897.

Second-Lieutenant Bazett Colvin Graham,  
from the Unattached List. Dated 25th  
February 1899, but to rank from 4th  
August 1897.

Second Lieutenant Theobald Mathew, from  
the South Staffordshire Regiment. Dated  
9th February 1899, but to rank from 21st  
August 1897.

Second-Lieutenant John Henry Woodside  
Morgan, from the King's Own Scottish  
Borderers. Dated 4th January 1899, but  
to rank from 8th September 1897.

The undermentioned Second-Lieutenants from  
the Unattached List. Dated as below but to  
rank from 22nd January 1898:

Richard John Charles Burke,—23rd March  
1899.

Sydney Boyce-Combe,—23rd March 1899.

Godfrey Marchant,—22nd March 1899.

Robert James Malet,—28th March 1899.

Athol Bulkley Merriman,—28th March 1899.

David Campbell Crombie,—22nd March 1899.

Hugh Norman Lyle,—28th March 1899.

William Bruce Dunlop,—5th March 1899.

William Thomas Fetherstonhaugh Thomp-  
son,—27th March 1899.

Herbert Trevor Raban,—27th March 1899.

James Francis Woodham,—27th March 1899.

James Lushington Morant,—30th March 1899.

Richard Clifford,—28th March 1899.

#### INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

*To be Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel.*  
Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel Mathew Denis  
Moriarty. M.D., Bengal Establishment.  
Dated 27th July 1898.

##### *Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

Dated 31st March 1899.

#### BENGAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Francis Frederick Perry.

Stephen Little, M.D.

George Hart Desmond Gimlette, M.D.

Christian Bernard Hunter.

Julian Carter Carington Smith.

#### MADRAS ESTABLISHMENT.

William Frederick Thomas, M.D.

Henry George Luther Wortabet, M.D.

Edulji Palanji Frenchman.

Richard James.

Sarkies Carrapiet Sarkies.

David Stuart Erskine Bain.



*Captains to be Majors.*

Dated 31st March 1899.

## BENGAL ESTABLISHMENT.

William Henry Wilson Elliot.  
 William Ronaldson Clark.  
 George Frederick William Braide.  
 Robert John Marks.  
 Charles Edward Sunder.  
 Malcolm Albert Ker.  
 Andrew Buchanan.  
 Lewis Gordon Fischer.  
 William Vost.  
 John Garvie.  
 Clarence Edwin Lloyd Gilbert.  
 Courtney Clarke Mansfold.  
 Gerard Beatty Irvine.

## MADRAS ESTABLISHMENT.

Frederick James Crawford, M.D.  
 David Simpson.  
 Robert Robertson.  
 Thomas Charles Moore.

## BOMBAY ESTABLISHMENT.

Charles Hardwick Lomb Meyer, M.D.  
 Letterstedt Frederick Childe.  
 Herbert Herbert.  
 Thomas David Collis Barry.

## INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

## BENGAL ESTABLISHMENT.

*To be Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the  
 Honorary rank of Captain.*

Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the honorary  
 rank of Lieutenant, George Francis Fox.  
 Dated 17th October 1898.

*To be Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the  
 honorary rank of Lieutenant.*

First-class Assistant-Surgeon William  
 Archibald Weston. Dated 17th October  
 1898.

The Queen has also approved of the transfer  
 of the undermentioned officer to the half-pay  
 list:

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Captain Reginald Joseph Bentinck. Dated 25th  
 April 1899.

The Queen has approved of the retirement  
 from the service of the undermentioned  
 officers:

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Major Ernest Carbonaro. Dated 2nd June  
 1899.

Major Henry Francis Edwards Hodges.  
 Dated 31st May 1899.

## INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Colonel Arthur Stephen, Bengal Establish-  
 ment. Dated 19th May 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Scully, Bengal  
 Establishment. Dated 8th April 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel Daniel Nicholas Martin,  
 M.D., Bengal Establishment. Dated 1st  
 May 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel Clement Mallins, M.D.,  
 Madras Establishment. Dated 1st May  
 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles George Walton  
 Lowdell, Bombay Establishment. Dated  
 30th April 1899.

## INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the honorary  
 rank of Major, Robert Johnson, Bengal  
 Establishment. Dated 12th March 1899.

## INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Deputy-Assistant Commissary, with the  
 honorary rank of Lieutenant, William  
 Christopher Parfitt, Ordnance Department,  
 Bengal. Dated 7th March 1899.

The Queen has also approved of the resigna-  
 tion of the service of the undermentioned  
 officers:

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Captain Walter Andrew Fraser. Dated 7th  
 March 1899.

Captain Bernard James Petre. Dated 20th  
 June 1899.

Lieutenant Percy Greig. Dated 15th May  
 1899.

## ERRATA.

The names of the undermentioned officers are  
 as follows, and not as stated in the *London  
 Gazette* specified:

*Gazette*, 1st November 1898.—Deputy Assist-  
 ant Commissary, with the honorary rank  
 of Lieutenant, E. H. B. Willmott, Commis-  
 sariat-Transport Department, Madras.

*Gazette*, 3rd January 1899.—Senior Assistant-  
 Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieute-  
 nant, J. N. Hesterlow, Indian Subordinate  
 Medical Department, Madras Establish-  
 ment.

*Gazette*, 21st April 1899.—Senior Assistant-  
 Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieute-  
 nant, J. Prentie, Indian Subordinate Medi-  
 cal Department, Bengal Establishment.

## PROMOTIONS.

## COLONEL'S ALLOWANCE.

No. 762.—Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Vin-  
 cent Stace, C.B., unemployed supernumerary  
 list, Indian Staff Corps, is admitted to the  
 colonel's allowance, with effect from the 1st  
 July 1899.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 763.—The following promotions are  
 made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

*Captains to be Majors.*

9th July 1899.

Brevet-Major Percy Gerald Walker.  
 Brevet-Major Richard Stuart Alexander.

## BARRACK DEPARTMENT.

## Madras.

No. 764.—Sub-Conductor Archibald Martinant to be Conductor, with effect from the 16th June 1899.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 765.—13th (The Duke of Connaught's) Regiment of Bengal Lancers—

Kot-Dafadar Fazl-dad Khan to be Jemadar, vice Muhammad Azim Khan, transferred to the 19th Regiment of Bengal Lancers, with effect from the 1st May 1899.

No. 766.—19th Regiment of Bengal Lancers—

Jemadar Gopal Singh to be Ressaidar and Dafadar Ata Muhammad to be Jemadar, vice Jafar Khan, deceased, with effect from the 27th March 1899.

No. 767.—10th (Jat) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Drill-Havildar Nihal to be Jemadar, vice Mangal, promoted, with effect from the 14th April 1899.

No. 768.—31st (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Dip Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Atar Singh to be Jemadar, vice Basant Singh, deceased, with effect from the 4th May 1899.

No. 769.—40th (Pathan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Havildar Jahandad Khan to be Jemadar, vice Faiz Muhammad Khan, promoted, with effect from the 1st June 1899.

No. 770.—43rd Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Aita Sing Ghale to be Subadar and Havildar Kishne Rana to be Jemadar, vice Ran Sing Chhetri, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 15th March 1899.

Jemadar Kulman Ale to be Subadar and Havildar Dhanbir Thapa to be Jemadar, vice Birdhoj Rai, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 19th March 1899.

No. 771.—4th Regiment of Madras Infantry (Pioneers)—

Havildar Ramasami to be Jemadar, vice Sriramulu, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 2nd March 1899.

No. 772.—21st Regiment of Madras Infantry (Pioneers)—

Subadar Abdul Hakim to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Rangasami to be Subadar and Havildar Muhammad Ghaus to be Jemadar, vice Sayyid Jalal, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 10th April 1899.

No. 773.—19th Regiment of Bombay Infantry—

For "Havildar Bhairan Gujar" in G. G. O. No. 360 of 1899, read "Havildar Bhairo Gujar" and for "2nd January" read "1st January 1899."

## PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

No. 774.—No. 2 (Derajat) Mountain Battery—

Havildar-Major Sawan Singh, to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th February 1899, vice Ghulam Muhammad, transferred to No. 9 Native Mountain Battery.

## RETIREMENTS.

No. 775.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

Lieutenant-Colonel William Reed Murphy, D.S.O., Indian Medical Service, Bengal, 6th (Jat) Regiment of Bengal (Light) Infantry,—15th July 1899.

Major Ernest Carbonaro, Indian Staff Corps,—2nd June 1899.

No. 776.—Major Arthur George Edward Newland, Indian Medical Service, Madras, 31st Regiment (6th Burma Battalion) of Madras (Light) Infantry, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 1st August 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 777.—Honorary Lieutenant Anthony Philip Fernandez, Senior Assistant Surgeon, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Bombay, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 13th May 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

(This cancels so much of G. G. O. No. 553 of 1899 as relates to Honorary Lieutenant Fernandez.)

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

## APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

No. 778.—Bangalore Rifle Volunteers—

Captain John Hubert Smith to be Major, vice Chambers, appointed Commandant.

Frank Arthur Steele, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, vice Atkinson, resigned.

No. 779.—East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles—

Lieutenant George Alexander Forbes Walker to be Captain, with effect from the 5th April 1899, vice Devon, transferred to the supernumerary list.

Lieutenant Samuel Jessop Duffill to be Captain, with effect from the 14th June 1899, vice Cummins, transferred to the supernumerary list.

**No. 780.—Naini Tal Volunteer Rifles—**

Second-Lieutenant Richard L'Estrange Nestor to be Lieutenant, to complete the establishment.

Thomas Smith, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Ryan, promoted.

Walter James Edwin Lupton, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* McLeod, promoted.

Major James John Pratt, Indian Medical Service, to be Medical Officer, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Wilcocks, vacated.

**No. 781.—Sind Volunteer Rifle Corps—**

Frederick Robert Bader, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, to complete the establishment.

**No. 782.—Midland Railway Volunteer Rifles—**

Captain John Smith McNeill to be Honorary Major.

**No. 783.—East Coast Rifle Volunteers—**

Lieutenant William Henry Ker Howard resigns his commission.

**MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.****PROMOTIONS.**

**No. 784.**—The following promotions are made in the Engineer Establishment of the Military Works Department, with effect from the dates specified :

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion, etc.	With effect from
Captain D. L. Mallaby, R.E.	Attached . . . .	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Permanent . .	2nd May 1899.
Captain A. R. Winslow, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Permanent . .	10th May 1899.
Lieutenant G. H. Griffith, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, and Executive Engineer, 4th grade, sub. <i>pro tem</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Permanent . .	10th May 1899.
Lieutenant H. S. Rogers, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, and Executive Engineer, 4th grade, temporary.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> . .	10th May 1899.
Lieutenant A. C. L. McCormick, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, and Executive Engineer, 4th grade, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Permanent . .	31st May 1899.
Lieutenant F. W. Saunders, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> . .	31st May 1899.
Lieutenant A. F. Cumberlege, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, and Executive Engineer, 4th grade, temporary.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> . .	31st May 1899.

**MARINE DEPARTMENT.****APPOINTMENTS.**

**No. 27.**—The following appointments to the Royal Indian Marine have been made by the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 4th April 1899 :

*To be Sub-Lieutenants.*

Edmund Wilmot Danson.

Harry Phelips.

\* John Fleming Vibart.

\* Alfred Henry John Hamilton.

Colin Stracey Guillum Scott.

**No. 28.**—The following appointment is made to the Marine Survey of India, with effect from the 1st September 1899 :

*To be Assistant Surveyor, 4th class.*

Sub-Lieutenant A. P. Robinson, Royal Indian Marine.

\* Subject to passing a Medical Board.

**FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.**

**No. 29.**—Commander G. S. Hewett, Royal Indian Marine, Assistant Port Officer, Bombay, is granted furlough out of India, on private affairs, for one year, under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II.

**RETIREMENTS.**

**No. 30.**—Lieutenant W. G. Windham, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire permanently from the service, with effect from the 17th June 1899.

(G. G. O. No. 21 of 1899 is cancelled.)

**No. 31.**—Mr. George Kelly, Engineer, Royal Indian Marine, is transferred permanently to the retired list, with effect from the 26th March 1899, under rule I, paragraph 280 of the Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 15th July, 1899.*

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned commissioned officers, on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department between the 9th and 15th July 1899:

Corps.	Rank and names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Remarks.
Indian Staff Corps (17th Bombay Infantry).	Lieutenant John Ouseley Sherlock.	4th July 1899.	Fort Sandeman.	...	...
1st Battalion, The Norfolk Regiment.	Second Lieutenant Percy Nield Worthington.	8th July 1899.	Colaba.	...	...

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,**Secretary to the Government of India.*

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 8th July, 1899.*

No. 289.—Mr. R. W. Roberts, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, has been granted, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, furlough for one week in extension of that published in Public Works Department Notification No. 44, dated the 31st January 1899.

*The 11th July, 1899.*

No. 291.—With reference to Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 15, dated the 11th January 1895, it is hereby notified for information that Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has in Despatch No. 52 Railway, dated the 1st June 1899, accorded sanction to an expenditure on Capital Account of Rs. 5,73,44,361 for the construction of the East Coast State Railway from Bezvada to Barang, including the Pooree Branch, a total mileage of 540 miles.

2. This estimate includes an outlay of Rs. 45,27,658 incurred on the Kistna Bridge at Bezvada.

*The 14th July, 1899.*

No. 296.—Mr. E. C. Trotter, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, Class I, attached to the Office of the Examiner of Telegraph Accounts, is reduced to the rank of Deputy Examiner, Class II, and is transferred to the Office of the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Burma.

No. 297.—Mr. F. Rawson, Examiner of Accounts, employed under the Uganda Railway Committee, is permitted to retire from the service, under Article 712 (c) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 17th June 1899.

No. 298.—The following is published for general information:

Circular No. V Railway, dated Simla, the 3rd July, 1899.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

*General Rules of 1895 for working open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government.*

*Modification of rule 14, Chapter III, and rule II (4), Appendix A, Part II.*

Read—

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March



1895—the Government of India Circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for all open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government.

Read also—

Letter from the Consulting Engineer for Railways, Madras, to the Director of Railway Traffic, No. 1710, dated the 11th June 1898, and enclosures.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The inside packing of boxes containing concentrated mineral acids is required by rule II (4) of Appendix A to the General Rules referred to above, to be of ashes free from cinders, or of chalk, sand, or dry-earth. In the case of other dangerous goods marked "B" in Part II, Chapter III, rule 14, the inside packing must be of straw, chaff or sawdust mixed with coal, wood-ashes, chalk or sand.

2. In the absence of an authoritative ruling as to the proper construction to be placed on the reading of the word "concentrated," difficulties have been experienced in determining whether acids presented for carriage by railway are concentrated or not. The administrations of some railways treat all acids alike and insist on the first method of packing above referred to; while those of other lines, being of opinion that there is no concentrated acid imported into the country served by the railways under their administration, accept all acids as unconcentrated and apply the packing rules accordingly. Complaints have, in consequence, been made by the public in certain parts of India that, owing to the second method of packing, referred to above, being adopted in the case of all acids consigned from certain ports, their competitors in business in the latter places have an undue advantage over them.

3. A concentrated mineral acid means a strong acid in ordinary language, but as the strength of acids, when they are pure, varies with their specific gravities, the Government of India are advised that there would be practical difficulties in fixing the specific gravity as a test of strength in order to define the term "concentrated" for the purpose of applying the rules for packing referred to in paragraph 1 above. While, however, the lax interpretation of the rules by one railway administration in cases in which the more stringent rule for packing should be adopted, is considered dangerous to other goods and involves the risk of accidents, it does not appear necessary to enforce the more stringent rule for packing in the case of all acids, but only to restrict it to the three mineral acids, *vis.*, Hydrochloric, Sulphuric, and Nitric.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the three mineral acids, *vis.*, Hydrochloric, Sulphuric, and Nitric in any state whatever, should be packed in the manner laid down in the first portion of rule II (4) of Appendix A to the General Rules, above referred to, when tendered for carriage by railway, the second method of packing being adopted in the case of other acids; and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 47 (4) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, to sanction the adoption of the accompanying corrigenda to the General Rules for working open lines of railway, referred to above, on all railways in British India, in foreign territory or in native states, to which the said rules have been applied.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that this circular and its enclosure be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, as required by section 47, subsection (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, and that the General Rules as

now further amended be kept for inspection at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section.

Ordered, also, that a copy of this circular and of its enclosure be communi-

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal and Burma.

The Chief Commissioner of Assam.

The Resident at Hyderabad.

The Agent to the Governor General for Rajputana.

The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, Lucknow and Assam.

The Managers, North-Western, Eastern Bengal, Oudh and Rohilkhand, and East Coast (State) Railways.

cated to the Local Governments and Administrations, and to the Officers noted in the margin, for information and guidance; and to the Governments of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh and the Punjab, the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, the Agents to the Governor General in Central India and Baluchistan, the Resident in Mysore, and to the

Accountant General, Public Works Department, for information.

[Enclosure to Government of India Circular No. V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899.]

**Corrigenda to the General Rules for working open lines of railway promulgated with Government of India circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895.**

*Part II, Chapter III, Rule 14.*

Against the entry—"Acid, carbolic," for the letter "A" substitute the letter "B."

Expunge the entry—"Acid, carbolic, concentrated . . . . . B."

*Part II, Appendix A, Rule II (4).*

For the word "concentrated" substitute the words "any of the three," and after the word "acids" add, "*vis.*, Hydrochloric, Sulphuric, and Nitric."

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 11th July, 1899.*

**No. 290.**—Mr. J. E. Hilton, Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, Punjab, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer, with temporary rank in the 3rd Class, and Secretary to that Government in the Public Works Department, Buildings and Roads Branch, with effect from the afternoon of the 29th June 1899, during the absence of Colonel S. L. Jacob, R.E., on furlough, or until further orders.

*The 13th July, 1899.*

**No. 292.**—The services of Colonel A. D. McArthur, R.E., Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the afternoon of the 15th July 1899, under Article 684 of the Civil Service Regulations.

**No. 293.**—Mr. E. E. de St. Dalmas, Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, Punjab, has, at his own request, been permitted to resign the service of Government, with effect from the afternoon of the 17th April 1899.

*The 14th July, 1899.*

**No. 294.**—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 292, dated the 13th July 1899, Mr. D. Joscelyne, Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, and Secretary to the Agents to the Governor General for Rajputana and Central India, in the Public Works Department, is appointed Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Public Works Department, Buildings and Roads Branch, with the permanent rank of Chief Engineer, 3rd Class.

Major E. C. Spilsbury, R.E., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Rajputana and Central India, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, with temporary rank in the 3rd Class, and Secretary to the Agents to the Governor General for Rajputana and Central India, in the Public Works Department.

No. 295.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 103, dated the 14th March 1899, Mr. B. Parkes, Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank, is permanently transferred to Bengal, and permanently promoted to Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, with effect from the afternoon of the 15th July 1899. Mr. Parkes will continue to hold temporary rank in the 2nd Class.

## TELEGRAPHS.

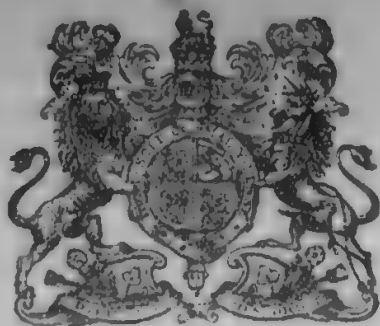
*The 8th July, 1899.*

No. 288.—The following reversions and promotions are made in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified :

Name.	From	To	Promotion or Reversion.	Date.
Mr. G. L. Towers :	Chief Superintendent, Class IV, temporary.	Superintendent, Class V, 1st Grade.	Reversion	1st May 1899.
Mr. E. J. B. Hudson	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, temporary.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, officiating.	Reversion	1st May 1899.
Mr. G. L. Towers	Superintendent, Class V, 1st Grade.	Chief Superintendent, Class IV, temporary.	Promotion	16th May 1899 and until further orders.
Mr. E. J. B. Hudson	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 1st Grade, and officiating Class V, 2nd Grade.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, temporary.	Promotion	22nd May 1899 and until further orders.
Mr. W. Sutherland	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 2nd Grade.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, officiating.	Promotion	16th May 1899 and until further orders.
Mr. M. A. Thompson	Assistant Superintendent, Class VII, 1st Grade, and temporary Class VI, 2nd Grade.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, officiating.	Promotion	7th June 1899 and until further orders.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 29.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**PART II.**—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

**PART III.**—Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

**PART IV.**—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General :—  
*Nothing for publication.*

**PART V.**—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations. Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 23 :—  
*Nothing for publication.*

**PART VI.**—Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 14th July, 1899 :—

Marriages Validation (Pudukkottai and Travancore) Bill.

Northern India Canal and Drainage (Amendment) Bill.

Indian Registration (Amendment) Bill.

Land Improvement Loans (Amendment) Bill.

Church of Scotland Kirk Sessions Bill.

Indian Registration of Ships Bill.

Currency Conversion (Army Annual) Bill.

Telegraphic Press Messages Bill.

Transfer of Property Bill.

SUPPLEMENT No. 29.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### ESTABLISHMENTS.

*Simla, the 20th July, 1899.*

**No. 429.**—The services of Mr. R. Obhard, of the Indian Civil Service, are replaced at the disposal of the Foreign Department, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his duties of Judicial Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

*The 21st July, 1899.*

**No. 433.**—The services of the Hon'ble Mr. M. Finucane, C.S.I., of the Indian Civil Service, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the date on which he makes over charge of the office of Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture to Mr. T. W. Holderness, C.S.I.

### JUDICIAL.

*The 20th July, 1899.*

**No. 1050.**—The Hon'ble Mr. J. Pratt, Officiating Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, Bengal, took his seat as an Officiating Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Behgal, on the afternoon of the 8th July 1899.

### POLICE.

*The 20th July, 1899.*

**No. 348.**—The services of Lieutenant G. C. Burn, 13th Madras Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment in the Burma Military Police.

**No. 351.**—The services of Lieutenant H. A. V. Cummins, 24th Punjab Infantry, an Assistant Commandant in the Burma Military Police, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 6th July 1899.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*



## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### FORESTS.

*Simla, the 14th July, 1899.*

No. 640-F.—With reference to the Notification of this Department, No. 576-F., dated the 23rd ultimo, Mr. J. W. Oliver, Conservator, 2nd grade, assumed charge from Mr. H. C. Hill, Conservator, 1st grade, of the School Forest Circle and the Imperial Forest School, in the forenoon of the 6th July 1899, from which date he will officiate in the 1st grade of Conservators, until further orders.

Mr. Hill received charge of the office of Inspector General of Forests from Mr. B. Ribbentrop in the afternoon of the 8th July 1899.

*The 20th July, 1899.*

No. 645-F.—Mr. F. Gleadow, Deputy Director of the Imperial Forest School Dehra Dun, is granted privilege leave for three months, under Articles 277 and 291 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the forenoon of the 12th July 1899.

From the same date and until further orders:—

- (i) Mr. A. F. Gradon, Instructor, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Director of the Forest School, *vice* Mr. Gleadow.
- (ii) Mr. R. McIntosh, Deputy Conservator, 4th (officiating 3rd) grade, Madras Presidency, is appointed to officiate as Instructor at the Forest School, *vice* Mr. Gradon.

M. FINUCANE,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

#### GENERAL.

*The 20th July, 1899.*

No. 2470.—42-26.—The services of the Hon'ble Mr. M. Finucane, I.C.S., C.S.I., are replaced at the disposal of the Home Department, with effect from the date on which he makes over charge of the office of Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, to Mr. T. W. Holderness, C.S.I.

E. MACONOCHE,

*Under-Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 18th July, 1899.*

No. 1167-G.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel N. C. Martelli, Indian Staff Corps, a Resident of the 2nd class, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his duties as Resident at Baroda.

No. 1170-G.—Lieutenant A. D. Macpherson, Indian Staff Corps, a probationer for the Political Department, is appointed to be a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, with effect from the 1st July, 1899.

Lieutenant Macpherson is posted as Assistant to the Political Agent in Gilgit, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

*The 19th July, 1899.*

No. 1174-G.—With reference to notification No. 681-G., dated the 1st August, 1898, Mr. George Gordon, Consul for Sweden and Norway at Rangoon, resumed charge of his office on the 4th July, 1899.

*The 21st July, 1899.*

No. 1192-G.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Newill, Indian Staff Corps, a Resident of the 2nd class and Resident at Gwalior, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 12th September, 1899.

No. 1057-E.B.—With reference to Notification No. 2164-E., dated the 17th September, 1886, the following despatch, with enclosures, from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, is published for general information:

INDIA OFFICE;

*London, 8th June, 1899.*

Revenue,

No. 124.

*To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.*

MY LORD,

In continuation of my despatch No. 109 (Revenue), dated the 23rd June, 1898, I forward copy of papers showing that the Commercial Treaty of 1880 between Her Majesty and the

Foreign Office letter of 27th April, 1899, with one enclosure.

Republic of Ecuador expired on the 1st April, 1899.

I have, etc.,

(Sd.) GEORGE HAMILTON.

Foreign Office, London, the 27th April, 1899.

The Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs presents his compliments to the Under-Secretary of State for India, and, with reference to the letters from this Department of April 1st and June 3rd, 1898, is directed by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs to transmit to him, to be laid before the Secretary of State for India, the accompanying paper, noted in the margin, respecting the Treaty of Commerce with Ecuador.

Paraphrase of telegram, Mr. Beauchamp, April 23rd, 1899. Treaty.

*Telegram from Mr. Beauchamp, Her Majesty's Minister at Lima, April 23rd, 1899.*

Ecuador. The expiration of the Treaty of Commerce with Great Britain on April 1st has been notified by the Minister for Foreign Affairs who trusts that a new Treaty may shortly be made.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*



## SEPARATE REVENUE.

## POST OFFICE.

## Enumeration Return.

No. 3307-S.R.

The 20th July, 1899.

Return showing the estimated number of the several classes of articles given out for delivery in all Post Offices in India.

	Half-year calculated on the enumeration taken during the 2nd week of August 1897.	Half-year calculated on the enumeration taken during the 2nd week of February 1898.	1897-98.	Half-year calculated on the enumeration taken during the 2nd week of August 1898.	Half-year calculated on the enumeration taken during the 2nd week of February 1899.	1898-99.	PERCENTAGE OF INCREASE (+) OR DECREASE (-).	
							For February 1899, compared with February 1898.	For 1898-99, compared with 1897-98.
Letters, unregistered . . . . .	106,492,191	113,558,591	220,050,782	104,414,664	115,714,959	220,129,623	+ 1'90	+ '03
Letters, registered . . . . .	4,451,853	4,923,798	9,375,651	4,559,163	4,983,371	9,542,534	+ 1'21	+ 1'78
Postcards . . . . .	85,831,862	93,538,941	179,370,803	89,512,339	99,949,592	189,461,931	+ 6'85	+ 5'62
Registered parcels . . . . .	1,379,700	1,387,939	2,767,639	1,324,298	1,432,964	2,757,262	+ 3'24	- '37
Unregistered parcels . . . . .	93,101	105,250	198,351	128,949	154,030	282,979	+ 46'35	+ 42'66
Newspapers. . . . .	15,426,334	16,465,150	31,891,484	15,793,576	16,328,927	32,122,503	- '82	+ '72
Book and pattern packets, unregistered . . . . .	10,047,564	10,887,038	20,934,602	10,406,906	12,170,221	22,577,121	+ 11'79	+ 7'84
Book and pattern packets, registered . . . . .	202,310	227,473	429,813	234,174	228,125	462,299	+ '29	+ 7'56
TOTAL . . . . .	223,924,945	241,094,180	465,019,125	226,374,069	250,962,189	477,336,258	+ 4'09	+ 2'60

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 21st July, 1899.*

## APPOINTMENTS.

## MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 785.—Colonel G. W. R. Hay, M.D., Indian Medical Service, Bombay Establishment, is granted the temporary rank of Surgeon-General, with effect from the 15th July 1899, whilst officiating as Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, during the absence of Surgeon-General G. Bainbridge, M.D., Indian Medical Service, on privilege leave.

No. 786.—Major E. F. H. Dobson, M.D., Indian Medical Service, Bengal Establishment, officiating Medical Storekeeper, Punjab Command, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 2nd April 1899, *vice* Colonel C. W. Carr-Calthrop, who has vacated.

## MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

No. 787.—Lieutenant H. G. W. Chandler, 2nd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, on probation, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 16th November 1898.

## ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 788.—Lieutenant J. F. Tyrrell, Royal Artillery, to officiate as an Ordnance Officer, 4th class, to fill an existing vacancy, with effect from the 11th July 1899.

## PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 789.—The following appointment is made on the personal staff of Major-General Sir G. deC. Morton, K.C.I.B., C.B., Commanding Lahore District:

Lieutenant E. C. Loch, 3rd Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, officiating Aide-de-Camp, is confirmed in that appointment. Dated 8th November 1898.

## STAFF CORPS.

No. 790.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Second-Lieutenant Robert Geoffrey Baker, Royal Irish Rifles, officiating wing officer, 22nd Regiment of Bombay Infantry,—25th June 1899.

## LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 791.—The following extract is published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 23rd June, 1899, page 3943.

## WAR OFFICE;

*Pall Mall, 23rd June, 1899.*

*Indian Staff Corps.*—The undermentioned Lieutenant-Colonels are transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list:

James L. Aberigh-McKay. Dated 6th June 1899.

Henry B. Abbott. Dated 7th June 1899.

Alfred H. Mayhew. Dated 8th June 1899.

The temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel conferred upon Major F. G. R. Ostrehan, in the Gazette of 21st February 1899, is dated 11th May 1898, and not as therein stated.

Major T. H. Haughton is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, whilst serving as a regimental commandant, Indian Army. Dated 14th March 1899.

The undermentioned Captains are granted the temporary rank of Major, whilst serving as regimental commandants or seconds-in-command, Indian Army:

S. M. Mason. Dated 13th February 1899.

H. B. Vaughan. Dated 6th March 1899.

*Unattached List.*—The third Christian name of Second-Lieutenant Twiss is Oberkirch, and not as stated in the Gazette of 21st January 1898.

## PROMOTIONS.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 792.—Subject to Her Majesty's approval, the undermentioned Majors are granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, whilst serving as regimental Commandants, Indian Army:

Walter Quentin,—12th June 1898.

William St. Lucien Chase, V.C.,—10th June 1899.

Frederic Blundell Mein,—14th June 1899.

No. 793.—In G. G. O. No. 763 of 1899, Captain R. S. Alexander was incorrectly described as a Brevet-Major.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 794.—4th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry—

Dafadar Khem Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sher Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st June 1899.

No. 795.—13th (The Duke of Connaught's) Regiment of Bengal Lancers—

Risaldar Sardara Singh to be Risaldar-Major, Ressaidar Muhammad Hayat Khan to be Ressaidar, Jemadar Ram Sahae to be Ressaidar and Woordie-Major, and Dafadar Karm Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sher Singh, Bahadur, appointed Native Aide-de-Camp to the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces, Punjab, with effect from the 4th May 1899.

No. 796.—15th (Curzon's Multani) Regiment of Bengal Lancers—

Risaldar Hafiz Muhammad Nawaz Khan, Bahadur, to be Risaldar-Major, Ressaidar and

Woordie-Major Hayatullah Khan to be Risaldar, Jemadar Hätz Muhammad Azam Khan to be Ressaidar, and Kot-Dafadar Ghulam Sarwar Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Muizzuddin Khan, appointed Native Aide-de-Camp to the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces, Bengal, with effect from the 8th May 1899.

Ressaidar Muhammad Amin Khan to be Woordie-Major, *vice* Hayatullah Khan, promoted, with effect from the 8th May 1899.

**No. 797.**—*10th (Jat) Regiment of Bengal Infantry*—

In G. G. O. No. 767 of 1899 for "Drill Havildar Nihal" read "Nihala."

**No. 798.**—*33rd (Punjabi Mahomedan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry*—

Subadar Mana Khan to be Subadar-Major and Jemadar Ghulam Muhammad to be Subadar, *vice* Ahmad Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 11th June 1899.

**No. 799.**—*37th (Dogra) Regiment of Bengal Infantry*—

Jemadar Gobind Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Atru to be Jemadar, *vice* Gokul, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st May 1899.

Jemadar Dayal Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Mohan to be Jemadar, *vice* Mahtaba, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st May 1899.

**No. 800.**—*2nd Battalion, 1st Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment*—

Subadar Balwant Sing Mahat to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Asaram Burathoki to be Subadar and Havildar Balbir Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Rudarbir Bogti, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 3rd May 1899.

**No. 801.**—*4th Regiment of Madras Infantry (Pioneers)*—

Subadar Mir Abbas to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Abdul Aziz to be Subadar and No. 1944, Havildar Muhammad Yusuf to be Jemadar, *vice* Subadar-Major Abdurrahim, "*Sardar Bahadur*," deceased, with effect from the 21st May 1899.

**No. 802.**—*21st Regiment of Madras Infantry (Pioneers)*—

Jemadar Abdul Ghafur to be Subadar and Havildar Abdul Aziz to be Jemadar, *vice* Shaikh Muhiyuddin, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st May 1899.

**No. 803.**—*7th Regiment of Bombay Lancers (Belooch Horse)*—

Kot-Dafadar Sejawal Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Durgai Khan, promoted, with effect from the 16th June 1899.

**No. 804.**—*25th Regiment of Bombay Infantry*—

Havildar Jaisukh Jat to be Jemadar, *vice* Amarchand Singh Jat, deceased, with effect from the 4th April 1899.

## RETIREMENTS.

**No. 805.**—Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Michael Browne, General List, Infantry, Bombay, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the 21st July 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

**No. 806.**—Major Ronald Ross, Indian Medical Service, Madras, 19th Regiment of Madras Infantry, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the 31st July 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

## REWARDS.

### GOOD-CONDUCT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICE.

**No. 807.**—The undermentioned non-commissioned officer of the Bengal Unattached List is awarded the silver medal for long service and good-conduct, without gratuity, for the quarter ended 30th June 1899:

Sergeant Arthur William Smith, Telegraph Department.

**No. 808.**—The undermentioned non-commissioned officer is granted the meritorious service medal, with gratuity, under the provisions of Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, Article 334, Volume II, paragraph 2423 (c) to (h), and Military Department letter No. 2240-B., dated 18th August 1897:

Medal inscribed "*For meritorious service,*" with gratuity.

No. 14, Havildar Noor Khan, No. 7 Company, Western Division (Heavy Battery), Royal Artillery.

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

### APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS, AND RESIGNATIONS.

**No. 809.**—*Surma Valley Light Horse*—

Major Alexander John Maunsel MacLaughlin to be Lieutenant-Colonel, with effect from the 21st February 1899, *vice* Allen, transferred to the supernumerary list.

Captain Henry Chamney to be Major, with effect from the 21st February 1899, *vice* MacLaughlin, promoted.

**No. 810.**—*Bombay Volunteer Artillery*—

Captain Arthur Kempster Leslie to be commandant, with the rank of Major, *vice* Roughton, deceased.

**No. 811.**—*Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles*—

Lieutenant Cyril Sells resigns his commission, with effect from the 17th June 1899.

Second-Lieutenant Edwin Guy Heeske resigns his commission, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

Charles Edward Baldwin Seal, Gentleman, to be Surgeon-Lieutenant, *vice* Faulkner, transferred.



**No. 812.—2nd Punjab (Simla) Volunteer Rifles—**

George Harry leMaistre, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 17th May 1899, *vice* Hodder, promoted.

Stanislaus Kostka Murphy, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 14th June 1899, *vice* Beard, resigned.

**No. 813.—East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles—**

Second-Lieutenant Ian Alister McDonnell to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 27th May 1899, *vice* Wells, deceased.

**No. 814.—1st Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles—**

Lieutenant Richard Whately resigns his commission.

**No. 815.—Burma Railways Volunteer Rifles—**

Captain Frederick Doveton Maxwell, Unattached List, resigns his commission.

**No. 816.—Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles—**

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry King Gordon resigns his commission.

**No. 817.—Coorg and Mysore Rifles—**

Second-Lieutenant Willoughby Maxwell Ball to be Lieutenant, *vice* Pearse, promoted.

Talbot Cox, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Ball, promoted.

**No. 818.—Malabar Volunteer Rifles—**

Hugh Reid Lockie, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Macleod, promoted.

**No. 819.—Bengal-Nagpur Railway Volunteers—**

Surgeon-Lieutenant Ernest Horsford Bingley to be Surgeon-Captain, with effect from the 9th May 1899.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,  
Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 22nd July, 1899.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 28th May and 22nd July 1899.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. A. P.		
Archibald John Scriven Taylor.	Lieutenant	(Indian Staff Corps), 5th Punjab Cavalry.	9th October 1898.	No will found.	1 0 0	...	Assets paid to the Administrator General of Bengal.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,  
Secretary to the Government of India.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 15th July, 1899.

**No. 300.**—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 116, dated the 16th March 1898, Mr. A. W. U. Pope, Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, held temporary rank in Class I, Grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, for the period he officiated as Traffic Superintendent of that Railway, *vis.*, from the 2nd April 1898 to the 14th December 1898.

**No. 301.**—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 117, dated the 16th March 1898, Mr. W. C. Boyce, Traffic Superintendent, East Coast Railway, held temporary rank in Class I, Grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, for the period he officiated as Traffic Superintendent of that Railway, *vis.*, from the 5th April 1898 to the date of his confirmation in the appointment.

No. 302.—Mr. A. S. Wyman, Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, Grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, and officiating District Traffic Superintendent in Class II, is transferred from the Eastern Bengal State Railway, to the East Coast Railway, and promoted to Class II, Grade 4, of that establishment.

*The 18th July, 1899.*

No. 303.—Mr. W. E. Curry, Government Examiner of Accounts, Burma Railways, is, on expiry of his privilege leave, appointed Government Examiner of Accounts, East Indian Railway.

No. 304.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 144, dated the 8th April 1899, Mr. E. A. Lee is confirmed in his appointment as Government Examiner of Accounts, Burma Railways.

No. 305.—Mr. F. C. Oram, Traffic Inspector, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that Railway, with effect from the forenoon of the 19th June 1899, and until further orders.

No. 306.—Captain W. C. Smyth, R.E., Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, State Railways, is transferred temporarily from the Engineer to the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, for employment as an Assistant Locomotive Superintendent on the East Coast Railway.

*The 20th July, 1899.*

No. 307.—Mr. E. W. Arundel, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, has been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India furlough for eight months in extension of the sixteen months' leave already granted him in Public Works Department Notification No. 333, dated the 25th July 1898.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 15th July, 1899.*

No. 299.—Mr. C. R. T. Balston, Examiner of Accounts, is, on return from furlough, reappointed Examiner of Public Works Department, Burma.

*The 21st July, 1899.*

No. 308.—Mr. J. E. Hilton, Chief Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank, and officiating Secretary to the Government of the Punjab, Public Works Department, Buildings and Roads Branch, is permitted to retire from the service of Government, with effect from the afternoon of the 24th July 1899, under Article 720, Civil Service Regulations.

No. 309.—Lieutenant Robert Henry Thomas, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works Department, is appointed to the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, and posted to the Punjab.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 30.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1899.

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**PART IV.**—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

An Act to provide for the conversion into British Indian currency of sums expressed in British currency in the Army Act.

**PART V.**—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 23:—

Bill to consolidate the law relating to Prisoners confined by order of a Court.

Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Court of Wards in the Central Provinces.

Bill further to amend the Punjab Courts Act, 1884.

**PART VI.**—Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

*Nothing for publication.*

SUPPLEMENT No. 30.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### PUBLIC.

*Simla, the 28th July, 1899.*

**No. 1646.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following rules be substituted for Rules 10 and 11 of the rules to regulate the transport and importation of explosives published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1393, dated the 8th July 1897:

10. An explosive shall not be imported by sea except at one of the ports of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Rangoon, Calicut, Karachi, Aden and (in the case of crackers only) Negapatam. But a license to import an explosive by sea from Rangoon into the port of Akyab, Moulmein, Sandoway, Kyauk-Phyoo, Tavoy or Mergui, as the case may be, may be granted by the Magistrate of the district in which such port is situated. The fee payable in respect of each such license shall be one rupee, and the license shall be in Form A in the Schedule hereto annexed.

11. If the explosive is gunpowder or an explosive of the 1st division of the 6th (ammunition) class or an explosive of the 7th (fire-work) class, the license to import the same may be granted at the Port of Calcutta, Madras or Bombay, by the Commissioner of Police, and at the Port of Rangoon, Calicut, Karachi, Aden or Negapatam, by the District Magistrate.

## MEDICAL.

*The 26th July, 1899.*

No. 1221.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty:

Captain G. Gunn, 2nd Battalion, Royal Scots.  
2nd-Lieutenant W. P. M. Sargent, 14th Bombay Infantry.  
2nd-Lieutenant J. H. W. Morgan, 16th Bombay Infantry.  
Lieutenant A. G. Sargent, I.M.S.

No. 1224.—The services of Captain N. R. J. Rainier, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

*The 28th July, 1899.*

No. 1237.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty:

Lieutenant R. L. Benwell, 5th Bombay Cavalry.

Lieutenant H. Herrick, R.A.M.C.

No. 1240.—The services of Captain A. E. S. Searle, 14th Bombay Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

No. 1242.—The services of Captain W. Carr, M.B., C.M., I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 1245.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel T. S. Weir, I.M.S. (Bombay), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Military Department.

## SANITARY.

*Plague.**The 27th July, 1899.*

No. 2300.—The following notice of the Board of Trade is published for general information:

(F. &amp; H. 9856.)

Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department).

London, July 4th, 1899.

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at Athens, reporting eleven days' quarantine against arrivals from Bombay, Calcutta and Persian Gulf, which have sailed on and after 19th June.

*The 29th July, 1899.*

No. 2305.—The following papers are published for general information:

(1) *Translation of a letter from Baron F. de Rensis, to the Marquess of Salisbury.*

ITALIAN EMBASSY,

LONDON;

*June 17th, 1899.*

MONSIEUR LE MARQUIS,

The Royal Minister of the Interior has issued an order, dated yesterday, directing that the maritime sanitary operations prescribed by the maritime sanitary orders in force for ships declared to be infected with bubonic plague shall be carried out exclusively at the ports of Genoa, Leghorn, Naples, Nisida, Palermo, Messina, Brindisi and Venice.

I have, &amp;c.,

(Signed) F. de RENZIS.

(2) *Notification issued by the Government of Roumania.*

BUCAREST,

Ministère des Affaires Étrangères.

Le Conseil des Ministres dans sa séance du 4—16 juin a. c. a pris les mesures suivantes:

1. Le port de Constantza sera fermé pour tous les bâtiments venant directement de tout l'Égypte, lesquels n'auraient pas fait de quarantaine dans un port Ottoman à lazaret; les bâtiments qui auraient subi la quarantaine dans un lazaret étranger, seront soumis à Constantza à l'inspection sanitaire et admis à la libre pratique à la suite d'un ordre spécial du Directeur Général du service sanitaire, donné sur la base du rapport télégraphique du médecin et du capitaine du port.

2. Tous les bâtiments arrivant de ports contaminés de la peste seront dirigés à Soulina, où ils seront soumis à la visite médicale et à la désinfection pendant six jours, au large, et leur entrée dans le port ne sera permise qu'après constatation de l'état sanitaire satisfaisant de l'équipage entier, des passagers et du bâtiment—s'il y avait des cas suspects à bord, le délai d'observation sera prolongé ;

3. L'entrée dans le pays des marchandises suivantes provenant de tout l'Égypte ainsi que des localités suspectes, est interdite :

Fruits, légumes, fromages, viande sèche, laines, soieries brutes, tapis, linges et vêtements usés, chiffons et hardes, même s'ils étaient mis en ballots, sacs usés, cordes, cordages usés, peaux vertes, cornes et cheveux humains ou autres.

4. Les lettres, la correspondance, les imprimés, les journaux, les papiers d'affaires, les colis postaux, seront soumis à la désinfection au fournot.

5. Seront soumis à une observation de dix jours, en ce qui concerne l'état sanitaire, les passagers arrivant des portes maritimes, à Constantza, Fulcea, Galatz, Braila et Giurgiu et qui restent dans le pays, ainsi que ceux qui traversent le pays, pendant leur trajet.

6. Les bâtiments du service maritime roumain pendant tout le temps que le pays serait menacé par la peste, auront chacun à bord une étuve et un médecin, qui sera chargé de l'exécution de la désinfection, de la surveillance sanitaire de l'équipage et des passagers—les bâtiments, pendant le temps susmentionné ne recevront pas à transporter les marchandises indiquées au No. 3 provenant de tout l'Égypte, ainsi que des localités suspectes ; les marchandises indiquées au No. 4 seront soumises à la désinfection.

7. Le Gouvernement roumain aura, au besoin, la faculté de dénoncer la convention internationale de Venise.

#### POLICE.

*The 27th July, 1899.*

No. 359.—The services of Lieutenant C. B. L. Clery, 25th Bombay Infantry, a Commandant in the Burma Military Police, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 24th August 1899.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

#### FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

##### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 22nd July, 1899.*

No. 1913-F.—Mr. J. G. Lorimer, of the Indian Civil Service, an Assistant Commissioner in the Punjab, is appointed to officiate as Political Officer in the Khyber, with effect from the forenoon of the 19th June, 1899, and until further orders.

*The 26th July, 1899.*

No. 1206-G.—Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class, is posted as Political Agent in Bhopal.

No. 1211-G.—Mr. Ramchandra Narayan Deshpande, a Tahsildar of the 1st grade and an officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 5th class in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, is appointed to be an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 5th class, with effect from the 30th May, 1899, *vice* Mr. Narayan Pandurang Joshi, retired.

*The 27th July, 1899.*

No. 1215-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Don Mauricio Ries, as Acting Vice-Consul for France at Aden.

No. 1219-G.—Captain W. E. A. Armstrong, Indian Medical Service (Madras), Residency Surgeon and *ex-officio* Assistant to the Resident in Nepal, officiated as a Resident of the 2nd class and Resident in Nepal, in addition to his own duties from the 16th May to the 16th July, 1899, both days inclusive.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

#### FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

##### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Simla, the 22nd July, 1899.*

No. 3343-GI.—Mr. G. C. Ray is posted as Assistant Accountant General, Madras, with effect from the 10th July 1899.

No. 3347-GI.—Mr. J. O. B. Power, Chief Superintendent in the Office of the Accountant General, Madras, is granted privilege leave for one month and sixteen days, with effect from the 14th August 1899.

Mr. P. V. Krishnaswami Chetti, a Superintendent in the Office of the Accountant General, Madras, is appointed to act as Chief Superintendent in that office, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Power, or until further orders.



*The 24th July, 1899.*

No. 3379-Gl.—In the Notification in this Department No. 3101-Gl., dated the 7th July 1899, published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th July 1899, for "14th May" read "15th May."

*The 27th July, 1899.*

No. 3427 Gl.—Mr. C. H. Holford, officiating Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 13th May 1899, *vice* Mr. H. A. Tregear, retired.

Mr. W. H. H. Money, Superintendent, Northern India Salt Revenue, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, with effect from the 14th July 1899, during the absence on furlough of Mr. W. Siddons, or until further orders.

No. 3430-Gl.—The following promotions and reversions of officers of the Account Department, during the month of June 1899 are notified :

With effect from the 2nd June 1899, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. W. H. Dobbie,—

Mr. F. J. Atkinson to officiate in class I,  
Mr. A. H. Anthony to officiate in class II,  
Mr. K. B. Wagle to officiate in class III,

Mr. F. D. Gordon to officiate in class IV, and

Mr. J. S. Milne to officiate in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 30th June 1899,—

Mr. E. Lawrence to revert to class II,

Mr. T. H. Biggs to revert to class III, and

Mr. W. H. Michael to officiate in class III, instead of in class II, of Accountants General.

Mr. A. G. Chuckerbutty to officiate in class I of the Enrolled List instead of in class III of Accountants General.

Mr. M. F. Gauntlett to officiate in class II, instead of in class I,

Mr. A. H. Anthony to revert to class III,

Mr. K. B. Wagle to revert to class IV,

Mr. F. D. Gordon to officiate in class V, instead of in class IV, and

Mr. J. S. Milne to revert to class VI, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 30th June 1899, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. J. A. Robertson,—

Mr. K. B. Wagle to officiate in class III,

Mr. F. D. Gordon to officiate in class IV, and

Mr. J. S. Milne to officiate in class V, of the Enrolled List.

## STATISTICS AND COMMERCE.

### CUSTOMS.

*The 28th July, 1899.*

No. 3447-S.R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8-A of the Indian Tariff Act (VIII of 1894, as amended by Acts III of 1896 and XIV of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following rules regarding the assessment of the additional duties on sugar imported from countries where differential rates of bounty are payable according to percentage of polarisation :

- (1) If the importer declares that bounty has been paid on the sugar imported at the highest rate shown for the country of production or export in the Notification of the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department No. 1327-S.R., dated the 20th March 1899, the corresponding rate of additional duty shall be levied and it shall not be necessary to have the sugar tested in India.
- (2) If the importer declares that the bounty was paid at any rate below the highest, the sugar shall be tested.
- (3) The object of the test shall be to enable the Collector of Customs to determine the class in which the sugar should be deemed to have been placed for the payment of bounty; and the additional duty shall be assessed at the rate corresponding to the rate of bounty which the result of the test, in the opinion of the Collector of Customs, indicates as the rate of bounty paid. The additional duty shall be collected at the rate assessed by the Collector of Customs under this rule, unless the importer shall produce documentary evidence to the satisfaction of the Collector that the bounty was actually paid at a lower rate when the additional duty shall be collected at the rate corresponding to such lower rate of bounty.

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 28th July, 1899.*

## APPOINTMENTS.

## ARMY STAFF.

No. 820.—Brevet-Major A. Cadell, 38th (Dogra) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, to be District Recruiting officer, Dogra district, *vice* Major D. J. O. Taylor, vacated. Dated 15th June 1899.

No. 821.—Captain H. Hamilton, 2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkha (Rifle) regiment, to be District Recruiting officer, Gurkha district, *vice* Captain M. A. Kerr, vacated. Dated 9th June 1899.

## HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

No. 822.—Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) E. C. M. Lushington, Commandant, 6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, to be Military Secretary to the Resident, Hyderabad, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel F. S. Sorell, deceased. Dated 21st January 1899.

## STAFF CORPS.

No. 823.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officer of the Unattached List is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Second-Lieutenant Clement Arthur Milward.  
Dated 20th June 1899.

## CANTONMENTS.

No. 824.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 26 and 27 of the Cantonments Act, 1889 (XIII of 1889), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the Cantonment of Rawalpindi: and to declare that the said rules shall remain in force till the first day of October 1899, but no longer:

## RULES.

*Water-supply.*

1. In these rules the expression "source of public water-supply" includes every public well, tank, river, stream, spring, channel, reservoir or other source within the limits of the cantonment from which water is or may be made available for public use, whether or not it is used for the purposes of water-works, and also every source of water-supply situate on private premises to the use of which the public is entitled.

2. All sources of public water-supply (except such as are used for the purposes of water-works, and are for the time being under the control of the Public or Military Works Department) shall be under the control of the Cantonment Authority.

Control of Cantonment Authority over sources of public water-supply.

3. (1) Where, in the opinion of the Cantonment Authority, the water in any source of public water supply is likely, if used by human beings or by milch animals for drinking purposes, to engender or cause the spread of any disorder, the Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, prohibit the use or removal of the same for all or any of the following purposes, namely:

- (a) the drink of human beings or admixture with any article of human consumption;
- (b) the drink of milch animals, or admixture with any article of food or drink for milch animals;
- (c) the washing of vegetables or of cooking utensils;
- (d) any other purpose which is likely to cause its introduction into any article of human consumption.

(2) A copy of every notice issued under this rule shall be conspicuously posted near the source of water-supply to which the notice relates.

4. The Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, or any person having control, of any source of public water-supply which is used for drinking purposes,—

- (a) to keep the same in good order, and to clear it, from time to time, of silt, refuse or decaying vegetation; or
- (b) if the water therein is proved to the satisfaction of the Cantonment Authority to be unfit for drinking purposes, to take such measures as may be specified in the notice to prevent the public from having access to, or using, such water:

Provided that, in the case of a well, such person as aforesaid may, instead of complying with the notice, signify in writing his desire to be relieved of all responsibility for the proper maintenance of the well and his readiness to place it under the control and supervision of the Cantonment Authority for the use of the public, and the Cantonment Authority shall thereupon undertake the control and supervision of the same.

Polluting source of public drinking water-supply used.

5. (1) No person shall—

- (a) bathe in any source of public water-supply which is used for drinking purposes; or
- (b) wash, throw or cause or permit to enter therein any dog or other animal; or
- (c) wash or cleanse therein any clothes, wool, cloth, leather, skin, utensil or other thing; or
- (d) throw or allow to flow thereinto any offensive matter or rubbish; or
- (e) cause or allow the water of any sink, drain, stream-engine, or boiler or any

other filthy or polluted water, belonging to him or under his control, to flow thereinto; or

(1) do any other act whereby the water thereof is polluted, or is likely to be polluted.

(2) For the purposes of this rule the Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, declare what sources of public water-supply are used for drinking purposes.

(3) A copy of every notice issued under this rule shall be conspicuously posted near the source of water-supply to which the notice relates.

• Impairing quality, or diminishing quantity, of water in source of public drinking water-supply or impairing usefulness of water-works.

6. The Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, prohibit any act specified in the notice which would, in its opinion,—

- (a) impair the quality or diminish the quantity of the water in any source of public water-supply which is set apart for public use and is used for drinking purposes; or
- (b) injure or impair the usefulness of any of the pipes, locks, cocks or other fittings of water-works.

7. (1) The Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, prohibit trespasses upon land occupied by water-works.

(2) A copy of every notice issued under this rule shall be conspicuously posted on the land to which the notice relates.

8. (1) No person shall, without the permission in writing of the Cantonment Authority, alter, obstruct, or encroach upon, any public water-channel.

(2) The Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require any person who has made any such alteration, obstruction or encroachment, as aforesaid, to remove, or desist from, the same.

9. (1) The Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, prohibit fishing, boating or the gathering of flowers or plants, generally or by any particular method specified in the notice, in any source of public water-supply, where it considers that any such act is likely to cause danger to the public health.

(2) A copy of every notice issued under this rule shall be conspicuously posted near the source of water-supply to which the notice relates.

10. No person shall throw a corpse into any source of public water-supply.

• Throwing of corpse into source of public water-supply.

11. The Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee, or occupier of any place in which is carried on any offensive trade or manufacturing, whereby the water in any source of public water-supply is polluted, to take steps to abate such pollution.

• Placing latrine, etc., or depositing offensive matter or rubbish, near source of public water-supply.

12. No person shall, without the permission in writing of the Cantonment Authority,—

- (a) place any latrine, urinal, cesspool or drain, or
- (b) use for the deposit of offensive matter or rubbish any place within fifty feet of any source of public water-supply.

13. The Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require any lessee, owner or occupier on whose land any latrine, urinal, cesspool, drain or other receptacle for offensive matter exists within fifty feet of any source of public water-supply, to remove or close the same within one week from the service of such notice.

• Bathing or washing at public well or spring so as to pollute the water.

14. No person shall—

- (a) bathe, or
- (b) wash any animal, or any clothes, wool, cloth, leather, skin, utensil or other thing,

by the side of any public well or spring so as to pollute the water thereof.

• Regulation of public bathing and washing.

15. (1) The Cantonment Authority may, by public notice, prohibit—

- (a) bathing, or
- (b) the washing of animals or of clothes, wool, cloth, leather, skins, utensils or other things, or of any class of such things,

by the public or any class thereof at any public place specified in the notice.

(2) The Cantonment Authority may, by public notice,—

- (a) appoint places for—
  - (i) bathing, or
  - (ii) the washing of animals or of clothes, wool, cloth, leather, skins, utensils or other things, or any class of such things, and
- (b) fix the hours at which alone bathing or washing may be carried on at any place so appointed.

(3) In any notice issued under this rule, separate places may be appointed for bathing and washing, respectively, and separate places may be appointed for bathing by men and women, respectively.

(4) A copy of every notice issued under this rule shall be conspicuously posted on or near the place or places to which the notice relates.

EXPLANATION.—“Washing an animal” includes driving or throwing an animal, or permitting it to go into water.

16. Whoever commits a breach of any of these rules shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, in the case of a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first in regard to which he is convicted of having persisted in the breach.

### COMMANDS.

#### DISTRICT.

No. 825.—The tenure of command of Major-General Sir A. Hunter, K.C.B., D.S.O., a district commander of the 1st class in the Bombay Command, should have effect from the 14th and not 23rd May 1899, as notified in G. G. O. No. 598 of 1899.

#### LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 826.—The following extracts are published for general information:

“*London Gazette*,” dated the 4th July 1899, page 4141.

#### WAR OFFICE;

*Pall Mall, 4th July, 1899.*

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel C. R. Macgregor, C.B., D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, to be a Colonel on the Staff in India, and to have the substantive rank of Colonel in the Army, *vice* Colonel R. H. F. Rennick, Indian Staff Corps, who has vacated that appointment. Dated 16th April 1899.

Major and Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel A. R. Martin, Indian Staff Corps, to be a Deputy Adjutant-General in India, and to have the substantive rank of Colonel in the Army, *vice* Colonel E. A. Money, C.B., Indian Staff Corps, who has resigned that appointment. Dated 6th May 1899.

*Indian Staff Corps.*—Major-General James Calder Stewart, C.B., is transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list. Dated 20th June 1899.

Colonel Sir Richard Westmacott, K.C.B., D.S.O., to be Major-General. Dated 20th June 1899.

The undermentioned Colonels are transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list:

Frederick Alexander Wilson. Dated 13th June 1899.

Edward Molloy. Dated 15th June 1899.

### BREVET.

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Colonels to be Colonels:

V. A. Schalch, Indian Staff Corps. Dated 29th May 1899.

### MEMORANDA.

Surgeon-General Colvin Colvin-Smith, M.D., C.B., late Indian Medical Service, to be Honorary Surgeon to the Queen, *vice* Surgeon-General W. C. Maclean, C.B., deceased. Dated 5th July 1899.

### PROMOTIONS.

No. 827.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

#### BENGAL ESTABLISHMENT.

##### *Lieutenants to be Captains.*

Dated 29th July 1899.

Herbert James Walton, M.B., F.R.C.S.

Hugh Ainsworth, M.B., B.CH.

Albert Edwin Hayward Pinch, F.R.C.S.

John Stewart Stevenson.

#### MADRAS ESTABLISHMENT.

##### *Lieutenants to be Captains.*

Dated 29th July 1899.

John Wolfran Cornwall, M.B., C.M.

Alfred Miller, M.B.

Frederick Arthur Lucas Hammond.

Henry Robert Brown.

Walter Guyon Richards.

Sydney Price James, M.B.

Archibald Nicol Fleming, M.B., C.M.

Peter Dee, M.B., B.CH.

Felix Oswald Newton Mell, M.B., C.M.

Frank Dennis Browne, M.B.

Maxwell Dick.

#### BOMBAY ESTABLISHMENT.

##### *Lieutenant to be Captain.*

Dated 29th July 1899.

Frank Addinsell Smith, M.B., B.S.

#### INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 828.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

##### *Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.*

Dated 24th July 1899.

Frederick Power Lawrence White.

##### *Captains to be Majors.*

23rd July 1899.

Francis William Dawson.

Richard Pasley Colomb.

*Lieutenants to be Captains.*

Dated 25th July 1899.

Clement Stanley Duncan Leslie.

27th July 1899.

Harry Coddington Sandford.

Henry Hercules Cobbe.

*Second-Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.*

22nd April 1898.

Leonard Lane Wheatley, D.S.O.

## MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

*Bombay.*

No. 829.—Sergeant William Sussex, Chief Warder, Military Prison, Aden, to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 15th July 1899.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 830.—29th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Havildar Ladhu to be Jemadar, *vice* Ghanta, deceased, with effect from the 22nd May 1899.

No. 831.—1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment—

Subadar Rannu Thapa to be Subadar-Major, and Jemadar Fateh Sing Bisht to be Subadar, *vice* Bahadur Sing Thapa, deceased, with effect from the 16th June 1899.

No. 832.—Bhopal Battalion—

Jemadar Shiudulare Dube to be Subadar and Havildar Ram Narayan Awasthi to be Jemadar, *vice* Buta Singh, promoted, with effect from the 14th May 1899.

## RESIGNATIONS.

No. 833.—Fourth class Military Assistant Surgeon George Benjamin Croning, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Madras, is permitted to resign the service.

## RETIREMENTS

No. 834.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

Colonel Charles Frederick Thomas, General List, Infantry, Bengal,—4th July 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Willock Chalmers, Indian Staff Corps, Army Remount Department in India,—14th August 1899.

Major Frederick Wyllie, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander and 2nd-in-command, 2nd Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent,—9th August 1899.

No. 835.—Honorary Lieutenant William Doughty, Deputy Assistant Commissary, Commissariat-Transport Department, Madras, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 5th May 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

## REWARDS.

## GOOD SERVICE PENSIONS.

No. 836.—On the recommendation of the Government of India, Her Majesty's Government have been pleased to confer a good service pension on the undermentioned officer, with effect from the date specified:

From the 29th October 1898, in room of Lieutenant-General C. W. Treemenheere, C.B., Retired Lt., Royal (late Bombay) Engineers, deceased.

COLONEL HENRY STRATFORD TANDY,  
INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

*Dates of Commissions.*

Ensign . . . . .	12th June 1861.
Lieutenant . . . . .	4th October 1863.
Captain . . . . .	12th June 1873.
Major . . . . .	12th June 1881.
Lieutenant-Colonel . . . . .	12th June 1887.
Colonel . . . . .	29th August 1893.

*Appointments.*

Regimental duty, 1st Bombay European Fusiliers and 9th Bombay Native Infantry, 1861-65.

Regimental duty, 16th Bombay Native Infantry, as Quartermaster, 1865-71.

(Station Staff Officer, Rajkote, 1855-66.)

Regimental duty, 8th Bombay Native Infantry, as Adjutant and wing officer, 1871-80.

(Officiating Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Belgaum District, 1878.)

On special duty in the Punjab in connection with the entertainment of drivers for the transport in Southern Afghanistan, 1880.

Regimental duty, 8th Bombay Native Infantry, as Wing Commander and officiating 2nd-in-command, 1880-86.

Regimental duty, 5th Bombay Infantry, as officiating 2nd-in-command, 1886-87.

Regimental duty, 25th Bombay Infantry, as commandant, 1887-94.

Assistant Adjutant-General of district, officiating as Deputy Adjutant-General, Bombay Army, 1894-95.

Assistant Adjutant-General, Bombay Command, 1895-96.

Colonel on the Staff, commanding at Nasirabad, 1896-99.

*War services.*

*Afghanistan, 1880.*—March from Quetta to the relief of Kandahar.—(Medal.)

*Burma, 1886-87.*—(India medal and two clasps.)

## GOOD-CONDUCT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICE.

No. 837.—In continuation of G. G. O. Nos. 465 and 965 of 1898 and No. 383 of 1899.



the undermentioned non-commissioned officer and sepoy of the Native Army of the Bombay Command are granted medals for long service and good-conduct, with gratuity, for the year ending 31st March 1899 under the provisions of clause 115, India Army Circulars, 1888, and article 334, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II:

No. 2059, Lance-Naik (1st Bugle-Major) Sajan Khan, 27th Bombay Light Infantry.

No. 2088, Private Gunder Singh, 27th Bombay Light Infantry.

No. 838.—In continuation of G. G. O. No. 418 of 1899, the undermentioned sepoys of the Native Army of the Bombay Command are granted medals for long service and good-conduct, with gratuity, for the year ending 31st March 1900, under the provisions of clause 115, India Army Circulars, 1888, and article 334, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II:

No. 2138, Private Jhanda Khan, 27th Bombay Light Infantry.

No. 2174, Private Bishan Singh, 27th Bombay Light Infantry.

#### ORDER OF MERIT.

No. 839.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the admission to the 3rd class of the Order of Merit of the undermentioned Native officer of the Indian Army for services rendered, while serving with the Armed Forces of the British East African Protectorate, in the military operations in Uganda during 1897-98:

JEMADAR BAHADUR ALI KHAN, 1ST SIKH INFANTRY.—For conspicuous gallantry in the fight at Jass Camp on the 26th April 1898 on which occasion he, with No. 1 Section and the Maxim Section formed up on the left of the firing line, which was wavering, and by a steady conduct of fire, enabled the centre to rally and the flank sections of the contingent to cope successfully with the enemy's main counter attack.

He also distinguished himself as a leader in the defence of Mruli Post on the 30th May 1898 and was specially commended for his gallantry.

#### VOLUNTEER CORPS.

##### APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

###### No. 840.—Rangoon Naval Volunteers—

Aubrey Caulfield Browne, Gentleman, to be Sub-Lieutenant, *vice* Purdie, resigned.

###### No. 841.—Behar Light Horse—

Captain Arthur Sinclair Vernon Hume resigns his commission.

###### No. 842.—Chota Nagpur Mounted Rifles—

Frank Joseph Agabeg, Esq., to be Captain, with effect from the 25th June 1899, *vice* Nott, resigned.

###### No. 843.—Madras Volunteer Guards—

Second-Lieutenant Walter James Williamson resigns his commission.

###### No. 844.—Nagpur Volunteer Rifles—

Henry Alexander Playfair, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Ryves, deceased.

###### No. 845.—Moulmein Volunteer Rifles—

Lieutenant Thomas Lane Ormiston to be Captain, *vice* Eales, transferred.

###### No. 846.—Burma Railways Volunteer Rifles—

Lieutenant Charles Lloyd Fouracres to be Captain, *vice* Denby, resigned.

Lieutenant George Tottey Scott to be Captain, *vice* Johnson, resigned.

Lieutenant John Ruskin Phillips to be Captain, to complete the establishment.

Second-Lieutenant Charles Bartlett Barrie to be Lieutenant, *vice* Torrens, promoted.

Second-Lieutenant Frederick Lovelace Bigg-Wither to be Lieutenant, *vice* Swetenham, promoted.

John Henry White, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Richards, transferred to the Unattached List.

Arthur Grant Pears, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Farewell, resigned.

Bertram Maitland Crosthwaite, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Sutherland, transferred to the supernumerary list.

Captain Cecil Charles Stuart Barry, I.M.S., to be Medical Officer, *vice* Wolfe, resigned.

###### No. 847.—Ghasipur Volunteer Rifles—

Lieutenant William Knox Johnson resigns his commission, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

###### No. 848.—Rohilkhand Volunteer Rifles—

Lieutenant William Henry Webster resigns his commission.

###### No. 849.—Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles—

Captain Oliver Goldsmith Ievers, I.S.C., to be Commandant with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice* Gordon, resigned.

###### No. 850.—Malabar Volunteer Rifles—

Second-Lieutenant Matthew Joseph Murphy resigns his commission, with effect from the 26th June 1899.

###### No. 851.—Bengal-Nagpur Railway Volunteer Rifles—

Second-Lieutenant Ernest Walrond Bryant to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st April 1899, *vice* Bell, resigned.

#### MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 852.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer of the Indian Volunteer Force, who has been duly recommended for the same, under the Royal Warrant of the 24th May 1894 (India Army Circulars of 1894, clause 101):

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles Corps.

Lieutenant Leonard William Stephenson.

## MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## PROMOTIONS.

No. 853.—The following promotion is made in the Engineer Establishment of the Military Works Department, with effect from the date specified:

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion, etc.	With effect from.
Lieutenant J. Charteris, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Permanent	27th June 1899.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

## APPOINTMENTS.

No. 32.—Commander R. W. W. Gordon, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Port Officer, Bombay, with effect from the 22nd July 1899, *vice* Commander G. S. Hewett, Royal Indian Marine, on leave.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 29th July, 1899.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1873, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned commissioned officers, on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department between the 16th and 29th July 1899:

Corps.	Rank and names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Remarks.
2nd Battalion, the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.	Captain Frederick Gerald Griffiths Griffin.	17th June 1899	Murree	...	...
2nd Battalion, the Gordon Highlanders.	Lieutenant John Hewley Oathwaite.	20th July 1899	Dagshai	...	...
2nd Battalion, the King's Royal Rifle Corps.	2nd-Lieutenant Henry Greville Howard.	20th July 1899	Calcutta	...	...

## Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 23rd and the 29th July 1899.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
Richard Sweetman (a)	Lieutenant	2nd Battalion the Royal Irish Regiment.	25th December 1898.	No will found	Rs. a. p. 158 0 8	...	Amount remitted to England for payment to the father of the deceased officer.

(a) Next of kin—Father.—W. Sweetman.

Address.—Clohamon, Ferno, Co Westford, Ireland.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 22nd July, 1899.*

No. 310.—Mr. F. H. Reaks, Traffic candidate, is promoted to Class III, Grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 1st January 1899.

*The 24th July, 1899.*

No. 312.—With reference to Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 287, dated the 6th August 1895, it is hereby notified for information that Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has, in Despatch No. 60 Railway dated the 15th June 1899, accorded sanction to a revised estimate amounting to Rs. 1,61,15,000 of the cost of construction of the Mari-Attock Railway. The line was completed and opened for public traffic on the 1st April 1899.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.**The 25th July, 1899.*

No. 313.—Major H. G. C. Swayne, R.E., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Bengal, is transferred to Hyderabad.

*The 27th July, 1899.*

No. 315.—Mr. C. G. Palmer, C.I.E., Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, with effect from the afternoon of the 14th July 1899, during the absence of Mr. S. Preston, on privilege leave, or until further orders.

Mr. W. Ward Smith, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, with effect from the afternoon of the 6th July 1899, *vice* Mr. Palmer.

No. 316.—Mr. J. B. Braddon, Examiner of Accounts, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 17th October 1899, under Article 485 of the Civil Service Regulations.

## TELEGRAPHS.

*The 22nd July, 1899.*

No. 311.—The following reversions are made in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified :

Name.	From	To	Date.
Mr. R. Meredith	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, temporary.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, officiating.	19th June 1899.
Mr. W. Sutherland	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, officiating.	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 2nd Grade.	27th June 1899.

*The 25th July, 1899.*

No. 314.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further alterations be made, with effect from the 1st September 1899, in the rules, under the said Act, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department (Telegraphs), No. 245, dated the 25th June 1897, and amended

by the like Notifications Nos. 63, 273, 344, 552 and 186, dated, respectively, the 10th February, the 16th June, the 27th July, the 5th December 1898, and the 28th April 1899 :

(1) Rule 111 in Section III (Foreign telegrams) shall be cancelled

(2) To Rule 112 in Section III (Foreign telegrams) the following shall be added, namely :

"NOTE.—Non-delivery of a readdressed telegram (Rule 145) should be reported to the office by which it was readdressed, whence, if necessary, a non-delivery report will be sent to the office of origin."

(3) For Rule 145 in Section III (Foreign telegrams) the following shall be substituted, namely :

145. *Telegrams readdressed in India.*—The rules for telegrams "to follow" do not apply to telegrams received for delivery in India.

Regulations LVI-9 and LVII-9.

Should, however, the addressee of a Foreign telegram received in India have left the place to which it is addressed, it will, if returned unopened with definite instructions as to the new address, be retransmitted without extra charge to any Departmental, Postal Combined or Railway Telegraph Office within Indian limits. It will also without extra charge be retransmitted immediately to any new address, without being sent out for delivery to the first address, if the addressee has left written instructions at the office, or if his new address is known.

*The 28th July, 1899.*

No. 317.—The following is published for general information :

No. 759 C. W. I., dated Simla, the 27th July, 1899.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

#### *Review of the Revenue Report of Irrigation Works in Burma for 1897-98.*

Read—

Letter from the Government of Burma, Public Works Department, No. 5924—3 I., dated 1st June 1899, submitting the Revenue Report of Irrigation Works in that Province for 1897-98.

#### MAJOR WORKS, IRRIGATION.

Major Irrigation works are of two kinds: Productive works, the cost of which is chargeable to loan funds, and Protective works, the cost of which is chargeable to revenue, and met from the Famine Relief and Insurance grant. There are no works of the latter kind in Burma.

The only Productive Irrigation work at present sanctioned is the Mandalay Canal, which was sanctioned by the Secretary of State in 1896, for Rs. 32,32,804, and is now in progress. The expenditure incurred to the end of 1897-98 amounted to Rs. 6,65,525. The earthwork on the first 31 miles is reported to be about one-third done, great difficulties having been experienced owing to the hardness of the soil. Buildings have been erected at the headworks and the stone for the erection of the latter is being collected, while some progress has been made with their foundations.

Surveys have also been made for four other canals, the Shwebo, Môn, Ye-u and Yenatna. If these projects are likely to fulfil the conditions of Productive Public works they will in due course be sanctioned as such, and the cost will be met from loan funds, but, in the meanwhile the preliminary expenditure incurred in connection with them has been charged to revenue under Minor works. The sum thus expended to end of 1897-8 amounted to Rs. 41,269. The project for the Shwebo Canal has been submitted to the Government of India and is now under review.

#### MINOR WORKS, IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION.

2. Minor works, which are all chargeable to Provincial revenues, are divided for accounts purposes into three classes :

I.—Works for which capital and revenue accounts are kept.

II.—Works for which revenue accounts only are kept.

III.—Works for which neither capital nor revenue accounts are kept.

Minor works of the first of these classes consist in Burma entirely of river embankments, the first cost of which has been charged to a capital account. Expenditure on these works commenced in 1862-63, and the total capital outlay to end of the year under review amounted to Rs. 33,82,990, the actual outlay during 1897-98 being Rs. 4,006 only, which was incurred on the Thongwa Island embankment. The revenue account is debited with the cost of maintenance and credited with the whole of the land revenue assessed on the cultivated area reclaimed or protected by these works. The working expenses to end of 1897-98 have amounted to Rs. 35,85,963, the gross revenue credited to the works for the same period being Rs. 1,31,19,852, so that the net revenue has amounted to Rs. 95,33,889. The areas benefited by these works prior to 1883-84 have not been recorded, but in that year amounted to 366,255 acres. During the year under review the area benefited is reported to have been 469,663 acres, and is the largest on record. The gross revenue, which is also the highest on record, amounted to Rs. 8,99,959 and the net revenue to Rs. 6,69,109, or 74·4 per cent. on the gross revenue and 19·78 per cent. on total capital outlay. If the whole of the revenue credited to these works may be attributed entirely to the construction of the embankments, they must be regarded as highly remunerative.

3. The Minor works for which only revenue accounts are kept consist entirely of irrigation works in Upper Burma. Some of these are tanks or storage reservoirs and others are canals which draw off their supplies from rivers in which weirs of a more or less substantial character have been constructed. Many of these works have existed from time immemorial and almost all were constructed before annexation. It is therefore impossible to open capital accounts unless the area due to old irrigation is known, or unless the revenue which might have been realized if no expenditure had been incurred on the extension and improvement of the works can be fairly determined. All expenditure is therefore charged to a revenue account, although for some time to come a very large share of the working expenses will be due to works of improvement and extension in addition to the ordinary cost of maintenance. The works are distributed over nine districts and separate accounts, which comprise all the works of this class in the district, are kept for each district, but not for each individual work. The credits to the revenue account are chiefly composed of three-fourths of the combined water and land tax on State land, the whole of the non-State land water rates, a share of the *thathameda* or house tax, which is about half of the amount assessed, and the revenue from fisheries.

4. The following tables exhibit the general financial results attained on all these works during the last five years :

Year.	Area irrigated.	Gross revenue.	Net revenue.	Percentage of net on gross revenue.	Average gross revenue per acre irrigated.
	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Per cent.	Rs.
1893-94	258,892	9,02,677	3,17,780	35·2	3·49
1894-95	254,233	9,66,083	2,80,014	29·0	3·80
1895-96	278,860	8,20,974	2,04,310	24·9	2·94
1896-97	268,476	10,13,475	1,17,090	11·6	3·77
1897-98	319,541	11,34,491	2,68,599	23·7	3·55
Total	1,380,002	48,37,700	11,87,793	24·6	3·51



The distribution of the working expenses during the same period was as follows :

Year.	Extensions and improvements.	Maintenance and repairs.	Establishment.	Tools and plant.	Book charges.	TOTAL.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1893-94 . . .	2,30,348	1,34,999	1,96,499	7,997	15,054	5,84,897
1894-95 . . .	1,25,853	2,24,855	3,04,681	3,535	27,145	6,86,069
1895-96 . . .	1,36,892	2,09,296	2,45,659	2,667	22,150	6,16,664
1896-97 . . .	3,69,244	1,97,625	2,95,211	7,764	26,541	8,96,385
1897-98 . . .	3,83,196	2,25,207	2,32,949	7,795	16,745	8,65,892
Total . . .	12,45,533	9,91,982	12,74,999	29,758	1,07,635	36,49,907

5. From these tables it appears that nearly 75 per cent. of the gross revenue attributed to these works has been devoted to their improvement and maintenance. This is a high proportion, but over 34 per cent. of the total expenditure has been incurred on works of extension and improvement, which should result eventually in an increase of the irrigated area and perhaps a reduction in the cost of maintenance and repairs. There has been a notable increase in the area irrigated during the year under review, though the rainfall is said not to have been very favourable for districts dependent on the local fall, and the increase may probably be attributed to the liberal expenditure recently incurred on these works. As the more important improvements are completed the expenditure should decrease, while the gross revenue will expand as the irrigated area increases, and a larger proportion of the gross revenue will then be available for general purposes of administration.

The charges for establishment during the five years have averaged 57 per cent. of the works expenditure (improvements and maintenance), but there is a satisfactory tendency to decrease, the rate for the year under review being 46 per cent. If the charges do not include establishment employed in connection with the revenue assessments and collections, this rate appears excessive, and should be susceptible of further reduction, though as the works are numerous and scattered a high rate is probably unavoidable.

6. The Minor works for which neither capital nor revenue accounts are kept include the Ma-ubin and Sittang embankments, and the Pegu-Sittang and Sittang-Kyaikto Navigation Canals. It is not understood why the first three of these works have been included in this class, as accounts have been actually maintained for many years of both the revenue receipts and charges, and there should be no difficulty in including them in the class of Minor works for which revenue accounts are kept. No direct revenue is realised on the Sittang-Kyaikto Canal, so that a revenue account is unnecessary.

7. This is the first revenue report that has been submitted for the irrigation works in Burma. The Government of India desire to acknowledge the care with which it has been prepared so as to exhibit in the most convenient form and for the first time the present position and recent financial history of these works, and agree with His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor that the collection of the requisite information regarding revenue and expenditure in past years and its classification have been a laborious task for which much credit is due to Mr. Benton, the Superintending Engineer, and Mr. Conduitt, Examiner, Public Works Accounts.

**ORDER.**—Ordered, that copies of this review and of the report referred to be forwarded to the Revenue and Agricultural Department for information.

Ordered, also, that copies of the review be forwarded to the Government of Burma, Public Works Department, for information and guidance, and to the Local Governments and Administrations in the Public Works Department, noted on the margin, for information.

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and the Punjab. The Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces. The Agents to the Governor General in Rajputana and Baluchistan.

Ordered, further, that the review be published in the *Gazette of India*, and that copies of the review be forwarded to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

**No. 318.**—The following is published for general information :

No. 760 C. W. I., dated Simla, the 28th July, 1899.

**RESOLUTION**—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

*Review of the Revenue Report of Irrigation Works in Sind for 1897-98.*

**Read—**

Letter No. W.I.—1039, dated 7th July 1899, from the Government of Bombay, Public Works Department, forwarding the Revenue Report of the Irrigation Department in Sind for 1897-98, together with the Resolution of that Government reviewing the same.

**CAPITAL OUTLAY.**

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The capital expenditure incurred on works for which Capital and Revenue accounts are kept amounted to Rs. 17,74,692 during 1897-98. Good progress was made with the new Jamrao and Dad canals. The expenditure on the former amounted to Rs. 13,35,152 during the year and to Rs. 38,74,052 up to the end of it, while on the Dad canal Rs. 2,29,793 were expended during the year. The outlay on Minor Works amounted to Rs. 1,42,656, of which Rs. 1,40,102 were expended on the Fuleli canal.

The total capital invested in Major and Minor Works amounted at the end of the year to 180½ lakhs.

**AREA IRRIGATED.**

2. The total area irrigated during the year amounted to 2,806,083 acres and exceeded the area of 1896-97 by 308,727 acres and the record area of 1894-95 by 70,357 acres. This very satisfactory result is attributed partly to the favourable inundation and partly to the immunity from floods secured by the efficient maintenance of the river embankments. The area of dubari or twice cropped cultivation rose from 154,166 acres last year to 235,394 acres in the year under review, so that the total crop area irrigated amounted to 3,041,477 acres and is the highest on record. Of the total area, excluding dubari irrigation, the Major Works irrigated 753,822 acres, the Minor Works for which Capital accounts are kept 840,123 acres, and those for which only Revenue accounts are kept 1,166,454 acres.

The areas of the principal crops irrigated during the year were :

						Acres.
Rice	...	...	...	...	...	888,216
Jowari	...	...	...	...	...	655,450
Bajri	...	...	...	...	...	404,709
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...	316,248

The rice cultivation has steadily increased since 1894-95, when the area irrigated was 671,803 acres, but this unrestricted increase is not regarded by the

Commissioner in Sind as altogether satisfactory as it leads to the occupants at the tails of the canals being deprived of their fair share of water. It will, no doubt, be easier to overcome this difficulty by the assumption and exercise of a greater control over the distribution than by recourse to a prohibitive enhancement of the rates on rice cultivation, a measure which in the Commissioner's opinion would be at once impossible and immoral.

The area under wheat was nearly 49 per cent. in excess of last year's cultivation, though still below the area (433,752 acres) of 1894-95. The development of wheat cultivation is a satisfactory feature of the returns of the year.

#### WORKING EXPENSES.

3. The working expenses of works for which Capital accounts are kept were as follows :

		Total working expenses.	Rate per acre irrigated.	Average rate per acre for previous five years.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Major Works	...	3,90,638	0.51	0.62
Minor Works	...	4,83,188	0.58	0.78

Taking both Major and Minor Works together the working expenses were 0.55 per acre irrigated and 26.89 per cent. of the gross revenue realised. These rates compare very favourably with those of the previous year. On Minor Works for which only Revenue accounts are kept the working expenses were Rs. 9,85,597 as compared with Rs. 9,62,490 in 1896-97, while on Agricultural Works the total expenditure during the year was Rs. 4,35,305.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS.

4. The financial results of the Sind canals in operation during the year may be summarized as follows after excluding the revenue receipts and charges due to old irrigation :

Works for which Capital and Revenue accounts are kept.	Capital outlay to end of year.	Gross revenue.	Working expenses.	Net revenue.	Return on capital outlay.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Per cent.
Major Works ...	98,79,779	13,24,138	3,81,535	9,42,603	9.54
Minor Works ...	38,67,927	13,01,247	2,86,946	10,14,301	26.22
Total Major and Minor ...	1,37,47,706	26,25,385	6,68,481	19,56,904	14.23

All the four Major Works in operation gave higher returns than in the preceding year, the Desert canal returning 6.3 per cent. on its Capital outlay against 2.9 per cent. in 1896-97, while the Begari canal gave a return of 17.78 per cent. as compared with 15.4 per cent. last year.

A still more marked improvement is recorded in the case of the Minor Works which gave a return of 26.22 per cent. against 20.83 per cent. in 1896-97.

These figures represent the results due to the outlay of Government capital. Including the old irrigation, which has not been affected by this outlay, the gross receipts amounted to Rs. 13,61,195 for Major Works and Rs. 18,88,741 for Minor Works, and the total net revenue to Rs. 9,70,557 for Major and Rs. 14,05,553 for Minor Works.

The financial results of the year for all the irrigation works in the Province were as follows:

	Ra.			
Gross revenue	...	...	...	60,27,803
Working expenses	...	...	...	22,94,728
Net revenue	...	...	...	37,33,075

The total net revenue exceeded that of the previous year by Rs. 8,46,057.

#### GENERAL REMARKS.

5. The results obtained during the year are highly satisfactory. The area of irrigation, the gross revenue realised, and the net revenue, after deducting working expenses, were the highest on record, while the return on Capital outlay, yielded by those works for which Capital accounts are kept, excluding old irrigation, was no less than  $14\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. or  $2\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. higher than the return given in 1896-97, which was the highest on record.

These very favourable results were primarily due to the unusual height and duration of the floods in the Indus, that in August 1898 being the highest ever recorded, while that in September was only five inches lower. There was thus a plentiful and well sustained supply in all the canals, which was, however, unattended by proportionate damage, and the Commissioner of Sind observes that the results of a favourable inundation however great would have fallen short of the present height but for the ability and zeal with which the different canals were managed. The Government of India concur with the Local Government in endorsing this commendation, and in expressing satisfaction with the high standard of efficiency attained by the Irrigation officers in Sind in the administration of these canals.

The report was not received by the Government of India till the 10th July, but it is hoped that the measures which have been suggested to the Government of Bombay to secure its more punctual submission will be found to be feasible, and that in future years the value of the report will not be discounted by so great a delay in its publication.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Review, with the Report and Resolution by the Government of Bombay, be forwarded to the Revenue and Agricultural Department, for information.

Ordered, also, that a copy of this Review be forwarded to the Government of Bombay for information, and that copies of the Review, with the Report and Local Government's Resolution, be forwarded to the Local Governments noted on the margin in the Public Works Department, for information.

The Governments of Madras, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, the Punjab, and Burma.

Ordered, further, that this Review be published in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, and that copies of the Review be forwarded to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

T. HIGHAM,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 31.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**SUPPLEMENT No. 31.**

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### ESTABLISHMENTS.

*Simla, the 3rd August, 1899.*

**No. 465.**—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice O'Kinealy has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 23rd June 1899.

**No. 470.**—The Governor General in Council has been pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice O'Kinealy of his office of Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, with effect from the 23rd June 1899.

#### MEDICAL.

*The 3rd August, 1899.*

**No. 1269.**—The services of Captain Bawa Jiwan Singh, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed per-

manently at the disposal of the Government of Burma.

*The 4th August, 1899.*

**No. 1277.**—The services of Major J. R. Burrows, M.D., R.A.M.C., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

#### PORT BLAIR.

*The 1st August, 1899.*

**No. 501.**—Major H. C. Hudson, I.M.S. (Bengal), Officiating Senior Medical Officer, Port Blair, is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent in the settlement so long as he holds his present office, or until further orders.

#### JAILS.

*The 3rd August, 1899.*

**No. 322.**—The services of Captain W. H. Gray, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at



the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh for employment in the Jail Department.

A. H. L. FRASER,  
*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

# GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

### JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

*Ootacamund, July 17, 1899.*

**No. 303.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3, clause (a), of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council is pleased to declare that the following enactments are in force in the scheduled districts in Ganjam and Vizagapatam, namely :

The Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 (I of 1871);  
and

The Indian Evidence Act, 1872 (I of 1872).

**No. 304.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3, clause (a), of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council is pleased to declare that the Workman's Breach of Contract Act, 1859 (XIII of 1859), is in force in the scheduled districts in Vizagapatam.

**No. 305.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3, clause (a), of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council is pleased to declare that the following enactments are in force in the scheduled districts in Ganjam, namely :

Madras Act IV of 1862 (Enfranchised Inams).

Madras Act VIII of 1869 (Inam Deeds).

**No. 306.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council is pleased to extend the Indian Tolls Act, 1851 (VIII of 1851), to the scheduled districts in Ganjam and Vizagapatam.

**No. 307.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council is pleased to extend the Workman's Breach of Contract Act, 1859 (XIII of 1859), to the scheduled districts in Ganjam.

G. STOKES,  
*Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 2nd August, 1899.*

**No. 1238-G.**—Lieutenant A. B. Drummond, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class and Assistant Political Agent and Assistant Commissioner in Quetta and Pishin, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 22nd August, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

*The 4th August, 1899.*

**No. 1246-G.**—Rai Bahadur Sardar Amrik Singh, Hasanwalia, Extra Assistant to the General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thagi and Dakaiti, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 1st August, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

**No. 1247-G.**—Sardar Jagat Singh, an Inspector in the Thagi and Dakaiti Department, is appointed to officiate as Extra Assistant to the General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thagi and Dakaiti, with effect from the date of assuming charge, and during the absence on privilege leave of Rai Bahadur Sardar Amrik Singh, Hasanwalia, or until further orders.

**No. 2191-I-B.**—Whereas His Highness the Maharaja of Panna has ceded to the British Government full and exclusive power and jurisdiction of every kind over the lands lying within his State which are, or may hereafter be, occupied by the Saugor-Katni Railway (including the lands occupied by stations, by out-buildings and for other railway purposes), and over all persons and things whatsoever within the said lands :

In exercise of such jurisdiction and of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to provide as follows for the administration of justice within the said lands—

1. All laws for the time being in force in the Damoh District of the Central Provinces shall be in force in the said lands.
2. The Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces and all officers subordinate to him for the time being exercising executive authority (other than in connection with the administration of the Police) within the Damoh District, shall exercise the like authority within the said lands.
3. All Courts having for the time being jurisdiction within the Damoh District shall have the like jurisdiction within the said lands.
4. The administration of the Police within the said lands shall be vested in the Superintendent of Government Railway Police, Indian Midland Railway, Southern

section, Jhansi, who shall exercise within the said lands the same police powers as he may, for the time being, exercise on the portion of the Saugor-Katni Railway which lies within the Damoh District, in subordination to the authorities to whom he may be, for the time being, sub-ordinate when exercising those powers on that portion of that railway.

**No. 2196-I.-A.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27, sub-section (1), of the Cantonments Act, 1883 (XIII of 1883), as applied to the Cantonment of Deesa, by the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1377-I., dated the 25th April, 1890, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that section 70 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1891 (XX of 1891), which was extended to the Cantonment of Jullundur in British India by the Notification of the Government of India in the Military Department, No. 551, dated the 15th May, 1896, and published in the *Gazette of India*, 1895, Part I, at page 364, shall be deemed to be in force in the said Cantonment of Deesa, subject to the following modifications, namely, that the expressions "municipality" and "committee" in the said section shall be construed as referring to the said Cantonment of Deesa and to the Cantonment Committee thereof respectively.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Simla, the 1st August, 1899.*

**No. 3510-P.**—The Governor General in Council has decided that the appointment of

Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department shall no longer be held *ex-officio* by the Director General of Statistics, but shall be constituted as a separate appointment, with effect from the 1st August 1899.

Mr. H. Heseltine, Registrar in the Financial Secretariat of the Government of India, is appointed, with effect from the 1st August 1899, to be Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department.

*The 2nd August, 1899.*

**No. 3522-P.**—Mr. F. J. Dickinson, Superintendent, Northern India Salt Revenue, held charge of the current duties of the office of Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, from the 13th May to the 13th July 1899, both days inclusive.

*The 4th August, 1899.*

**No. 3574-P.**—Mr. E. Lawrence, Accountant General, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-seven days, with effect from the 27th July 1899.

Mr. M. F. Gauntlett, Deputy Accountant General, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as Accountant General, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Lawrence, or until further orders.

Mr. V. C. Scott-O'Connor, Examiner of Local Fund Accounts, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed temporarily to discharge the duties of Deputy Accountant General, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, in addition to his own, with effect from the 27th July 1899.

## STATISTICS AND COMMERCE.

### CUSTOMS.

*The 3rd August, 1899.*

**No. 3559-S.-R.**—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 8 A of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894, as amended by Acts III of 1896 and XIV of 1899), and in supersession of the rates of additional duty on the kinds of sugar mentioned against Austria-Hungary in the Notification in this Department, No. 1327-S.-R., dated the 20th March 1899, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the rates shall be revised as follows, with effect from the 1st August 1899: Provided that the rates hereby superseded

shall apply to any imported sugar for which the bill of lading was signed and given before the 1st August 1899:

*For*

Kinds of Sugar.	Bounties bestowed.	Additional duties to be levied.
		Per cwt.
		Rs. a. p.
Sugar under 98 per cent, and of at least 88 per cent, polarization.	1.37 florins per 100 kilograms	0 14 0
Sugar under 99½ per cent, and of at least 98 per cent, polarization.	1.46 florins per 100 kilograms	0 15 0
Sugar of at least 99½ per cent polarization ...	2.10 florins per 100 kilograms	1 5 0

*Read*

Kinds of Sugar.	Bounties bestowed.	Additional duties to be levied.
		Per cwt.
		Rs. a. p.
Sugar under 99.3 per cent, and of at least 90 per cent, polarization.	1.46 florins per 100 kilograms	0 15 0
Sugar of at least 99.3 per cent polarization ...	2.10 florins per 100 kilograms	1 5 0

#### SEPARATE REVENUE.

##### POST OFFICE.

*The 4th August, 1899.*

No. 3566-S.-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the undermentioned amendments shall be made in the rules published in the Notification in this Department No. 1429-C.-S.-R., dated the 30th March 1899:

(a) *For rules 1, 2, 6 (1), 8 (1), 14, 16, 17 and 22 substitute the following:*

1. The following rates of postage shall be chargeable on postal articles where the postage is prepaid:

##### Letters.

For a letter not exceeding half a tola in weight ...	Half an anna.
For a letter exceeding half a tola but not exceeding one tola and a half in weight	One anna.
For every additional one tola and a half or part of that weight ...	One anna.

##### Postcards.

For a single postcard ...	One-quarter of an anna.
For a reply postcard ...	Half an anna, that is, one-quarter of an anna for each portion of the reply postcard.

**Book, pattern and sample packets.**

For every ten tolas or part of that weight    Half an anna.

**Registered newspapers.**

For a newspaper not exceeding four tolas  
in weight    ...    ...    One-quarter of an anna.

For a newspaper exceeding four tolas but  
not exceeding twenty tolas in weight    Half an anna.

For every additional twenty tolas or part  
of that weight    ...    ...    Half an anna.

**Parcels.**

For a parcel not exceeding twenty tolas  
in weight    ...    ...    Two annas.

For a parcel exceeding twenty tolas but  
not exceeding forty tolas in weight    ...    Four annas.

For every additional forty tolas or part of  
that weight    ...    ...    Four annas.

2. The following rates of postage shall be chargeable on the delivery of postal articles where the postage is not prepaid or is insufficiently prepaid :

On an unpaid letter, postcard of private  
manufacture or packet    ...    ...    Double the prepaid rate.

On an insufficiently paid letter or packet    Double the deficiency.

On an insufficiently paid reply postcard of  
private manufacture    ...    ...    Double the prepaid rate on the half  
for which the postage is not  
prepaid.

On an unpaid registered parcel    ...    The prepaid rate (and registration  
fee).

6. (1) Nothing shall be written, printed or otherwise impressed on the address-side of a postcard except—

- (a) the heading "Postcard" or "Reply Postcard;"
- (b) the name and address of the addressee;
- (c) the name and address of the sender;
- (d) the date of posting;
- (e) engravings or advertisements, provided that sufficient space is left for a clear address and for the official marks of the Post Office.

*Explanation.*—The exception as regards advertisements being allowed on the address-side of a postcard is restricted to printed advertisements.

8. A book packet may contain any of the following articles :—

- (1) Newspapers and publications of all kinds; books, whether blank or printed; engravings, photographs, drawings, plans, maps, printed music, and proof sheets, with or without the manuscript relating thereto; blank paper, parchment, or card-board; and, generally, anything printed, engraved, lithographed or papyrographed on paper, parchment or card-board;

Provided that no card bearing the heading "Postcard" shall be allowed to be transmitted open by post as a book packet.

14. (1) A pattern packet may contain *bona fide* trade patterns or samples of merchandise not having any saleable value, together with, or without, any matter which may be sent as a book packet. There shall be no writing upon or in a pattern packet, except the name and address of the sender, the name and address of the person for whom it is intended, a trade mark, numbers, prices, and indications as to the weight, size or quantity to be disposed of.

(2) Objects of natural history, dried or preserved animals and plants, geological specimens and other similar objects shall also be admitted to transmission by post at the rates of postage for pattern packets, provided that they

are not sent for a commercial purpose, and that they are packed in the manner prescribed for pattern packets generally.

16. (1) A pattern packet shall be posted without a cover, or with a cover open at both ends, or in an unfastened envelope or other cover which can be easily removed so as to admit of a ready examination of the contents.

(2) Samples of seeds, drugs, and other articles which cannot be sent in unfastened or removable envelopes may be sent enclosed in boxes or bags, provided that they are fastened in such a way that they can be easily opened: they may also be sent in air-tight cases when necessary, provided that the nature of the contents is certified on the cover under the full signature and address of the sender.

(3) Articles of glass shall be securely packed (in boxes of metal, wood, leather or card-board) in such a way as to prevent all risk of injury to the mails or to the officers of the Post Office.

(4) Liquids, oils, and fatty substances easily liquefied shall be enclosed in glass bottles hermetically sealed. Each bottle shall be placed in a wooden box furnished with saw dust, cotton, or some spongy material in sufficient quantity to absorb the liquid in case the bottle be broken. Finally the box itself shall be enclosed in a case of metal, or of wood with a screw top, or of strong and thick leather.

*Explanation.*—When use is made of perforated wooden blocks of the thickness of at least  $\frac{1}{10}$ th of an inch in the weakest part, with a sufficient quantity of absorbent material inside and provided with a cover, the blocks need not be enclosed in a second case.

(5) Fatty substances which are not easily liquefied, such as ointments, soft soaps, resins, etc., shall be enclosed in an inner cover (box, bag of linen or parchment, etc.) which shall itself be placed in a second box of wood, metal, or strong and thick leather.

(6) Dry powders, whether dyes or not, shall be placed in card-board boxes, which themselves shall be enclosed in a bag of linen or parchment.

(7) Live bees shall be enclosed in boxes so constructed as to prevent all danger and to allow the contents to be ascertained.

17. (1) If a pattern packet is found to contain anything not permitted by the rules, or to be in excess of the prescribed size or weight, or to be packed in a manner not in accordance with the rules, it shall be charged on delivery with letter or parcel postage, whichever may be less. Any postage stamps that may be affixed to it shall, however, be recognised in assessing the charge.

(2) If a packet containing samples of any of the articles mentioned in clauses (3) to (7) of rule 16 is not packed in the manner prescribed therein, it shall not be forwarded.

22. (1) Every parcel intended for transmission by post shall be presented at the window of the Post Office. Any parcel found in a letter-box shall be treated and charged as a registered parcel.

(2) If a parcel containing any of the articles mentioned in clauses (2) and (3) of rule 20 A is not packed in the manner prescribed therein, it shall not be forwarded.

(b) *Insert the following after rule 20:*

20 A. (1) A parcel shall be packed and enclosed in a reasonably strong case, wrapper, or cover, fastened in a manner calculated to preserve the contents from loss or damage in the post, to prevent any tampering therewith, and to protect other postal articles from being damaged in any way thereby.

(2) Liquids and substances which liquefy easily shall be despatched in a double receptacle. Between the first receptacle (bottle, flask, pot, box, etc.) and the second (which shall be a box of metal or of strong wood) some space shall be left to be filled with saw dust, bran, or some other absorbing material.

(3) Live bees shall be enclosed in suitable cases and so packed as to prevent all risk of injury to other postal articles in course of transmission by post or to officers of the Post Office.

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.



## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 4th August, 1899.*

## APPOINTMENTS.

## ARMY STAFF.

No. 854.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. Proudfoot, Commandant, 9th Regiment of Bombay Infantry, to be Assistant Adjutant-General, Head-Quarters, Bombay Command *vice* Colonel W. C. Mack, nominated for the command of a second class district. Dated 24th July 1899.

## MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 855.—The undermentioned Lieutenants of the Indian Medical Service, appointed to the commands noted below in G. G. O. No. 342 of 1899, reported their arrival at Bombay on the dates specified:

Hubert Innes (Bengal)

William Southwick Wilmore  
(Bengal)

Leslie Thomason Rose Hutchinson  
(Bombay)

Charles Frederick Weinman  
(Bengal)

Hamilton Maxwell Cruddas  
(Punjab)

Alexander Mathers Fleming  
(Punjab)

John Norman Walker (Punjab)

Vivian Heathcote Roberts  
(Punjab)

John Elliott Robinson (Bombay)

Charles Henry Benjamin Adams-  
Wylie (Bombay)

Pandit Piaraylal Atal (Madras),—1st April 1899.

William McMullen Pearson (Madras),—22nd April 1899.

## FIELD OPERATIONS.

No. 856.—With the object of intimating without delay casualties in the field among native soldiers to their friends, and relatives it is notified that the following procedure will be adopted in future:

I.—Officers Commanding all depôts of native corps engaged on field service should furnish as quickly as possible to the Secretaries of Local Governments and Administrations concerned, for publication in the vernacular editions of their Official Gazettes, a list of the names of all native ranks of the regiment that have been killed or wounded, or have died from wounds, disease, etc. These lists should also show clearly the names of the deceased or wounded men's fathers, and their residence.

District officers will be instructed to convey at once notice of such published casualties to the deceased soldiers' homes.

II.—Officers Commanding all depôts of native corps will also communicate without delay

the news of the death of native soldiers direct to their relatives.

## LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 857.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 7th July 1899, page 4211.

WAR OFFICE;

7th July, 1899.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointment to the Distinguished Service Order, in recognition of the services of the undermentioned officer during the recent operations in Uganda:

To be a Companion of the Distinguished Service Order, *vis.*:

Captain and Brevet-Major Charles Henry Uvedale Price, Indian Staff Corps.

"London Gazette," dated the 11th July 1899, page 4280.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 11th July, 1899.

*Indian Staff Corps.*—The undermentioned officers are transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list:

General George Francis Beville, C.B. Dated 27th June 1899.

Colonel Vincent Rivaz. Dated 26th June 1899.

Lieutenant-General Sir Arthur Power Palmer, K.C.B., to be General. Dated 27th June 1899.

Major-General Charles Richard Pennington, C.B., to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 27th June 1899.

Colonel James Waterhouse to be Major-General. Dated 27th June 1899.

## BREVET.

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Colonels to be Colonels:

G. B. Austin, Indian Staff Corps. Dated 8th July 1899.

## PROMOTIONS.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 858.—The following promotion is made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

*To be Lieutenant-Colonel.*

Major Robert Francis Gartside-Tipping—3rd August 1899.

## NATIVE ARMY.

**No. 859.—15<sup>th</sup> (The Ludhiana Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—**

Havildar Phuman Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Harnam Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

**No. 860.—21<sup>st</sup> (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—**

Jemadar Durga Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Isar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bela Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st April 1899.

Jemadar Udham Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Bhup Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st May 1899.

Havildar Wazir Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Gagna, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st June 1899.

**No. 861.—25<sup>th</sup> (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—**

Subadar Shah Muhammad to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Gonda Singh to be Subadar, and Drill-Havildar Amar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jamit Singh, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

**No. 862.—**Jemadar Pir Muhammad Khan to be Subadar and Havildar Imam Bakht to be Jemadar, *vice* Kesar, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

**No. 863.—31<sup>st</sup> (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—**

Havildar Bahadur Ali to be Jemadar, *vice* Karam Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

**No. 864.—11<sup>th</sup> Regiment of Madras Infantry—**

Jemadar Jagannayakulu to be Subadar, *vice* Ramasami, deceased, with effect from the 23rd May 1899.

**No. 1327.** Colour-Havildar Munisami, from the 9th Regiment of Madras Infantry, to be Jemadar, to complete establishment, with effect from date of transfer.

**No. 865.—7<sup>th</sup> Regiment of Bombay Infantry—**

Subadar Bhau Dalvi to be Subadar-Major, *vice* Kondaya, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 17th June 1899.

**No. 866.—23<sup>rd</sup> Regiment of Bombay Infantry (2nd Battalion, Rifle Regiment)—**

Havildar Ramu Ram to be Jemadar, *vice* Nanak Ram, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 4th July 1899.

**No. 867.—Malwa Bhil Corps—**

Havildar-Major Poonia to be Jemadar, *vice* Mansing, dismissed the service, with effect from the 25th April 1899.

**No. 868.—Merwara Battalion—**

Jemadars Mangla, Juniara, Uma, and Durga to be Subadars and Havildars Rupa, Azima, Dhira, and Hala to be Jemadars, *vice* Subadars Bagha, Lalu, Azima (1st) and Azima (2nd), transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 17th March 1899.

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

## APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS, AND RESIGNATIONS.

**No. 869.—Bombay Volunteer Artillery—**

Captain William Gilmour Wilson to be Major, to complete the establishment.

**No. 870.—Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles—**

Alfred Benjamin Green, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st July 1899, *vice* Heeike, resigned.

**No. 871.—1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles—**

Captain Charles Banks resigns his commission.

**No. 872.—Naini Tal Volunteer Rifles—**

Harry Sidney Rix, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 25th July 1899, *vice* Nestor, promoted.

**No. 873.—1st Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles—**

Second-Lieutenant Rowdon Thomas Elliott Lowther Forrest to be Lieutenant, *vice* Whately, resigned.

**No. 874.—Nilgiri Volunteer Rifles—**

Sidney Gordon Roberts, I.C.S., Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Clarke, resigned.

Arthur Rayner Winterbotham, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Marsh, promoted.

Lieutenant Lawrie Gordon, Unattached List, resigns his commission, with effect from the 12th July 1899.

**No. 875.—Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles—**

Quartermaster and Honorary Lieutenant Frederick William Watts to be Lieutenant, to complete establishment.

**No. 876.—Coorg and Mysore Rifles—**

Captain William Horatio Scott is granted the honorary rank of Major.

**No. 877.—Madras Railway Volunteers—**

Ernest Anson, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Ward, promoted.

John George Ralph Marsh, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Walters, promoted.

**No. 878.—Upper Burma Volunteer Rifles—**

Captain Arthur Edward Dyer to be Major, *vice* E. J. R. Dyer, transferred to the supernumerary list.

Lieutenant Allan Stopford Fleming to be Captain, *vice* Dyer, promoted.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 4th August, 1899.*

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned commissioned officer, on the date specified, was received in the Military Department between the 29th July and the 4th August 1899:

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Remarks.
4th Dragoon Guards	Captain G. B. Geach	1st July 1899	Murree	...	...

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 29th July, 1899.*

**No. 322.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction under section 16 (1) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890, the use of locomotive engines and of rolling stock to be drawn or propelled thereby on the Cuddalore wharf, and Tuticorin salt, sidings of the South Indian Railway.

*The 3rd August, 1899.*

**No. 328.**—With reference to Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 455, dated the 28th October 1896, it is hereby notified for information that Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has in Despatch No. 75 Railway, dated the 6th July 1899, accorded sanction to a revised estimate amounting to Rs. 37,00,000 of the cost of the Wazirabad-Lyallpur Railway from Lyallpur to Khanewal, a distance of 105 miles. The work is under construction and approaching completion.

**No. 329.**—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 199, dated the 6th May 1899, Mr. H. H. Buckland, Officiating Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in Class 1 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, will continue to officiate in that appointment with temporary rank in Class 1, Grade 3 of that establishment *vice* Mr. J. Riekie, appointed to officiate as Locomotive Superintendent, East Coast Railway, and until further orders.

*The 29th July, 1899.*

**No. 320.**—The following is published for general information:

No. 716 R. T., dated Simla, the 28th July, 1899.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Read—

Sections 3 (4), 16 (2), 47 and 148 (1) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 4804, dated the 30th October 1890, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890—the Government of India resolution No. 736 R. T., dated the 17th October 1890, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

Letter from the Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Madras, No. 2217, dated the 18th July 1899, forwarding letter from the Agent, South Indian Railway Company, No. 697, dated the 14th July 1899.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The Agent of the South Indian Railway Company has applied for leave to adopt the General Rules for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods, which rules were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, under Public Works Department notification No. 4804, dated the 30th October 1890, on the Cuddalore wharf, and Tuticorin salt, sidings of that railway.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules which are referred to in the foregoing observations to the Cuddalore wharf, and Tuticorin salt, sidings of the South Indian railway which have been sanctioned for construction.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that the General Rules, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection free of any charge in the office of the engineer in charge of the construction of the railway.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Government of Madras, for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

**No. 321.**—The following is published for general information :

No. 717 R. T., dated Simla, the 28th July, 1899.

**RESOLUTION**—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

*General Rules of 1895 for working railways open for traffic.*

**Read—**

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895—the Government of India circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for all open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, and the amended rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 371, dated the 10th September 1896, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 12th September 1896—the Government of India resolution No. 696 R. T., dated the 7th September 1896, sanctioning the application to the South Indian and Mayavaram-Mutupet railways of the open line General Rules of 1895, read above.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 55, dated the 5th February 1897, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th February 1897—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 3, dated the 5th January 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th January 1898—the Government of India circular No. 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda to Appendix B, Part II, of the rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 104, dated the 10th March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 12th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. 1 Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule III, Appendix A, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 26th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, and the amended rules 231 and 232 of Part I, therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 236, dated the 23rd May 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 28th May 1898—the Government of India resolution No. 519 R. T., dated the 16th May 1898, sanctioning the application to the South Indian railway and the railways worked by it of the amended rules 231 and 232 of Part I of the open line General Rules of 1895.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 197, dated the 5th May 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th May 1899—the Government of India circular No. I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 6-XIX, Appendix B, Part II, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 298, dated the 14th July 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 15th July 1899—the Government of India circular No. V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 14, Chapter III, and rule 11 (4), Appendix A, of the rules.

Letter from the Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Madras, No. 2217, dated the 18th July 1899, forwarding letters from the Agent, South Indian Railway Company, Nos. 697 and 698, dated the 14th July 1899.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The Agent of the South Indian Railway Company has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in British India, which have been published under the Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895), as modified by the Government of India circulars Nos. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, 1 Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, which were published under Public Works Department notifications Nos. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, 55, dated the 5th February 1897, 3, dated the 5th January 1898, 104, dated the 10th March 1898, 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, 197, dated the 5th May 1899, and 298, dated the 14th July 1899 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896, 6th February 1897, 8th January 1898, 12th March 1898, 26th March 1898, 6th May 1899, and 15th July 1899), may be made applicable to the Cuddalore wharf, Tuticorin salt, and Tuticorin foreshore, sidings of the South Indian railway.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules for working railways open for traffic which may, for the time being and hereafter from time to time, be in force on the South Indian railway, to the Cuddalore wharf, Tuticorin salt, and Tuticorin foreshore, sidings of that railway, with effect from such date or dates as the said sidings may be opened for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that this resolution be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890; also that the General Rules cited in the foregoing observations—which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*—be kept at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section.



Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Government of Madras, for information and guidance.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 29th July, 1899.*

**No. 319.**—In continuation of Public Works Department Notification No. 275, dated 29th June 1899, Mr. E. Lund will officiate in Class III of Examiners, while acting as Examiner, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, during the absence of Mr. W. F. Barrow on privilege leave.

*The 31st July, 1899.*

**No. 323.**—Mr. E. duCane Smithe, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Punjab, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, with effect from the afternoon of the 17th July 1899.

**No. 324.**—Mr. J. M. Campion, Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, Punjab, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer, with temporary rank, in the 3rd Class and Secretary to that Government, with effect from the afternoon of the 24th July 1899.

Mr. E. duCane Smithe, Officiating Superintending Engineer, will hold temporary rank in the 3rd Class, with effect from the same date.

*The 2nd August, 1899.*

**No. 326.**—Mr. L. M. Jacob, Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank, Punjab, is permanently promoted to that class, with effect from the 15th April 1899.

*The 4th August, 1899.*

**No. 331.**—Mr. R. Douglass, Examiner of Accounts, has been granted, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State, furlough up to the 16th November 1899, in extension of that sanctioned in Notification No. 62, dated 16th February 1899.

#### TELEGRAPHS.

*The 1st August, 1899.*

**No. 325.**—The following promotion and reversion are made in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified :

Name.	From	To	Promotion or Reversion.	Date.
Mr. S. H. C. Hutchinson	Superintendent, Class V, 1st Grade.	Chief Superintendent, Class IV, officiating.	Promotion	2nd May 1899 and until further orders.
H. A. Armstrong	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, officiating.	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 2nd Grade.	Reversion	5th July 1899.

*The 3rd August, 1899.*

**No. 327.**—Mr. W. Sutherland, Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 2nd Grade, Indian Telegraph Department, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, with effect from the 5th July 1899, and until further orders.

*The 4th August, 1899.*

No. 330.—The following is published for general information:

No. 786 C. W. I., dated Simla, the 29d August, 1899.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

*Review of the Revenue and Expenditure recorded under the head "Irrigation Works" in the Accounts of the Government of India for 1897-98.*

Read—

Note by A. R. Becher, Esq., Accountant General, Public Works Department, upon the accounts of Revenue and Expenditure of Irrigation Works in India for 1897-98.

OBSERVATIONS.—The results obtained from Irrigation Works in India have already been noticed by the Government of India, separately for each province, in the reviews on the Irrigation Revenue Reports submitted by the several Local Governments and Administrations. The Accountant General's note however brings those results together, giving the returns for each class of work throughout India and comparing the results obtained in one province with those recorded in others. The classification of the works is explained in paragraph 2 of the note. Of the Productive Works 34 are in operation and 7 under construction, while of the Protective class 5 works only are in operation.

#### PRODUCTIVE WORKS.

2. The financial results obtained from the 34 Productive Works in operation are shewn in the statement below:

Productive works.	Number of works.	Capital outlay to end of 1897-98.	Net revenue in 1897-98.	Return on Capital Outlay.	Accumulated net revenue up to end of 1897-98.	Accumulated interest charges on Capital Outlay to end of 1897-98.	Surplus Revenue up to end of 1897-98.
		Rx.	Rx.	Per cent.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Works sanctioned as productive but not productive according to definition now in force.	13	9,722,756	91,213	0.94	244,626	7,988,073	—7,743,447
Works which are actually productive according to definition now in force.	21	21,507,176	2,258,388	10.50	31,496,570	17,738,664	13,757,906
TOTAL ...	34	31,229,932	2,349,601	7.52	31,741,196	25,726,737	6,014,459

These results are very satisfactory. Taken collectively the Productive Works in operation paid a return of 7·52 per cent. on the capital invested in them against 6·44 per cent. in 1896-97, while the 21 works which fulfil the conditions of their class paid 10½ per cent. as compared with 9 per cent. returned in the previous year. The surplus revenue, after paying all interest charges, contributed by the Productive Works in operation, rose from Rx. 4,846,271 at the end of 1896-97 to Rx. 6,014,459 at the end of 1897-98. The satisfactory results recorded of these works in 1896-97 have thus been surpassed by the returns of 1897-98.

3. Taken collectively by provinces, the Productive Works in operation gave the results shown below during the year :

Province.	Number of works.	Area irrigated.	Capital outlay to end of 1897-98.	Net revenue in 1897-98.	Percentage of net revenue on capital outlay.
<i>Irrigation.</i>		Acres.	Rx.	Rx.	
Punjab . . . . .	6	*3,917,841	8,802,246	870,728	10·49
North-Western Provinces	4	2,296,492	7,824,894	742,604	9·49
Madras . . . . .	9	2,036,597	6,606,336	554,606	8·40
Bengal . . . . .	3	701,253	6,155,912	66,246	1·11
Sind . . . . .	4	753,822	987,978	94,260	9·54
Bombay . . . . .	7	83,071	1,091,042	13,953	1·28
Total Irrigation	33	10,840,576	30,968,408	2,344,397	7·57
<i>Navigation.</i>					
Hijili Tidal Canal	1	...	261,524	5,204	1·99

\* Includes 403,420 acres irrigated in Native States.

The gross revenue derived from these works amounted to Rx. 3,741,316 or Rx. 409,630 more than in 1896-97. The rate per acre was Rs. 3·6 against Rs. 3·2 in the previous year.

#### PROTECTIVE WORKS.

4. The five Protective Works in operation gave the following results during the year :

Province.	Number of works.	Area irrigated.	Capital outlay to end of 1897-98.	Net revenue in 1897-98.	Percentage of net revenue on capital outlay.
		Acres.	Rx.	Rx.	
Punjab . . . . .	1	138,557	399,740	29,492	7·38
North-Western Provinces	1	48,994	430,202	2,288	0·53
Madras . . . . .	1	67,318	464,442	2,521	0·54
Bombay . . . . .	2	53,707	774,341	5,532	0·71
Total	5	308,576	2,068,725	39,833	1·92

The gross revenue derived from these works amounted to Rx. 80,350 as compared with Rx. 60,956 in 1896-97 and Rx. 43,658 in 1895-96.

5. Taking Productive and Protective works together, or all Major Works, the area irrigated during the year amounted to 10,649,152 acres as shown in the statement below, which gives also the value of the crops irrigated, for each province, and the rate per acre of the assessed irrigation revenue :

Province.	Area irrigated.	Value of crops irrigated.	Value of crops per acre.	Assessed revenue per acre irrigated.		
				1897-98.	1896-97.	1895-96.
	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Punjab	4,055,898*	12,23,21,032	30.2	3.4	3.6	3.6
North-Western Provinces	2,345,486	8,17,63,417	24.8	3.8	3.5	4.0
Madras	2,705,915	8,31,15,772	30.7	4.2	4.1	4.2
Bombay-Sind	753,822	1,18,05,327	15.7	1.7	1.8	1.8
Bombay-Deccan and Gujarat	86,778	39,48,659	45.5	4.4	5.0	7.3
Bengal	701,253	2,62,37,243	37.4	1.9	1.8	1.8
Total	10,649,152	32,91,91,450	31.0	3.5	3.5	3.6

\* Includes 403,420 acres irrigated in Native States.

The rate per acre of the assessed revenue has varied very little in each Province during the three years except in the Deccan and Gujarat, where it has decreased from 7.3 in 1895-96 to 4.4 in 1897-98. This is due to the substitution of low-rated food crops for sugarcane during the famine, the cultivation of the latter crop having been also affected by the plague and by the low rates which prevailed for raw sugar.

6. The statement in paragraph 29 of the Accountant-General's note of the cost of maintaining and working the Major Works per acre irrigated by them shews that the rate is highest in the Deccan and Gujarat, where in 1897-98 it was Rs. 3.8 per acre, and lowest in Sind, where it was only annas 8 per acre. In all provinces, except Madras, where the rate has increased from Re. 0.8 to Re. 0.9, the tendency has been for the cost per acre to diminish since 1894-95. In the Punjab the cost was Re. 0.9, in the North-Western Provinces Re. 1.2, and in Bengal Rs. 2 per acre during the year.

Taking the percentage of maintenance and working on gross revenue, Madras shows the most favourable result with a percentage of 19.6 and is followed by the Punjab with a percentage of 26.1, by the North-Western Provinces with 27.2, by Sind with 28.7, by the Deccan and Gujarat with 61.3 and by Bengal last with 66.2. With the exception of the Deccan and Gujarat, where the percentage has risen during the last three years from 43 to 61.3, there has been a steady decrease in all the provinces since 1895-96 in the ratio of working expenses to gross revenue.

### MINOR WORKS FOR WHICH CAPITAL AND REVENUE ACCOUNTS ARE KEPT.

7. Taken collectively by provinces, these works gave the following results during the year:

Provinces.	Number of works.	Area irrigated.	Capital outlay to end of 1897-98.	Net revenue in 1897-98.	Percentage of net return on capital outlay.
<i>Irrigation.</i>		Acres.	Rx.	Rx.	
Sind ... ..	7	840,123	386,793	101,430	26.22
Punjab ... ..	5	816,406	212,921	51,244	24.07
Madras ... ..	23	535,813	862,226	74,292	8.42
North-Western Provinces ...	4	167,204	275,882	16,699	6.05
Bombay ... ..	27	40,944	702,403	3,706	0.53
Rajputana ... ..	3	38,303	245,522	7,506	3.06
Baluchistan ... ..	2	5,552	161,278	2,808	1.74
Bengal ... ..	1	1,552	70,657	—1,319	...
Burma (embankments) ...	...	469,663*	337,019	66,911	19.86
Total Irrigation ...	74	2,915,560	3,274,701	323,277	9.87
<i>Navigation.</i>					
Madras ... ..	4	...	926,501	983	0.11
Bengal ... ..	2	...	1,091,245	24,921	2.23
Total Navigation ...	6	...	2,017,746	25,904	1.23

\* These figures represent the area the cultivation of which depends upon the protection afforded by the embankments.

The Sind and Punjab Inundation Canals gave, as usual, the best results, paying 26.22 per cent. and 24.07 per cent., respectively, on their capital, as compared with 20.83 per cent. and 13.51 per cent. in the previous year. In Burma, this class of works is represented entirely by embankments, mostly on the banks of the Irrawaddy, which have been of great benefit in reclaiming waste lands and protecting them from floods. The area, which at an outlay of Rx. 337,019 has been protected in this manner, amounts to 469,663 acres and the net revenue was equivalent to a return on capital of nearly 20 per cent.

### MINOR WORKS FOR WHICH ONLY REVENUE ACCOUNTS ARE KEPT.

8. The results obtained from these works during the year were as follows:

Area irrigated . . . . .	1,969,690 acres.
Gross receipts . . . . .	Rx. 467,550
Expenditure . . . . .	184,236
Net revenue . . . . .	283,314

The expenditure includes the cost of extensions and improvements which, in the case of works for which capital accounts are kept, would be charged against capital.

9. The table given in paragraph 2 of this review shows the surplus revenue derived from Productive Works up to the end of the year after deducting interest at 4 per cent. on the total capital outlay. But though, for purposes of



account; interest on the full direct capital outlay is charged against each work, it is not actually payable on any portion of the outlay not met from borrowed money. The results of the irrigation works in India as they affect the general tax-payer were as follows up to the end of the year :

	During 1897-98.	To end of 1 97-98.
<b>MAJOR WORKS.</b>		
<b>PRODUCTIVE—</b>	<b>Rx.</b>	<b>Rx.</b>
Total direct Capital outlay from borrowed money . . . . .	692,431	24,413,749
Interest on borrowed capital . . . . .	962,701	16,453,106
Direct Capital outlay charged against revenue . . . . .	12,715	6,042,433
Indirect charges . . . . .	87,964	2,806,963
Working expenses (direct charges) . . . . .	859,491	18,058,951
Total charges on tax-payer . . . . .	1,922,871	43,991,453
Total revenue . . . . .	*3,267,665	51,075,883
Surplus revenue . . . . .	1,344,794	7,684,430
<b>PROTECTIVE—</b>		
* Direct Capital outlay (charged against revenue) . . . . .	37,517	2,183,621
Indirect charges . . . . .	5,593	140,665
Working expenses (direct charges) . . . . .	32,628	301,057
Total charges on tax-payer . . . . .	75,738	2,625,343
Total revenue . . . . .	*74,817	473,428
Loss . . . . .	921	2,151,915
Total surplus revenue, Major Works . . . . .	1,343,873	5,532,515
<b>MINOR WORKS.</b>		
<b>WORKS FOR WHICH CAPITAL AND REVENUE ACCOUNTS ARE KEPT.</b>		
Direct Capital outlay (charged against revenue) . . . . .	128,699	4,996,642
Indirect charges . . . . .	13,135	539,686
Working expenses (direct charges) . . . . .	180,089	5,734,134
Total charges on tax-payer . . . . .	321,923	11,270,462
Total revenue . . . . .	*538,410	13,088,221
Surplus revenue . . . . .	216,487	1,817,759
<b>WORKS FOR WHICH ONLY REVENUE ACCOUNTS ARE KEPT.</b>		
Total expenditure . . . . .	184,236	8,236,438
Total revenue . . . . .	*467,550	7,615,045
Surplus revenue . . . . .	283,314	4,378,607
Total surplus revenue, Minor Works . . . . .	499,801	6,196,366
Total surplus revenue, Major and Minor Works . . . . .	1,843,674	11,728,881

\* These figures represent the gross revenue due to the expenditure of Government capital less collection charges.

The results shewn above do not take into account those due to Minor Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue Accounts are kept; for, although a large amount of land revenue depends on the efficient maintenance of these works, it is impossible to say how much of it is directly due to the expenditure incurred on them by Government.

10. The total area irrigated by all classes of Irrigation Works in India in 1897-98 was 19 million acres, and the value of the crops raised on this area is estimated at 45 crores of rupees.

ORDER.—Ordered that this Review, with a copy of the note by the Accountant General, Public Works Department,

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North Western Provinces and Oudh, the Prajah and Burma.

The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Assam and Coorg.

The Resident at Hyderabad.

The Agents to the Governor General for Central India, Rajputana, and Baluchistan.

The Accountant General, Public Works Department.

and to the Local Governments and Administrations in the Public Works Department, noted on the margin, for information.

Ordered, also, that the Review be published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* and the Note in the Supplement thereto.

Ordered, further, that a copy of the Review and Note be forwarded to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India for information.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 32.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

## CONTENTS.

**PART I.**—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations.

**PART II.**—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper & Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

**PART III.**—Advertisements and Notices by Private individuals and Corporations.

**PART IV.**—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

*Nothing for publication.*

**PART V.**—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 23:—

*Nothing for publication.*

**PART VI.**—Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

*Nothing for publication.*

SUPPLEMENT No. 32.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 8th August, 1899.*

No. 15.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., c. 67), and section 1 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892 (55 and 56 Vict., c. 14), the Governor General is pleased to nominate Rai Bahadur Protul Chandar Chatterjee, M.A., B.L., a Judge of the Chief Court of the Punjab, to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

*The 10th August, 1899.*

No. 16.—Whereas by Resolution passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the 29th day of February, 1872, the provisions of section 1 of the Government of India Act, 1870 (33 Vict., c. 3), were declared applicable to the Sonthal Parganas;

And whereas the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has proposed to the Governor General in Council a draft of the following Regulation, together with the reasons for proposing the same;

And whereas the Governor General in Council has taken the draft and reasons into consideration, and has approved of the draft, and the same has received the Governor General's assent on the 9th day of August, 1899;

In pursuance of the direction contained in the said section, the said Regulation is now published in the Gazette of India:

#### REGULATION No. III OF 1899.

*A Regulation to amend the Sonthal Parganas Justice Regulation, 1893, and the Santhal Parganas Settlement Regulation, as amended by the Santal Parganas Laws Regulation, 1886.*

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Sonthal Parganas Justice Regulation, 1893, and the V of 1893, Santhal Parganas Settlement Regulation, as III of 1872,

amended by the Santal Parganas Laws Regulation, 1886; It is hereby enacted as follows:

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Santal Parganas Justice and Laws Regulation, 1899; and

Short title and commencement.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. For section 4 of the Santal Parganas Justice Regulation, 1893, the following shall be substituted, namely:

V of 1893.

Substitution of new section for section 4, Regulation V, 1893.

V of 1898.

"4. The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, shall have effect in the Santal Parganas, subject to the following modifications, namely:

Application of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

I.—"High Court" shall mean,—

(i) in reference to proceedings against European British subjects or persons jointly charged with European British subjects, the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal; and,

(ii) in reference to proceedings against other persons,—

(a) in cases tried by the Court of Session and in appeals under section 417 from original or appellate orders of acquittal, the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal; and,

(b) in other cases, the Commissioner.

II.—The Santal Parganas shall be a sessions division, the Court of the Sessions Judge of Birbhum shall be the Court of Session for the sessions division, the Sessions Judge of Birbhum shall be the Judge of the Court of Session, and the Court of Session shall hold its sitting within the Santal Parganas.

III.—Any person convicted, or sentenced under section 349, by any Magistrate other than the Deputy Commissioner, may appeal to the Deputy Commissioner.

Appeals from subordinate Magistrates.

IV.—Any person convicted, or sentenced under section 349, by the Deputy Commissioner, may appeal to the Commissioner as High Court.

Appeal from Deputy Commissioner.

V.—The Court of Session shall not exercise any of the powers conferred by sections 435, 436, 437 and 438.

Certain powers not to be exercised by Court of Session.

VI.—When an appeal has been preferred, the Appellate Court may enhance any punishment which has been awarded by the Lower Court:

Power of Appellate Court to enhance sentence.

Provided that, if the appeal is from the sentence of a Magistrate other than the Deputy Commissioner, the Appellate Court shall not inflict a greater punishment than might have been inflicted by a Magistrate of the first class.

VII.—Notwithstanding anything in the Code, Findings, etc., not to be reversed for mere irregularity of procedure. a finding, sentence or order shall not be reversed or altered, on appeal or in revision, on account of any irregularity of procedure, unless the irregularity has occasioned, or is likely to occasion, a failure of justice.

VIII.—Rules under section 554, sub-section (2), clause (c), may regulate the following among other matters, namely:—

(a) the fees to be paid for processes; and  
(b) the fees to be paid for copies and the inspection of records."

3. For section 3 of the Santal Parganas Settlement Regulation, as amended by the Santal Parganas Laws Regulation, 1886, with the schedule annexed thereto, the following, with the schedule annexed to this Regulation, shall be substituted, namely:—

Substitution of new section and schedule for section 3 and schedule, Regulation III, 1872.

"3. (1) The enactments specified in the schedule shall be deemed to be in force in the Santal Parganas, except—

Enactments in force in the Santal Parganas.

(a) such portions of such enactments as have been repealed by any enactment specified in the schedule, and

(b) in the case of any enactment passed before the 25th day of August, 1886, such portions thereof as had on that day been repealed in the territories to which the enactment generally applies.

(2) No other enactment, heretofore or hereafter passed, shall, unless the Santal Parganas be expressly named therein, be deemed to apply to the said Parganas, except so far as regards the trial and determination of the civil suits referred to in section 2 of Act XXXVII of 1855, in which the matter in dispute exceeds the value of one thousand rupees, when such suits are tried in Courts established under the Bengal, North-Western Provinces and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887.

XII of 1887.

(3) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, the Local Government may, by notification in the Calcutta Gazette,—

(a) declare that any other enactment shall be deemed to be in force in the Santal Parganas,

(b) withdraw any such declaration, or

(c) with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, declare that any enactment specified in the schedule shall cease to be in force in the Santal Parganas."

## THE SCHEDULE.

## ENACTMENTS IN FORCE IN THE SANTHAL PARGANAS.

(See Section 3.)

1.	2.	3.	4.
Year.	Number.	Short title or subject.	Whole or part.

*Part I.—Regulations of the Bengal Code.*

1793	I	The Bengal Permanent Settlement Regulation, 1793.	The whole.
"	VIII	The Bengal Decennial Settlement Regulation, 1793.	Ditto.
"	XIX	Non-Badshahi Lakhiraj Grants ...	Ditto.
"	XXXVII	Badshahi Lakhiraj Grants ...	Ditto.
"	XXXVIII	The Indian Civil Service (Bengal) Loans Prohibition Regulation, 1793.	Ditto.
1798	I	Conditional Sales ...	Ditto.
1800	VIII	Pargana Register ...	Section 19.
1801	I	Realization of Revenue ...	The whole.
1804	X	The Bengal State Offences Regulation, 1804.	Ditto.
1806	XI	The Bengal Troops, Transport and Travelers' Assistance Regulation, 1806.	Ditto.
"	XVII	Interest ; Redemption ...	Ditto.
1810	XX	Military Bazaars ...	Ditto.
1812	V	Collection of Land Revenue ...	Ditto.
"	XI	The Bengal Foreign Immigrants Regulation, 1812.	Ditto.
"	XVIII	Leases by Proprietors ; Partitions ...	Ditto.
1814	XXIX	Ghatwali Mahals ...	Ditto.
1817	XII	Patwaris ...	Ditto.
1818	III	The Bengal State Prisoners Regulation, 1818.	Ditto.
1819	I	Kanungos and Patwaris ...	Ditto.
"	II	Resumption of Revenue ...	Ditto.
"	VIII	The Bengal Patni Taluqs Regulation, 1819.	Ditto.
1820	I	The Bengal Patni Taluqs Regulation, 1820.	Ditto.
1823	VII	The Indian Civil Service (Bengal) Loans Prohibition Regulation, 1823.	Ditto.
1825	VI	The Bengal Troops Transport Regulation, 1825.	Ditto.
"	XI	The Bengal Alluvion and Diluvion Regulation, 1825.	Ditto.
"	XIII	Kanungos ...	Ditto.



1	2	3	4
Year.	Number.	Short title or subject.	Whole or part.

*Part I.—Regulations of the Bengal Code—contd.*

1825	XIV	Lakhiraj Tenures ...	The whole.
1829	XVII	The Bengal Sati Regulation, 1829 ...	Ditto.

*Part II.—Acts of the Governor General of India in Council.*

1836	XXI	Zilas ...	The whole.
1837	IV	The Property in Land Act, 1837 ...	Ditto.
1841	XII	Revenue Arrears ...	Section 2.
1843	V	The Indian Slavery Act, 1843 ...	The whole.
1847	IX	Assessment of new lands ...	Ditto.
1848	XX	Enforcement of attendance of landholders...	Ditto.
1850	XII	The Public Accountants' Defaults Act, 1850.	Ditto.
"	XVIII	The Judicial Officers Protection Act, 1850.	Ditto.
"	XXI	The Caste Disabilities Removal Act, 1850...	Ditto.
"	XXV	The Forfeited Deposits Act, 1850 ...	Ditto.
"	XXXIII	The Sale of Patni Tenures Act, 1850 ...	Ditto.
"	XXXIV	The State Prisoners Act, 1850 ...	Ditto.
"	XXXVII	The Public Servants (Inquiries) Act, 1850...	Ditto.
1851	VIII	The Indian Tolls Act, 1851 ...	Ditto.
1853	II	The Landholders' Public Charges and Duties Act, 1853.	Ditto.
"	VI	The Rent Recovery Act, 1853 ...	Ditto.
1855	XII	The Legal Representatives' Suits Act, 1855.	Ditto.
"	XIII	The Indian Fatal Accidents Act, 1855 ...	Ditto.
"	XXIV	The Penal Servitude Act, 1855 ...	Ditto.
"	XXXVII	Santhal Parganas ...	Sections 1, 2 and 3.
1856	XI	The European Deserters Act, 1856 ...	The whole.
"	XV	The Hindu Widows' Remarriage Act, 1856	Ditto.
1857	X	Santhal Parganas ...	Ditto.
"	XIII	Opium ...	Ditto.
1858	III	The State Prisoners Act, 1858 ...	Ditto.
"	XXXI	Alluvion ...	Ditto.
"	XXXV	The Lunacy (District Courts) Act, 1858 ...	Ditto.
"	XXXVI	The Indian Lunatic Asylums Act, 1858 ...	Ditto.
1859	V	Ghatwali Lands, Birbhum ...	Ditto.
"	XI	Sales of Land for Arrears of Revenue ...	Ditto.
"	XV	Summary Dispossession ...	Section 15.

1	2	3	4
Year.	Number.	Short title or subject.	Whole or part.

*Part II.—Acts of the Governor General of India in Council—contd.*

1860	IX	The Employers and Workmen (Disputes) Act, 1860.	The whole.
"	XLV	The Indian Penal Code ...	Ditto.
1861	V	The Police Act, 1861 ...	Ditto.
1863	XVI	The Excise (Spirits) Act, 1863 ...	Ditto.
1864	III	The Foreigners Act, 1864 ...	Ditto.
"	VI	The Whipping Act, 1864 ...	Ditto.
"	XV	The Indian Tolls Act, 1864 ...	Ditto.
1865	III	The Carriers Act, 1865 ...	Ditto.
"	X	The Indian Succession Act, 1865 ...	Ditto.
1866	XXI	The Native Converts' Marriage Dissolution Act, 1866.	Ditto.
1867	XXV	The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867.	Ditto.
1869	IV	The Indian Divorce Act, 1869 ...	Ditto.
"	V	The Indian Articles of War ...	Ditto.
"	XV	The Prisoners' Testimony Act, 1869 ...	Ditto.
"	XX	The Indian Volunteers Act, 1869 ...	Ditto.
1870	VII	The Court-fees Act, 1870 ...	Ditto.
"	XX	The Court-fees Act (1870) Amendment Act, 1870.	Ditto.
"	XXI	The Hindu Wills Act, 1870 ...	Ditto.
"	XXIII	The Indian Coinage Act, 1870 ...	Ditto.
"	XXVII	The Indian Penal Code Amendment Act, 1870.	Ditto.
1871	I	The Cattle-trespass Act, 1871 ...	Ditto.
"	V	The Prisoners Act, 1871 ...	Ditto.
"	XXIII	The Pensions Act, 1871 ...	Ditto.
1872	I	The Indian Evidence Act, 1872 ...	Ditto.
"	III	The Special Marriage Act, 1872 ...	Ditto.
"	IX	The Indian Contract Act, 1872 ...	Ditto.
"	XV	The Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872.	Ditto.
"	XVIII	The Indian Evidence Act Amendment Act, 1872.	Ditto.
"	XIX	The Indian Penal Code Amendment Act, 1872.	Ditto.
1873	V	The Government Savings Banks Act, 1873.	Ditto.
"	X	The Indian Oaths Act, 1873 ...	Ditto.

1	2	3	4
Year.	Number.	Short title or subject.	Whole or part.

*Part II.—Acts of the Governor General of India in Council—contd.*

1874	II	The Administrator General's Act, 1874 ...	The whole.
"	III	The Married Women's Property Act, 1874.	Ditto.
"	IX	The European Vagrancy Act, 1874 ...	Ditto.
1875	XIII	The Probate and Administration Act, 1875.	Ditto.
1877	II	The Probate and Administration Act, 1877.	Ditto.
"	III	The Indian Registration Act, 1877 ...	Ditto.
"	XV	The Indian Limitation Act, 1877 ...	Ditto.
1878	I	The Opium Act, 1878 ...	Ditto.
"	VI	The Indian Treasure Trove Act, 1878 ...	Ditto.
"	VII	The Indian Forest Act, 1878 ...	Ditto.
"	XI	The Indian Arms Act, 1878 ...	Ditto.
1879	III	The Destruction of Records Act, 1879 ...	Ditto.
"	XI	The Local Authorities Loans Act, 1879 ...	Ditto.
"	XII	The Registration and Limitation Acts Amendment Act, 1879.	Sections 104 to 108.
"	XXI	The Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879.	The whole.
1880	VIII	Correction of a clerical error in the Limitation Act, 1877.	Ditto.
1881	V	The Probate and Administration Act, 1881.	Ditto.
1882	I	The Assam Labour and Emigration Act, 1882.	Ditto.
"	VII	The Powers-of-Attorney Act, 1882 ...	Ditto.
"	VIII	The Indian Penal Code Amendment Act, 1882.	Ditto.
"	IX	The Prisoners Act Amendment Act, 1882	Ditto.
"	XII	The Indian Salt Act, 1882 ...	The whole, except section 31.
"	XIV	The Code of Civil Procedure ...	Sections 223 to 228.
"	X	The Indian Paper Currency Act, 1882 ...	The whole.
1883	XIX	The Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883...	Ditto.
"	XXI	The Indian Emigration Act, 1883 ...	Ditto.
1884	IV	The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 ...	Ditto.
1885	VIII	The Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 ...	Section 84.
"	IX	The Excise and Sea Customs Law Amendment Act, 1885.	Sections 3 and 4.
"	XIII	The Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 ...	The whole.

1	2	3	4
Year.	Number.	Short title or subject.	Whole or part.

*Part II.—Acts of the Governor General of India in Council—contd.*

1885.	XV	The Local Authorities Loans Act (1879) Amendment Act, 1885.	The whole.
"	XVIII	The Land Acquisition (Mines) Act, 1885	Ditto.
1886	II	The Indian Income-tax Act, 1886 ...	Ditto.
"	IV	The Indian Contract Act (1872) Amendment Act, 1886.	Section 1.
"	VI	The Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886.	The whole.
"	VII	The Indian Registration Act, 1886 ...	Ditto.
"	X	The Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1886.	Sections 21 to 25.
"	XVIII	The Indian Lunatic Asylums Act (1858) Amendment Act, 1886.	The whole, except section 3.
1887	III	The Indian Evidence Act (1872) Amendment Act, 1887.	The whole.
"	XX	The Wild Birds Protection Act, 1887 ...	Ditto.
1888	V	The Inventions and Designs Act, 1888 ...	Section 2.
"	VII	The Civil Procedure Code Amendment Act, 1888.	So much as relates to Acts III and XV of 1877.
1889	VI	The Probate and Administration Act, 1889.	The whole.
"	VII	The Succession Certificates Act, 1889 ...	Ditto.
"	XX	The Indian Lunatic Asylums Act (1858) Amendment Act, 1889.	Ditto.
1890	I	The Revenue Recovery Act, 1890 ..	Ditto.
"	II	The Probate and Administration Act, 1890 .	Sections 9 to 16.
"	V	The Forest Act, 1890 ...	Section 1, sub-section (1), section 2 and section 4.
"	VI	The Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 ...	The whole.
"	VIII	The Guardians and Wards Act, 1890 ...	Ditto.
"	IX	The Indian Railways Act, 1890 ...	Ditto.
"	X	The Press and Registration of Books Act (1867) Amendment Act, 1890.	Ditto.
"	XI	The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890.	Ditto.
"	XIII	The Excise (Malt Liquors) Act, 1890 ...	Sections 1, 6, 7 and 8.
"	XVI	The Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act (1886) Amendment Act, 1890.	The whole.
"	XVIII	The Indian Emigration Act (1883) Amendment Act, 1890.	Ditto.

1	2	3	4
Year.	Number.	Short title or subject.	Whole or part.

*Part II.—Acts of the Governor General of India in Council—contd.*

1891.	I	The Cattle-trespass Act (1871) Amendment Act, 1891.	The whole, except sections 10, 11 and 13.
"	II	The Indian Christian Marriage Act (1872) Amendment Act, 1891.	The whole.
"	III	The Indian Evidence Act (1872) Amendment Act, 1891.	Ditto.
"	X	The Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1891.	Ditto.
"	XII.	The Repealing and Amending Act, 1891...	Ditto.
"	XVIII	The Bankers' Books Evidence Act, 1891 ...	Ditto.
1892	II	The Marriages' Validation Act, 1892 ...	Ditto.
"	IV	The Court of Wards Act (Bengal) Amendment Act, 1892.	Ditto.
"	V	The Bengal Military Police Act, 1892 ...	Ditto.
"	VI	The Indian Limitation Act and Civil Procedure Code Amendment Act, 1892.	Ditto.
"	X	The Government Management of Private Estates Act, 1892.	Ditto.
1893	I	The Bankers' Books Evidence Act, 1893 ...	Ditto.
"	VII	The Inland Emigration Act, 1893 ...	Ditto.
1894	I	The Land Acquisition Act, 1894 ...	Ditto.
"	III	The Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1894.	Ditto.
"	VII	The Prisoners Act (1871) Amendment Act, 1894.	Ditto.
"	VIII	The Indian Tariff Act, 1894 ...	Ditto.
"	IX	The Prisons Act, 1894 ...	Ditto.
1895	III	The Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1895.	Ditto.
"	VIII	The Police Act (1861) Amendment Act, 1895.	Ditto.
1896	I	The Indian Emigration Act (1883) Amendment Act, 1896.	Ditto.
"	III	The Indian Tariff Act (1894) Amendment Act, 1896	Ditto.
"	V	The Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (1879) Amendment Act, 1896.	Ditto.
"	VI	The Indian Penal Code Amendment Act, 1896.	Ditto.
"	IX	The Indian Railways Act (1890) Amendment Act, 1896.	Ditto.
"	X	The Indian Volunteers Act Amendment Act, 1896.	Ditto.



1	2	3	4
Year.	Number.	Short title or subject.	Whole or part.

*Part II.—Acts of the Governor General of India in Council—concl'd.*

1897	III	The Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 ...	The whole.
"	VIII	The Reformatory Schools Act, 1897 ...	Ditto.
"	X	The General Clauses Act, 1897 ...	Ditto.
1898	III	The Lepers Act, 1898 ...	Ditto.
"	IV	The Indian Penal Code Amendment Act, 1898.	Ditto.
"	V	The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 ...	Ditto.
"	VI	The Indian Post Office Act, 1898 ...	Ditto.
"	IX	The Live-stock Importation Act, 1898 ...	Ditto.
1899	II	The Indian Stamp Act, 1899 ...	Ditto.
"	IV	The Government Buildings Act, 1899 ...	Ditto.
"	V	The Indian Evidence Act, 1899 ...	Ditto.
"	VIII	The Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 ...	So much as relates to dangerous petroleum and the importation of petroleum.
"	X	The Carriers Act, 1899 ...	The whole.
"	XI	The Court-fees Amendment Act, 1899 ...	Ditto.
"	XII	The Currency-Notes Forgery Act, 1899 ...	Ditto.
"	XIII	The Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899 ...	Ditto.
"	XIV	The Indian Tariff Amendment Act, 1899.	Ditto.

*Part III.—Acts of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council.*

1862	III	Sales of Land for Arrears of Revenue (amending Act XI of 1859).	The whole.
"	VII	Resumption of Revenue-free Lands ...	Ditto.
"	VIII	Zamindari daks ...	Ditto.
1864	IV	Alteration of Limits of Districts (amending Act XXI of 1836)	Ditto.
"	VII	Salt ...	Ditto.
1865	IV	Inoculation ...	Ditto.
"	VIII	Sale of Under-tenures ...	Ditto.
1866	III	Witnesses before Legislative Council ...	Ditto.
1867	II	Gambling ...	Ditto.
1868	IV	Assessment of New Lands (amending Act IX of 1847).	Ditto.
"	VII	Recovery of Arrears of Land-Revenue ...	Ditto.
1869	VII	Police ...	Ditto.
1871	II	Sales of Land for Arrears of Revenue (amending Bengal Act VII of 1868).	Ditto.

1	2	3	4
Year.	Number.	Short title or subject.	Whole or part.

*Part III.—Acts of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council—contd.*

1871	IV	The Puri Lodging-houses Act, 1871 ...	The whole.
1873	IV	Registration of Births and Deaths ...	Ditto.
1876	VII	The Land Registration Act, 1876 ...	Ditto.
1878	V	Land Registration (amending Bengal Act VII of 1876).	Ditto.
"	VII	The Bengal Excise Act, 1878...	Ditto.
1879	II	Lodging-houses ...	Ditto.
"	III	Steam-boilers ...	Ditto.
"	IX	The Court of Wards Act, 1879 ...	Ditto.
1880	VI	The Bengal Drainage Act, 1880 ...	Ditto.
1881	III	Court of Wards (amending Bengal Act IX of 1879).	Ditto.
"	IV	The Bengal Excise Act Amendment Act, 1881.	Ditto.
1883	I	Excise (amending Bengal Act VII of 1878).	Ditto.
1884	I	Puri Lodging-houses (amending Bengal Act IV of 1871).	Ditto.
"	III	The Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 ...	Ditto.
1885	I	The Bengal Ferries Act, 1885 ...	Ditto.
1886	III	Municipalities (amending Bengal Act III of 1884).	Ditto.
1889	I	The Inland Emigrants' Health Act, 1889...	Ditto.
1894	IV	Municipalities (amending Bengal Act III of 1884).	Ditto.
"	VI	Municipalities (amending Bengal Act IV of 1894).	Ditto.
1895	I	The Public Demands Recovery Act, 1895	Ditto.
"	V	The Lepers Act, 1895 ...	Ditto.
1896	II	Municipalities (amending Bengal Act III of 1884).	Ditto.
1897	V	The Estates Partition Act, 1897 ...	Ditto.
1899	I	The Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 ...	Ditto.

*Part IV.—Regulations made under the Government of India Act, 1870.*

1872	III	The Santhal Parganas Settlement Regulation.	The whole.
1886	II	The Santal Parganas Rent Regulation, 1886.	Ditto.
"	III	The Santal Parganas Laws Regulation, 1886.	Ditto.
1893	V	The Sonthal Parganas Justice Regulation, 1893.	Ditto.

J. M. MACPHERSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## HOME DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## PUBLIC.

*Simla, the 11th August, 1899.*

No. 1747.—In supersession of Home Department Notification No. 1670-Public, dated the 9th August, 1898, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), the Governor General in Council is pleased hereby to declare that acetylene when liquid or when subject to a pressure greater than  $1\frac{1}{2}$  atmospheres shall be deemed to be an explosive within the meaning of the said Act :

Provided that acetylene in admixture with oil-gas in a proportion not exceeding twenty parts by volume of acetylene in every one hundred parts of the mixture, when subjected to a pressure not exceeding one hundred and fifty pounds to the square inch, shall not be deemed to be an explosive within the meaning of the said Act :

Provided, further, that the acetylene and oil-gas shall be mixed together in a chamber or vessel before the gases are subjected to compression.

## EXAMINATIONS.

*The 11th August, 1899.*

No. 456 —The following Regulations respecting the examination of candidates for the Civil Service of India, to be held in August 1900, are published for general information :

*[Copies of this paper may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department.]*

## EXAMINATIONS FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

An open Competitive Examination for admission to the Civil Service of India will be held in London, under the subjoined Regulations, commencing on the 1st August, 1900.

*The number of persons to be selected at this Examination will be announced hereafter.*

*No person will be admitted to compete from whom the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, has not received on or before the 2nd July, 1900, an application on the prescribed form, accompanied by a list of the subjects in which the Candidate desires to be examined.*

*The Order for admission to the Examination will be posted on the 18th July, 1900, to the address given on the Form of Application. It will contain instructions as to the time and place at which candidates will be required to attend, and as to the manner in which the fee (£6) is to be paid.*

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,

*May, 1899.*

## REGULATIONS.

*\*\*\* The following Regulations, made by the Secretary of State for India in Council, are liable to alteration from year to year.*

1. An Examination for admission to the Civil Service of India, open to all qualified persons, will be held in London in August of each year. The date of the Examination and the number of appointments to be made for each Province will be announced beforehand by the Civil Service Commissioners.

2. No person will be deemed qualified who shall not satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners :

(i) That he is a natural-born subject of Her Majesty.

(ii) That he had attained the age of twenty-one, and had not attained the age of twenty-three, on the first day of the year in which the Examination is held.

[N.B.—In the case of Natives of India it will be necessary for a Candidate to obtain a certificate of age and nationality signed, should he be a resident in British India, by the Secretary to Government of the Province, or the Commissioner of the Division

within which his family resides, or should he reside in a Native State, by the highest Political Officer accredited to the State in which his family resides.]

(iii) That he has no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting him, or likely to unfit him, for the Civil Service of India.

(iv) That he is of good moral character.

3. Should the evidence upon the above points be *prima facie* satisfactory, to the Civil Service Commissioners, the Candidate, on payment of the prescribed fee, will be admitted to the Examination. The Commissioners may, however, in their discretion at any time prior to the grant of the Certificate of Qualification hereinafter referred to institute such further inquiries as they may deem necessary; and if the result of such inquiries, in the case of any Candidate, should be unsatisfactory to them in any of the above respects, he will be ineligible for admission to the Civil Service of India, and if already selected, will be removed from the position of a Probationer.

4. The Open Competitive Examination will take place only in the following branches of knowledge:

	Marks.
English Composition ... ..	500
Sanskrit Language and Literature ... ..	500
Arabic Language and Literature ... ..	500
Greek Language and Literature ... ..	750
Latin Language and Literature ... ..	750
English Language and Literature (including special period named by the Commissioners) (a) ... ..	500
French Language and Literature ... ..	500
German Language and Literature ... ..	500
Mathematics (pure and applied) ... ..	900
Advanced Mathematical subjects (pure and applied) ... ..	900
Natural Science, i.e., any number not exceeding three of the following subjects:	
Elementary Chemistry and Elementary Physics ... ..	600
(N.B.—This subject may not be taken up by those who offer either Higher Chemistry or Higher Physics.)	
Higher Chemistry ... ..	600
Higher Physics ... ..	600
Geology ... ..	600
Botany ... ..	600
Zoology ... ..	600
Animal Physiology ... ..	600
Greek History (Ancient, including Constitution) ... ..	400
Roman History (Ancient, including Constitution) ... ..	400
English History ... ..	500
General Modern History (one of the periods specified in the syllabus issued by the Commissioners) (a) ... ..	500
Logic and Mental Philosophy (Ancient and Modern) ... ..	400
Moral Philosophy (Ancient and Modern) ... ..	400
Political Economy and Economic History ... ..	500
Political Science (including Analytical Jurisprudence, the Early History of Institutions, and Theory of Legislation) ... ..	500
Roman Law ... ..	500
English Law. Under the head of "English Law" shall be included the following subjects, viz.: (1) Law of Contract; (2) Law of Evidence; (3) Law of the Constitution; (4) Criminal Law; (5) Law of Real Property; and of these five subjects Candidates shall be at liberty to offer any four, but not more than four ... ..	500

Candidates are at liberty to name any or all of these branches of knowledge (a). None is obligatory.

5. The merit of the persons examined will be estimated by marks; and the number set opposite to each branch in the preceding regulation denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it.

6. The marks assigned to Candidates in each branch will be subject to such deduction as the Civil Service Commissioners may deem necessary (b) in order to secure that no credit be allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

7. The Examination will be conducted on paper and *viva voce*, as may be deemed necessary.

8. The marks obtained by each Candidate, in respect of each of the branches in which he shall have been examined, will be added up, and the names of the several Candidates who shall have obtained, after the deduction above-mentioned, a greater aggregate number

(a) A Syllabus, defining the character of the Examination in the various subjects, may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission.

(b) No deduction will be made from the marks assigned to Candidates in Mathematics or English Composition.

of marks than any of the remaining Candidates, will be set forth in order of merit, and such Candidates shall be deemed to be selected Candidates for the Civil Service of India, provided they appear to be in other respects duly qualified. Should any of the selected Candidates become disqualified, the Secretary of State for India will determine whether the vacancy thus created shall be filled up or not. In the former case, the Candidate next in order of merit, and in other respects duly qualified, shall be deemed to be a selected Candidate. A Candidate entitled to be deemed a selected Candidate, but declining to accept the nomination as such, which may be offered to him, will be disqualified for any subsequent competition.

9. Selected Candidates, before proceeding to India, will be on probation for one year, at the end of which time they will be examined, with a view of testing their progress in the following subjects (c) :

**Compulsory—**

	Marks.
1. Indian Penal Code ... ..	250
2. Code of Criminal Procedure ... ..	250
3. The Indian Evidence Act ... ..	250
4. The principal Vernacular Language of the Province to which the Candidate is assigned ... ..	400

**Optional. [Not more than two of the following subjects.]**

1. The Code of Civil Procedure and the Indian Contract Act ... ..	400
2. Hindu and Muhammadan Law ... ..	450
3. Sanskrit ... ..	400
4. Arabic ... ..	400
5. Persian ... ..	400
6. History of British India ... ..	350
7. Chinese (for Candidates assigned to the Province of Burma only) ... ..	400

\* The principal Vernacular Language prescribed for each Province to which Candidates are assigned, is as follows:

For the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, the Punjab, and the Central Provinces...	Hindustani.	
For Burma ... ..	Burmese.	
For Bombay ... ..	Marathi.	
For Madras ... ..	Tamil or Telugu	} At the option of the Candidate.
For the Lower Provinces of Bengal.	Hindustani or Bengali	

In Hindustani the Candidate will be required to be acquainted with both the Persian and the Nagari character; and in the case of the last two Provinces mentioned above, a Candidate whose Vernacular Language is either of the languages shown against his Province, must offer the other for examination.

† These subjects may not be offered by any Candidate who has offered them at the Open Competition.

In this Examination, as in the Open Competition, the merit of the Candidates examined will be estimated by marks (which will be subject to deductions in the same way as the marks assigned at the Open Competition), and the number set opposite to each subject denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it. The Examination will be conducted on paper and *vis à voce*, as may be deemed necessary. This Examination will be held at the close of the year of probation, and will be called the "Final Examination."

If any Candidate is prevented by sickness or any other adequate cause from attending such examination, the Commissioners may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State for India in Council, allow him to appear at the Final Examination to be held in the following year, or at a special examination.

10. The selected Candidates will also be tested during their probation as to their proficiency in Riding.

The examinations in riding will be held as follows :

- (1) Shortly after the result of the Open Competitive Examination has been declared, or at such time or times as the Commissioners may appoint during the course of the probationary year.
- (2) Again, at the time of the Final Examination, Candidates who may fully satisfy the Commissioners of their ability to ride well and to perform journeys on horseback, shall receive a Certificate which shall entitle them to be credited

(c) Instructions, showing the extent of the Examination, will be issued to the successful Candidates as soon as possible after the result of the Open Competition is declared.



with 200 or 100 marks, according to the degree of proficiency displayed, to be added to their marks, in the Final Examination.

- (3) Candidates who fail to obtain this Certificate, but who gain a Certificate of minimum proficiency in riding, will be allowed to proceed to India, but will be subjected on their arrival to such further tests in riding as may be prescribed by their Government, and shall receive no increase to their initial salary until they have passed such tests to the satisfaction of that Government. A Candidate who fails at the end of the year of probation to gain at least the Certificate of minimum proficiency in riding, will be liable to have his name removed from the list of Selected Candidates.

11. The selected Candidates who, on examination, shall be found to have a competent knowledge of the subjects specified in Regulation 9, and who shall have satisfied the Civil Service Commissioners of their eligibility in respect of nationality, age, health character, conduct during the period of probation, and ability to ride, shall be certified by the said Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India, provided they shall comply with the regulations in force, at the time, for that Service.

12. Persons desirous to be admitted as Candidates, must apply on Forms, which may be obtained from "The Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, S.W.," at any time after the 1st December, in the year previous to that in which the Examination is to be held. The Forms must be returned so as to be received at the office of the Civil Service Commissioners on or before the 1st July (or, if that date should fall upon a Sunday or public holiday, then, on or before the first day thereafter on which their office is open), in the year in which the Examination is to be held.

The Civil Service Commissioners are authorized by the Secretary of State for India in Council to make the following announcements:

(i) *Selected Candidates will be allotted to the various provinces upon a consideration of all the circumstances, including their own wishes; but the requirements of the Public Service will rank before every other consideration.*

(ii) *An allowance amounting to £100 will be given to all Candidates who pass their probation at one of the Universities or Colleges which have been approved by the Secretary of State, viz., the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge, Dublin, Glasgow, Edinburgh, St. Andrews, and Aberdeen; Victoria University, Manchester; University College, London; and King's College, London; provided such Candidates shall have passed the Final Examination to the satisfaction of the Civil Service Commissioners, and shall have conducted themselves well and complied with such rules as may be laid down for the guidance of Selected Candidates. The whole Probation must ordinarily be passed at the same Institution. Migration will not be permitted except for special reasons approved by the Secretary of State.*

(iii) *The allowance of £100 will not be paid to any Selected Candidate until he has been certified by the Civil Service Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India; and every Certificated Candidate must, before receiving his allowance, give a written undertaking to refund the amount in the event of his failing to proceed to India.*

(iv) *All Candidates obtaining Certificates will be also required to enter into covenants, by which, amongst other things, they will bind themselves to make such payments as under the rules and regulations for the time being in force, they may be required to make towards their own pensions or for the pensions of their families. The stamps payable on these covenants amount to £1.*

(v) *The seniority in the Civil Service of India of the Selected Candidates will be determined according to the order in which they stand on the list resulting from the combined marks of the Open Competition and Final Examinations.*

(vi) *Selected Candidates will be required to report their arrival in India within such period after the grant of their Certificate of Qualification as the Secretary of State may in each case direct.*

(vii) *Candidates rejected at the Final Examination held in any year will in no case be allowed to present themselves for re-examination.*

N.B.—A Manual of Rules and Regulations applicable to members of the covenanted Civil Service of India has been compiled by permission of the Government of India and may now be procured either from Messrs. A. Constable & Co., 2, Whitehall Gardens, S.W., or from Mr. E. A. Arnold, 37, Bedford Street, Covent Garden. Price 2s. 6d.

The Commissioners have been requested by the Secretary of State for India to draw the attention of Selected Candidates to the prefatory note attached to this manual, as it is considered important that it should be clearly understood that this compilation is not to be regarded in any other light than that of a collection, made for facility of reference, of certain information and rules, that it is by no means exhaustive, and that it is liable to such modifications as may from time to time be sanctioned by competent authority.

[Copies of this paper may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department.]

# CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

## OPEN COMPETITION OF 1900.

### FORM TO BE FILLED UP BY CANDIDATES FOR EXAMINATION.

\* \* The order for admission to the Examination will not be issued unless this form, filled up by the Candidate himself, is received by the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission on or before the 2nd July, 1900.

Date \_\_\_\_\_

SIR,

I beg to inform you that I wish to be a Candidate at the Examination for the Civil Service of India, which is appointed to commence in London on the 1st of August, 1900.

I hereby declare that I was born on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18\_\_\_\_, and that therefore I had attained the age of 21 years and had not attained the age of 23 years on the 1st of January, 1900; I also declare that I have no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting me, or likely to unfit me, for the Civil Service of India; and that I am of good moral character, and otherwise eligible under the Regulations.

This should be given on the form attached.

I send herewith a statement of the subjects in which I desire to be examined.

\* Candidates who are not Natives of India should strike out this paragraph.

I also send herewith a Certificate of my Birth issued under Notification of the Government of India, No. 2252, dated 21st August, 1888, as amended by Notification No. 404, dated 19th May, 1898.

Candidates not born within the British Dominions should state this fact in a separate letter.

I have also to state, with reference to Section 2, Clause (i) of the Regulations, that I am a natural-born subject of Her Majesty.

\* If you have never been examined, insert here the word "never."

† If you have been examined, give the date, &c., of the last occasion.

I beg further to add that I have\* \_\_\_\_\_ been examined under the directions of the Civil Service Commissioners in the year 18\_\_\_\_,† as a Candidate for the situation of \_\_\_\_\_

I am, SIR,  
Your obedient Servant,

Name in full \_\_\_\_\_

‡ If a London address, state postal district; if a country, state the post town.

Address to which it is desired that the order for Examination should be sent \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

To the Secretary,  
Civil Service Commission.

No certificates of age, health, and character, except as mentioned above, should be supplied until the result of the Examination is known.

☞ If Candidates who fill up and return this Application Form do not receive an acknowledgment of it within four complete days, they should write to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, 68, Victoria Street, London, S. W.

N.B.—Attention is drawn to the annexed Form, which must be filled up by every Candidate.

## EVIDENCE OF AGE TO BE REQUIRED FROM CANDIDATES FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

I. Every Candidate born in the United Kingdom should be prepared to produce, when required, a Certificate from the Registrar-General of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, or from one of his provincial Officers. This Certificate may be obtained from the Registrar-General in London, Dublin or Edinburgh, or from the Superintendent Registrar of the District in which the birth took place.

II. A Candidate born of European parents in India should be prepared to produce, when required, a Certificate of Baptism from the district in which he was baptised. If this does not also mention the date of birth, it should be accompanied by a statutory declaration by one of the Candidate's parents, stating the date and place of birth. When such certificates are not in the possession of the candidates an Extract from the Registers kept at the India Office will probably be obtainable.

III. A Candidate who is a Native of India must, *before he can be admitted to the competition*, have his age and nationality certified by the Government of India, or of the Presidency or Province in which he may have resided.

*[No Certificates except those issued under Notification of the Government of India, No. 2252, dated 21st August, 1888, will be accepted for this competition.]*

Except as noted in paragraphs II and III, every Candidate who proves to be successful is expected to produce a Certificate of Birth. The Civil Service Commissioners will not in ordinary cases accept a Certificate of Baptism, or other testimony, unless they are first satisfied that a Certificate of Birth cannot be procured.

Official Certificates of Birth may generally be obtained as follows :

- (a) *For persons born in England or Wales since 30th June, 1837.*—From the Registrar-General, Somerset House, London, or from the Superintendent Registrar of the district in which the birth took place.
- (b) *For persons born in Scotland since 31st December, 1854.*—From the General Register Office, Edinburgh ; or from the Registrar of the parish or district in which the birth took place.
- (c) *For persons born in Ireland since 31st December, 1863.*—From the General Register Office, Dublin ; or from the Superintendent Registrar of the district in which the birth took place.
- (d) *For persons of English, Scottish, or Irish parentage born on board British ships since the dates mentioned in (a), (b), and (c) respectively.*—From the General Register Office, London, Edinburgh, or Dublin, according to parentage.
- (e) *For persons born in India of European parents.*—From the Director of Funds, India Office, London, S. W. [These are Certificates of Baptism, but they usually furnish the date of birth, and are then accepted as Certificates of Birth.]

Any Candidate who cannot produce a Certificate of Birth from one of the authorities named should, if possible, procure a Certificate of Baptism, and should then apply to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, for further instructions.

## CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

### OPEN COMPETITION OF 1900.

SELECTION OF SUBJECTS TO BE FILLED UP AND RETURNED WITH THE FORM  
OF APPLICATION.

\* \* Place your Initials against the Subjects which you select, and sign your name in  
the place indicated on the next page.

#### INITIALS.

.....	English Composition.
.....	Sanskrit Language and Literature.
.....	Arabic Language and Literature.
.....	Greek Language and Literature.
.....	Latin Language and Literature.

.....	English Language and Literature.
.....	† French Language and Literature.
.....	† German Language and Literature.
.....	Mathematics (pure and applied).
.....	Advanced Mathematical Subjects (pure and applied).
.....	Natural Science, <i>vis.</i> :
.....	† Elementary Chemistry and Elementary Physics. ( <i>N.B.</i> —This subject may not be taken up by those who offer either Higher Chemistry or Higher Physics.)
.....	† Higher Chemistry.
.....	† Higher Physics.
.....	† Geology.
.....	† Botany.
.....	† Zoology.
.....	† Animal Physiology.
.....	Greek History.
.....	Roman History.
.....	English History.
.....	General Modern History. Period _____
.....	Logic and Mental Philosophy.
.....	Moral Philosophy.
.....	Political Economy and Economic History.
.....	Political Science.
.....	Roman Law.
.....	English Law.

*In addition to the Written Examination there will be an Oral Examination in each of the subjects marked thus †, and a Practical Examination in each of the subjects marked thus ‡.*

*The Oral Examinations in Modern Languages being intended as colloquial tests, no marks will be given at them to Candidates who are not able to converse.*

*Any Candidate, who wishes to decline the Oral Examination or the Practical Examination in any of the subjects selected by him, should state this in the blank space below—*

*Signature* \_\_\_\_\_

*Date* \_\_\_\_\_

*To the Secretary,  
Civil Service Commission,  
68, Victoria Street,  
London, S. W.*

*[Copies of this paper may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department.]*

### CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA. CLERKSHIPS (CLASS I) IN THE HOME CIVIL SERVICE; AND EASTERN CADETSHIPS.

*SYLLABUS showing the extent of the Examination in certain subjects.*

*English Composition.*—An Essay to be written on one of several subjects specified by the Civil Service Commissioners on their Examination Paper.

**English Language and Literature.**—The Examination will be in two parts. In the one the Candidates will be expected to show a general acquaintance with the course of English Literature, as represented (mainly) by the following writers in verse and prose, between the reign of Edward III and the accession of Queen Victoria :

Verse—Chaucer, Langland, Spenser, Shakespeare, Milton, Dryden, Pope, Gray, Collins, Johnson, Goldsmith, Crabbe, Cowper, Campbell, Wordsworth, Scott, Byron, Coleridge, Shelley, Keats.

Prose—Bacon, Sir Thomas Browne, Milton, Cowley, Bunyan, Dryden, Swift, Defoe, Addison, Johnson, Burke, Scott, Macaulay (Essays and Biographies).

A minute knowledge of the works of these authors will not be looked for in this part of the Examination, which will, however, test how far the Candidates have studied the chief productions of the greatest English writers *in themselves*, and are acquainted with the leading characteristics of their thought and style, and with the place which each of them occupies in the history of English Literature. Candidates will also be expected to show that they have studied in these authors the history of the English Language in respect of its vocabulary, syntax, and prosody.

The other part of the Examination will relate to one of the periods named below, which will follow each other year by year in the order indicated.

- |        |   |
|--------|---|
| 1.     | A.D. 1360 to A.D. 1600                              |
| (1900) | [Chaucer to Spenser.]                               |
| 2.     | A.D. 1600 to A.D. 1700                              |
| (1901) | [Shakespeare to Dryden.]                            |
| 3.     | A.D. 1700 to A.D. 1800                              |
| (1902) | [Pope to Cowper.]                                   |
| 4.     | A.D. 1800 to A.D. 1832                              |
| (1903) | [Nineteenth Century writers to the death of Scott.] |

The Examination in this part will require from Candidates a more minute acquaintance with the history of the English Language and Literature, as illustrated in the chief works produced in each period, and will be based to a considerable extent, but by no means exclusively, on certain books specified each year by the Commissioners.\* The names placed under the dates are intended to suggest the general character of the literary development of the period, and, consequently, the natural limits of the Examination. All the works of Shakespeare, for example, will be regarded as falling within the period 1600 to 1700; all the works of Swift within the period 1700 to 1800; all the works of Scott and Wordsworth, and all the works of Macaulay within the period 1800 to 1832.

**French Language and Literature.**—Translation from French into English, and from English into French. Critical questions on the French Language and Literature.

**German Language and Literature.**—Translation from German into English, and from English into German. Critical questions on the German Language and Literature.

**Latin Language and Literature.**—Translation from Latin into English, Composition in Prose and Verse, or (as an alternative for Verse-Composition) a Latin Essay or Letter. Critical questions on the Latin Language (including questions on Philology) and Literature.

**Greek Language and Literature.**—Translation from Greek into English, Composition in Prose and Verse, or (as an alternative for Verse-Composition) a Greek Dialogue or Oration. Critical questions on the Greek Language (including questions on Philology) and Literature.

**Sanskrit Language and Literature.**—Translation from Sanskrit into English, and from English into Sanskrit. History of Sanskrit Literature (including knowledge

\* The books for 1900 are :—

Spencer : *Frery Queen*. Books II and V.

*Shepherd's Kalendar*.

Chaucer : *Legend of Good Women*.

*Prologue to Canterbury Tales*.

Langland : *Piers Plowman*.

Lyly : *Euphues*.

Latimer : *Sermons*.

James I of Scotland : *King's Quhair*.



of such Indian history as bears upon the subject); Sanskrit Grammar; Vedic Philology.

*Arabic Language and Literature.*—Translations as in Sanskrit; History of Arabic Literature (including knowledge of such Arabic History as bears upon the subject); Arabic Grammar; Arabic Prosody.

*English History.*—General questions on English History from A.D. 800 to A.D. 1848; questions on the Constitutional History of England from A.D. 800 to A.D. 1848.

*General Modern History.*—Candidates may, at their choice, be examined in any one of the following periods:

1. From the accession of Charlemagne to the Third Crusade.  
[A.D. 800 to A.D. 1193.]
2. From the Third Crusade to the Diet of Worms.  
[A. D. 1193 to A.D. 1521.]
3. From the Diet of Worms to the death of Louis XIV.  
[A.D. 1521 to A.D. 1715.]
4. From the accession of Louis XV to the French Revolution of 1848.  
[A.D. 1715 to A.D. 1848.]

Periods 3 and 4 will include Indian History.

*Greek History.*—Questions on the General History of Greece to the death of Alexander; questions on the Constitutional History of Greece during the same period.

*Roman History.*—Questions on the General History of Rome to the death of Vespasian; questions on the Constitutional History of Rome during the same period.

In Greek and Roman History candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of the original authorities.

*Mathematics.*—Pure Mathematics:—Algebra, Geometry (Euclid and Geometrical Conic Sections), Plane Trigonometry, Plane Analytical Geometry (less advanced portions), Differential Calculus (Elementary), Integral Calculus (Elementary).

Applied Mathematics:—Statics, Dynamics of a Particle, Hydrostatics, Geometrical Optics; all treated without the aid of the Differential or Integral Calculus.

*Advanced Mathematics.*—Pure Mathematics:—Higher Algebra, including Theory of Equations, Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, Differential Calculus, Integral Calculus, Differential Equations, Analytical Geometry, Plane and Solid.

Applied Mathematics:—Statics including Attractions, Dynamics of a Particle, Rigid Dynamics, Hydrodynamics, the Mathematical Theory of Electricity and Magnetism.

*Political Economy and Economic History.*—Candidates will be expected to possess a knowledge of economic theory as treated in the larger text-books, also a knowledge of the existing economic conditions, and of statistical methods as applied to economic inquiries, together with a general knowledge of the history of industry, land tenure and economic legislation in the United Kingdom.

*Logic and Mental Philosophy* (Ancient and Modern).—Logic will include both Deductive and Inductive Logic. Mental Philosophy will include Psychology and Metaphysics.

*Political Science.*—The Examination will not be confined to Analytical Jurisprudence, Early Institutions, and Theory of Legislation, but may embrace Comparative Politics, the History of Political Theories, &c.

Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of original authorities.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,

June, 1899.

#### MEDICAL.

The 9th August, 1899.

No. 1295.—The services of Captain H. A. L. Howell, R.A.M.C., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

*The 11th August, 1899.*

No. 1328.—The services of Lieutenant W. T. Barry, 2nd Bengal Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

No. 1332.—The services of the undermentioned officers are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department :

Captain A. Grant, 2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkhas.  
 Captain H. L. Stanton, 3rd Bengal Infantry.  
 Captain H. G. Maxwell, 16th Bengal Cavalry.  
 Captain F. B. Hill, 34th Pioneers.  
 Lieutenant J. McK. T. Hogg, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

SANITARY.  
Plague.

*The 11th August, 1899.*

No. 2393.—It is notified for general information that Roumania has removed the interdict against goods from Rangoon.

No. 2394.—The following Notices of the Board of Trade are published for general information :

(F. & H. 9872.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, July 4, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the following copy of a Decree modifying the Quarantine Regulations hitherto in force for vessels arriving in French ports from plague-stricken countries, *vis.* :

Le Président de la République française,

Sur le rapport du président du conseil, ministre de l'intérieur et des cultes, et du ministre des finances,

Vu l'article 1<sup>er</sup> de la loi du 3 Mars 1822 sur la police sanitaire ;

Vu le décret du 4 Janvier 1896,\* portant règlement du police sanitaire maritime ;

Vu le décret du 15 Avril 1897,† relatif aux provenances des pays contaminés de peste

Vu les avis du comité de direction des services de l'hygiène des 5 et 12 Juin 1899 ;

Vu le règlement sanitaire général annexé à la convention sanitaire de Venise du 19 Mars 1897 (chap. 2, titre IV), relatif aux marchandises ou objets susceptibles d'être prohibés à l'importation, ainsi que le titre VIII relatif aux mesures à prendre dans les ports,

Décète :

ART. 1<sup>er</sup> L'article 4 du décret du 15 Avril 1897 est modifié comme suit :

"Aucun navire provenant d'une localité reconnue contaminée de peste ou portant des objets énumérés à l'article 3 ne pourra pénétrer en France ou en Algérie que par un des ports suivants : Marseille, Alger, Pauillac, Saint-Nazaire, le Havre et Dunkerque, sauf les navires armés exclusivement en vue du transport des jutes, qui pourront pénétrer en France par le port de Boulogne."

ART. 2. Les prescriptions de l'article 5 du décret ci-dessus visé du 15 Avril 1897, relatives aux certificats d'origine des marchandises visées au dit décret, sont applicables aux provenances de tous les ports compris entre les bouches du Gange et la mer Rouge, y compris Ceylan et les ports du golfe Persique, ainsi qu'aux provenances des ports de la mer Rouge et de l'Egypte situés sur la Méditerranée.

ART. 3. Les articles 56, 57, 59 et 60 du décret du 4 Janvier 1896 sont modifiés comme suit :

"ART. 56. Est considéré comme indemne, bien que venant d'une circonscription contaminée, le navire qui n'a eu ni décès ni cas de maladie pestilentielle à bord soit avant le départ, soit pendant la traversée, soit au moment de l'arrivée.

"Est considéré comme suspect le navire à bord duquel il y a eu un ou plusieurs cas, confirmés ou suspects, au moment du départ ou pendant la traversée, mais aucun cas

\* See Home Department Notification No. 752, dated the 26th February 1897, published at pages 143 to 156 of Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 27th idem.

† See Home Department Notification No. 1543, dated the 21st May 1897, published at page 356 of Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 22nd idem.

nouveau de choléra, depuis sept jours, de fièvre jaune depuis neuf jours ou de peste depuis douze jours.

“ Est considéré comme infecté le navire qui présente à bord un ou plusieurs cas, confirmés ou suspects, d'une maladie pestilentielle ou qui en a présenté pour le choléra depuis moins de sept jours, pour la fièvre jaune depuis moins de neuf jours et pour la peste depuis moins de douze jours.

“ ART. 57. Le navire indemne est soumis au régime suivant :

“ 1° Visite médicale des passagers et de l'équipage ;

“ 2° Désinfection du linge sale, des effets à usage, des objets de literie ainsi que de tous autres objets ou bagages que l'autorité sanitaire du port considère comme contaminés.

“ Si le navire a quitté la circonscription contaminée depuis plus de cinq jours en cas de choléra, depuis plus de sept jours en cas de fièvre jaune et de dix jours en cas de peste, les mesures ci-dessus sont immédiatement prises et le navire est admis à la libre pratique.

“ Si le navire a quitté depuis moins de cinq jours une circonscription contaminée de choléra, il est délivré à chaque passager un passeport sanitaire indiquant la date du jour où le navire a quitté le port contaminé, le nom du passager et celui de la commune dans laquelle il déclare se rendre. L'autorité sanitaire donne en même temps avis du départ du passager au maire de cette commune, et appelle son attention sur la nécessité de surveiller ledit passager, au point de vue sanitaire, jusqu'à l'expiration de cinq jours à dater du départ du navire. (Surveillance sanitaire.)

“ L'équipage est soumis à la même surveillance sanitaire.

“ Si la circonscription quittée par le navire depuis moins de sept jours était contaminée de fièvre jaune ou depuis moins de dix jours était contaminée de peste, les mêmes précautions sont prises, sauf les modifications suivantes :

“ 1° Le délai de surveillance est porté à sept jours en cas de fièvre jaune ou à dix jours en cas de peste ;

“ 2° Le déchargement des marchandises n'est commencé qu'après le débarquement de tous les passagers ;

“ 3° L'autorité sanitaire peut ordonner la désinfection de tout ou partie du navire ; mais cette désinfection n'est faite qu'après le débarquement des passagers.

“ Dans tous les cas, l'eau potable du bord est renouvelée et les eaux de cale sont évacuées après désinfection.

“ ART. 59. Le navire infecté est soumis au régime suivant :

“ 1° Les malades sont immédiatement débarqués et isolés jusqu'à leur guérison.

“ 2° Les autres personnes sont ensuite débarquées aussi rapidement que possible et soumises à une observation dont la durée varie selon l'état sanitaire du navire et selon la date du dernier cas. La durée de cette observation ne pourra dépasser cinq jours pour le choléra, sept jours pour la fièvre jaune et dix jours pour la peste après le débarquement ou après le dernier cas survenu parmi les personnes débarquées ; celles-ci sont divisées par groupes aussi peu nombreux que possible, de façon que si des accidents se montraient dans un groupe, la durée de l'isolement ne fût pas augmenté pour tous les passagers.

“ 3° Le linge sale, les effets à usage, les objets de literie, ainsi que tous les autres objets au bagages que l'autorité sanitaire du port considère comme contaminés, sont désinfectés.

“ 4° L'eau potable du bord est renouvelée. Les eaux de cale sont évacuées après désinfection.

“ 5° Il est procédé à la désinfection du navire ou de la partie du navire contaminée après le débarquement des passagers et, s'il y a lieu, le déchargement des marchandises.

“ Si la maladie qui s'est manifestée à bord est la fièvre jaune ou la peste, le déchargement des marchandises n'est commencé qu'après le débarquement de tous les passagers et la désinfection du navire n'est opérée qu'après le déchargement.

“ ART. 60. Dans tous les cas, les personnes qui ont été chargées de la désinfection totale ou partielle du navire, qui ont procédé, avant ou pendant la désinfection du navire, au déchargement et à la désinfection des marchandises ou qui sont restées à bord pendant l'accomplissement de ces opérations sont isolées pendant un délai que fixe l'autorité sanitaire et qui ne peut dépasser, à partir de la fin des dites opérations, cinq jours pour les navires en patente brute de choléra, sept jours pour les navires en patente brute de fièvre jaune ou dix jours pour les navires en patente brute de peste.

“ Le navire est soumis à l'isolement jusqu'à ce que les opérations de déchargement et de désinfection pratiquées à bord soient terminées.”

ART. 4. Le président du conseil, ministre de l'intérieur et des cultes, et le ministre des finances sont chargés, chacun en ce qui le concerne, de l'exécution du présent décret, qui sera publié au Journal Officiel et inséré au Bulletin des lois.

Fait à Paris, le 5 Juin, 1899.

EMILE LOUBET.

Par le Président de la République :

Le Président du Conseil,

Ministre de l'intérieur et des cultes,

CHARLES DUPUY.

Le Ministre des Finances,

P. PEYTRAL.

(F. & H. 9995.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, July 7, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at Christiania, transmitting the following Notice respecting Quarantine, *vis.* :

Justice and Police Department,

Christiania, 29th June, 1899.

A Royal Proclamation has been issued, dated the 27th instant, to the following effect :

"With reference to the Royal Proclamation of the 1st February, 1897,\* notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 2 of the Quarantine Law of the 12th July, 1848, that the ports in Egypt and the Island of Mauritius shall, until further notice, be regarded as infected with the Oriental pest, and that the regulations contained in the said law relating to quarantine against pest are to be immediately put into force in conformity hereto.

"Whereunto all those whom it may concern have humbly to submit themselves."

In informing you of the above, the fact is re-called that the Proclamation in question of the 1st of February, 1897, declares ports in Arabia, Persia, India, and Formosa, and the Pescadores in Eastern Asia, to be regarded as infected with Oriental pest until further notice.

I have to add that unloading quarantine can at present only be undergone at the Odderø Quarantine Station near Christiansand. See § 8 in the Quarantine Law of the 12th July, 1848, and § 11 of the Quarantine Regulation of the 10th February, 1849.

EMAR LOCHEN.

L. ESMARCH.\*

(F. & H. 9997.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, July 7, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at Galatz, intimating that 10 days' quarantine is imposed on arrivals from Egypt, Arabia, six days' on arrivals from India, and medical inspection on arrivals from Burmah and Sulina.

† (F. & H. 10115.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, July 11, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Circular issued by the Bulgarian Government, *vis.* :

Ministère des Affaires Etrangères et des Cultes, Sofi.

Le 19 Juin (1 Juillet) 1899.

\* See Home Department Notification No. 1093, dated the 26th March 1897, published at pages 234—235 of the *Gazette of India* of the 27th idem.

† NOTE.—For previous rules relating to Bulgaria, see Home Department Notification No. 2211, dated the 14th July 1899, published at page 679 of Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 15th idem.

## No. 7536 Circulaire.

Le Ministère des Affaires Etrangères a l'honneur d'informer l'Agence diplomatique de Sa Majesté Britannique que, sur l'avis du Conseil Médical Supérieur de la Principauté et en complément des Ordonnances sous les Nos. 136 et 179 des 28 Avril et 22 Mai a.c., le Département de l'intérieur a édictée, par une Ordonnance sub No. 224 en date du 14 Juin courant, les mesures quaranténaires suivantes :

Les sacs venant des Indes ou d'autres localités contaminées par la peste et qui auraient été transbordés sur d'autres navires dans un port européen quelconque ou bien qui auraient été déchargés dans un port européen quelconque et de là chargés à destination de la Principauté, comme aussi les vieux sacs ayant servi venant de localités non contaminées, ne peuvent être importés en Bulgarie que par les ports de Bourgas et de Varna, après avoir subi une désinfection rigoureuse par la vapeur.

Tout les autres points-frontières de la Principauté sont fermés pour de pareils sacs.

A l'honorable,

Agence diplomatique et Consulat Général,  
de Sa Majesté Britannique, Sofia.

## PORT BLAIR.

*The 5th August, 1899.*

No. 508.—Mr. P. Vaux, Officiating 7th Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair, is granted privilege leave for three months and fifteen days, with effect from the 26th September 1899.

## JUDICIAL.

*The 11th August, 1899.*

No. 1118.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 22 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply to carbide of calcium the provisions of sections 5, 6, 8 to 10, 12 to 18, 23 and 24 of the said Act and to fix 5 lbs. as the limit of the quantity of carbide of calcium which, under section 5 of the said Act, as applied by this Notification, may not be imported, transported, or kept without a license, and to fix 5 lbs. as the limit of the quantity of carbide of calcium which, under section 6 of the said Act, may be transported, or kept by any one person, or on the same premises, without a license.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the said Act the Governor General in Council is further pleased to make the following rules :—

1. Carbide of calcium kept or transported without a license, under section 6 of the said Act, as applied by this Notification, shall be kept in separate substantial hermetically closed metal vessels containing not more than 1 lb. each.

2. Carbide of calcium (a) which is imported or is kept at any place after seven days from the date of its importation, or (b) which is transported, or (c) which is sold or exposed for sale, shall be contained in hermetically closed metal vessels, having attached thereto labels in conspicuous characters stating the description of the carbide of calcium with the addition of the words "Dangerous if not kept dry and liable, if brought into contact with moisture, to give off a highly inflammable gas" and with the addition, (d) in the case of a vessel kept, of the name and address of the consignee or owner; (e) in the case of a vessel transported, of the name and address of the sender; and (f) in the case of a vessel sold or exposed for sale, of the name and address of the vendor.

## POLICE.

*The 11th August, 1899.*

No. 390.—The services of Mr. J. R. Berington, District Superintendent of Police, Assam, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*



## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

### NOTIFICATION.

#### GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

*Simla, the 8th August, 1899.*

**No. 2681-50-8.**—Mr. T. H. Holland, Deputy Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is appointed to officiate as a Superintendent, with effect from the forenoon of the 6th July 1899, during the absence of Mr. R. D. Oldham, on furlough.

Mr. H. H. Hayden, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Superintendent, with effect from the forenoon of the 6th July 1899, *vice* Mr. T. H. Holland.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 5th August, 1899.*

**No. 1252-G.**—Mr. W. E. Jardine, of the Indian Civil Service, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, and First Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in Central India, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-six days, with effect from the 10th August, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

**No. 1253-G.**—Captain C. J. Windham, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 1st) class, is posted temporarily as First Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in Central India.

*The 10th August, 1899.*

**No. 1274-G.**—With reference to notification No. 931-G., dated the 9th June, 1899, the provisional appointment of Mr. G. D. Advocaat, as Consul General for the Netherlands at Calcutta has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

**No. 1280-G.**—Captain W. E. A. Armstrong, Indian Medical Service (Madras), Residency Surgeon and *ex-officio* Assistant to the Resident in Nepal, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 8th September, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

**No. 1282-G.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Monsieur René Caillé, as Consular Agent for France at Madras.

*The 11th August, 1899.*

**No. 1294-G.**—Mr. L. T. Harris, of the Indian Civil Service, Madras Establishment, is confirmed in the appointment of District Magistrate and Collector of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, with effect from the 4th May, 1899.

**No. 1296-G.**—Mr. R. Obbard, of the Indian Civil Service, Judicial Commissioner of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, is granted furlough for two years, under article 340 (c) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st August 1899, or the subsequent date on which he availed himself of the furlough.

**No. 2290-I.A.**—The following corrections are made in the names of certain of the persons of the Bombay Presidency upon whom titles were conferred by Foreign Department notification dated the 3rd June, 1899 :

**No. 1464-I.A.**—For "Ramji Bhagwan Bhagat" read "Kanji Bhugwan Bhagat."

For "Dr. Shamsabul Sitaram Misri" read "Shamsabal Sitaram Misir."

For "Dayabhai Kalianji Desai" read "Dalpatbhai Khandobhai Desai."

**No. 2291-I.B.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to invest Mr. J. R. Tregear, Acting Superintendent of Police, Bombay, Baroda and Central India and Rajputana-Malwa Railways, and Magistrate of the first class, Rajputana-Malwa Railway, with powers under sections 133, 144, 186, 190 [except as regards clause (1) (c)], 260 and 524 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and with power to hold inquests under section 174 of the said Code. "The said powers shall be exercised within the sections of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway system mentioned in the schedule to the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 326-I., dated the 24th January, 1896, as altered by Notification No. 122-I.B., dated the 13th January, 1898, and the following portions of the first Notification, *vis.* :

(a) the proviso to clause (2),

(b) clause (3), and

(c) clause (4),

shall apply as if the said powers had been conferred by that Notification.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

**MILITARY DEPARTMENT.***Simla, the 11th August, 1899.***APPOINTMENTS.****MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.**

No. 879.—Lieutenant-Colonel T. S. Weir, I.M.S., Bombay Establishment, is granted the temporary rank of colonel, with effect from the 25th July 1899, whilst officiating as Principal Medical Officer, Bombay and Aden Districts, *vice* Colonel G. W. R. Hay, M.D., I.M.S., appointed to officiate as Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay.

**NATIVE ARMY.***Malwa Bhil Corps.*

No. 880.—The following direct appointment is made, with effect from date of joining:

Padam Singh to be Jemadar, on probation, to fill an existing vacancy.

**COMMANDS.****DISTRICT.**

No. 881.—Colonel W. C. Black, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Adjutant-General, Head-Quarters, Bombay Command, to command a second class district in India, with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General, while so employed, *vice* Brigadier-General Sir R. Westmacott, K.C.B., D.S.O., vacated. Dated 25th July 1899.

**LONDON GAZETTE.**

No. 882.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"*London Gazette*," dated the 18th July 1899, pages 4446 and 4447.

**WAR OFFICE:***Pal Mall, 18th July, 1899.*

\* \* \* \* \*

*Unattached List.*—The undermentioned Gentlemen Cadets, from the Royal Military College, to be Second-Lieutenants, with a view to their appointment to the Indian Staff Corps. Dated 19th July 1899:

Leslie Sedgwick Whitchurch.

Neil Charles Bannatyne.

George Willoughby Hemans.

\* \* \* \* \*

*Indian Army.*—Lieutenant-General Arthur Haldimand Prinsep, C.B., Bengal Cavalry, is transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list. Dated 3rd July 1899.

Major-General Malcolm Hassells Nicolson, C.B., Bombay Infantry, to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 3rd July 1899.

Colonel Charles Frederick Thomas, Bengal Infantry, to be Major-General. Dated 3rd July 1899.

\* \* \* \* \*

**INDIA OFFICE;***11th July, 1899.*

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps, the Indian Medical Service and Indian Army Departments, admissions to the Staff Corps, and appointments to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers made by the Government of India:

**INDIAN STAFF CORPS.***To be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

Major Henry Beutoy Thornhill. Dated 23rd April 1899.

Major Edward Henry Hopton Montresor. Dated 8th May 1899.

*To be Major.*

Captain and Brevet-Major Hugh Lionel Cusance. Dated 17th May 1899.

*Lieutenants to be Captains.*

Dated 9th May 1899.

Horace Walter Cobham.

Bernard Scott.

Julian Stuart Dallas.

Richard George Bagley.

Thomas Edwin Scott, D.S.O.

Arthur Hay.

Henry Alan Vallings.

Charles Roderick MacLagan Hutchinson.

Ernest Douglas Money.

Leslie Hawthorne Marriott.

Dated 16th May 1899.

John Loch Orr.

*To be Lieutenant.*

Lieutenant Seymour Bazett, from the Royal Sussex Regiment. Dated 28th March 1899, but to rank from 2nd February 1899.

*Second-Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.*

Dated 5th November 1898.

John Bruce.

Dated 3rd April 1899.

Norman Victor Lacey Rybot.

Dated 20th April 1899.

Charles Walter Robinson.

John Elliot Moir.

George Cecil Hodgson.

James William Sherrard.

Edward Leyborne Popham.

Terence Humphrey Keyes.

Harold Erskine Fendall Currie.

Ronald Steuart Gordon.

Hedley Morton Battye.

Leslie Cardew Thuillier.

Francis Stewart James Murray.

William George Keppel Gough.

George Hutchinson.  
 Hugh Ernest Rudkin.  
 Andrew Galbraith Cowan.  
 Harry Beauchamp Douglas Baird.  
 George Wright Stratford Sherlock.

*To be Second-Lieutenants.*

Second-Lieutenant Aloys Reginald Sprenger, from the Unattached List. Dated 10th November 1898, but to rank from 4th August 1897.

Second-Lieutenant Herbert Hingston Syer, from the South Wales Borderers. Dated 11th April 1899, but to rank from 15th September 1897.

The undermentioned Second-Lieutenants, from the Unattached List. Dated as below, but to rank from 22nd January 1898:

George Oliver Turnbull,—26th March 1899.

John Duncan Grant,—23rd March 1899.

Frederick Skipwith,—1st April 1898.

Henry Clifford Kay,—9th April 1899.

William Henry Irvine Shakespear,—21st March 1899.

Meredith Ashton Hamer,—20th March 1899.

Hugh Lennox Dyce,—4th April 1899.

Michael George Dobbie Rowlandson,—29th March 1899.

Leonard Douglas Watling,—2nd April 1899.

William Arthur Bayley,—28th March 1899.

Hugh Probyn Malet Lord,—7th April 1899.

Granville Pulteney Gurdon,—3rd April 1899.

George Whitehill Ross,—27th March 1899.

Ivan Maxwell Conway Poole,—29th March 1899.

Frederick Charles Waterfield,—7th April 1899.

William Louis Oberkirch Twiss,—28th March 1899.

Vere Arthur Coaker,—30th March 1899.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

*To be Colonel.*

Lieutenant-Colonel Christopher William Carr-Calthrop, M.D., Bengal Establishment. Dated 2nd April 1899.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

BENGAL ESTABLISHMENT.

*To be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain.*

Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, Jeremiah Edmund Campbell. Dated 28th December 1898.

*To be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.*

First-class Assistant Surgeon James Mackey. Dated 28th December 1898.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

*Assistant Commissaries, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, to be Deputy Commissaries, with the honorary rank of Captain.*

George Grovelink, Commissariat-Transport Department, Bengal. Dated 11th January 1899.

Joseph Harrison, Ordnance Department, Bengal. Dated 1st April 1899.

William Viney, Ordnance Department, Bengal. Dated 1st April 1899.

*To be Assistant Commissary.*

Deputy-Assistant Commissary, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, Samuel Craig, Commissariat-Transport Department, Bengal. Dated 11th January 1899.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE OF OFFICERS.

The undermentioned Gentlemen to be Second-Lieutenants:

INFANTRY.

James Patch. Dated 3rd March 1899.

Alexander Dingwall Anderson. Dated 19th May 1899.

The Queen has also approved of the retirement from the service of the undermentioned officers:

BENGAL INFANTRY.

Major-General Louis Henry Emile Tucker, C.I.E., unemployed supernumerary list. Dated 27th April 1899.

Major-General Charles Frederick Thomas. Dated 4th July 1899.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Reed Murphy, D.S.O., Bengal Establishment. Dated 15th July 1899.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain, Sebastian Rebeiro, Bombay Establishment. Dated 17th March 1899.

Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, Anthony Philip Fernandez, Bombay Establishment. Dated 21st October 1899.

\* \* \* \* \*

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 883.—Conductor John Clarke, Public Works Department, India, has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 23rd May 1899.

PROMOTIONS.

ARMY REMOUNT DEPARTMENT.

No. 884.—The following promotions are made, with effect from the 15th August 1899:

Major R. C. Broome to be First Superintendent, *vice* Colonel E. W. Chalmers, whose tenure of appointment has expired.

Captain G. C. McD. Birdwood (on leave out of India till 26th August 1899) to be Second Superintendent, *vice* Major Broome, promoted.

Captain E. Brandreth (on leave till 15th March 1900) to be Third Superintendent, *vice* Captain Birdwood, promoted.

Major R. S. Alexander to be Fourth Superintendent, *vice* Captain Brandreth, promoted.

Captain C. H. H. Gough to be Fifth Superintendent, *vice* Major Alexander, promoted.

#### INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 885.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

*Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

9th August 1899.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Valens Congreve Tonnuchy.

Malcolm John Meade.

John deCourcy Dashwood Meade.

Harry Everard Passy.

Eustace Edward Melville Lawford.

Francis William Egerton.

Edward Montgomerie Nedham.

Stuart Brownlow Beatson, C.B.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel George Henry Robinson.

Arthur Wilbraham Twining Radcliffe.

*Captain to be Major.*

6th August 1899.

William Paul Anderson.

No. 886.—Subject to Her Majesty's approval, the undermentioned Majors are granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, whilst serving as regimental commandants, Indian Army:

Rullion Hare Rattray,—12th July 1899.

Robert Arthur Cole,—15th June 1899.

No. 887.—Subject to Her Majesty's approval, the undermentioned Captains are granted the temporary rank of Major, whilst serving as regimental commandants or seconds-in-command, Indian Army:

Mark Ancrum Kerr,—28th June 1899.

Francis Cracroft Colomb,—6th May 1899.

#### SPECIAL.

No. 888.—With reference to article 280, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part I, the undermentioned officer, having been absent from military duty for ten years, is transferred to the supernumerary list, with effect from the date specified:

Captain A. E. Woods, Deputy Commissioner, Kohima,—11th August 1899.

#### VOLUNTEER CORPS.

##### MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 889.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India in Council has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officer's Decoration upon the undermentioned officer of the Indian Volunteer Force, who has been duly recommended for the same, under the Royal Warrant of the

24th May 1894 (India Army Circulars of 1894, clause 101):

*2nd Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.*

Lieutenant-Colonel John James Meade.

No. 890.—The undermentioned members of the Volunteer Force are granted the Volunteer Long Service Medal under the provisions of clause 152, India Army Circulars of 1895:

*Cawnpore Light Horse.*

Captain A. H. Gleadowe-Newcomen.

*Calcutta Light Horse.*

Trooper W. Forsyth.

*Cossipore Artillery Volunteers.*

Sergeant H. Paterson.

" G. Suttie.

Corporal C. Brown.

*Dehra Dun Mounted Rifles.*

Quartermaster-Sergeant P. Litchfield.

*Madras Volunteer Guards.*

Volunteer A. Oliver.

*Nagpore Volunteer Rifles.*

Sergeant T. G. Green.

Volunteer T. King.

*1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles.*

Sergeant A. E. P. Rae.

*East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.*

Sergeant H. W. Costello.

" W. Derry.

Volunteer A. J. Browne.

" C. Peters.

" J. F. Ristell.

" W. Sargon.

*Oudh Volunteer Rifles.*

Corporal T. R. James.

Volunteer C. A. Joyce.

" C. R. Joyce.

" E. T. Shepherd.

*Rangoon Volunteer Rifles.*

Honorary Captain and Pay Master W. G. Clague.

*Burma Railways Volunteer Rifles.*

Lance-Sergeant B. B. Johnson.

*Ghasipur Volunteer Rifles.*

Quartermaster-Sergeant P. Wilson.

Sergeant A. C. Guise.

*North Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.*

Color-Sergeant H. Pringle.

Staff-Sergeant C. Kelly.

Corporal G. Jones.

Volunteer J. Reynolds.

*Southern Mahratta Railway Volunteer Rifles.*

Lance-Sergeant F. Charde.

*Bengal-Nagpur Railway Volunteer Rifles.*

Sergeant R. D. Connell.

## PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

**No. 891.—East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles—**

Captain Henry Dale, V.D., is granted the honorary rank of Major, with effect from the 30th November 1898.

**No. 892.—Naini Tal Volunteer Rifles—**

Lieutenant Charles Stewart-Wilson, Unattached List, resigns his commission.

Second-Lieutenant Edmund Alexander Molony, Unattached List, resigns his commission.

**No. 893.—Berar Volunteer Rifle Corps—**

Lieutenant Richard McGill to be Captain, *vice* Mauduit, promoted.

Second-Lieutenant Alexander Charles Currie to be Lieutenant, *vice* McGill, promoted.

**No. 894.—Ghazipur Volunteer Rifles—**

Major and Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel Aaron Ephraim Ryles, V.D., to be Commandant, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

**No. 895.—North Western Railway Volunteer Rifles—**

Lieutenant Edmund Kearsley Horsfall to be Captain, with effect from the 26th June 1899, *vice* Keene, transferred to the supernumerary list.

Second-Lieutenant Roderick Korneli Biernacki to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 26th June 1899, *vice* Horsfall, promoted.

**No. 896.—3rd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles—**

Captain Charles Clifford resigns his commission, with effect from the 10th July 1899.

**No. 897.—Midland Railway Volunteer Rifles—**

Lieutenant Thomas Hayward resigns his commission, with effect from the 7th July 1899.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 11th August, 1899.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned commissioned officer, on the date specified, was received in the Military Department between the 5th and the 11th August 1899:

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Remarks.
1st Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment.	Lieutenant S. W. Burton	30th July 1899	Wellington	...	...

*Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 29th July and the 11th August 1899.*

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
Charles Aloysius Ryan (a)	Major	Royal Artillery	16th March 1899.	Will left	Rs. a. p. 1,188 9 10	...	10th October 1899.

(a) Widow.—Thomasine Caroline Ryan.

Children.—Mervyn, Jocelyn, Wilfred, Winnifred, Charles, Kenneth, Coralie.

Address.—Care of Miss Flora Shaw, 130, Cambridge Street, Warwick Square, London.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India.



## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 8th August, 1899.*

No. 335.—With reference to Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 84, dated the 28th February 1899, it is hereby notified for information that Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has, in Despatch No. 79 Railway, dated the 6th July 1899, accorded sanction to a revised estimate amounting to Rs. 72,18,447 of the cost of constructing the Barua-Daltonganj Branch of the East Indian Railway, 78.32 miles in length.

No. 336.—Mr. T. W. Bartlett, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, and Superintendent of Works, is appointed to officiate as Engineer-in-Chief of the East Coast Railway in his present rank during the absence of Mr. B. Baxter, on privilege leave, or until further orders.

*The 10th August, 1899.*

No. 338.—With reference to Notification No. 281, dated the 4th July 1899, the services of Lieutenant E. G. Wace, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, State Railways, were replaced at the disposal of the Director of Railway Construction, with effect from the afternoon of the 14th July 1899.

*The 11th August, 1899.*

No. 340.—Mr. J. Shaw, Examiner of Accounts, Class IV, Grade 3, is permitted to resign the service, with effect from the 13th August 1899, or such subsequent date as he may be relieved of his duties as Government Examiner of Accounts, Assam-Bengal Railway.

No. 341.—Mr. S. K. L. Yeats, Examiner of Accounts, is, on return from furlough, appointed Government Examiner of Accounts, Assam-Bengal Railway.

No. 342.—Mr. F. W. Eicke, Officiating Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Assam, is appointed to the charge of the Office of the Government Examiner of Accounts, Assam-Bengal Railway, in addition to his own duties, pending the arrival of Mr. S. K. L. Yeats.

No. 343.—The following temporary promotions are ordered in the Superior Accounts Branch:

Name.	From	To	With effect from
W. B. Gray . . .	Examiner, Class III, temporary rank, supernumerary.	Examiner, Class II, supernumerary.	6th July 1899.
S. G. Wood . . .	Examiner, Class III, temporary rank.	Examiner, Class II . . .	6th July 1899.
A. G. Harrison . . .	Examiner, Class III, Officiating.	Examiner, Class III . . .	22nd February 1899.
H. Rainier . . .	Examiner, 4th Class, 1st Grade.	Examiner, Class III . . .	6th July 1899.
T. A. Blake . . .	Deputy Examiner, Class II (new classification).	Deputy Examiner, Class I (new classification).	1st July 1899.
A. R. Kälberer . . .	Deputy Examiner, Class II (new classification).	Deputy Examiner, Class I (new classification).	1st July 1899.

No. 344.—Mr. T. W. Bartlett, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, is temporarily promoted to Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, with effect from the 9th April 1899.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 7th August, 1899.*

No. 332.—Mr. F. F. Hensley, Officiating Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Burma, is granted furlough out of India for two years, under Article 340 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 333.—Mr. Roderick August O'Connor is appointed to the Superior Accounts Branch as an Assistant Examiner of Accounts, 3rd Grade, on probation, and is posted to the Office of the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Punjab.

*The 8th August, 1899.*

No. 334.—Mr. W. G. Newton, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Burma, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, with effect from the afternoon of the 20th July 1899, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. J. T. Rollo, or until further orders.

*The 10th August, 1899.*

No. 337.—Mr. J. R. C. Nicolls, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, with effect from the afternoon of the 26th July 1899, during the absence of Mr. A. R. Sutherland, on privilege leave, or until further orders.

#### TELEGRAPHS.

*The 11th August, 1899.*

No. 339.—*Corrigendum.*—In Public Works Department Notification No. 325, dated 1st August 1899, promoting Mr. S. H. C. Hutchinson, Superintendent, Class V, 1st Grade, to Officiating Chief Superintendent, Class IV, for "2nd May 1899" read "22nd May 1899."

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 33.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**PART II.**—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

**PART III.**—Advertisements and Notices by Private individuals and Corporations.

**PART IV.**—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General :—

*Nothing for publication.*

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*Nothing for publication.*

**PART VI.**—Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations :—

*Nothing for publication.*

**SUPPLEMENT No. 33.**

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### MEDICAL.

*Simla, the 16th August, 1899.*

No. 1366.—Captain W. W. Clemesha, M.B., B.S., I.M.S. (Bengal), was on privilege leave for two months and twenty-seven days, with effect from the 12th January 1899.

##### SANITARY.

##### Plague.

*The 18th August, 1899.*

No. 2448.—In continuation of Home Department Notification No. 2393, dated the 11th August 1899, the following Notice of the Board of Trade is published for general information :

(F. & H. 10687.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, July 24, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at Bucharest, containing the following information respecting quarantine, *vis.* :

Quarantine on arrivals from plague-contaminated countries, such as Egypt (Alexandria) and Arabia, increased from six to ten days. Vessels from these places will be admitted to

quarantine at port of Sulina only, and will be medically inspected and disinfected in the open sea.

Arrivals from India liable to six days' quarantine on condition that they have not touched at Alexandria.

Merchandise direct from Rangoon and the whole of Burma will be admitted into Roumanian ports after very careful medical inspection, and on production of certificates of origin and proof that the vessel has not touched at any contaminated port.

**No. 2449.**—It is notified for information that the Bulgarian Sanitary Board have modified in the following manner the Order\* relating to the importation of sacks into Bulgaria:

1. The sacks specified in the previous Order may be imported also by way of Hebibtchevo (the frontier station on the Oriental Railway).
2. In that case they must be conveyed in waggons separate from other goods and must be unloaded at the Hebibtchevo quarantine station for disinfection.
3. Such sacks, if they should be brought by rail into the interior of Bulgaria, without having been disinfected at Hebibtchevo, will be returned, together with other goods with which they may have been mingled, at the expense of the Railway Company, to be disinfected at Hebibtchevo.

\* Vide Home Department Notification No. 2394, dated the 11th August 1899, published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 12th idem.

#### JUDICIAL.

*The 18th August, 1899.*

**No. 1158.**—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint Richard Harington, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, *vice* the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Hugh Jenkins, appointed to be Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

#### DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

##### NOTIFICATION.

##### FORESTS.

*Simla, the 14th August, 1899.*

**No. 708-F.**—Mr. A. M. Reuther, Officiating Conservator of Forests, 3rd Grade, in charge of the Pegu Circle, Lower Burma, is granted privilege leave for three and-a-half months, under articles 291 and 282 (ii) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the forenoon of the 5th August 1899.

Mr. E. S. Carr, Deputy Conservator, 1st Grade, Burma, is appointed to officiate as Conservator, 3rd Grade, and to be in charge of the Pegu Forest Circle, during Mr. Reuther's absence, or until further orders.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

#### FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

##### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 16th August, 1899.*

**No. 1322-G.**—Captain P. C. Searle, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 9th Regiment of Bombay Infantry, is appointed to be Cantonment Magistrate of the Cantonment of Baroda, in addition to his military duties, with effect from the 3rd August, 1899, and until further orders.

**No. 2360-I.-A.**—The services of Captain C. H. Roe, R.E., Queen's Own Madras Sappers and Miners, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he relinquished charge of his plague duties in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

*The 17th August, 1899.*

**No. 1329-G.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of

Mr. A. N. Stathacopulos as acting Vice-Consul for Greece at Rangoon, during the absence of Mr. P. N. Stathacopulos.

No. 1336-G.—Captain F. G. Beville, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class, is posted, on return from privilege leave, as Assistant Commissioner of Merwar, with effect from the 31st July, 1899.

No. 1338-G.—With reference to the notifications of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, Nos. 286-I. and 287-I., dated the 23rd January 1884, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant F. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, an Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in Rajputana, to be the Magistrate of Abu, *vice* Captain A. F. Bruce, with effect from the 3rd August, 1899.

*The 18th August, 1899.*

No. 2235-F.—The following appointments are made to the Khyber Rifle Corps:

Lieutenant A. C. Stewart, Indian Staff Corps, to be Adjutant of the 1st Battalion, with effect from the forenoon of the 13th July, 1899.

Lieutenant E. G. Drummond, Indian Staff Corps, to be Quartermaster, with effect from the forenoon of the 16th July, 1899.

Captain P. C. Elliott-Lockhart, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, to be 2nd-in-Command of the 1st Battalion, with effect from the forenoon of the 21st July, 1899.

Lieutenant A. L. Bickford, Indian Staff Corps, to be Adjutant of the 2nd Battalion, with effect from the forenoon of the 25th July, 1899.

No. 2388-I.-B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts the provisions of Bombay Act II of 1897 (*an Act to amend the Bombay Boiler Inspection Act, 1891*), in the modified form hereinafter set forth, namely:

Act II of 1891. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Bombay Boiler Inspection Act, 1891, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts by the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 401-I., dated the 31st January, 1893, in manner hereinafter appearing; It is enacted as follows:

Act II of 1891. 1. In the Bombay Boiler Inspection Act, 1891, as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts (hereinafter called the said Act), to section 2 thereof the following shall be added, and shall be deemed to have been always contained therein, *vis.*—

Act III of 1887. “(3) And all rules and appointments made, notifications published, and powers conferred under the Bombay Boiler Inspection Act, 1887, and in force at the date of this Act coming into force, shall, so far as they are not inconsistent with this Act, be deemed to have been respectively made, published, and conferred hereunder.”

2. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act before the word “It” there shall be inserted the following *vis.*—

“Subject to the provisos in sub-section (2).”

(2) For sub-section (2) of the same section there shall be substituted the following. *vis.*—

“(2) Provided that—

(e) in the case of a boiler in respect of which no certificate has been previously granted, the Inspector shall, if he is unable to issue a certificate at once, grant to the owner, within 48 hours next after his examination of the boiler, a provisional order in writing specifying the pressure at which such boiler may, in his opinion, pending the issue or refusal of a certificate, be worked; and, subject to the provisions of clause (d) of sub-section (1), it shall be lawful for the owner to work the boiler in accordance with such provisional order until a certificate in respect thereof has been granted or refused;

(f) subject to the provisions of clause (d) of sub-section (1), the owner of a boiler who holds in respect thereof a certificate as required by sub-section (1), and who before the expiry of the period of such certificate gives notice of his intention to continue to use the boiler after the expiry of the said period, may, unless after examining the boiler the Inspector by an order in writing directs that its use be entirely discontinued, continue to use the boiler or to permit the use thereof until a renewed certificate has been granted or refused, but shall not use the boiler or permit the use thereof at any pressure higher—

(i) than that allowed by the expired certificate, or

(ii) than that allowed by any provisional order given in writing by the Inspector after examining the boiler;

(g) a person employed to manage and be in charge of not more than two sets of boilers belonging to the same owner and so situated that no one of them is more than a thousand feet apart from any other of them, may, notwithstanding their distance from each other, be deemed to be employed in direct and immediate management and charge of all such boilers.”

(3) And the following shall be added as sub-section (3), *vis.*—

“(3) No provisional order granted under this section shall have any force in respect of any boiler after a certificate or a renewed certificate has been either granted or refused in respect of such boiler, or after the receipt by the owner of such boiler from the Deputy Commissioner, or from any person generally or specially empowered in writing by the Deputy Commissioner, in this behalf, of a requisition in writing for the surrender of such provisional order.”



3. In section 11 of the said Act after the words "applied for" there shall be inserted the following, *vis.*,—

Amendment of section 11.

"or for the pressure desired."

4. In sub-section (2) of section 12 of the said Act after the words "twelve months" there shall be inserted the following, *vis.*,—

Amendment of section 12.

"and for such pressure."

5. In section 16 of the said Act—

(a) in place of the words "a certificate has been granted under section 10, 12 or 14" there shall be substituted the following, *vis.*,—

Amendment of section 16.

"a provisional order under sub-section (2) of section 6 or a certificate under section 10, 12 or 14 has been granted; and"

(b) between the words "such" and "certificate" next occurring in the same section there shall be inserted the following, *vis.*,—

"provisional order or."

6. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 18 of the said Act before the word "certificate" in the two places in which it occurs there shall be inserted the following, *vis.*,—

Amendment of section 18.

"provisional order or."

(2) For sub-section (2) of the same section there shall be substituted the following, *vis.*,—

"(2) A person who becomes owner of a boiler during the period for which a provisional order or certificate therefor is in force shall be entitled to receive the provisional order or certificate from the preceding owner, and shall be subject to the provisions of sub-section (1)."

7. To sub-section (3) of section 24 of the said Act there shall be added the following, *vis.*,—

Addition to section 24.

"Upon the issue of such notification it shall be competent to the Resident at Hyderabad to cancel the certificate of such Engineer :

Provided that the Resident at Hyderabad may at any time upon such Engineer satisfactorily explaining such failure or withdrawal revoke any such order of cancellation, and regrant to such Engineer without examination the certificate so cancelled.

"And a certificate so regrant shall have the same effect as if it had been granted after examination."

8. In clause (b) of section 28 of the said Act before the word "certificate" there shall be inserted the following, *vis.*,—

Amendment of section 28.

"provisional order or."

9. (1) In clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 29 of the said Act before the word "certificate" there shall be inserted the following, *vis.*,—

Amendment of section 29.

"provisional order or."

(2) In clause (c) of sub-section (1) of the same section—

• before the word "certificate" there shall be inserted the following, *vis.*,—

"provisional order or."

10. To clause (d) of section 35 of the said Act there shall be added the following, *vis.*,—

Addition to clause (d) of section 35.

"and prescribing also the fees to be paid for the duplicate certificates furnished under section 26."

**No. 1341-G.**—The following changes are made in the graded list of the Political Department :

To fill an existing vacancy, with effect from the 1st July 1899,—

• Lieutenant A. D. Macpherson, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Captain F. G. Beville, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class, and with effect from the 1st July 1899,—

Captain H. T. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain R. A. E. Benn, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant F. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Major C. Herbert, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 2nd July 1899,—

Major W. H. M. Stewart, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Mr. J. Lang, of the Indian Civil Service, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain J. F. Whyte, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Lieutenant A. B. Dew, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Captain F. E. Younghusband, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st (officiating Political Agent of the 3rd) class, and with effect from the 10th July 1899,—

Mr. J. Lang, of the Indian Civil Service, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain J. F. Whyte, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant A. B. Dew, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Major C. Herbert, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 12th July 1899,—

Major W. H. M. Stewart, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain S. F. Bayley, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain H. T. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain R. A. E. Benn, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant A. P. Trevor, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, and with effect from the 14th July 1899,—

Major C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd

class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain A. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant F. B. Prideaux, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant F. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the grant of special leave to Captain H. T. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (officiating 1st) class, and with effect from the 25th July 1899,—

Lieutenant F. B. Prideaux, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant F. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

No. 1343-G.—Captain S. F. Bayley, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st (officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class, is posted as Political Agent in Bikaner.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Simla, the 12th August, 1899.*

No. 3719-P.—Mr. H. C. Sheridan, Officiating and Assistant Director General of the Post Office of India, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 15th August 1899.

The following acting appointments are made during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Sheridan, or until further orders:

Mr. Knox Homan, Officiating 3rd Assistant Director General, to officiate as 2nd Assistant Director General, and

Mr. P. J. Gorman, Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, to officiate as 3rd Assistant Director General of the Post Office.

## PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

No. 3824-P.

*The 18th August, 1899.*

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

Read.—

Despatch to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 142, dated the 1st June 1897.

Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 125 (Financial), dated the 29th July 1897.

RESOLUTION.—In accordance with instructions received from Her Majesty's Secretary of State, the Governor General in Council has approved of the institution of a Provident Fund for officers of the Police Department throughout India of or above the rank of Assistant District Superintendent. The Government of India do not consider it desirable to make subscription to the Fund obligatory in the case of officers already in the service, except when such an officer being already married, or subsequently marrying, fails to make adequate provision for his family in other ways. In the case of officers thus exempted, whether married or unmarried, deposits will be voluntary and may be discontinued or renewed at the option of the depositor. Subscription to the Fund will, however, be obligatory in the case of all officers joining the service after the date of this Resolution.

2. The rules under which the Fund will, for the present, be conducted are attached to this Resolution.

3. Subscriptions to the Fund should first be made on salaries becoming due on the 1st of October 1899.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this Resolution be forwarded to the Home Department, with reference to the Office Memorandum from that Department, No. 358, dated the 27th July 1899; to all Local Governments and Administrations; to the Comptroller and Auditor General; and to all Accountants General and Comptrollers (except Comptroller, Post Office) for information.

Ordered, also, that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

## POLICE OFFICERS' PROVIDENT FUND.

## 1. Preamble.

I.—The institution of a Provident Fund under the conditions specified in Rule II is sanctioned for officers of the Police Department throughout India of or above the rank of Assistant District Superintendent.

## 2. Qualifications.

II.—The following officers will be required to subscribe to the Fund:

- (a) All officers appointed in future, whether married or unmarried, from the date of their appointment.
- (b) All *married* officers already in the service, excepting those who may be specially exempted under the orders of the Local Government in each case on production of evidence to the satisfaction of the Local Government that their families are adequately secured against want by subscription to the Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund, or in other suitable manner.

*Note.*—For the purposes of this rule the term "married officers" includes widowers with children, but excludes widowers without children. The latter are held to be "unmarried" for the purpose of Rule II (c).

- (c) Officers at present in the service and now unmarried, on their marrying, except as provided in Rule II (b) above.

III.—Officers who are exempted from subscribing to the Fund under Rule II (b) shall be required to produce annually such evidence as shall satisfy the Local Government that the provision on account of which exemption is claimed is duly continued.

IV.—Officers already in the service, other than those required to subscribe under clauses (b) and (c) of Rule II, shall have the option of subscribing to the Fund. Inspectors on the A. list in Burma, being eligible for promotion to be Assistant Superintendents, are allowed to subscribe to the Fund. Officers with whom subscription to the Fund is optional may also discontinue or renew their subscriptions at their option.

### 3. Subscriptions.

V.—The conditions under which officers will join the Fund are as follows:

- (1) The monthly deposit may not be less than 5 per cent. or more than 10 per cent. on the salary (as defined in the Civil Service Regulations) of each depositor for the month.
- (2) An officer on leave of any kind may at his option subscribe any sum he pleases, subject to a minimum of 5 per cent. on his leave allowances and maximum of 10 per cent. on the salary he drew when last on duty.

VI.—Deposits will be recovered by deduction from bills, except in the following cases in which they may be made in cash in India:

Receipts of deposits.

- (1) When an officer draws his leave allowances out of India.
- (2) When an officer is on leave without allowances.
- (3) When an officer is in foreign service. This does not apply to officers serving in Berar.

Cash subscriptions must be remitted by depositors to the Secretary of the Fund. Receipts and payments will be made in rupees only.

Arrear subscriptions of voluntary deposits are never allowed. Arrear subscriptions are permissible in the case of compulsory deposits and their recovery will be enforced even though it may result in a recovery in excess of the limit of 10 per cent. of the salary from which it is actually made.

### 4. Benefits.

VII.—Compound interest at 4 per cent. on the payments made will be annually credited by Government to each officer subscribing. The Government may at any time, at its option, and without giving any right to withdrawal of subscriptions, reduce the rate of interest to any rate not less than half per cent. in excess of that at which it is raising rupee loans in India.

VIII.—Interest will be allowed for each calendar month upon the minimum balance

Interest.

of the depositor's account between the close of the fourth day and the end of the month. In

calculating interest under this rule the deposits received by deduction from salary will be considered as paid into the Fund on the 1st of the month succeeding that for which the salaries from which the deductions are made are due. The interest will be calculated monthly, but will not be added to principal until the end of the official year, except when the account is to be finally closed on account of the depositors dying or quitting the service. Interest will be allowed up to the end of the month in which the depositor dies, or which immediately precedes that in which he quits the service, whether the balance at credit is withdrawn before or after the end of that month.

IX.—As exceptions to the rule that subscriptions realised by deduction from pay bills are to be considered for the purpose of calculating interest as paid into the Fund on the 1st of the month succeeding that for which the salaries from which the deductions are made are due:

(1) Deductions made from salaries paid in advance owing to transfer or long leave out of India are to be considered in the case of the former as having been made on the date on which an officer is relieved of his duties, and in the case of the latter, as having been made on the date on which the Account Office pays up an officer prior to embarkation.

(2) Deductions from salaries paid in arrears in consequence of promotion given with retrospective effect should be considered as having been made on the first of the month in which the arrears are drawn.

In the case of reversions made with retrospective effect, the write-back of the amount originally recovered in conformity with the rules should be considered as having been made on the first of the month in which the recovery is effected.

X.—The sum which will thus accumulate to the credit of an officer will be his absolute property, to be handed over to him unconditionally on quitting the service, or in the event

of his death before retirement, to his legal representatives. Government will not be bound by or recognize any assignment or trust executed or attempted to be created by any officer during his lifetime, and will only make payments (1) during the lifetime of the officer on his own receipt; (2) after his death in accordance with Rule XI below.

XI.—The balances of deceased depositors are regulated by the Indian Succession Act (X of 1865), the Administrator General's Act (II of 1874) and the Succession Certificate Act (VII of 1889), in cases where the balance at credit of the deceased member exceeds two thousand rupees; and in cases where the balance at credit does not exceed two thousand rupees, by section 3 of the Provident Funds Act (IX of 1897) which is quoted below:

Section 3.—(1) When a subscriber to, or depositor in, any Government or Railway Provident Fund dies, and the sum standing to his credit in the books of the Fund does not exceed two thousand rupees, the officer or person whose duty it is to make payment of such sum may pay it as follows:

(a) He may pay it to any person entitled to receive it according to the rules of the Fund or, in the absence of any rule of the Fund to the contrary, to any person nominated in writing by the deceased subscriber or depositor to receive it;

(b) in any case not hereinbefore provided for, he may pay it to any person appearing to him to be entitled to receive it.

(2) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall apply to any such sum which, at the commencement of this Act, stands to the credit of any subscriber or depositor already deceased.

(3) Nothing in this section shall affect the validity of the rules of any Fund in so far as such rules may provide for the disposal of sums exceeding two thousand rupees.

#### 5. Advances.

XII.—No withdrawal will ordinarily be allowed from the deposit until the depositor quits the service or dies. But on the Local Government being satisfied that the pecuniary circumstances of a depositor are such that the indulgence is absolutely necessary, a deposit may be temporarily withdrawn under orders issued by the Local Government—

(i) to pay for the passage of the depositor going on leave out of India on medical certificate or returning after such absence;

(ii) to pay for the passage of any member of the depositor's family coming from beyond the sea to join him, or going beyond sea, sick, or from some urgent cause.

XIII.—Before authorising a withdrawal under the above rule, the Local Government should ascertain from the Account Officer that the withdrawal is covered by the amount at credit, and no payment may be made, save under the orders of the Account Officer.

XIV.—Withdrawals under Rule XII will be recovered in twenty equal monthly instalments compulsorily deducted from salary in addition to contributions under rule V, whenever full salary is drawn until the whole is refunded. Such instalments may be paid in advance.

#### 6. Procedure.

XV.—The deposits received under the foregoing rules will be credited on the books of the Government to an account named "Police Officers' Provident Fund." The administration of the Fund will rest with the Government of India in the Home Department. The Account Officer of each Province will be the Secretary of the Fund for that Province, and will keep the Fund accounts for all officers in that Province as well as for officers on foreign service whose contributions on account of leave and pension are payable to him.

Note.—The Accountant General, Bengal, will be the Account Officer for Police Officers employed in Assam.

XVI.—A depositor must, when paying his subscription, whether his subscriptions to the Fund are recovered by deduction from bills, or paid in cash, specify the number of his account which will be communicated to him by the Account Officer by whom his account is opened.

XVII.—As soon as possible after the close of each year, each depositor will receive a statement of his account with interest made up to 31st March. Depositors are required to satisfy themselves as to the correctness of these statements; and, unless errors in them are brought to the notice of the officer rendering the account within one month from the date of their receipt, Government will not be responsible for any sums not thus acknowledged.

XVIII.—Any depositor may, once in the official year, but not oftener, receive, on application to the Account Officer concerned, a copy of his account for the last official year and for so many months of the current year as may have been posted and agreed.

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.



**MILITARY DEPARTMENT.***Simla, the 18th August, 1899.***APPOINTMENTS.****ARMY STAFF.**

No. 898.—Captain H. A. Iggulden, Derbyshire Regiment, Station Staff officer, Naini Tal, to be a Station Staff officer of the 1st class in the Bengal Command, *vice* Major E. A. G. Gosset, appointed to the District Staff. Dated 3rd July 1899.

**MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.**

No. 899.—The undermentioned Lieutenants of the Indian Medical Service, appointed to the commands noted below in G. G. O. No. 342 of 1899, reported their arrival at Bombay on the date specified:

John Cyril Holdich Leicester (Bengal)	} —22nd April 1899.
Corrie Hudson (Bengal)	
George King (Madras)	
Thomas Spinks Ross (Madras)	
George Patrick Thomson Groube (Madras)	

**ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.**

No. 900.—Major E. S. F. Walker, Royal Artillery, Ordnance Officer, 2nd class, to be Superintendent, Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore;

Major T. E. Rowan, Royal Artillery, Ordnance Officer, 3rd class, and officiating 2nd class, to be Ordnance Officer, 2nd class;

Captain S. Lethbridge, Royal Artillery, Ordnance Officer, 4th class, and officiating Superintendent, Gunpowder Factory, Ishapore, to be Ordnance Officer, 3rd class,—

with effect from the 12th August 1899, *vice* Colonel P. F. M. Baddeley, Royal Artillery, Superintendent, retired.

No. 901.—Captain W. Malleson, Royal Artillery, Ordnance Officer, 4th class, to be Ordnance Officer, 3rd class;

Lieutenant J. E. H. Young, Royal Artillery, officiating Ordnance Officer, 4th class, is confirmed in that class,—

with effect from the 6th August 1899, *vice* Captain M. W. S. Pasley, Royal Artillery, reverted to regimental duty.

**STAFF CORPS.**

No. 902.—Lieutenant Horace George Thomson Costley, Dorsetshire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 5th Regiment of Madras Infantry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, from the 4th January 1898, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 903.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to confirmation, by the Secretary of State for India:

Second-Lieutenant Guy Edmund Bladensberg Oldfield, East Surrey Regiment, officiating wing officer, 14th Regiment of Madras Infantry,—27th July 1899.

Second-Lieutenant Oldfield will rank as a Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps, from the 27th July 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

**NATIVE ARMY.**

No. 904.—The following direct appointment is made, with effect from date of joining:

1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment.

Prem Sing Thapa to be Jemadar, on probation, to fill an existing vacancy.

**LONDON GAZETTE.**

No. 905.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 25th July 1899, page 4585.

**WAR OFFICE;**

Pall Mall, 25th July, 1899.

.....

Indian Army.—Colonel Walter Stuart Hore, Bombay Infantry, to be Major-General. Dated 4th July 1899.

.....

**BREVET.**

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles W. Muir, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, to be Colonel. Dated 7th July 1899.

.....

Captain T. E. Scott, Indian Staff Corps, to be Major, in recognition of his services during the recent operations in Uganda. Dated 10th May 1899.

.....

**PROMOTIONS.****INDIAN STAFF CORPS.**

No. 906.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

*Captains to be Majors.*

13th August 1899.

Brevet-Major Frederick Campbell, D.S.O.

George Herbert Weller.

Harry John Bremner.

George Patrick Ranken.

Brevet-Major Colin Powys Campbell.

John Murchison Fleming.

William Wilson Battiscombe.

William Annesley Burton Dennys.

John Lampen.

William Hugh Dobbie.  
 Norman Chichester Perkins.  
 John Vans-Agnew.  
 Thomas Hall Plumer.  
 Brevet-Major William Gore Alban.  
 Edward Alexander Kettlewell.  
 Charles Grant Franco Edwards.  
 Brevet-Major Robert Henry Twigg.  
 Henry Hamilton.  
 James Robert Dunlop-Smith.  
 Reginald Haugh Light.  
 Frederick William Repton.  
 Brevet-Major Raleigh Gilbert Egerton.  
 Rolland Frederick Hart Anderson.  
 Brevet-Major Richard Money Maxwell.  
 Thomas Henry Bairnsfather.  
 Edward Charles William Mackenzie-Kennedy.  
 Lindsay Sherwood Newmarch.  
 James Herbert Smith.  
 Willoughby Thuillier.  
 Alfred Ernest Stuart Searle.  
 Edward James Carter.  
 Lewis Ernest Cooper.  
 Edmund Boteler Burton.  
 George Francis Rowcroft, D.S.O.  
 William Prior.  
 Mark Ancrum Kerr.  
 Brevet-Major Donald Charles Frederick Macintyre.  
 Arthur Robertson Browning.  
 Anthony Beale.  
 Charles Henry Cockburn Heyman.  
 John Russell Colquhoun Colvin.  
 William James Richard Wickham.  
 Henry George Sutton.  
 Percy Balderston Vaughan.

*Second-Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.*

10th July 1899.

Frederick Gratton Moore.

16th July 1899.

Charles Aston James.

22nd July 1899.

William Weymouth Van Someren, D.S.O.

MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

*Bengal.*

No. 907.—G. G. Os. Nos. 1218, 1219 and 1220 of 1895; 557 and 667 of 1896; 349 and 667 of 1897; and 705 of 1898 are cancelled and the following substituted :

Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary Charles Powis (since retired) to be Assistant Commissary, on augmentation ;

Conductor George Cooper to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval, *vice* Powis, promoted ;

Sub-Conductor Arthur Whitbread to be Conductor, *vice* Cooper, promoted ;

Sub-Conductor Henry John Marcoolyn to be Conductor, on augmentation ;

Sub-Conductor Benjamin Williams (since deceased) to be Conductor, on augmentation ;

Sub-Conductor John McCusker (since retired) to be Conductor, on augmentation ;

Sergeant Eustace Martin Johnstone (since retired) to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Whitbread, promoted ;

Sergeant Herbert George Gransmore Willasey Wilsey to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Marcoolyn, promoted ;

Sergeant Thomas George Sparkes to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Williams, promoted ;

Sergeant Thomas Goddard to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* McCusker, promoted ;

Sergeant Edward McRae (since deceased) to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation ;

Sergeant James Arbery to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation ;

Sergeant Henry James Penson to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation ;

Sergeant William Mack to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation ;

Sergeant Charles Swift to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation ;

Sergeant Alfred Eaton to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation,—  
 with effect from the 1st April 1895.

No. 908.—Sergeant Harry Watts to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor E. McRae, deceased, with effect from the 24th June 1895.

No. 909.—Sergeant William Caldwell Ashmore to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation, with effect from the 1st August 1895.

No. 910.—Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary (supernumerary) John McDermott is absorbed in that grade ;

Sub-Conductor Andrew Cole (since deceased) to be Conductor ;

Sergeant Thomas Taylor to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant G. G. Mackenzie, retired,—

with effect from the 1st November 1895.

No. 911.—Sub-Conductor Arthur Edwards to be Conductor ;

Sergeant Arthur White (since deceased) to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Conductor J. A. Archbold, retired,—

with effect from the 5th November 1895.

No. 912.—Lieutenant and Assistant Commissary Herbert Henry Beatley to be Deputy Commissary, with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval ;

Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary George Cooper to be Assistant Commissary ;

Conductor (Honorary Lieutenant) George Curtis to be Deputy Assistant Commissary;

Sub-Conductor Thomas Miller to be Conductor;

Sergeant Thomas Henry Browne (since retired) to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Captain and Deputy Commissary T. Jameson, retired,—

with effect from the 15th November 1895.

No. 913.—Sub-Conductor John Wiggins (since deceased) to be Conductor, on augmentation;

Sergeant George James Turner to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor Wiggins, promoted,

with effect from the 7th January 1896.

No. 914.—Sub-Conductor Benjamin Simpson to be Conductor;

Sergeant James Grant (since deceased) to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Conductor B. Williams, deceased,—

with effect from the 9th March 1896.

No. 915.—Sub-Conductor James Lennox to be Conductor;

Sergeant James Turner Coleman to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Conductor A. Cole, deceased,—

with effect from the 29th March 1896.

No. 916.—Lieutenant and Assistant Commissary George Cooper to be Deputy Commissary, on augmentation, with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary John McDermott to be Assistant Commissary, *vice* Cooper, promoted;

Conductor (Honorary Lieutenant) Clifford Manley to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, *vice* McDermott, promoted;

Sub-Conductor Charles Edward Donaldson to be Conductor, *vice* Manley, promoted;

Sergeant Henry Pepper to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Donaldson, promoted;

Sergeant Harry Crouther Atkinson to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation,—

with effect from the 26th May 1896.

No. 917.—Sub-Conductor William Caldwell Ashmore, to be Conductor (supernumerary), under the provisions of India Army Circulars, clause 95 of 1894, in recognition of his services with the Chitral Relief Force, in 1895, dated 27th July 1896.

(So much of G. G. O. Nos. 139 and 561 of 1897, as affect this warrant officer, are cancelled.)

No. 918.—Sergeant John Henry Bristow Gapper to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor J. Grant, deceased, with effect from the 30th November 1896.

No. 919.—Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary George Curtis to be Assistant Commissary;

Conductor Henry Morrison to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, with the honorary

rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Sub-Conductor William David Gray to be Conductor;

Sergeant James Elworthy Wilkinson to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant C. Powis, retired,—

with effect from the 21st February 1897.

No. 920.—Sub-Conductor James Bidwell to be Conductor;

Sub-Conductor (supernumerary) Alfred James Ruegg is absorbed in that grade, *vice* Conductor J. McCusker, retired,—

with effect from the 27th February 1897.

No. 921.—Sergeant James Williams Hale to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor E. M. Johnstone, retired,—

with effect from the 7th May 1897.

No. 922.—Sub-Conductor Charles Barnes to be Conductor, on augmentation;

Sub-Conductor (supernumerary) Thomas Augustine Duffy is absorbed in that grade, *vice* Barnes, promoted;

Sergeant Cecil Goater to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation;

Sergeant Robert Scott to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation,—

with effect from the 1st April 1898.

No. 923.—Sergeant William Poole to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor T. H. Browne, retired, with effect from the 23rd April 1898.

No. 924.—Lieutenant and Assistant Commissary John McDermott to be Deputy Commissary (supernumerary), with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary Henry Morrison to be Assistant Commissary (supernumerary);

Conductor John Wiggins (since deceased) to be Deputy Assistant Commissary (supernumerary) with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Sub-Conductor Thomas Taylor to be Conductor (supernumerary);

Sub-Conductor Arthur White (since deceased) to be Conductor (supernumerary);

Sub-Conductor Henry Pepper to be Conductor (supernumerary);

Sub-Conductor William Poole to be Conductor (supernumerary),—

with effect from the 20th May 1898, in recognition of their services in the field during the operations on the North-West Frontier, 1897-98.

(So much of G. G. O. No. 961 of 1898, as relates to these officers and warrant officers, is hereby cancelled.)

**No. 925.**—Sub-Conductor Herbert George Gransmore Willasey Wilsey to be Conductor;

Sergeant Arthur Gale to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary (supernumerary) J. Wiggins, deceased;—

with effect from the 1st June 1898.

**No. 926.**—Sub-Conductor Thomas George Sparkes to be Conductor, on augmentation;

Sub-Conductor (supernumerary) William Davis is absorbed in that grade, *vice* Sparkes, promoted,—

with effect from the 1st August 1898.

**No. 927.**—Sergeant Thomas Dwyer to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* White, deceased, with effect from the 24th March 1899.

#### ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

##### Bengal.

**No. 928.**—Sub-Conductor Charles Digby, on probation, clerk, office of Inspector-General of Ordnance, Bengal Command, *seconded*, is confirmed in his present grade, with effect from the 1st February 1899.

#### NATIVE ARMY.

**No. 929.**—*32nd (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry (Pioneers)*—

Jemadar Sher Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Sundar Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st June 1899.

Havildar Hira Singh, from the 30th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, to be Jemadar, *vice* Sher Singh, promoted, with effect from the date of transfer.

**No. 930.**—*8th Regiment of Madras Infantry*—

Havildar-Major Subbarayadu to be Jemadar, *vice* Davi Singh, deceased, with effect from the 23rd May 1899.

**No. 931.**—*No. 5 (Bombay) Mountain Battery*—

Havildar Ram Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd July 1899, *vice* Narayan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment.

#### PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

**No. 932.**—*2nd (or Hill) Regiment of Sikh Infantry*—

Jemadar Harjalu to be Subadar and Havildar Narayan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Lakha Singh, deceased, with effect from the 9th July 1899.

#### RETIREMENTS.

**No. 933.**—Colonel Henry Opie Woodhouse, Indian Staff Corps, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 1st August 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

**No. 934.**—Colonel Walter John Morse, Indian Staff Corps, is permitted to retire from

the service, with effect from the 31st August 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

**No. 935.**—Lieutenant-Colonel William Hope Young, Indian Staff Corps, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 30th May 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

(G. G. O. No. 608 of 1899 is cancelled.)

**No. 936.**—Captain William Forbes Mackenzie Ian Fraser, Indian Staff Corps, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the 5th July 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

**No. 937.**—The undermentioned officers are permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

Honorary Captain Henry Roberts, Senior Assistant Surgeon, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Madras,—24th May 1899.

Honorary Captain John Barry Maloney, Senior Assistant Surgeon, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Bombay,—9th March 1899.

Honorary Captain William Henry Pitts, Deputy Commissary, Public Works Department, Bombay,—1st July 1899.

#### REWARDS.

**No. 938.**—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotion, under the provisions of clause 95, India Army Circulars, 1894, for services with the Chitral Relief Force, 1895:

Sergeant Robert Richard Edwards, Commissariat-Transport Department, Bengal, to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 20th March 1898.

#### GOOD-CONDUCT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICE.

**No. 939.**—The undermentioned non-commissioned officer of the Unattached List, Madras Command, is awarded the silver medal for long service and good-conduct, without gratuity, for the quarter ending 30th June 1899:

Store Sergeant James Collins, Ordnance Department.

**No. 940.**—The undermentioned non-commissioned officer of the Unattached List, Bombay Command, is awarded the silver medal for long service and good conduct, without gratuity, for the quarter ending 30th June 1899:

Sergeant Samuel Richard Tucker, His Excellency the Governor's Band.

**No. 941.**—In continuation of G. G. O. No. 418 of 1899, the undermentioned native non-commissioned officer of the Bombay Command is granted the medal for meritorious service, with annuity, under the provisions of clause 115, India Army Circulars, 1888, and article 334, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II:

No. 873, Dafadar Kandhai Singh, 2nd Bombay Lancers, *vice* Farrier-Major Muhammad Ausar, transferred to the pension establishment.

## GOOD SERVICE PENSIONS.

No. 942.—On the recommendation of the Government of India, Her Majesty's Government have been pleased to confer a good-service pension on the undermentioned officer, with effect from the date specified:

From the 20th February 1899, in room of General E. F. Chapman, C.B., who has vacated in consequence of his succession to the colonel's allowance,—

COLONEL CELADON CHARLES BROWNLOW.

• *Indian Staff Corps.*

## DATES OF COMMISSIONS.

Ensign . . . . .	8th June 1861.
Lieutenant . . . . .	30th July 1862.
Captain . . . . .	8th June 1873.
Major . . . . .	8th June 1881.
Lieutenant-Colonel . . . . .	8th June 1887.
Colonel . . . . .	1st September 1891.

## APPOINTMENTS.

Regimental duty, 104th Foot, 1861-62.

Doing duty with the 20th and 37th Bengal Native Infantry, 1863-65.

Regimental duty, 1st Sikh Infantry, as Adjutant, wing officer, wing commander and second-in-command, 1865-90.

Regimental duty, 4th Sikh Infantry, as Commandant, 1890.

Regimental duty, 1st Punjab Infantry, as officiating commandant, 1890-91.

Regimental duty, 1st Punjab Infantry, as commandant, 1891-95.

## WAR SERVICES.

*North-West Frontier of India, 1863.*—Operations in the Ambela Pass.—(India Medal and Clasp.)

*North-West Frontier of India, 1866.*—Utmanzai Expedition.

*North-West Frontier of India, 1872.*—Daur Valley Expedition.

*North-West Frontier of India, 1877-78.*—Operations against the Jowaki Afridis.—(Clasp to India Medal.)

*Afghanistan, 1879.*—(Medal).

*North-West Frontier of India, 1891.*—Both Miranzai Expeditions; operations on the Samana Range in command of a column.—(Mentioned in despatches: brevet of Colonel: clasp to India Medal.)

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

## APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS, AND RESIGNATIONS.

No. 943.—*Calcutta Naval Volunteers*—

Sub-Lieutenant Edward James Wright resigns his commission.

No. 944.—*Behar Light Horse*—

Second-Lieutenant Malcolm Macaulay Mackenzie resigns his commission.

No. 945.—*Madras Artillery Volunteers*—

Lieutenant John Alexander Mackenzie to be Captain, *vice* Norton-Knight, promoted.

No. 946.—*and Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles*—

John Dunlop Allison, Esq., to be Captain, with effect from the 1st July 1899, *vice* J. T. Meade, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

Wyatt Webber, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 15th July 1899.

No. 947.—*East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles*—

The Reverend Alfred Saunders Dyer, M.A., to be Honorary Chaplain, with effect from the 1st July 1899, *vice* Terry, resigned.

No. 948.—*Mussoorie Volunteer Rifles*—

Captain Henry Mayne Reid Hopkins resigns his commission, with effect from the 7th May 1899.

Captain Claude Arthur Cecil Streatfield resigns his commission.

Lieutenant William Wallace Johnstone to be Captain, *vice* Streatfield, resigned.

Second-Lieutenant Joseph Mulcahy Davies to be Lieutenant, *vice* Johnstone, promoted.

No. 949.—*Midland Railway Volunteer Rifles*—

Second-Lieutenant Henry Gerald Keily to be Lieutenant, *vice* Rumboll, promoted.

Second-Lieutenant Robert Francis Richards Cooke to be Lieutenant, *vice* Hawkins, promoted.

Charles Deesa Swinhoe, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Keily, promoted.

Lancelot William Colledge, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Cooke, promoted.

## MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## PROMOTIONS.

No. 950.—Lieutenant W. Haywood, Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade, is promoted to the rank of Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*

*Secretary to the Government of India.*



## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 18th August, 1899.*

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned commissioned officer, on the date specified, was received in the Military Department between the 12th and 18th August 1899:

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Remarks.
Indian Staff Corps	Captain Francis Douglas Grant	14th August 1899	Rangoon	...	...

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 14th August, 1899.*

**No. 346.**—The Honourable E. H. S. Napier, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, on return from leave, was placed on special duty in the Office of the Manager, North Western Railway, from the 12th to the 14th June, inclusive, and was thereafter appointed Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Bombay, until further orders.

This cancels Public Works Department Notification No. 224, dated the 23rd May 1899.

*The 15th August, 1899.*

**No. 347.**—It is hereby notified for general information that Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council has sanctioned a revised estimate amounting to Rs. 1,12,94,071 for the construction of the South Behar Railway, 78·83 miles in length. The line has been completed and opened for traffic.

**No. 348.**—Mr. J. E. Dallas, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Engineer-in-Chief of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway with the rank of Officiating Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, during the absence of Mr. W. E. Meares on privilege leave, or until further orders.

*The 17th August, 1899.*

**No. 350.**—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 282, dated 25th June 1898, it is hereby notified that the appointment of Mr. T. W. Stewart to the Provisional Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department, as an Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, on the State Railway List, has effect from the 15th June 1898.

**No. 351.**—Mr. C. L. Biscoe in Class II, Grade I of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, is, on return from leave, appointed to officiate as Deputy Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, with temporary rank in Class I, Grade 3 of that Establishment, during the absence of Mr. Vining on furlough, or until further orders.

**No. 352.**—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 148, dated the 10th April 1899, Mr. L. C. D. Bean will, on relief of his duties as officiating Deputy Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, by Mr. C. L. Biscoe, revert to his substantive appointment of District Traffic Superintendent on that Railway in Class II, Grade 2 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

*The 18th August, 1899.*

**No. 354.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, under section 16 (1) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, the use of locomotive engines and of rolling stock to be drawn or propelled thereby on the Barun-Daltongunj Extension of the East Indian Railway.

No. 353.—The following is published for general information :

No. 769 R. T., dated Simla, the 14th August, 1899.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Read—

Sections 3 (4), 16 (2), 47 and 148 (1) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 4804, dated the 30th October 1890, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890—the Government of India resolution No. 736 R. T., dated the 17th October 1890, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

Memorandum from the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, No. 3438, dated the 27th July 1899, forwarding letter from the Agent, East Indian Railway Company, No. 979 G., dated the 24th July 1899.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Agent of the East Indian Railway Company has applied for leave to adopt the General Rules for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods, which rules were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, under Public Works Department notification No. 4804, dated the 30th October 1890, on the Barun-Daltongunj extension of that railway.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules which are referred to in the foregoing observations to the Barun-Daltongunj extension of the East Indian railway which has been sanctioned for construction.

ORDER.—Ordered that the General Rules, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection free of any charge in the office of the engineer in charge of the construction of the railway.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

No. 355.—The following is published for general information :

No. 770 R. T., dated Simla, the 14th August, 1899.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

*General Rules of 1895 for working railways open for traffic.*

Read—

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895—the Government of India circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for all open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, and the amended rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 427, dated the 15th October 1896, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 17th October 1896—the Government of India resolution No. 795 R. T., dated the 9th October 1896, sanctioning the application to the East Indian railway and to the railways worked by it as are situate in British territory, of the open line General Rules of 1895, read above.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 55, dated the 5th February 1897, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th February 1897—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 3, dated the 5th January 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th January 1898—the Government of India circular No. 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda to Appendix B, Part II, of the rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 104, dated the 10th March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 12th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. 1 Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule III, Appendix A, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 26th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, and the amended rules 231 and 232 of Part I, therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 310, dated the 11th July 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 16th July 1898—the Government of India resolution No. 718 R. T., dated the 6th July 1898, sanctioning the application to the East Indian railway and to the railways worked by it as are situate in British territory, of the amended rules 231 and 232 of Part I of the open line General Rules of 1895.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 197, dated the 5th May 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th May 1899—the Government of India circular No. I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 6-XIX, Appendix B, Part II, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 298, dated the 14th July 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 15th July 1899—the Government of India circular No. V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 14, Chapter III, and rule II (4), Appendix A, of the rules.

Memorandum from the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, No. 3438, dated the 27th July 1899, forwarding letter from the Agent, East Indian Railway Company, No. 979 G., dated the 24th July 1899.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The Agent of the East Indian Railway Company has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in British India, which have been published under the Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895), as modified by the Government of India circulars Nos. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, 1 Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, which were published under Public Works Department notifications Nos. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, 55, dated the 5th February 1897, 3, dated the 5th January 1898, 104, dated the 10th March 1898, 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, 197, dated the 5th May 1899, and 298, dated the 14th July 1899 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896, 6th February 1897, 8th January 1898, 12th March 1898, 26th March 1898, 6th May 1899, and 15th July 1899), may be made applicable to the Barun-Daltongunj extension of the East Indian railway.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules for working railways open for traffic which

may, for the time being and hereafter from time to time, be in force on the East Indian railway, to the Barun-Daltongunj extension of that railway, with effect from such date or dates as the said extension, or portions thereof, may be opened for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that this resolution be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890; also that the General Rules cited in the foregoing observations—which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*—be kept at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section.

• Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, for information and guidance.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 15th August, 1899.*

**No. 349.**—Mr. A. B. Gatherer, Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, Burma, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer and Secretary to that Government in the Public Works Department, with effect from the afternoon of the 31st July 1899, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. H. J. Richard, or until further orders.

Mr. W. Algie, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, *vice* Mr. Gatherer.

*The 18th August, 1899.*

**No. 356.**—Mr. A. B. Phelan, Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, temporary rank, Punjab, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer and Secretary to that Government in the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, with effect from the afternoon of the 10th August 1899, during the absence of the Honourable Mr. J. S. Beresford on privilege leave, or until further orders.

Mr. R. A. Molloy, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Punjab, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, *vice* Mr. Phelan.

#### TELEGRAPHS.

*The 14th August, 1899.*

**No. 345.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further addition be made to the rules, under the said Act, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department (Telegraphs), No. 245, dated the 25th June 1897, and amended by the like Notifications Nos. 63, 273, 344, 552, 186 and 314, dated, respectively, the 10th February, the 16th June, the 27th July, the 5th December 1898, the 28th April and 25th July 1899:

To Rule 179 in Section III (Foreign Telegrams) the following shall be added, namely:

- (i) Cochin China (*vid* Madras) and such other places in the Far East in respect of which rates are for the time being arranged.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 34.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**SUPPLEMENT No. 34.**

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### PUBLIC.

*Simla, the 25th August, 1899.*

**No. 1877.**—In accordance with the provisions of section 18, sub-section (1), of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and with the directions contained in Home Department Notification No. 1964, dated the 2nd September 1887, the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish, for general information, the following draft rule which it is proposed to substitute for Rule 6-VI (e) of the rules to regulate the transport and importation of explosives, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1393, dated the 8th July 1897.

The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 28th October 1899.

#### *Draft Rule.*

6-VI (e).—Explosives may be carried by mixed trains on any line on which goods trains are not running, subject to the conditions that they are loaded in properly constructed powder vans; that not more than one powder van containing explosives is forwarded at any one time by a mixed train; that there are not less than three vehicles between the powder van and either the engine or the passenger coaches; that the powder van is close-coupled to the adjoining vehicles; and that directly a powder van containing explosives arrives at a section on which goods trains are running, it is detached from the mixed train.

#### MEDICAL.

*The 22nd August, 1899.*

**No. 1401.**—Home Department Notification No. 1328, dated 11th August 1899, placing the



services of Lieutenant W. T. Barry, 2nd Bengal Infantry, at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty, is hereby cancelled.

*The 24th August, 1899.*

**No. 1412.**—The services of Major E. A. W. Hall, M.B., C.M., I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed permanently at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam, with effect from the 2nd April 1899.

*The 25th August, 1899.*

**No. 1417.**—The services of Captain C. E. Lewis, 2nd Battalion, South Lancashire Regiment, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

**No. 1418.**—The services of Captain C. C. Boileau, 5th Bengal Cavalry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

**No. 1421.**—The services of Major H. D. Rowan, M.B., R.A.M.C., are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

#### JUDICIAL.

*The 25th August, 1899.*

**No. 1188.**—Captain A. T. H. Newnham, 10th Bombay Infantry, officiating Cantonment Magistrate, Nasirabad, is confirmed as a Cantonment Magistrate, with effect from the 4th April 1899.

**No. 1191.**—Captain H. deV. Harvest, 9th Madras Infantry, officiating Cantonment Magistrate, Belgaum, is confirmed as a Cantonment Magistrate, with effect from the 3rd May 1899.

#### POLICE.

*The 24th August, 1899.*

**No. 427.**—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment in the Burma Military Police :

Lieutenant W. H. Pennington, 12th Bengal Cavalry.

Lieutenant P. N. Leslie, 4th Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

### DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### LAND-SURVEYS.

*Simla, the 23rd August, 1899.*

**No. 1942—125-2.**—Captain R. T. Crichton, I.S.C., Superintendent of Settlement Surveys in Bengal, is granted furlough for eighteen months, under Article 340 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 29th April 1899.

##### METEOROLOGY.

*The 25th August, 1899.*

**No. 2898—61-2.**—Mr. H. Whitby Smith, Officiating Superintendent of Telegraphs in charge of the Bombay Central Telegraph Office, took over charge of the Office of Meteorological Reporter for Western India on the afternoon of the 11th August 1899 from Mr. G. L. Towers, who has been granted three months' privilege leave.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

### FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 21st August, 1899.*

**No. 1258-E.A.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899 (XIII of 1899), to the territories administered by the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan as such Agent :

Provided that references in the said Act as so applied to the Local Government shall be read as referring to the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.

*The 22nd August, 1899.*

**No. 2419-J.A.**—The services of Lieutenant M. Dick, Indian Medical Service (Madras), are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he

relinquished charge of his plague duties in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

*The 23rd August, 1899.*

**No. 1360-G.**—With reference to notification No. 886-G., dated the 31st May, 1899, the recognition of the provisional appointment by the Government of India of Mr. F. C. Pallachi as Consul for Greece at Calcutta has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

**No. 1364-G.**—The date with effect from which the services of Mr. A. Lucas, of the Indian Civil Service, Bombay Establishment, were replaced at the disposal of the Home Department, is the 18th November, 1898, and not the 24th October, 1898, as given in notification No. 1537-G., dated the 1st December, 1898.

*The 24th August, 1899.*

**No. 1370-G.**—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Secretary of State for India :

Lieutenant-Colonel D. W. K. Barr, C.S.I.,  
Indian Staff Corps, a Resident of the 1st  
class and Agent to the Governor General  
in Central India (p. a.) for fourteen days.

**No. 2454-I.B.**—The notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department,

No. 4569-I., dated the 18th November, 1891, in so far as it relates to the appointment of the Revd. F. C. Hill to be a Registrar of Births and Deaths within the territories of His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad, is hereby cancelled.

*The 25th August, 1899.*

**No. 2463-I.A.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the orders published in the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 518, dated the 6th March, 1879, so far as they are applicable, shall be applied in the Cantonments of Mhow and Neemuch and in the Cantonment and Civil lines of Nowgong.

**No. 2326-F.**—The following appointment is made to the Khyber Rifle Corps :

Lieutenant E. Kirkpatrick, Indian Staff Corps,  
to be Second-in-Command of the 2nd  
Battalion, with effect from the forenoon of  
the 11th August, 1899.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

## ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 24th August, 1899.

No. 3968-A.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

July 1899.

(Lakhs of Rupees)

	IN JULY		TO END OF JULY		WHOLE YEAR	
	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	Budget, 1899-1900.	Actual, 1898-99.
[ For the explanation of these heads, see Gazette of India, dated 22nd December 1883, Part I, page 497. ]						
<b>Civil Revenue.</b>						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	1,57	1,72	8,30	8,37	28,68	28,41
Opium	57	47	2,04	1,62	6,00	5,71
Salt	65	64	3,21	3,25	8,76	8,41
Stamps	45	46	1,70	1,68	4,90	4,81
Excise	47	49	1,94	1,91	5,78	5,61
Provincial Rates	25	26	1,35	1,35	3,95	3,81
Customs	36	35	1,54	1,51	4,65	4,41
Assessed Taxes	17	18	48	49	1,81	1,71
Forest (Madras and Bombay only)	3	3	10	10	54	51
Registration	5	5	16	17	46	41
Tributes from Native States	4	2	21	17	94	81
Other Civil Revenue	28	29	1,04	1,18	3,94	3,81
<b>TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT : GROSS</b>	<b>4,80</b>	<b>4,96</b>	<b>22,07</b>	<b>21,80</b>	<b>70,41</b>	<b>69,41</b>
<b>Civil Expenditure.</b>						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	— 54	— 53	— 1,36	— 1,35	— 3,78	— 3,61
Opium	— 7	— 3	— 1,62	— 1,37	— 2,05	— 1,81
Famine Relief	— ...	— ...	— ...	— 2	— 61	— 51
Other Civil Expenditure	— 2,22	— 2,18	— 8,39	— 8,26	— 27,73	— 26,91
<b>TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT : GROSS</b>	<b>— 2,83</b>	<b>— 2,74</b>	<b>— 11,37</b>	<b>— 10,96</b>	<b>— 34,77</b>	<b>— 34,21</b>
<b>Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments :</b>						
[ The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance Transactions. ]						
Post Office (Net : + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Issues)	+ 5	+ ...	+ 27	— 8	+ 37	—
Forest, Marine (Net as above)	— ...	+ 2	— 1	+ 2	+ 32	+ 31
Military Receipts	+ 3	+ 7	+ 16	+ 22	+ 79	+ 71
Military Issues	— 1,26	— 1,37	— 5,07	— 5,62	— 16,21	— 16,91
Public Works Department—						
<b>Receipts.</b>						
Ordinary Branches	+ 42	+ 40	+ 86	+ 91	+ 24,45	+ 24,11
State Railways	+ 1,10	+ 1,29	+ 4,86	+ 5,13	+ 1,06	+ 1,01
East Indian Railway	+ 41	+ 42	+ 2,45	+ 2,45	+ 1,86	+ 1,81
Guaranteed and Subsidized Railways (Net as above)	+ 21	+ 21	+ 1,21	+ 1,86	+ 3,59	+ 3,51
Telegraph	+ 5	+ 5	+ 21	+ 21	+ 86	+ 71
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>+ 2,19</b>	<b>+ 2,37</b>	<b>+ 9,59</b>	<b>+ 10,07</b>	<b>+ 28,90</b>	<b>+ 28,21</b>
<b>Issues.</b>						
Ordinary Branches	— 60	— 63	— 2,40	— 2,23	— 23,51	— 23,11
State Railways	— 93	— 1,00	— 4,16	— 4,04	— 72	— 71
East Indian Railway	— 18	— 10	— 94	— 1	— 47	— 41
Repayment of Guaranteed Railways surplus profits, etc.	— ...	— ...	— ...	— 1	— 47	— 41
Telegraph	— 5	— 5	— 21	— 22	— 85	— 71
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>— 1,76</b>	<b>— 1,78</b>	<b>— 7,71</b>	<b>— 7,22</b>	<b>— 24,83</b>	<b>— 24,41</b>
<b>TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS.</b>	<b>— 75</b>	<b>— 69</b>	<b>— 2,77</b>	<b>— 2,61</b>	<b>— 10,66</b>	<b>— 11,31</b>
<b>Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.</b>						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net : + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Payments)	— ...	— 1	— 1	— 4	— 19	+ 11
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	— ...	+ 7	— 6	+ 8	— ...	+ 8,41
Exchange on Remittance Accounts	— 66	— 67	— 3,16	— 3,37	— 8,42	— 8,41
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs. 10 per £	— 1,81	— 1,01	— 4,85	— 6,42	— 17,20	— 18,91
Other Debt Heads (Net as above)	— 23	— 12	+ 21	+ 52	+ 44	+ 1,01
<b>TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS</b>	<b>— 2,70</b>	<b>— 1,74</b>	<b>— 7,87</b>	<b>— 9,23</b>	<b>— 25,37</b>	<b>— 25,31</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES</b>	<b>— 1,39</b>	<b>— 21</b>	<b>+ 6</b>	<b>— 1,00</b>	<b>— 39</b>	<b>+ 11</b>
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	18,22	15,19	16,77	15,98	17,07	15,91
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	16,83	14,98	16,83	14,98	16,68	16,01

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.  
PUBLIC DEBT.

*The 24th August, 1899.*

No. 3962-A.—In pursuance of Rule 22 of the rules made by the Government of India under Section 14 of the Securities Act XIII of 1886, and published in the *Gazette of India* of the 7th January 1888, page 6, the following list is hereby advertised of Securities lost or destroyed, in respect of which an order has been made for payment of interest pending the issue of a duplicate Security, or for the issue of such duplicate Security. All persons, other than the respective claimants named below, who have any claim upon these Securities, should communicate immediately with the Comptroller General, the Treasury, Calcutta.

The list is divided into two parts,—Part A being the list of Securities now advertised for the first time, and B the list of Securities previously advertised.

N.B.—Under Section 13 of the said Act, Government will be discharged from all liability in respect of these original Securities after the lapse of years from (a) the several dates stated against them in the last column of the list, or (b) the last payment of interest on them, whichever date is later.

A

No. of the Note and name of Loan.	Value.	In whose name issued.	From what date bearing interest.	Name of claimant for duplicate.	No. and date of Comptroller General's order.	Date of publication under Act XIII of 1886 of list in which the Security was first mentioned.
3093 3½% 1842-43	R 1,000	Loke Nath Mullick	Feb. 1, 1887	Surajmal	1070 D, dated 24-1-99	August 1899.
4317 " "	1,000	Delsuk Rai				
5532 4% 1854-55	500	D. C. McAllum	Dec. 31, 1871	Alamelu Ammal, administratrix to the estate of M. Raghavachary.	86 D, dated 25-4-99	Ditto.
3200 3½% "	1,000	Sir Arthur Lawrence	Dec. 31, 1895	H. M. Callaghan	1188 D, dated 27-2-99	Ditto.
7013 3½% "	1,000	Haliburton, K.C.B.	Dec. 31, 1894	Cursetjee Dadabhoy	1036 D, dated 16-1-99	Ditto.
18346 4% 1865	500	Cursetjee Dadabhoy	Nov. 1, 1880	Gopal Chandra Sreemany	991 D, dated 3-1-99	Ditto.
77677 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Nov. 1, 1888	Kally Bhoosun Ghose & others, surviving administrators to the estate of Kamini Kumar Ghose.	1136 D, dated 9-2-99	Ditto.
16370 " "	1,500	Thom. D'Souza & Co.	Nov. 1, 1893	Administrator General, Bengal, administrator to the estate of Dr. R. T. Darwin.	993 D, dated 3-1-99	Ditto.
100653 3½% "	500	Kissory Mohun Mookerjee.	Nov. 1, 1894	Cursetjee Dadabhoy	1036 D, dated 16-1-99	Ditto.
14324 " "	1,000	Cursetjee Dadabhoy	Nov. 1, 1894	Cursetjee Dadabhoy	1036 D, dated 16-1-99	Ditto.
103896 " "	500	Bindrabun	May 1, 1895	Bindrabun	1038 D, dated 16-1-99	Ditto.

B

10055 4% 1848-29	Sic. 200	Punchanun Bysack	Feb. 13, 1876	Amrita Lal Kar	644 D, dated 13-10-93	Feb. 17, 1894.
9710 " 1835-36	500	Rajnarnin Chatterjee	Mar. 31, 1875	Rajnarnin Chatterjee	150, dated 13-6-78	Jan. 28, 1888.
16034 " "	500	Chunder Coomar Sen	Mar. 31, 1883	Baroda Churn Sen, administrator to C. C. Sen.	1136 D, dated 15-2-93	Aug. 12, 1893.
13480 " "	4,600	Radhica Churn Nundy	Sep. 30, 1892	Radhica Churn Nundy.	869 D, dated 8-8-96	Mar. 6, 1897.
14314 " "	500	Gopinath Chintamon, Admr.	Mar. 31, 1892	Gopinath Chintamon Chitnis.	1036 D, dated 30-11-97	Feb. 5, 1898.
1414 " 1842-43	1,000	Burjorjee Framjee & Co.	Feb. 1, 1878	Administrator General, Bengal, administrator, estate of Raj Chunder Ghose.	13, dated 19-3-87	Jan. 28, 1888.
70948 " "	1,600	Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co.	Feb. 1, 1887	M. La Bouchardiere	493 D, dated 28-7-91	Feb. 20, 1892.
7061 " "	500	Omesh Chunder Dutt	Feb. 1, 1886	Mathura M. Ghose	620 D, dated 1-9-91	Ditto.
11186 " "	500	Fakirjee Manockjee, Davour and Cooverbai.	Feb. 1, 1889	Fakirjee Manockjee, Davour and Cooverbai.	607 D, dated 8-9-92	Feb. 11, 1893.
59316 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Aug. 1, 1887	Girish Chunder Mookerjee.	621 D, dated 9-9-92	Feb. 11, 1893.
10146 " "	100	Kally Coomar Chowdhry	Ditto			
53774 " "	100	Debnath Sreemany	Ditto			
53481 " "	100					
5484 " "	100					
71815 " "	100					
71816 " "	100	The Bank of Bengal	Feb. 1, 1887			

\* Half notes—Duplicates have been issued.

† Mutilated note—Duplicate has been issued.

No. of the Note and name of Loan.	Value.	In whose name issued.	From what date bearing interest.	Name of claimant for duplicate.	No. and Date of Comptroller General's order.	Date of publication under Act XII of 1886 of the Security first mentioned.
037065 4% 1842-43	R 1,000	Protab Chunder Roy Chowdhry, executor of Tarini Churn Dutt.	Aug. 1, 1883	Sreemutty Mokhoda Sundari Dassi, executrix to R. N. Dutt.	$\frac{52}{D}$ , dated 20-4-93	Aug. 12, 1892
131311 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Aug. 1, 1887	Haradhone Nag	$\frac{1285}{D}$ , dated 27-3-93	Ditto.
131313 " "	500					
131314 " "	500					
17877 " "	1,000					
17879 " "	1,000	Rajnarin Roy	Feb. 1, 1869	Kader Nath Sanyal, executor to D. B. Mudy.	$\frac{77}{D}$ , dated 26-4-93	Ditto.
173407 " "	500	The Commissioner of Salt and Abkari Revenue, Madras.	Aug. 1, 1887	Madam Soobhannah Chetty.	$\frac{500}{D}$ , dated 2-9-93	Feb. 17, 1894
189049 " "	500	Sowdamini Dabee	Aug. 1, 1888	Sreemutty Sowdamini Dabee.	$\frac{646}{D}$ , dated 13-10-93	Ditto.
087227 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Feb. 1, 1884	Bissendyal Hurdial	$\frac{672}{D}$ , dated 31-10-93	Ditto.
134612 " "	200	Cowkur Kamalaboy-ammah.	Feb. 1, 1890	Cowkur Srinivasa Row.	$\frac{902}{D}$ , dated 24-1-94	Oct. 13, 1894
134613 " "	300					
134614 " "	500					
134615 " "	2,500					
172220 " "	500	Brojendra Lall Singha	Ditto	Sreemutty Netto Soonderi Dassee	$\frac{1166}{D}$ , dated 16-3-94	Ditto.
104999 " "	1,000	Koylash Chunder Banerjee	Ditto	Koylash Chunder Banerjee.	$\frac{229}{D}$ , dated 11-6-94	Ditto.
095713 " "	500	Ram Lall Sen	Aug. 1, 1890	Bonomally Pal	$\frac{1551}{D}$ , dated 22-10-94	Feb. 23, 1895
24077 " "	500	Mohaorjee Dhenjee.	Feb. 1, 1867	Sreemutty M. Lukshimoni Dassee.	$\frac{2000}{D}$ , dated 29-12-94	Ditto.
170719 " "	500	Rashmoney Dassee	Feb. 1, 1890	Sreemutty Rashmoney Dassee.	$\frac{2266}{D}$ , dated 18-1-95	Aug. 10, 1895
170720 " "	500					
C155453 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Feb. 1, 1890	Womesh Chandra Mookerjee.	$\frac{878}{D}$ , dated 1-8-95	Feb. 22, 1896
C155530 " "	500					
183550 " "	1,000	Khetter Mohun Bose	Aug. 1, 1889	Lollit Chand Mitter and Probode Chand Mitter, Receivers to the Estate of Neemdhone Dassee.	$\frac{826}{D}$ , dated 25-7-95	Ditto.
075300 " "	100	Kartick Chunder Bural	Feb. 2, 1886	Monohur Sen	$\frac{2028}{D}$ , dated 7-2-96	Aug. 8, 1896
117857 " "	500	Amrito Lall Bose	Aug. 1, 1893	Amrito Lall Bose	$\frac{130}{D}$ , dated 24-4-96	Ditto.
117858 " "	1,000					
206861 " "	100	Prosunno Kumar Bhattacharjee.	Feb. 1, 1891	Prosunno Kumar Bhattacharjee.	$\frac{181}{D}$ , dated 29-4-96	Ditto.
170518 " "	500	Deenbai	Feb. 1, 1892	Deenbai	$\frac{601}{D}$ , dated 1-7-96	Mar. 6, 1897
198202 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Feb. 1, 1894	Shyama Lal Ganguly	$\frac{1187}{D}$ , dated 25-9-96	Ditto.
C159865 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Feb. 1, 1892	Sreemutty Kusum Kamini Dabee.	$\frac{1414}{D}$ , dated 30-10-96	Ditto.
105422 " "	500					
202887 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Feb. 1, 1892	Poolin Behary Pyne	$\frac{919}{D}$ , dated 17-8-96	Ditto.
156397 " "	500	Deb Nath Sremany	Feb. 1, 1886	Sham Lall Roy, administrator to the estate of Gopal Lall Roy.	$\frac{2354}{D}$ , dated 15-2-97	Sep. 11, 1897
063577 " "	500	Gopal Chunder Sremany	Aug. 1, 1879	Srimati Monmohini Debi, certificate-holder for the estate of Ram Gopal Khan.	$\frac{5}{D}$ , dated 1-4-97	Ditto.
018714 " "	500	Damother Hari Chandrajee.	Feb. 1, 1881	Munshi Navandurni Dulputra.	$\frac{347}{D}$ , dated 17-6-97	Ditto.
109131 " "	1,000	R. Srinivasa Aingar	Aug. 1, 1890	C. Chuckerai Chetty.	$\frac{389}{D}$ , dated 29-6-97	Ditto.
C120432 " "	500	The Bank of Madras	Feb. 1, 1890			
C120441 " "	500					
123918 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Feb. 1, 1890	Sreemutty Kamini Dassi.	$\frac{451}{D}$ , dated 12-7-97	Feb. 5, 1898
123919 " "	500					
108529 " "	2,000	The Bank of Bengal	Feb. 1, 1884	Mussamat Mulla Bibee.	$\frac{490}{D}$ , dated 20-7-97	Ditto.
145550 " "	1,500	Nibaran Chandra Basu	Feb. 1, 1891	Nibaran Ch. Basu	$\frac{692}{D}$ , dated 27-8-97	Ditto.
231182 " "	500	The Agra Bank, Ltd.	Feb. 1, 1894	Serenebai	$\frac{823}{D}$ , dated 27-9-97	Ditto.
8007126 " "						
163788 " "	500	The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.	Aug. 1, 1886	Rajcswar Paul	$\frac{986}{D}$ , dated 16-11-97	Feb. 5, 1898
059043 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Feb. 1, 1892	Gopinath Chintamon Chittais.	$\frac{1036}{D}$ , dated 30-11-97	Aug. 13, 1898
152907 " "	3,000	Bissomoyee Dabee	Feb. 1, 1894	Sreemutty Bissomoyee Dabee.	$\frac{1168}{D}$ , dated 31-12-97	Ditto.
143101 " "	1,000	V. Canacavally Ammall	Aug. 1, 1886	C. Chengalvaraya Naidu.	$\frac{161}{D}$ , dated 18-5-98	Aug. 13, 1898
022401 31% "	500	Bhoot N. Chukerbutty	Aug. 1, 1894	Bhoot N. Chukerbutty.	$\frac{567}{D}$ , dated 3-8-97	Aug. 13, 1898
038805 " "	2,000	Pundit Kanhya Lall of Etah.	Feb. 1, 1895	Pundit Kanhya Lall of Etah.	$\frac{482}{D}$ , dated 10-8-98	Feb. 25, 1899
029713 " "	500	Taruk Nath Mukerjee	Aug. 1, 1894	Taruk Nath Mookerjee.	$\frac{757}{D}$ , dated 14-10-98	Ditto.



of the Note and name of Loan.	Value.	In whose name issued.	From what date bearing interest.	Name of claimant for duplicate.	No. and date of Comptroller General's order.	Date of pub- lication under Act XIII of 1886 of list in which the Security was first men- tioned.
10299 4% 1854-55	R 1,000	Administrator General, Bengal.	June 30, 1868	Sreemutty Bama Sundary Dabee, ad- ministratrix to the estate of Tarini Chunder Banerjee.	24, dated 30-10-82	Jan. 23, 1888.
10993 " "	1,000	Abdul Rahman	Dec. 31, 1855	Mussummat Ammee- ran, administratrix, estate, Abdul Rah- man.	25, dated 5-10-87	Ditto.
10035 " "	1,000	Hurry Pado Banerjee and Shama Pado Banerjee.	June 30, 1887	Hurry Pado Bando- padhya and Shama Pado Bando padhya	$\frac{706}{D}$ , dated 24-9-92	Feb. 11, 1893
10612 " "	1,000	Prosunno Coomar Sen	Dec. 31, 1885	Baroda Churn Sen.	$\frac{1136}{D}$ , dated 15-2-93	Aug. 12, 1893
10615 " "	1,000			administrator to C. C. Sen.	$\frac{941}{D}$ , dated 9-1-94	Oct. 13, 1894
10103 " "	500	Parbutty Churn Mooker- jee.	Dec. 31, 1876	Poresch Nath Mooker- jee.	$\frac{1160}{D}$ , dated 13-3-94	Ditto.
10805 " "	1,700	S. Appu Row	June 30, 1889	S. Appu Row	$\frac{308}{D}$ , dated 6-7-94	Ditto.
10806 " "	1,300			Nemy Churn Dey	$\frac{100}{D}$ , dated 15-1-96	Aug. 8, 1894
10808 " "	500	Nemy Churn Dey	Dec. 31, 1885	Nemy Churn Dey	$\frac{446}{D}$ , dated 3-6-96	Ditto.
10809 " "	500			Vurjeevandoss	$\frac{919}{D}$ , dated 17-8-96	Mar. 6, 1897
102340 " "	5,000	Vurjeevandoss	Dec. 31, 1889	Vurjeevandoss	$\frac{1923}{D}$ , dated 16-12-96	Ditto.
102341 " "	5,000			Madhowdoss	$\frac{1036}{D}$ , dated 30-11-97	Feb. 5, 1895
101604 " "	500	Nanabhoj Balcrustnaji	Dec. 31, 1892	Atmaram Balcrustna Kirtikar.	$\frac{1095}{D}$ , dated 10-12-97	Ditto.
105944 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Dec. 31, 1891	Poolin Behary Pyne	$\frac{638}{D}$ , dated 14-9-98	Feb. 25, 1899
102711 " "	500	Obhov Charn Roy	Dec. 31, 1882	Gunga Prosunna Mukerjee.	$\frac{858}{D}$ , dated 24-11-94	Ditto.
102136 " "	500			Surendra Nath Ghose	$\frac{2555}{D}$ , dated 22-3-97	Ditto.
103006 " "	2,000	Uma Churn Ghose	June 30, 1885	Hari Har Ghose and Monmohini Dasi, administrators to the estate of Uma Churn Ghose.	$\frac{1036}{D}$ , dated 30-11-97	Feb. 5, 1895
103007 " "	500			M. X. D'Souza	$\frac{1095}{D}$ , dated 10-12-97	Ditto.
1002242 " "	500	The National Bank of India, Ltd.	June 30, 1893	Gopinath Chintamon Chitnis.	$\frac{638}{D}$ , dated 14-9-98	Feb. 25, 1899
1091472 " "	1,000	Chintamon S. Chitnis	June 30, 1892	Nawab Mahomed Hamid Ali Khan.	$\frac{858}{D}$ , dated 24-11-94	Ditto.
1032268 " "	6,000	Moonya Bye	June 30, 1894	Devi Das Chuker- butty.	$\frac{2555}{D}$ , dated 22-3-97	Ditto.
10475 " "	500	Tara Chund Chukerbutty	Dec. 31, 1890	Sakina Begum, mother and guardian of Muhammad Zaki Ali Khan.	$\frac{1036}{D}$ , dated 30-11-97	Feb. 5, 1895
104136 " "	2,000	Nawab Askuree Begum and Sultanat Ara Nawab Askuree Begum, adminis- tratrix of Zeatonissa Begum.	June 30, 1892	Sreemutty Bama Sundary Dabee, administratrix to the estate of Tarini Churn Banerjee.	$\frac{31}{D}$ , dated 29-12-82	Ditto.
10356 4% 1865	500	E. E. Petrocochino & Co.	May 1, 1868	Administrator General, Bengal, adminis- trator, estate of Raj Chunder Ghose.	$\frac{13}{D}$ , dated 19-3-87	Ditto.
100206 " "	500	Kartick Chundra Bural	May 1, 1876	Chuna Lal	$\frac{1477}{D}$ , dated 25-3-99	Aug. 2, 1899
103210 " "	500			Administrator General, Bengal, adminis- trator, estate of Raj Chunder Ghose.	$\frac{481}{D}$ , dated 27-7-91	Feb. 20, 1892
103146 " "	500	Luchmee Chandra Radha Kissen.	Nov. 1, 1877	Dhunjeebhoy Mer- wanjee Jejeebhoy and Peroshaw Mer- wanjee Jejeebhoy	$\frac{737}{D}$ , dated 3-10-91	Ditto.
105488 " "	500	Deb Nath Sreemany	Nov. 1, 1878	T. R. Stokoe	$\frac{974}{D}$ , dated 18-12-91	Ditto.
1029103 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	May 1, 1886	Gones Dass	$\frac{975}{D}$ , dated 18-12-91	Ditto.
1029105 " "	1,000			Sreemutty Soshce Mookhee Debya, administratrix of Seeral Nath Mook- kerjee.	$\frac{1102}{D}$ , dated 27-1-92	Aug. 13, 1892
1029106 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Nov. 1, 1886	Surendro Nath Ba- nerjee.	$\frac{1206}{D}$ , dated 19-3-92	Ditto.
1029107 " "	1,000			Grish Chunder Mu- kerjee.	$\frac{621}{D}$ , dated 9-9-92	Feb. 11, 1893
1029108 " "	1,000	Madhubun Dass Dwar- ka Dass.	May 1, 1887			
1029109 " "	1,000	Bolaki Dass	May 1, 1876			
1029110 " "	5,000	Abhoj Churn Guho				
1029111 " "	2,000					
1029112 " "	500					
1029113 " "	500	The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.	Nov. 1, 1881			
1029114 " "	500	Surendro Nath Banerjee	May 1, 1886			
1029115 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal				
1029116 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal				
1029117 " "	100	Omrilo Lal Sen	May 1, 1887			
1029118 " "	100					

No. of the Note and name of Loan.	Value.	In whose name issued.	From what date bearing interest.	Name of claimant for duplicate.	No. and date of Comptroller General's order.	Date of publication of Act No. 18 of 1886 in which Security first mentioned.
238858 4% 1865 188252 " "	500 500	Deb Nath Sreemany Kheromoney Dassee	Nov. 1, 1889 Ditto	Russick Lall Dutt Sreemutty Kheromoney Dassee.	900, dated 29-11-92 D	Feb. 18, 1893
114004 " " 111657 " " 102103 " " 102109 " " 102110 " " 102111 " "	500 500 500 500 500 500	Ram Durga The Bank of Bengal	Nov. 1, 1885	Sreemutty Ram Durga Dassee.	1193, dated 3-3-93 D	Aug. 12, 1893
165443 " " 256779 " " 256780 " " 256781 " "	500 100 100 100	Bapoojee Morojee The Bank of Bengal	May 1, 1889 Nov. 1, 1887	Manceekbai Surendro Nath Moorjee.	12, dated 6-4-93 D 27, dated 11-4-93 D	Ditto. Ditto.
189084 " " 190072 " " 190073 " " 226042 " " 006909 " "	1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 500	Ditto Ditto Radha Nath Chatterji	Ditto Ditto May 1, 1876	Haradhone Nag Bisaendyal Hurdial.	1285, dated 27-3-93 D 678, dated 31-10-93 D	Ditto. Ditto. Feb. 17, 1894
229064 " " 277723 " "	100 500	The Agra Bank, Limited The Bank of Bengal	Nov. 1, 1886 Ditto	Rustomjee Framjee Wadia. Kumud Behary Samanta.	574, dated 21-9-93 D 1162, dated 10-3-94 D	Ditto. Oct. 13, 1894
205875 " " 232068 " "	1,000 500	Ditto Agra Bank, Limited	May 1, 1891 May 1, 1887	Sreemutty Souraviny Dassee. Admr. Genl. Bombay	1302, dated 25-9-94 D 1366, dated 27-9-94 D	Feb. 23, 1895 Ditto.
232069 " " 159555 " "	500 5,000	Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.	Nov. 1, 1889	Moung Shwe Boo	1983, dated 4-12-94 D	Ditto.
Boo3368 } Cal. 301944 }	1,000	The Accountant General, Bombay.	May 1, 1890	S. Rangasami Aiyar.	2233, dated 16-1-95 D	Aug. 10, 1895
235977 " " 235978 " " 235979 " " 235991 " " 220245 " " 206706 " " 163493 " " 037562 " "	500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500	Kumud Kaminy Dassee Tarini Churn Ghose Comptroller General Ramjiban Ghosh The Bank of Bengal	May 1, 1891 May 1, 1871	Sreemutty Kumud Kamini Dassee. Hurry Churn Sett, administrator to the estate of Amrito Kumari Dassee.	2268, dated 18-1-95 D 42, dated 5-4-95 D	Ditto. Ditto.
191030 " " 191031 " " 325177 " " 325178 " " 325179 " " 325180 " " 325181 " "	1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	Ditto Ditto	Nov. 1, 1891 May 1, 1892	Huzaree Loll Moodiali.	980, dated 14-8-95 D 1694, dated 7-12-95 D	Feb. 22, 1896 Ditto.
306355 " " 32307 " " 299592 " "	1,000 2,500 500	Ganoda Debi Shamapodo Sreemany Deb Nath Sreemany	Nov. 1, 1890 May 1, 1892 May 1, 1890	Sreemutty Ganoda Dabee.	1060, dated 24-1-96 D	Aug. 8, 1896
158605 " "	1,000	Amrito Lall Bose	Aug. 1, 1893	Amrito Lall Bose	130, dated 24-4-96 D	Ditto.
281383 " " 219907 " " 219908 " " 334563 " "	500 500 500 500	The Bank of Bengal Ohick Ch Chuckerbutty Mokshada Dabee, admx. of Ohick Ch. Chuckerbutty	Nov. 1, 1893 Nov. 1, 1892	Shyama Lal Ganguly Sreemutty Mokshada Dabee.	1187, dated 25-9-96 D 1219, dated 30-9-96 D	Mar. 6, 1897 Ditto.
264758 " " 271273 " " 257741 " "	500 1,000 500	The Bank of Bombay The Bank of Bengal	May 1, 1892 May 1, 1890	Vinayak Chintamon Joglekar. Mussummat Hosseinee Begum.	673, dated 7-7-96 D 2557, dated 22-3-97 D	Ditto. Sep. 11, 1897
294511 " "	1,000	Troylucko Nath Banerjee	Nov. 1, 1890	Mohendra Nath Sircar.	112, dated 27-4-97 D	Ditto.
195947 " "	1,000	Commissioner Salt Revenue Madras.	Nov. 1, 1890	C. Chuckerai Chetty	790, dated 29-6-97 D	Ditto.
280318 " " 045008 " " 145009 " "	1,000 500 500	The Bank of Bengal Peary Mohun Ghose	May 1, 1890	Sreemutty Kamini Dasl.	451, dated 12-7-97 D	Feb. 5, 1898
147973 " "	500	William Moran & Co.	May 1, 1889	Prosad Das Mullick and others.	449, dated 12-7-97 D	Ditto.
329258 " "	5,000	The Bank of Bengal	May 1, 1892	Ardeshir Jamsedjee Doorgaji.	821, dated 27-9-97 D	Ditto.
130739 " " 282491 " " 174591 " " 174592 " " 228625 " " 22026 " " 228630 " " 197376 " " 202844 " "	500 500 500 500 100 100 100 1,000 2,000	Chintamon S. Chitnis Gopinath Chintamon The National Bank of India, Ltd. Deepchand Nalchand Bolly Chand Roy The Accountant General, Madras.	May 1, 1892 Nov. 1, 1893	Gopinath Chintamon Chitnis. Byramjee Juwajee Daruwalla.	1036, dated 30-11-97 D 1082, dated 7-12-97 D	Ditto. Feb. 5, 1898
110326 " " 110324 " " 190265 " " 190266 " "	1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	The Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China. The Bank of Madras	Nov. 1, 1886	C. Chengalvaraya Naidu.	164, dated 18-5-98 D	Aug. 13, 1898

of the Note and Name of Loan.	Value.	In whose name issued.	From what date bearing interest.	Name of claimant for duplicate.	No. and date of Comptroller General's order.	Date of pub- lication under Act XIII of 1886 of list in which the Security was first men- tioned.
	R					
1713 4% 1865	1,000	The Bank of Bombay	May 1, 1894	Madhaye Narayan Joglekar.	$\frac{244}{D}$ , dated 11-6-98	Aug. 13, 1898.
4661 " "	1,000	Bama Sundary Gupta	May 1, 1893	Bama Sundari Gupta	$\frac{422}{D}$ , dated 27-7-98	Feb. 25, 1899.
872 " "	1,500	Ram Gopal	Ditto	Lalla Umrao Singh	$\frac{579}{D}$ , dated 29-8-98	Ditto.
1282 " "	8,000	} Kanhai Lall	Nov. 1, 1893	Inder Pershad	$\frac{670}{D}$ , dated 24-9-98	Ditto.
1284 " "	5,000					
1716 3½% "	500					
1717 " "	500	Taruk Nath Mukerjee	May 1, 1894	Taruk Nath Mook- erjee.	$\frac{757}{D}$ , dated 14-10-98	Ditto.
120 4½% 1878	1,000	Mangesh Shabaram	Sep. 15, 1888	Cowasjee Byramjee	$\frac{242}{D}$ , dated 12-6-93	Aug. 12, 1893.
1282 " "	1,500	V. N. Gopaulinga	Ditto	Papannah	$\frac{1113}{D}$ , dated 18-9-90	Mar. 6, 1897.
1073R 4% 1879	5,000	Beethal Pershad	July 16, 1873	Mussummat Lait- mina, administratrix, estate of Beethal Pershad.	2305, dated 27-7-77	Jan. 28, 1888.
8776 " "	500	Bunsi Lal Abeerchand	July 16, 1874	P. Durgachellum Mo- delier.	1, dated 8-2-82	Ditto.
3431 " "	500	Executive Commissariat Officer, Sialkot.	Jan. 16, 1876	Bhogaon Dass	29, dated 15-12-87	Ditto.
857 " "	5,000	Ram Lal Budreeda	July 16, 1876	Gones Dass	$\frac{974}{D}$ , dated 12-12-91	Feb. 20, 1892.
886 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Jan. 16, 1885	Sashipodo Bando- padya, guardian of Sreemutty Sukhtra Bando-padya.	$\frac{1265}{D}$ , dated 7-3-92	Aug. 13, 1892.
887 " "	500	Mohomedbhoy Rowj Lahai and Ibrahimbhoy Mohomedbhoy.	July 16, 1887	Atmaram Damodher	$\frac{344}{D}$ , dated 25-7-92	Feb. 11, 1893.
1274 " "	100	} Balchand Tarachand	Jan. 16, 1886	Rustomjee Framjee Wadia.	$\frac{574}{D}$ , dated 21-9-93	Feb. 17, 1894.
1275 " "	100					
2214 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Jan. 16, 1890	Gopal Ch. Gooptu	$\frac{755}{D}$ , dated 17-11-93	Ditto.
1810 " "	10,000	Ditto	July 16, 1882	T. Rethinasami Na- dar.	$\frac{862}{D}$ , dated 13-8-94	Feb. 23, 1895.
20023 " "	1,000	} Ramungalu Chetty	Jan. 16, 1888	Fathay Chand Go- lucha.	$\frac{2116}{D}$ , dated 3-1-95	Aug. 10, 1895.
20024 " "	1,000					
21717 " "	1,000					
21718 " "	1,000	Ref. Dr. J. M. Strachan				
21851 " "	500	Promotho Nath Bose	July 16, 1883	Sreemutty Surno- moyee Dabee.	$\frac{1664}{D}$ , dated 25-11-96	Mar. 6, 1897.
21517 " "	500	Tara Prosonno Mukerjee	Jan. 16, 1883	Gunga Prosunna Mukerjee.	$\frac{1923}{D}$ , dated 16-12-96	Ditto.
20044 " "	500	Gopinath Chintamon Chitnis, Admr.	July 16, 1892	Gopinath Chintamon Chitnis.	$\frac{1036}{D}$ , dated 30-11-97	Feb. 5, 1898.
21333 " "	500	Elizabeth M. Philips	Ditto	Nawab Mahomed Hamid Ali Khan.	$\frac{1005}{D}$ , dated 10-12-97	Ditto.
21787 " "	500	} Tara Chund Chucker- butty.	Jan. 16, 1891	Devi Das Chucker- butty.	$\frac{638}{D}$ , dated 14-9-98	Feb. 25, 1899.
21788 " "	500					
21789 " "	500					
22296 3½% "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Jan. 16, 1896	Sirdar Natha Sing	$\frac{928}{D}$ , dated 14-12-98	Ditto.
2271 4½% "	500	The Bank of Bombay	Mar. 15, 1882	Soonabai and Curset- bai.	$\frac{982}{D}$ , dated 7-3-84	Aug. 10, 1895.
22847 " "	100	} Dhurmsey Naroojee	Mar. 15, 1889	} Cowasjee Byramjee	$\frac{242}{D}$ , dated 12-6-93	Aug. 12, 1893.
22848 " "	100					
22849 " "	100					
22850 " "	100					
22851 " "	100					
22852 " "	100	} Cowasjee Byramjee and Maneckjee Marwanjee	Mar. 15, 1888			
22861 " "	1,000	The Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris.	Mar. 15, 1887	B. Wiggin, adminis- trator of Mrs. J. E. Wiggin.	$\frac{1212}{D}$ , dated 8-3-93	Ditto.
22856 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Mar. 15, 1889	Ahmed Hossein	$\frac{724}{D}$ , dated 13-11-93	Feb. 17, 1894.
22857 " "	500	Ditto				
22858 " "	500					
22859 " "	100	} Wm. Watson & Co.	Sep. 15, 1887	} Mr. E. H. Hearn and Mrs. Mary H. H. Hearn.	$\frac{1263}{D}$ , dated 22-9-94	Feb. 23, 1895.
22860 " "	100					
22861 " "	100					
22862 " "	100					
22863 " "	100					
22864 " "	500	} The Bank of Madras	Sep. 15, 1888	} F. J. Gonsalves	$\frac{1424}{D}$ , dated 26-10-95	Feb. 22, 1896.
22865 " "	300					
22866 " "	2,500	Sarah Walker Stevenson	Sep. 15, 1888	Mrs. Sarah Walker Stevenson.	$\frac{2286}{D}$ , dated 13-3-96	Aug. 8, 1896.
22867 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Mar. 15, 1884	Dosibai	$\frac{1330}{D}$ , dated 24-10-96	Mar. 6, 1897.
22868 " "	1,000	V. Vencata Naru Singh	Sep. 15, 1887	P. Narain Row	$\frac{580}{D}$ , dated 5-8-97	Feb. 5, 1898.

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	R										
042456 4½% 1879	1,000	Bunsee Lail Abeerchand. R. B.	Sep. 15, 1887	A. B. Chiodetti	$\frac{49}{D}$ , dated 18-4-98	Aug. 11					
042457 " "	1,000										
042458 " "	1,000										
031472 " "	500										
031473 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal									
000256 4% Cawn- pore-Parruckabad Railway Debenture Non-transferable Treasury Note	1,000	Choubay Sadhari Lall	June 30, 1880	Collector of Cawn- pore.	$\frac{760}{D}$ , dated 18-8-94	Feb. 23					
000062 5%	500	Gopika Bai, manager of Mandir Vitul Rookhmai of Ramtek.	Mar. 16, 1883	Gopika Bai, manager of Mandir Vitul Rookhmai of Ramtek.	11, dated 15-2-87	Jan. 28					
*9042 5% 1825-26	2,000	Armogatha Pillai	Feb. 28, 1843	Chockalinga Pillai	$\frac{359}{D}$ , dated 8-7-98	Feb. 23					
†190586 4% 1842-43	100	The Bank of Bengal	Aug. 1, 1889	Hem Nath Sen	$\frac{517}{D}$ , dated 13-8-92	Feb. 11					
†190587 " "	100										
†190588 " "	100										
†190589 " "	100										
†185573 " "	500	Goormukh Singh	Aug. 1, 1888	Goormukh Singh	$\frac{1921}{D}$ , dated 7-12-94	Feb. 23					
†196711 " "	800	The Bank of Madras	Feb. 1, 1893	The National Bank of India, Limited.	$\frac{266}{D}$ , dated 4-5-95	Aug. 10					
*131670 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Aug. 1, 1885	Executive Engineer, Coimbatore Divi- sion.	$\frac{1556}{D}$ , dated 21-11-95	Feb. 23					
*151922 " "	1,000	Gopal Chunder Dutta	Aug. 1, 1885	Mritonjoy Mukerjee	$\frac{432}{D}$ , dated 2-6-96	Aug. 8					
*133848 " "	500	Chander Madhub Ghose	Aug. 1, 1893	C. Mathews	$\frac{843}{D}$ , dated 29-9-97	Feb. 5					
†164021 " "	1,000	The Agra Municipality	Feb. 1, 1894	Municipal Board, Agra.	$\frac{924}{D}$ , dated 16-11-97	Ditto					
*074218 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Aug. 1, 1894	Saroda Sundary Dabee.	$\frac{981}{D}$ , dated 30-12-98	Feb. 23					
†097461 " 1854-55	10,000	The Allahabad Bank, Limited.	Dec. 31, 1893	L. B. Simeon	$\frac{11}{D}$ , dated 2-4-94	Aug. 10					
†039431 " "	500	Ghunesham Mitter	June 30, 1883	Ghunesham Mitter	$\frac{1130}{D}$ , dated 21-9-96	Mar. 6					
†012222 3½% " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Dec. 31, 1897	The Bank of Bengal	$\frac{754}{D}$ , dated 14-10-98	Feb. 25					
†042241 " "	1,000										
†012242 " "	1,000										
†042243 " "	1,000										
†042244 " "	1,000	W. D. H. Oehme	Nov. 30, 1868	{ Kedar Nath Sanyal, executor to D. B. Mudy.	$\frac{324}{D}$ , dated 13-7-93	Aug. 12					
*20311 5½% 1859-60	1,000										
*20312 " "	1,000										
*033633 " "	1,000										
†206028 4% 1865	500	The New Bank of Bom- bay, Limited.	Nov. 30, 1876	Shapurjee Jehangir- jee.	$\frac{672}{D}$ , dated 6-7-95	Feb. 23					
†239875 " "	1,500	The Agra Bank, Limited	May 1, 1891	{ Mrs. Louisa Wood- ward.	$\frac{222}{D}$ , dated 6-6-93	Aug. 12					
†B147686 " "	800	Bhubonesh Chakravarti									
†213118 " "	1,000	The Administrator Gen- eral, Bengal.	Nov. 1, 1891	The Alliance Bank of Simla, Limited.	$\frac{264}{D}$ , dated 20-6-93	Ditto					
†275886 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal									
†282015 " "	1,000	John A. Stowell	Nov. 1, 1890	Ahmed Hosein	$\frac{724}{D}$ , dated 13-11-93	Feb. 17					
†290587 " "	1,000										
†172391 " "	1,000										
†257559 " "	300										
†268463 " "	500	The Bank of Madras	Nov. 1, 1888	A. DeSouza Barrett	$\frac{997}{D}$ , dated 24-1-94	Oct. 13					
†268464 " "	500										
†332766 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	May 1, 1893	Judge of Burdwan	$\frac{132}{D}$ , dated 12-5-94	Ditto					
†B135450 " "	5,000	The National Bank of India, Limited.	Nov. 1, 1889	{ Inderjee Makanjee { Nichabhai Fouzdar	$\frac{1261}{D}$ , dated 22-9-94	Feb. 23					
†147021 " "	500	Bunsee Dhur	May 1, 1894	The Bank of Bengal	$\frac{264}{D}$ , dated 13-3-95	Aug. 10					
†210155 " "	1,000	King, Hamilton & Co.	May 1, 1893	The Alliance Bank of Simla, Limited.	$\frac{157}{D}$ , dated 22-4-95	Ditto					
†209218 " "	1,500										
*344705 " "	500						Ekkari De, certificate holder in the estate of Rambullov De.	May 1, 1894	The Bank of Bengal	$\frac{250}{D}$ , dated 4-5-95	Ditto
†194443 " "	1,000										
*356990 " "	1,500	The Bank of Bengal	May 1, 1894	Executive Engineer, Agra Division.	$\frac{1402}{D}$ , dated 30-10-96	Mar. 6					
*356999 " "	1,500										
†321444 " "	5,000	Ashutosh, Mohendra Nath, Sushil Chunder, and Promotho Nath Banerjee, surviving executors of Taramony Dabee.	May 1, 1893	Ashutosh, Mohendra Nath, Sushil Chunder, and Pro- motho Nath Baner- jee, surviving executors of Tara- mony Dabee.	$\frac{2448}{D}$ , dated 2-3-97	Sep. 11					
*073587 3½% " "	1,000	Accountant General, Punjab.	May 1, 1894	Judge, Small Cause Court, Delhi.	$\frac{2308}{D}$ , dated 22-6-97	Ditto					
*029015 " "	100	Jogendra Nath Ghose	May 1, 1895	{ Bank of Bengal, { Calcutta.	$\frac{940}{D}$ , dated 20-8-96	Mar. 6					
*029016 " "	100										
†099129 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Nov. 1, 1897	Chief Commissariat Officer, Presidency District, Calcutta.	$\frac{947}{D}$ , dated 20-12-98	Feb. 25					

\* Duplicates of these notes have been issued.

† Half notes—Duplicates have been issued.

‡ Mutilated notes—Duplicates have been issued.

No. of the Note and name of Loan.	Value.	In whose name issued.	From what date bearing interest.	Name of claimant for duplicate.	No. and date of Comptroller General's order.	Date of publication under Act XIII of 1886 of list in which the Security was first mentioned.
103201 4½% 1879	R 1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Sep. 16, 1887	Luxmibai, widow of Yesmantrao Gopal Rao Mairai Jambekar	2601 D, dated 27-3-97	Sep. 11, 1897.
1071224 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Mar. 15, 1889	Ahmed Hosein.	724 D, dated 13-11-93	Feb. 17, 1894.
1016221 4% "	1,000	Choonee Lall Nanchund.	Jan. 16, 1889	Ahmed Hosein.	724 D, dated 13-11-93	Ditto.
1014138 " "	1,000	The Alliance Bank of Simla, Limited.	Ditto	{ Inderjee Makhanjee { Nichabhai Fouzdar	1261 D, dated 23-9-94	Feb. 23, 1895.
1026951 " "	1,000	Salum Meenatchu	July 16, 1892	Srikakolapu Venkataratnam.	785 D, dated 24-7-96	Mar. 6, 1897.
1010934 " "	1,000	The Joint Adms. of the Gondal State.	July 16, 1880	P. Sevapatha Modr.	671 D, dated 7-7-96	Ditto.
1007540 3½% "	500	Perozhshah Ruttonjee Sujoo.	July 16, 1897	Chief Commissariat Officer, Quetta.	913 D, dated 9-12-93	Feb. 25, 1899.
1000951 3½% 1893-94	2,000	Shama Pada Sreemany	} Dec. 31, 1894	Bank of Bengal, Calcutta.	940 D, dated 20-8-96	Mar. 6, 1897.
1020112 " "	100	} H. W. Barber				
1020113 " "	100					

\* Duplicates of these notes have been issued.

† Half notes—Duplicates have been issued.

‡ Mutilated notes—Duplicates have been issued.

### STATISTICS AND COMMERCE. CUSTOMS.

*The 22nd August, 1899.*

**No. 3918-S.R.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act (VIII of 1878), and in continuation of Notification No. 3133-S.R., of July 15, 1898, the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt basic slag from the import duty leviable thereon under No. 10 of Schedule IV of the Indian Tariff Act (VIII of 1894) as amended by Acts XVI of 1894 and III of 1896.

*The 23rd August, 1899.*

**No. 3934-S.R.**—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 8A of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894, as amended by Acts III of 1896 and XIV of 1899), and in supersession of the rates of additional duty on the kinds of sugar mentioned against Germany in the Notification in this Department, No. 1327-S.R., dated the 20th March 1899, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the rates shall be revised as follows, with effect from the date of this Notification:

*For*

Kinds of sugar.	Bounties bestowed.	Additional duties to be levied.
		<i>Per cwt.</i>
		<b>Rs. A. P.</b>
Raw sugar of at least 90 per cent polarization and refined sugar under 98 per cent, and of at least 90 per cent, polarization.	250 marks per 100 kilograms.	0 15 3
Candy and sugar in white, hard loaves, blocks, crystals, etc., of at least 99½ per cent polarization.	255 marks per 100 kilograms.	1 6 0
All other sugar of at least 98 per cent polarization ...	3 marks per 100 kilograms.	1 2 0



*Read*

Kinds of sugar.	Bounties bestowed.	Additional duties to be levied.
		Per cent. Rs. A. P.
Raw sugar of at least 90 per cent polarization ...	2.40 marks per 100 kilograms.	0 14 7
Refined sugar under 98 per cent, and of at least 90 per cent, polarization.	2.50 marks per 100 kilograms.	0 15 3
Candy and sugar in white, hard loaves, blocks, crystals, etc., of at least 99½ per cent polarization.	3.55 marks per 100 kilograms.	1 6 0
All other sugar of at least 98 per cent polarization ...	3 marks per 100 kilograms.	1 2 0

## LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*The 24th August, 1899.*

No. 3949-P.—Mr. H. J. Brereton is posted as Deputy Accountant General, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with effect from the 15th August 1899.

No. 3955-P.—Mr. Mohini Kanta Ghatak is granted privilege leave for one month and twelve days, with effect from the 29th August 1899.

*The 25th August, 1899.*

No. 3979-P.—Mr. J. Bridgnell, a Superintendent in the Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General, is appointed to officiate as a Supernumerary Chief Superintendent in that office, with effect from the 3rd July 1899.

No. 3990.—The following reversions and promotions of officers of the Account Department are notified :

With effect from the 10th July 1899,—

Mr. W. H. Dawson to officiate in class II of the Enrolled List instead of in class III of Accountants General.

Mr. J. J. Cotton to officiate in class III instead of in class II,

Messrs. J. A. Robertson and K. B. Wagle to revert to class IV,

Mr. F. D. Gordon to officiate in class V instead of in class IV, and

Mr. J. S. Milne to revert to class VI, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 17th July 1899, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. A. G. Chuckerbutty,—

Mr. W. H. Dawson to officiate in class I,

Mr. J. J. Cotton to officiate in class II,

Messrs. J. A. Robertson and K. B. Wagle to officiate in class III,

Mr. F. D. Gordon to officiate in class IV, and

Mr. J. S. Milne to officiate in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 27th July 1899, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. E. Lawrence,—

Mr. T. H. Biggs to officiate in class II, and

Mr. M. F. Gauntlett to officiate in class III, of Accountants General.

Mr. A. H. Anthony to officiate in class II,

Mr. G. C. Ray to officiate in class III,

Mr. U. L. Majumdar to officiate in class IV, and

Mr. R. Waterfield to officiate in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 28th July 1899, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. J. J. Cotton,—

Mr. G. D. Pudumjee to officiate in class II,

Mr. M. A. Hydari to officiate in class III,

Mr. W. H. E. Mellor to officiate in class IV, and

Mr. J. S. Chakravarti to officiate in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the same date, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. L. J. W. Worgan,—

Mr. P. G. Jacob to officiate in class V of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 29th July 1899, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. R. A. Gamble,—

Mr. W. H. Michael to officiate in class II, and

Mr. G. D. Pudumjee to officiate in class III, of Accountants General.

Mr. W. D. F. Cowley to officiate in class II,

Mr. K. L. Datta to officiate in class III,

Messrs. L. J. W. Worgan and J. C. Mitra to officiate in class IV, and

Mr. G. C. Hart to officiate in class V, of the Enrolled List.

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 25th August, 1899.*

### JUDICIAL.

No. 951.—In exercise of the powers conferred by article 190, and with reference to article 1, clauses (2) and (3), of the Indian Articles of War (Act No. V of 1869, as amended by Act No. XII of 1894), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that after question 11 (c) in the form of attestation document for soldiers, etc., prescribed by paragraph II of G. G. O. No. 568 of 1895, the following shall be added, namely:

"(d) If you are enlisted for the 21st Regiment of Bombay Infantry, you are liable to serve at sea upon such ship or vessel as may be ordered by superior authority."

### LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 952.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"*London Gazette*," dated the 1st August 1899, page 4760.

#### WAR OFFICE;

*Pall Mall, 1st August, 1899.*

*Unattached List.*—The undermentioned Gentlemen Cadets, from the Royal Military College, Kingston, Canada, to be Second-Lieutenants, with a view to their appointment to the Indian Staff Corps. Dated 2nd August 1899:

James Peters.

Roger Lewis Campbell Sweeny.

#### BREVET.

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Colonels to be Colonels:

A. W. C. Bell, Indian Staff Corps. Dated 7th July 1899.

## ORGANISATION.

### ARMY RESERVES.

No. 953.—John Frederick Willans, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant in the Infantry branch of the Indian Army Reserve of officers.

### PROMOTIONS.

#### INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 954.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

#### *Lieutenants to be Captains.*

22nd August 1899.

Frederick William Bagshawe.

Francis John Deloraine Henslowe.

Frederick Charles Rampini.

Hugh Frederic Archie Pearson.

Frederick Hugo Pigou.

Alan Playfair.

Hugh Kenneth Dalyell.

John Randall.

Albert Mangles Doveton.

Stanley Clay.

John Graham Crosthwaite.

John Holberton Whitehead.

Frederick William Barton Gray.

Lionel Arthur Watson.

John Lewis Randolph Gordon.

William George Cooper.

Henry Lawrence Anderson.

Cecil Patton Down.

James Gaisford.

Denys Brooke Blakeway.

Percy Edward Ricketts.

Alfred Colyer Ralph.

Orlando George Gunning.

John Alexander Stewart.

James Knighton Condon.

Thomas William Lightfoot.

Frederick George Clinton Humfrey.

Henry Perceval Ainslie.

George Henry Bell.  
 Alfred Ralph Nethersole.  
 Arthur Francis Ferguson-Davie, D.S.O.  
 William Henry Francis Basevi.

No. 955.—Subject to Her Majesty's approval, the undermentioned Captain is granted the temporary rank of Major, whilst serving as regimental commandant or second-in-command, Indian Army:

Francis Townshend Cunynghame Hughes,—  
 15th June 1899.

No. 956.—The promotion of Second-Lieutenant Edward Ernest Forbes, to the rank of Lieutenant, notified in G. G. O. No. 682 of 1898, is antedated to the 14th November 1897.

#### COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

##### *Madras.*

No. 957.—Conductor George Wheeler to be Deputy Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

Sub-Conductor Michael Thomas Lynch to be Conductor;

Sergeant Charles Lewis to be Sub-Conductor,—

with effect from the 5th May 1899, *vice* Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant William Doughty, retired.

No. 958.—The second Christian name of Sergeant J. A. Bloomfield, promoted to the rank of Sub-Conductor in G. G. O. No. 605 of 1899, is Aldous and not as therein notified.

#### ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

##### *Bengal.*

No. 959.—Sub-Conductor James Steele, supernumerary on reversion from the Proof Department, Balasore, to be absorbed, with effect from the 2nd August 1899, *vice* Sub-Conductor E. G. White, remanded to regimental duty.

##### *Bombay.*

No. 960.—Conductor Alexander Sandilands to be Deputy Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Sub-Conductor John Williams to be Conductor;

Store-Sergeant William Willows to be Sub-Conductor,—

with effect from the 1st August 1899, *vice* Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant J. E. Newell, retired.

#### PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

##### *Madras.*

No. 961.—Sergeant Bernard Oscar Reynolds to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 17th May 1899, *vice* Sub-Conductor E. Huson, deceased.

No. 962.—Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Alfred Cooper Lord to be Assistant Commissary.

Conductor John Edward Patton to be Deputy Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Sub-Conductor James Samuel Joyce to be Conductor;

Sergeant Ernest Edward Price to be Sub-Conductor,—

with effect from the 1st June 1899, *vice* Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant John Kelly, retired.

#### NATIVE ARMY.

##### No. 963.—*14th Regiment of Madras Infantry—*

Subadar Abdur Rahman to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Abdur Razzak to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Sayyid Nabi to be Jemadar, *vice* Muhammad Abbas, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

##### No. 964.—*2nd (Prince of Wales's Own) Regiment of Bombay Infantry (Grenadiers)—*

Havildar Saif Ali, 2nd (or Hill) Regiment of Sikh Infantry, to be Jemadar, *vice* Ghulam Muhammad Khan, transferred to the 9th Bombay Infantry, with effect from date of transfer.

##### No. 965.—*7th Regiment of Bombay Infantry—*

Jemadar Bir Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Bhau Dalvi, promoted, with effect from the 17th June 1899.

Jemadar Krishnaji Rao Sinde to be Subadar, *vice* Wazir Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 17th June 1899.

#### PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

##### No. 966.—*2nd Regiment of Punjab Cavalry—*

Risaldar Umdah Singh to be Risaldar-Major, Ressaidar Musalli Khan to be Risaldar, Jemadar Bishn Singh to be Ressaidar, and Kot Dafadar Wasda Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Dewa Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 10th July 1899.

##### No. 967.—*1st Regiment of Punjab Infantry—*

Havildar Mansur Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Aimal Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st August 1899.

##### No. 968.—*2nd (or Hill) Regiment of Sikh Infantry—*

Jemadar Isar Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Mangal Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Surain Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

## RETIREMENTS.

No. 969.—The retirement from the service of Major F. Wyllie, Indian Staff Corps, notified in G. G. O. No. 834 of 1899, is cancelled.

## REWARDS.

## GOOD-CONDUCT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICE.

No. 970.—The undermentioned non-commissioned officers of the Bengal Unattached List are awarded silver medals for long service and good-conduct for the quarter ending 30th September 1899:

*Without Gratuity.*

Acting Sergeant-Major Charles Macguckin, Cawnpore Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Acting Sergeant-Major William Leys, Calcutta Port Defence Volunteers.

First-class Sergeant Instructor Wilson Jones, Oudh Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Sergeant Ambrose Brian Coultas, Ordnance Department.

Sergeant Albert Harwood, Military Works Department.

## SPECIAL.

No. 971.—With reference to article 280, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part I, the undermentioned officer, having been absent from military duty for ten years, is transferred to the supernumerary list, with effect from the date specified:

Captain C. B. Rawlinson, Deputy Commissioner, 3rd grade,—23rd August 1899.

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

## APPOINTMENTS AND RESIGNATIONS.

No. 972.—*and (Cadet) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles—*

Second-Lieutenant Raymond Thomas Barker resigns his commission, with effect from the 1st August 1899.

Harry Richardson Clark, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st August 1899.

No. 973.—*Allahabad Volunteer Rifles—*

Second-Lieutenant George Evans Ostoché resigns his commission, with effect from the 12th August 1899.

No. 974.—*North Western Railway Volunteer Rifles—*

Colonel Maule Campbell Brackenbury, C.S.I., resigns his commission, with effect from the 24th June 1899.

No. 975.—*South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles—*

George Chichester Forbes, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant.

No. 976.—*East Coast Rifle Volunteers—*

Lieutenant Richard Hamilton Campbell, I.C.S., resigns his commission.

## MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 977.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officers of the Indian Volunteer Force who have been duly recommended for the same under the Royal Warrant of the 24th May 1894 (India Army Circulars of 1894, clause 101):

*and Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles—*

Major Frank Tebbs.

Captain Benjamin Henry Skelton.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

## PROMOTIONS.

No. 33.—The following promotions are made in the Marine Survey of India, with effect from the 1st April 1899:

*To be Assistant Surveyor, 1st class.*

Lieutenant C. W. Shearme.

*To be Assistant Surveyor, and class.*

Lieutenant C. S. Hickman.

*To be Assistant Surveyor, 3rd class.*

Sub-Lieutenant E. J. Headlam.

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 22nd August, 1899.*

No. 358.—Mr. P. P. Dease, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, has been granted, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, furlough for two months in extension of the twenty-two months' leave referred to in Public Works Department Notification No. 458, dated the 12th October 1898.

*The 23rd August, 1899.*

No. 360.—*Corrigendum.*—In Public Works Department Notification No. 350, dated the 17th August 1899, for the word *Provisional* read *Provincial*.

*The 24th August, 1899.*

No. 362.—The privilege leave granted to Mr. C. C. Swetenham, Officiating Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Burma, has been commuted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to leave on medical certificate for nine months.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 19th August, 1899.*

No. 357.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 107, dated the 15th March 1899, the services of Brevet Colonel J. W. Thurburn, R.E., Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank, Punjab, were replaced at the disposal of that Government, with effect from the 22nd June 1899.

*The 22nd August, 1899.*

No. 359.—Mr. H. W. V. Colebrook, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Burma, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, with effect from the afternoon of the 3rd August 1899, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. J. Benton, or until further orders.

*The 23rd August, 1899.*

No. 361.—*Corrigendum.*—For "2nd-Lieutenant" in Notification No. 61, dated the 15th February 1899, substitute "Lieutenant."

#### TELEGRAPHS.

*The 25th August, 1899.*

No. 363.—The following promotions are made in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified :

Name.	From	To	Date.
Mr. H. A. Kirk	Chief Superintendent, Class IV.	Director, Class III, officiating.	24th July 1899, and until further orders.
Mr. H. A. Armstrong	Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 2nd Grade.	Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, officiating.	2nd August 1899, and until further orders.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*





# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 35.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**PART III.**—Advertisements and Notices by Private individuals and Corporations.

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*Nothing for publication.*

**PART VI.**—Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

*Nothing for publication.*

SUPPLEMENT No. 35.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

#### NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 1st September, 1899.*

**No. 866-M.**—HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR GENERAL will leave Simla at 10 A.M. on Monday, the 23rd October 1899, visit Delhi, Jaipur, Udaipur, Ajmer, Mount Abu, Jodhpur, Bikanir, Deoli, Bundi, Kotah, Bhopal, Gwalior, Dholpur, Agra, Muttra, Brindaban, Dig, Bhurtpur, Cawnpur, Lucknow, and Benares, and arrive in Calcutta on Monday, the 18th December 1899.

By Command,

ARTHUR SANDBACH, *Lieut.-Colonel,*

*Military Secretary to the Viceroy.*

## LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 30th August, 1899.*

No. 17.—Whereas the non-official Additional Members of the Council of the Governor of the Presidency of Fort St. George have, in accordance with the Regulations published in the Notification of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, No. 19, dated the 23rd June, 1893, recommended M. R. Ry. Panappakkam Ananda Charlu Vidia Vinodha Avargal, Rai

Bahadur, C.I.E., for nomination as an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations :

In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 & 25 Vict., c. 67), and section 1 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892 (55 & 56 Vict., c. 14), the Governor General is pleased to nominate the said M. R. Ry. Panappakkam Ananda Charlu Vidia Vinodha Avargal, Rai Bahadur, C.I.E., to be an Additional Member of the said Council of the Governor General.

J. M. MACPHERSON,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## HOME DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## PUBLIC.

*Simla, the 25th August, 1899.*

No. 1892.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to direct that the following modification be made in the list of Consular Officers, whether permanently or temporarily in office, declared to have, as such, the privilege of private entrée to the Government House at Calcutta, which was published in Home Department Notification No. 672, dated the 30th April 1897 :

In entry No. 9 for "the Consul for the Netherlands " read "the Consul-General for the Netherlands."

*The 30th August, 1899.*

No. 1914.—With reference to the Notification of the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, No. 559, dated the 27th December 1877, it is hereby notified for general information and guidance that the following alterations in the spelling of some of the names of places in Rajputana have been made by the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana and approved by the Government of India. The spelling so fixed should be strictly observed in future.

Spelling previously fixed.	Spelling to be adopted in future.
Ajmere ...	Ajmer.
Bhurtpore ...	Bharatpur.
Bickaneer ...	Bikaner.
Boondee ...	Bundi.
Deeg ...	Dig.
Harowtee ...	Haraoti.
Jeypore ...	Jaipur.
Jeysulmere ...	Jaisalmer.
Jhallawar ...	Jhalawar.
Jodhpore ...	Jodhpur.
Kerowlee ...	Karauli.
Kishengurh ...	Kishangarh.
Laswarree ...	Laswari.
Meywar ...	Mewar.
Nusseerabad ...	Nasirabad.
Oodeypore ...	Udaipur.
Shahpoora ...	Shahpura.
Sirohee ...	Sirohi.
Ulwar ...	Alwar.

## ESTABLISHMENTS.

*The 29th August, 1899.*

No. 495.—The services of Mr. W. S. Adie, of the Indian Civil Service, are placed at the disposal of the Finance and Commerce Department.

*The 1st September, 1899.*

No. 500.—*Erratum*—In Home Department Notification No. 986, dated the 29th December 1898, replacing the services of Mr. A. Lucas, of the Indian Civil Service, Bombay Establishment, at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, for "24th October 1898" read "18th November 1898."

## MEDICAL.

*The 25th August, 1899.*

No. 1423.—The services of Lieutenant F. D. Browne, M.B., I.M.S. (Madras), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

*The 31st August, 1899.*

No. 1465.—The services of Captain A. D. C. Pond, 5th Bengal Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

No. 1469.—In continuation of Home Department Notification No. 1081, dated the 22nd June 1899, it is notified that Lieutenant E. F. G. Tucker, I.M.S., was employed on plague duty under the Government of Bombay from the 1st April 1899.

*The 1st September, 1899.*

No. 1473.—The services of Captain H. J. Walton, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 1476.—The services of Captain C. E. Hendley, 21st Madras Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

No. 1478.—The services of Captain E. Wilkinson, F.R.C.S., I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 23rd February 1899.

No. 1480.—*Erratum*.—In modification of the orders contained in Home Department Notification No. 1747, dated the 20th December 1898, the services of Captain A. W. T. Buist, M.B., C.M., I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 29th April 1898.

No. 1481.—The services of Captain H. Smith, M.D., M.Ch., I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 30th November 1898.

No. 1483.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty:

Captain R. L. Macgregor, 2nd Battalion, Royal Scots.

Captain E. G. R. Wilkins, 14th Bombay Infantry.

No. 1485.—The services of Captain C. H. C. Grace, 5th Bombay Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

## SANITARY.

*Plague.**The 1st September, 1899.*

No. 2537.—The following Notices of the Board of Trade are published for general information:

(F. & H. 11281.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, August 2, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch, dated 30th June, from Her Majesty's Representative at Honolulu, intimating that the Board of Health at that place have decided to extend the period of quarantine against bubonic plague to twenty-one days from time of arrival of an infected ship or of leaving an infected port.

(F. & H. 11496.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, August 8, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of the following Circular, issued by the Bulgarian Government, *vis.*:

Ministère des Affaires Etrangères et des Cultes.

Sofia, le 17/29 Juillet, 1899.

Circulaire.

Le Ministère des Affaires Etrangères a l'honneur d'informer l'Agence diplomatique de Sa Majesté Britannique que, en base d'un avis du Conseil Médical Supérieur de la Principauté et en

complément de l'ordonnance sub No. 179 du 22 Mai, a.c., le Département de l'Intérieur, par une ordonnance du 10 Juillet courant No. 274, a édicté les mesures sanitaires suivantes :

1°. Les marchandises provenant de pays contaminés, transbordées sur des navires avec patente nette dans un port européen quelconque ou bien déchargées dans un port européen quelconque et chargées ensuite sur des navires ayant patente nette après avoir subi la quarantaine établie à Sulina, la désinfection par la vapeur et reçu libre entrée en Roumanie peuvent entrer aussi en Bulgarie par les ports du Danube.

2°. De pareilles marchandises devront être accompagnées de certificats de Sulina prouvant qu'elles ont subi la quarantaine établie et la désinfection. En outre, pour que ces marchandises puissent entrer dans la Principauté, elles devront être accompagnées de certificats prouvant qu'elles ont reçu libre entrée dans toute la Roumanie ; et

3°. Cette mesure concerne seulement ces sortes de marchandises qui peuvent être désinfectées par une désinfection à la vapeur.

NOTE.—For previous rules relating to Bulgaria, see Home Department Notification No. 2211, dated the 14th July 1899, published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 15th idem.

#### JUDICIAL.

*The 31st August, 1899.*

No. 1266.—Major G. H. Watson, Indian Staff Corps, Cantonment Magistrate of Dinapore, is granted furlough, under Article 340 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations for one year, with effect from the 15th September 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

#### POLICE.

*The 25th August, 1899.*

No. 429.—Consequent on the retirement from service of Mr. H. F. Cotgrave, a District Superintendent of the 1st class, the following appointments are made in the Police of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, with effect from the 22nd July 1899, unless otherwise specified :

Mr. R. Galloway, District Superintendent of the 2nd class, officiating in the 1st class, to be District Superintendent of the 1st class.

Mr. F. C. Crawford, District Superintendent of the 3rd class and seconded for employment as Superintendent of Police, Railway lands in His Highness the Nizam's Territory, to be District Superintendent of Police of the 2nd class, but to remain seconded.

Mr. J. T. B. D. Sewell, District Superintendent of the 3rd class, officiating in the 2nd class, to be District Superintendent of the 2nd class.

Mr. F. T. Coode, District Superintendent of the 4th class, officiating in the 3rd class, to be District Superintendent of the 3rd class.

Mr. A. D. Szczepanski, District Superintendent of the 5th class, to be District Superintendent of the 4th class.

Mr. J. C. T. Fairweather, Assistant Superintendent of the 2nd class, to be District Superintendent of the 5th class, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

Mr. Meredith Fitz-Walter Wren is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent of Police of the 2nd class, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

*The 31st August, 1899.*

No. 436.—The services of Captain G. W. Johnson, 3rd Punjab Cavalry, an Assistant Commandant in the Burma Military Police, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 16th August 1899.

No. 438.—The services of Mr. E. G. Hart, an Assistant Superintendent of Police in Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND  
AGRICULTURE.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.

*Simla, the 31st August, 1899.*

No. 1688—127-3.—Veterinary-Lieutenant G. K. Walker, Assistant Bacteriologist to the Government of India, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-seven days, with effect from the date on which he avails himself of the leave.

## LAND-SURVEYS.

*The 1st September, 1899.*

No. 2040—70-7.—In supersession of Notification No. 835—70-4, dated the 19th April 1899, the undermentioned officer is granted leave out of India on private affairs, under the provisions of Article 739 (b) and note attached thereto, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part I; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Brevet-Major W. J. Bythell, R.E., Officiating Superintendent, 2nd grade, Survey of India Department, for seven months. Pension service—17th year, commenced 25th July 1898.

No. 2041—70-8.—Brevet-Major W. J. Bythell, R.E., Deputy Superintendent, 1st grade, Survey of India Department, is granted one month's leave in India in extension of that granted in Notification No. 2040, dated the 1st September 1899.

## METEOROLOGY.

*The 1st September, 1899.*

No. 2989—61-3.—For "Officiating Superintendent of Telegraphs" in the second line of Notification No. 2898—61-2, dated 25th August 1899 (Meteorology), published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 26th August 1899, read "Superintendent of Telegraphs."

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 29th August, 1899.*

No. 1403-G.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave out of India, on medical certificate, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Lieutenant R. E. A. Hamilton, Indian Staff Corps, a Supernumerary Assistant Commissioner in the Punjab, for twelve months.

Pension service—ninth year, commenced 8th November, 1898.

*The 31st August, 1899.*

No. 1420-G.—Mr. A. L. P. Tucker, of the Indian Civil Service, a Political Agent of the 2nd class, is appointed, on return from furlough, to officiate as a Resident of the 2nd class, and is posted as Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 1422-G.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Ravenshaw, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 1st (officiating Resident of the 2nd) class, is appointed temporarily to officiate as Resident at Baroda, with effect from the date of assuming charge, and until further orders.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 1st September, 1899.*

## APPOINTMENTS.

## MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

No. 978.—The following promotions are made with effect from the 15th August 1899, *vice* Captain F. D. Grant, deceased:

Names.	From	To
Lieutenant C. N. Baker, Indian Staff Corps, 2nd Bengal Infantry.	Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.	Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.
Captain E. R. Poord, Indian Staff Corps, 23rd Madras Infantry.	Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class.	Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.

No. 979.—For the words "29th May 1899" in G. G. O. No. 597, dated the 2nd June 1899, read "30th May 1899."

## PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 980.—The following appointment is made on the personal staff of Major-General Sir A. Hunter, K.C.B., D.S.O., Commanding Quetta District:

Brevet-Major A. J. King, 2nd Battalion, Royal Lancaster Regiment, to be Aide-de-Camp. Dated 14th May 1899.

## STAFF CORPS.

No. 981.—The undermentioned officers, appointed to the Unattached List of the British Army for service in the Indian Staff Corps, are posted as follows, with effect from the date of their arrival in India:

*Madras Command.*

## Second-Lieutenants—

L. S. Whitchurch.

G. W. Hemans.



*Bombay Command.*

Second-Lieutenant—

N. C. Bannatyne.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 982.—*and Regiment of Bombay Lan-*  
*cers—*

Jemadar Thakur Bhur Singh, appointed on probation in G. G. O. No. 849 of 1897, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from the 23rd March 1897.

## LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 983.—The following extract is published for general information :

"*London Gazette*," dated the 8th August 1899, page 4899.

## WAR OFFICE ;

*Pall Mall, 8th August, 1899.*

• • • • •

## MEMORANDA.

• • • • •

Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Oldham, C.I.E., is granted the temporary rank of Colonel in the Indian Volunteers, whilst commanding the Calcutta Volunteer Rifles. Dated 23rd June 1899.

• • • • •

## PROMOTIONS.

## COLONEL'S ALLOWANCE.

No. 984.—General Sir Harry North Dalrymple Prendergast, K.C.B., V.C., Royal (late Madras) Engineers, is admitted to the Colonel's allowance, with effect from the 25th July 1899, *vice* General Sir Arthur Thomas Cotton, K.C.S.I., deceased.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 985.—Subject to Her Majesty's approval, the undermentioned Major is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, whilst serving as regimental Commandant, Indian Army :

Alexander Clement O'Donnell,—30th July 1899.

No. 986.—Subject to Her Majesty's approval, the undermentioned Majors are granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, whilst serving as regimental Commandants, Indian Army, with effect from the 13th August 1899 :

Thomas Hall Plumer.

Reginald Haugh Light.

Edward Charles William Mackenzie-Kennedy.

No. 987.—The following promotion is made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :

*To be Lieutenant.*

Second-Lieutenant Hugh Hoskyns Bury,—  
15th August 1899.

## INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay.*

No. 988.—Senior Assistant Surgeon, and honorary Lieutenant Manoel Santa Anna Caldeira to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval ;

First-class Assistant Surgeon Henry Dumrie Walker to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval ;

Second-class Assistant Surgeon, Joseph Mariano Dias to be first-class Assistant Surgeon ;

Third-class Assistant Surgeon Lionel Scott to be second-class Assistant Surgeon,—

with effect from the 9th March 1899, consequent on the retirement of Senior Assistant Surgeon and honorary Captain J. B. Maloney.

No. 989.—Senior Assistant Surgeon and honorary Lieutenant Augustus Xavier Dias to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval ;

First-class Assistant Surgeon Dominic Bernard Fonseca to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval ;

Second-class Assistant Surgeon Arthur Butler Gardiner to be first class Assistant Surgeon ;

Third-class Assistant Surgeon John Letwitch Lawrence to be second-class Assistant Surgeon,—

with effect from the 17th March 1899, consequent on the retirement of Senior Assistant Surgeon and honorary Captain S. Rebeiro.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. 990.—Conductor Edwin Lean, Sub-Engineer, 3rd grade, State Railways, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval :

Sub-Conductor Arthur B. Lynch, Supervisor, 1st grade, Military Works Department, to be Conductor ;

Barrack Sergeants Frederick William Leason, Elijah Linnell and Henry Edward Lofis, Military Works Department, to be Sub-Conductors,  *supernumerary* ;

Sergeant Nelson Copeman, Supervisor, 2nd grade, Military Works Department, to be Sub-Conductor,—

with effect from the 4th August 1899, *vice* Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant John Joseph Young, retired.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 991.—*9th Regiment of Madras Infantry—*

Havildar Muhammad Mustan to be Jemadar, *vice* Yakub Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 27th June 1899.

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND  
RESIGNATIONS.No. 992.—*Behar Light Horse*—

Captain and Honorary Major Herbert Charles Spry, V.D., resigns his commission.

No. 993.—*Assam Valley Light Horse*—

Second-Lieutenant Charles Wickens Simkins to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 11th September 1898, *vice* Fisher, promoted.

No. 994.—*2nd (Cadet) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles*—

Lieutenant Tom Seth Apcar resigns his commission, with effect from the 1st August 1899.

John Chalmers Vyse, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 24th June 1899, *vice* Higgs, resigned.

No. 995.—*South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles*—

In G. G. O. No. 1384, dated the 23rd December 1898, for "McCloughlin" read "McCloughin."

No. 996.—*East Coast Rifle Volunteers*—

Captain Walter Henry Michael resigns his commission.

## MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## PROMOTIONS.

No. 997.—The following promotion is made in the Engineer Establishment of the Military Works Department, with effect from the date specified :

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion, etc.	With effect from
2nd-Lieutenant G. J. P. Goodwin, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Permanent	4th July 1899.

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 29th August, 1899.*

No. 365.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions to and in the classes of Chief and Superintending Engineers, with effect from the dates specified :

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
				1899.
Shadbolt, E. I.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, and Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, and Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Permanent	1st May.
Hodges, R. N.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Superintending Engineer, and Class.	Permanent	27th May.
Hogan, J. L. P.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Permanent	27th May.

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
				1899.
Moyle, G. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	27th May.
Thomson, C. . . . .	Chief Engineer, 3rd Class.	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	30th June.
Spring, F. J. E., C.I.E. . . . .	Chief Engineer, 1st Class, temporary rank.	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	16th July.
Selby, Col. H.O., R.E. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Permanent	16th July.
Meares, W. E. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	16th July.
Martyn, G. V. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, and Chief Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, and Chief Engineer, 3rd Class.	Permanent  Temporary	25th July.  25th July.

*The 1st September, 1899.*

No. 368.—Mr. Harry Dale Green, Passed Student of the Engineer Class of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee, having satisfactorily completed his course of practical training, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, with effect from the 9th August 1899, and is posted to State Railways. His services are placed at the disposal of the Director of Railway Construction.

No. 371.—Mr. P. P. Dease, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, is granted extraordinary leave, without pay, for six months, with effect from the date of expiry of the twenty-four months' furlough previously granted him.

No. 374.—Major E. A. Waller, R.E., Deputy Accountant General, Public Works Department for Inspection duty, is granted special leave for three months, under Public Works Department Code, Volume I, Chapter V, paragraph 30.

F. R. UPCOTT,  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 29th August, 1899.*

No. 364.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions of Executive and Assistant Engineers on the Minor Administration List, with effect from the dates specified :

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Bolinarayan Borrah . . . . .	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent	1st March 1899.
Gunga Ram . . . . .	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Permanent	30th April 1899.
Walsh, C. P. . . . .	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	16th July 1899.

No. 366.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions to and in the classes of Chief and Superintending Engineers, with effect from the dates specified :

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from	
Kennedy, R. G. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Permanent	1899. 1st May.	
Toogood, J. H. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	27th May.	
Simpson, J. T. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Temporary	30th June.	
Mullaly, J. J. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	30th June.	
Richard, Hon'ble H. J. . . .	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class	Chief Engineer, 1st Class	Permanent	16th July.	
Apjohn, J. H. . . . .	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank, <i>Super-numerary</i> .	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class	Permanent	16th July	<i>Super-numerary.</i>
Buckley, Hon'ble R. B. . . .	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class	Permanent	16th July.	
Rollo, J. T. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Temporary	16th July.	
Toogood, J. H. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Permanent	16th July.	
Penny, E. . . . .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	16th July.	
Thurburn, Brevet-Colonel J. W., R.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, and Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, and Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Permanent	25th July.	
			Temporary	25th July.	
Spilsbury, Major E. C., R.E.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary	25th July.	

*The 31st August, 1899.*

No. 367.—Mr. W. P. Housden, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, with effect from the afternoon of the 16th August 1899, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. J. Heinig, or until further orders.

*The 1st September, 1899.*

No. 369.—The undermentioned passed students of the Engineer Class of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee, having satisfactorily completed their course of practical training, are appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as Assistant Engineers, 3rd Grade, with effect from the date noted against each, and are posted to the Punjab :

Mr. Joseph Benjamin Smith,—18th August 1899.

Mr. Bhagvati Prasad Verma,—8th August 1899.

No. 370.—Mr. E. Lund, Officiating Examiner, Public Works Accounts, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is, on the return of Mr. W. F. Barrow from privilege leave, transferred to the Office of the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bombay.

#### TELEGRAPHS.

*The 1st September, 1899.*

No. 372.—Mr. F. G. Maclean, Deputy Director General of Telegraphs, is appointed to officiate as Director General of Telegraphs, with effect from the 27th August 1899, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. C. E. Pitman, C.I.E., and until further orders.

No. 373.—The following officiating promotions are made in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified, and until further orders :

Names.	From	To	Date.
Mr. J. J. Allen . .	Director, Class III . .	Deputy Director General, Class II.	21st August 1899.
Mr. F. Kinsman . .	Chief Superintendent, Class IV.	Director, Class III . .	17th August 1899.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*





# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 36,}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT No. 36.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 8th September, 1899.*

**No. 904-M.**—The following Rules for Levées held by His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General at Calcutta and Simla are published for general information :

**I.**—The following are entitled to attend His Excellency the Viceroy's Levée :

All gentlemen, whether European or Native, who have been presented at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court.

**II.**—The following are eligible for presentation at His Excellency's Levée, whether European or Native :

(a) All Gazetted Officers in Government employ.

(b) All Commissioned Officers in Naval, Military and Marine Services.

(c) All Ruling Chiefs.

(d) All gentlemen who have received titles of honour from Her Majesty the Queen-Empress or His Excellency the Viceroy.

III.—Gentlemen who have not already been presented at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court, and who desire to be presented at His Excellency's Levée, must submit their applications through the gentlemen proposing to present them. In the case of all Government officials the presentor should ordinarily be the Head of the Department.

These applications should reach the Military Secretary's Office at least a fortnight before the date announced for the Levée.

The names will then be submitted to His Excellency, when, if approved, presentation cards will be forwarded.

IV.—Applications for permission to be presented, submitted by non-official gentlemen, whether European or Native, will, as a general rule, be referred by the Military Secretary to the Viceroy to the Local Government in the Political Department. Only those who are declared eligible on account of their social status will be permitted to attend.

V.—Questions as to the presentation of officials in the Viceregal Household will be specially decided by the Military Secretary to the Viceroy irrespective of the above rules.

VI.—All gentlemen who are entitled to attend the Levées held by the Governor-General are also entitled to present others, and are held personally responsible for the eligibility of their presentees. Gentlemen who present others must themselves attend the Levée.

VII.—Gentlemen entitled to wear uniform will appear in Full Dress.

VIII.—Clergymen being University Graduates and other gentlemen entitled to wear robes or gowns on account of Judicial or Academical office or status and not entitled to wear uniform will appear in such robes or gowns.

IX.—Gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform, or robes or gowns, will appear in Evening Dress.

X.—Native gentlemen who do not appear in the dress prescribed above will wear Choga, Aba or Jubba and Chapkan, Chilta, Saya or Kaba with trousers and their distinctive National head dress, or the ceremonial dress approved for their class by the Local Government.

In the case of Bengali gentlemen the head dress should be a Pugree generally known as Shamla or Mouratta, and not a brimless cap.

In the case of Burmese gentlemen, the head dress should be a white fillet, the hair being dressed in a top knot.

Native gentlemen who do not appear in the dress prescribed in rules VII, VIII and IX should not remove their head dress when they pass His Excellency.

At the Viceregal Court, only patent leather boots or shoes of an English pattern are allowed to be worn, except in the case of Native Military Officers, who wear the particular style of boot or shoe which forms part of their uniform.

**No. 905-M.**—The following Rules for Levées held by His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General at places other than the Head-Quarters of the Imperial Government are published for general information:

I.—The following are entitled to attend His Excellency the Viceroy's Levée:

All gentlemen, whether European or Native, who have been presented at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court.

II.—The following are eligible for presentation at His Excellency's Levée, whether European or Native:

(a) All Gazetted Officers in Government employ.

(b) All Commissioned Officers in Naval, Military and Marine Services.

(c) All Ruling Chiefs.

(d) All gentlemen who have received titles of honour from Her Majesty the Queen-Empress or His Excellency the Viceroy.

III.—Gentlemen who have not already been presented at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court, and who desire to be presented at His Excellency's Levée,

must submit their applications through the gentlemen proposing to present them. In the case of all Government officials the presenter should ordinarily be the Head of the Department.

These applications should be submitted to the Chief Secretary, if the Levée takes place at the Head-Quarters of any Local Government, or in other cases to the Commissioner of the Division in which the Levée is held. They should reach the Secretariat, or the Commissioner's office, as the case may be, at least a week before the date announced for it.

If the Local Government or the Commissioner approves, cards of admittance will be issued by them, and a list of those to whom admittance has been accorded will be submitted to the Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

IV.—All gentlemen who are entitled to attend the Levées held by the Governor-General are also entitled to present others, and are held personally responsible for the eligibility of their presentees. Gentlemen who present others must themselves attend the Levée.

V.—Gentlemen entitled to wear uniform will appear in Full Dress.

VI.—Clergymen being University Graduates and other gentlemen entitled to wear robes or gowns on account of Judicial or Academical office or status and not entitled to wear uniform will appear in such robes or gowns.

VII.—Gentlemen, not entitled to wear uniform, or robes or gowns, will appear in Evening Dress.

VIII.—Native gentlemen who do not appear in the dress prescribed above will wear Choga, Aba or Jubba and Chapkan, Chilta, Saya or Kaba with trousers and their distinctive National head dress, or the ceremonial dress approved for their class by the Local Government.

In the case of Bengali gentlemen the head dress should be a Pugree generally known as Shamla or Mouratta, and not a brimless cap.

In the case of Burmese gentlemen, the head dress should be a white fillet, the hair being dressed in a top knot.

Native gentlemen who do not appear in the dress prescribed in rules V, VI and VII should not remove their head dress when they pass His Excellency.

At the Viceregal Court, only patent leather boots or shoes of an English pattern are allowed to be worn, except in the case of Native Military Officers, who wear the particular style of boot or shoe which forms part of their uniform.

By Command,

ARTHUR SANDBACH, *Lieut.-Colonel,*

*Military Secretary to the Viceroy.*

## HOME DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### PUBLIC.

*Simla, the 8th September, 1899.*

**No. 2002.**—It is hereby notified for general information that the undermentioned officer will take rank in the Supplementary Graded List of Civil Offices not reserved for Members of the Indian Civil Service, published with the Warrant of Precedence for India in Home Department Notification No. 328, dated the 10th February 1899, in the article of the said Warrant specified after his designation:

The Commissioner of Police, Rangoon, in the first class of the Supplementary Graded List, that is to say, in Article 55 of the Warrant.

## ESTABLISHMENTS.

*The 7th September, 1899.*

No. 511.—Mr. R. G. Thomson has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 1st August 1899.

## EXAMINATIONS.

*The 8th September, 1899.*

No. 529.—In supersession of the rules published with Home Department Resolution No. <sup>1</sup><sub>188-199</sub>, dated the 5th June 1894,

\* Home Department Resolution Nos. 186-187 dated the 30th April 1897.

Home Department Resolution Nos. 329-340, dated the 2nd June 1899.

and modified by the orders\* noted in the margin, the following Rules for the regulation of appointments in the Secretariat

Clerical Service of the Government of India and attached offices are published for general information:

1. The Secretariat Clerical Service shall be separated into an Upper and a Lower Division—the former comprising all appointments the pay (or, in the case of appointments carrying progressive pay, the minimum pay) of which is Rs. 200 and upwards; the latter, all appointments (other than those of copyists, to whom these rules do not apply) the pay of which is below that sum. No clerk will be entitled to promotion from the Lower to the Upper Division as a matter of course or otherwise than in accordance with these rules.
2. The head of the office concerned shall have an absolute power of selection in the case of appointments of Registrars of offices, Superintendents of branches, Head Assistants, Personal Assistants, or appointments involving the control or supervision over divisions of an office. The remaining appointments in the Upper Division will usually be filled by the head of the office concerned by selection from among the clerks in the Lower Division. If, however, no clerk in the Lower Division of an office is considered fit for promotion to the Upper Division, a vacancy in the latter division shall be filled by nomination.
3. The mode of recruiting two-thirds† of all the appointments in the Lower Division shall be by open competition.‡ The rest of the appointments in this division may be filled in accordance with rules 13 and 14.
4. An examination of candidates for the Lower Division of the Secretariat Clerical Service will be held at Calcutta, Allahabad, and Lahore, and at such other places as may hereafter be appointed, in January of each year. The examination at Allahabad will be confined to persons domiciled § in the North-Western Provinces, Oudh, the Central Provinces, Rajputana and Central India; and that at Lahore, to persons domiciled in the Punjab and Baluchistan. Candidates who desire to compete for vacancies offered for competition at Allahabad and Lahore must prove, to the satisfaction of the Secretary to the Board of Examiners, that they are domiciled in one of the provinces enumerated above, permanent residence in which would entitle them to appear at either of the centres. Natives of Bengal who are temporary residents of, and not domiciled in, any of those provinces, will be permitted to present themselves at the examinations at Allahabad and Lahore, but they will be treated as competing for the vacancies offered at Calcutta, and not for those offered at Allahabad and Lahore.
5. The arrangements for the examination prescribed in the last preceding rule will be made by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, who will be assisted by paid examiners, and act in communication with the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department. Before the examination commences,

† In the case of the Military Department for "two-thirds" read "one-third" in this rule, and read rule 13 accordingly.

‡ The head of a department has discretion to fill any vacancy which is not expected to last more than three months in the manner which he considers to be most suitable.

§ The term "domiciled" should be understood in its ordinary legal sense (*vide* the Indian Succession Act, 1865, Part II), and no person can be considered to be domiciled in any of the provinces enumerated unless he has fixed the habitation of himself and his family in that province, not for a mere special or temporary purpose, but with the intention of making it his permanent home.

a distinguishing number will be given by the Secretary to the Board of Examiners to each candidate, with which the candidate will mark each of his papers of answers.

6. The nature of the examination for the Lower Division will be as follows:

(1) Dictation and handwriting.

This will be a preliminary test. The examination in these subjects will not be competitive, but marks will be assigned for the purpose of testing proficiency. The papers of candidates will be examined as soon as possible after this examination; and the Examiners will require any candidate who fails to obtain two thirds marks in each subject to withdraw from the further examination.

	Marks.
(2) English Composition (Essay-writing and Drafting) ...	100
(3) Précis-writing ...	100
(4) Geography ...	50
(5) History (English and Indian) ...	50
(6) Arithmetic; Euclid, 1st Book; Algebra up to Simple Equations	50

No candidate will be credited with marks in either subject (2) or subject (3) unless he obtains at least one-fourth of the marks in the subject; nor will he be credited with marks in subject (4), subject (5), or subject (6), unless he obtains one-fifth of the marks in the subject. Any candidate obtaining less than one-fourth marks in either subject (2) or subject (3) shall be disqualified. Candidates will not be eligible for the Lower Division of the Financial Department or for the office of the Accountant-General, Military Department (if with reference to rule 19 below the Department or office adopts these rules), and of the Accountant-General, Public Works Department, unless they obtain at least one-third of the full number of marks in Arithmetic.

7 Every candidate for an appointment in the Lower Division must send a written application for permission to appear at the examination to the Secretary to the Board of Examiners between the date of issue of the Notification announcing the number of vacancies to be competed for, to which reference is made in rule 9 of the rules, and the 15th December (inclusive).

(Form.)

To the Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Fort William.

Sir,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing examination of candidates for appointments in the Lower Division of Government Clerkships. If successful, I should elect to serve in the office of the

A treasury receipt for the fee of Rs. 10 is forwarded herewith.

I am, etc.

8. The application under the last rule should be in the form given on the margin, and be accompanied by a treasury receipt, for the sum of Rs. 10. This sum he is required to pay into the treasury nearest his place of residence by way of examination fee. With the application must also be forwarded—

(1) Evidence (except in the cases provided for by rule 10) that the candidate at the date of making his application is not less than eighteen and not more than twenty-four years of age. The date of the candidate's birth must be stated.

(2) In case the candidate has been educated at a school in which students' good conduct registers are kept, the candidate's register for the last year of his attendance at school, when a year has not elapsed since he left school. In other cases, a certificate that the candidate is of good moral character from the head of the institution in which he has last been educated, or from some respectable householder to whom he is well known in private life, and who is himself known to a District or Sub-divisional Magistrate or to the head of some Government office,—this last fact being certified by the countersignature of the officer in question.



(3) If the candidate is employed under Government, a certificate by the head of the office or department to the effect that, in his opinion, there is no objection to the candidate appearing at the ensuing Clerkship Examination.

(4) A statement whether the candidate has appeared at any previous Clerkship Examination, and, if so, in what year.

9. The number of candidates to be selected by the Examiners for the Lower Division will be notified in the *Gazette of India* by the Home Department on or before the 31st October. This number will be determined in communication with the heads of the offices concerned, with reference to the number of vacancies existing or estimated as likely to occur within the course of the following year (and which it is not intended to fill under the provisions of rules 13, 14 and 15), plus a margin of 10 per cent. for casualties. One-half the number of vacancies offered will be reserved for candidates domiciled in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, the Punjab, and the Central Provinces, Rajputana, Central India, and Baluchistan, provided that a sufficient number of duly qualified candidates to fill these appointments appear from those territories.

10. Persons who have at any time held a permanent appointment in any of the offices referred to in these rules, but who may have lost such appointment owing to its abolition or on reduction of establishment, may present themselves for the examination for the Lower Division under these rules, provided they are under forty years of age.

11. As soon as practicable after the open competitive examination for the Lower Division, the Board of Examiners will report the result to the Home Department. The report will take the form of a list giving the names of selected candidates and the exact dates of their births, the distinguishing numbers of unsuccessful candidates, and the number of marks obtained by each candidate whether successful or unsuccessful in each subject of examination. The Home Department will then circulate a list of selected candidates to the heads of the offices concerned. Candidates will be given their choice of departments as far as possible, and the Home Department will intimate such choice, if made, to the head of each office. The head of each Department will, however, be at liberty to offer a vacant appointment which may occur in his Department to any selected candidate remaining on the list. This offer should be made through the Home Department, which will keep each Department of the Government of India informed as the names of selected candidates are removed from the list. No candidate selected in a later year shall be offered an appointment, until the offer has been made to and refused by selected candidates of an earlier year remaining on the list.

12. When an outside candidate for the Lower Division attains the age of twenty-five years, or when two years have expired from the date of the entry of his name on the list or when any candidate has refused the offer of an appointment in the Department in which he has elected to serve, or has twice refused the offer of an appointment in any other Department or Departments, his name shall immediately be removed from the list.

13. Every third vacancy in the Lower Division may be filled by the head of a Department without reference to the preceding rules.\*

14. Appointments made under the last preceding rule shall, if the person appointed is not in Government service, be made subject to the conditions that the person appointed—

(a) is at the time of appointment not less than eighteen and not more than twenty-five years of age;

(b) can give satisfactory evidence that he possesses a minimum educational qualification equivalent to the Entrance Standard of one of the Indian Universities;

\* (1) It is not necessary that the vacancy in question shall be filled by appointment at the bottom of the list. It may be by appointment to any grade (not above that in which the vacancy occurs) the minimum pay of which does not exceed Rs. 100.

(2) The vacancy may be held over until a suitable candidate is found.

(c) must produce satisfactory evidence that he is of good moral character.

15. Any officer already in Government employment may be appointed to any vacancy such as is referred to in rule 13, without regard to the qualifications specified in the preceding rule.

16. The heads of offices to which these rules apply are at liberty to arrange transfers from the Lower Division of one office to that of another. The transfer of an officer from a post in an office to which the rules apply, to a vacancy in another office to which these rules also apply, shall, for the purposes of rule 13, be held to be the filling up of a vacancy.

17. Before a person, who is not already in Government service, is actually employed in any office, he must produce a certificate from a Government medical officer of or above the rank of Captain to the effect that he is in good health and of a sound constitution.

18. All candidates for the Lower Division, whether selected by examination or nominated, who receive appointments, and such candidates for the Upper Division as are recruited by nomination, will be on probation for twelve months; and if at any time during that period, or at its close, their work is not considered satisfactory by the head of the office in which they are employed, they will receive their discharge, and will have no claim to gratuity or compensation on that account.

19. The above rules will apply to the Secretariat Offices\* of the Government of India, except the Foreign Department, and the Finance and Commerce Department,† and the office of the Accountant-General, Military Department, whenever the latter Department or office fill vacancies by recruitment of officers already holding clerical appointments in any Government Account office. When the Finance and Commerce Department and the office of the Accountant-General, Military Department, do not recruit in this manner, the rules will apply. They will also apply to the offices of—

- ‡ The Director General, Indian Medical Service, and Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India,
- The Surveyor-General of India,
- The Inspector-General of Forests,
- + The Director of the Geological Survey of India,
- The Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India,
- + The Director-General of the Post Office of India,
- The Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue Department,
- † The Director-General of Statistics,
- The Director-General of Ordnance in India,
- The Commissary-General-in-Chief,
- § The Inspectors-General of Ordnance, Bengal and Punjab Commands,
- The Commissary-Generals, Bengal and Punjab Commands,
- The Office Establishment of the several Arsenal, Depôts, and Factories in Bengal,
- + The Director-General of Telegraphs,
- || The Accountant-General, Public Works Department,
- \* The Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta,

\* These rules do not apply to the Traffic and Statistical Sections of the Railway Branch of the Public Works Secretariat and the Office of the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta when these sections and office fill vacancies by recruitment of officers already serving in the offices of the Traffic Superintendents and District Officers on the State lines.

† These rules do not apply to classes VII (Rs. 30-75), VIII (Rs. 35-50), and IX (Rs. 25-35) of appointments in the office of the Director-General of Statistics, and to classes IX (Rs. 25-35) and X (Rs. 20-25) in the General Branch of the Finance and Commerce Department. That Department has also authority to recruit without reference to the rules in the case of appointments in class VIII (Rs. 35-50) in its General Branch at any time when it considers it necessary to do so; but ordinarily recruitment to that class will be from passed candidates. No clerk other than a passed candidate, who enters the classes now exempted from the operation of the rules after the date of this Resolution, is eligible for promotion to the classes above class VII in the office of the Director-General of Statistics, and class VIII in the General Branch of the Finance and Commerce Department, except in accordance with Rule 13 of these rules.

‡ These rules do not apply to the office of the Statistical Officer to the Government of India in the Sanitary and Medical Departments.

§ Three appointments in the office of the Inspector-General of Ordnance, Bengal Command, and two in that of the Inspector-General, Punjab Command, are reserved for soldiers possessing technical knowledge of Ordnance duties.

|| These rules do not apply to the office of the Accountant-General, Public Works Department, when that office fills vacancies by the recruitment of officers already holding clerical appointments in any Government Account office.

and to such other Imperial and provincial offices as may hereafter be notified as having adopted them.

20. On the occurrence of any vacancy hereafter in the Lower Division of any office which has to be filled by open competition under these rules, when no candidate qualified under the rules is available to fill such vacancy, appointments may be made under rules 13 to 15.

21. These rules shall take effect from the date of their issue.

22. Copies of these rules may be obtained on application at the office of the Home Department.

#### MEDICAL.

*The 6th September, 1899.*

No. 1508.—Home Department Notification No. 1242, dated the 28th July 1899, placing the services of Captain W. Carr, M.B., C.M., L.M.S. (Bengal), at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, is hereby cancelled.

#### SANITARY.

##### *Plague.*

*The 8th September, 1899.*

No. 2583.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1),

No. 1033, dated the 22nd March 1897.  
 " 2126 " 15th September 1897.  
 " 330 " 8th February 1898.  
 " 933 " 22nd April 1898.

of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), and in continuation of the Notifications of the Government of India in the Home Department noted on the margin, the

Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the taking, sending or consigning of used apparel and bedding (except when carried as the personal baggage of travellers), rags and waste-paper from Karachi or from the territories (other than Sind) administered by the Governor of Bombay in Council to any other part of India.

No. 2584.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), and in continuation of the Notification of the Government of India

No. 1024, dated the 17th March 1899.

in the Home Department noted on the margin, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the taking, sending or consigning of used apparel and bedding (except when carried as the personal baggage of travellers), rags and waste-paper from Calcutta to any other part of India.

No. 2585.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act (III of 1897), and in continuation of the Notification of the Government of India in

No. 135, dated the 12th January 1899.

the Home Department noted on the margin, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the taking, sending or consigning of used apparel and bedding (except when carried as the personal baggage of travellers), rags and waste-paper from the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore to any other part of India.

No. 2592.—The following Notice of the Board of Trade is published for general information :

(F. & H. 11634.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, August 10, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of the following Telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at Baltimore:—  
 "Very strict quarantine regulations Newport News, but foreign ships discharge cargo and can load as formerly."

## PORT BLAIR.

*The 7th September, 1899.*

No. 572.—The services of Captain H. E. Boileau, 5th Bengal Cavalry, Commandant and District Superintendent of Police, Port Blair, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 10th August 1899.

No. 573.—Captain L. B. Walton, 26th Punjab Infantry, Officiating Commandant and District Superintendent of Police, Port Blair, is confirmed in that appointment, *vice* Captain H. E. Boileau.

## ECCLESIASTICAL.

*The 8th September, 1899.*

No. 384.—The Reverend G. M. Davies, Chaplain of Nowgong, Central India, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 28th September 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 402.—The following programme of the proposed visitation tour of the Right Reverend the Bishop of Calcutta and Metropolitan of India and Ceylon is published for general information :

Station.	Arrival.	Departure.	REMARKS.
Calcutta ...	.....	Wednesday, September 27th.	
Simla ...	Friday, September 29th...	Thursday, October 19th.	
Rawal Pindi ...	" October 20th ..	Monday " 23rd.	
Peshawar ...	Monday " 23rd ...	Thursday " 26th.	
Lahore ...	Friday " 27th ...	" November 2nd	November 1st, Consecration of the Bishop of Lahore.
Delhi ...	Thursday, November 2nd	Friday, November 3rd.	
Allahabad ...	Saturday " 4th...	Wednesday, November 8th.	
Cawnpur ...	Wednesday " 8th...	Friday " 10th.	
Lucknow ...	Friday " 10th...	Tuesday " 14th.	
Agra ...	Tuesday " 14th...	Friday " 17th.	
Fubbulpur ...	Friday " 17th...	Tuesday " 21st.	
Benares ...	Wednesday " 22nd...	Friday " 24th.	
Calcutta ...	Saturday " 25th...	.....	

Letters should be sent as a general rule to those stations where a Sunday is spent, the names of which are printed in italics.

Matters of routine requiring immediate attention may be referred to the Bishop's Commissary, the Ven'ble Archdeacon Stone, the Parsonage, Darjeeling.

## EDUCATION.

*The 8th September, 1899.*

No. 422.—Under section 12 of Act II of 1857, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the affiliation of the Dublin University Mission College at Hazaribagh to the Calcutta University in Arts up to the F. A. Standard.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

### NOTIFICATION.

#### LAND-SURVEYS.

*Simla, the 6th September, 1899.*

No. 2079—82-6.—The services of Major General Charles Strahan, R.E., Surveyor General of India, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 1st October 1899.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 2nd September, 1899.*

No. 1434-G.—Mr. E. H. S. Clarke, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, and Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is granted furlough for two years, under Article 340 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 13th September, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the furlough.

*The 4th September, 1899.*

No. 1435-G.—Lieutenant C. E. Luard, Indian Staff Corps, a probationer for the Political Department, is appointed to be a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, with effect from the 24th August, 1899.

Lieutenant Luard is posted as Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in Central India, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

*The 6th September, 1899.*

No. 1446-G.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Fritz Feetz, as Acting Consul for Germany at Bassein, *vice* Mr. T. M. Gruner.

No. 2440-F.—The services of Mr. D. Donald, Political Officer in the Khyber, substantive *pro tempore*, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 10th September, 1899, on his return from privilege leave.

*The 8th September, 1899.*

No. 1459-G.—Mr. C. H. A. Hill, of the Indian Civil Service, a Political Agent of the 3rd (officiating 1st) class and First Assistant and Secretary for Berar to the Resident at Hyderabad, is granted privilege leave for two months and nineteen days, with effect from the 8th September, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 1460-G.—Captain O. G. Ievers, Indian Staff Corps, Cantonment Magistrate of Secunderabad, is appointed, as a temporary arrangement,

to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class and as First Assistant and Secretary for Berar to the Resident at Hyderabad, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 1463-G.—The following changes are made in the graded list of the Political Department:

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Captain F. G. Beville, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class, and with effect from the 31st July, 1899,—

Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant F. B. Prideaux, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the appointment, hereby ordered, of Captain A. H. McMahon, C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 1st class, and with effect from the 10th August, 1899,—

Major L. S. Newmarch, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 1st class, on privilege leave, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Lieutenant A. B. Dew, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, and with effect from the 17th August, 1899,—

Lieutenant F. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the appointment, hereby ordered, of Lieutenant C. E. Luard, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 24th August, 1899,—

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, a Political Agent of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class and with effect from the 26th August, 1899,—

Major W. H. M. Stewart, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Major C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.



Lieutenant F. B. Prideaux, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the transfer to the Punjab, for employment as a Supernumerary Assistant

Commissioner, of Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 1st September, 1899,—

Lieutenant F. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Simla, the 6th September, 1899.*

No. 4143-P.—The services of Major G. M. Porter, R.E., are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 3rd September 1899.

*The 7th September, 1899.*

No. 4159-P.—Mr. G. H. R. Hart, Comptroller, India Treasuries, is granted privilege leave for seventeen days, with effect from the 21st September 1899.

Mr. R. N. Ray is appointed to officiate as Comptroller, India Treasuries, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Hart, or until further orders.

No. 4167-P.—Mr. W. J. Lyon, Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 1st September 1899.

Mr. J. J. Durham, Superintendent, 1st Grade, is appointed to act as Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Lyon, or until further orders.

### STATISTICS AND COMMERCE.

#### CUSTOMS.

*The 6th September, 1899.*

No. 4138-S.R.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 8-A of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894, as amended by Acts III of 1896 and XIV of 1899), and in supersession of the rates of additional duty on the kinds of sugar mentioned against France in the Notification in this Department, No. 1327-S.R., dated the 20th March 1899, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the rates shall be revised as follows, with effect from the 1st September 1899: Provided that the rates hereby superseded shall apply to any imported sugar for which the bill of lading was signed and given before the 1st September 1899:

*For*

Kinds of sugar.	Bounties bestowed.	Additional duties to be levied.
		Per cwt. Rs. A. P.
Raw sugars from 65 to 98 per cent polarization for beet-root sugars, or 65 to 97 per cent for French colonial sugar.	10.82 francs per 100 kilograms of refined sugar of 100 per cent polarization.*	3 4 0
Sugar candies ... ..	11.51 francs per 100 kilograms ...	3 7 6
Refined sugars in loaf or crushed, clear, hard and dry.	11.51 francs per 100 kilograms ...	3 7 6
Raw and refined sugars in grains or crystals of a minimum standard of 98 per cent polarization.	11.17 francs per 100 kilograms ...	3 6 0

\*The output of refined sugar from raw is computed by deducting from the polarization of the raw sugar twice the glucose, four times the ashes, and one-and-a-half per cent for loss in refining.

*Read*

Kind of sugar.	Bounties bestowed.	Additional duties to be levied.
		<i>Per cent.</i> Rs. A. P.
Raw sugars from 65 to 98 per cent polarization for beet-root sugars, or 65 to 97 per cent for French colonial sugar.	11'16 francs per 100 kilograms of refined sugar of 100 per cent polarization.*	3 5 11
Sugar candies ... ..	11'95 francs per 100 kilograms ...	3 9 9
Refined sugars in loaf or crushed, clear, hard and dry.	11'95 francs per 100 kilograms ...	3 9 9
* Raw and refined sugars in grains or crystals of a minimum standard of 98 per cent polarization.	11'56 francs per 100 kilograms ...	3 7 10

\* The output of refined sugar from raw is computed by deducting from the polarization of the raw sugar twice the glucose, four times the ashes, and one-and-a-half per cent for loss in refining.

**SEPARATE REVENUE.****POST OFFICE.**

*The 6th September, 1899.*

**No. 4148-S.R.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 (1) of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the Cape Colony shall be added to the list of British Possessions, for which the letter rate of postage is one anna per half ounce, mentioned in Part I, Rule 3, of the Notification in this Department, No. 1429-C.—S.R., dated the 30th March 1899, published in the *Gazette of India* of the same date.

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

**MILITARY DEPARTMENT.**

*Simla, the 8th September, 1899.*

**APPOINTMENTS.****EXCHANGES.**

**No. 998.**—With the approval of the Secretary of State for India, an exchange is sanctioned between Lieutenant William Hill Climo, 33rd (Punjabi Mahomedan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, and Lieutenant John Hope Hallows, 2nd Battalion, Derbyshire Regiment.

**MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.**

**No. 999.**—Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Slaughter, Royal Army Medical Corps, to officiate on the Administrative Medical Staff of the Army, with the temporary rank of Colonel, vice Colonel N. B. Major, Royal Army Medical Corps, invalided. Dated 23rd August 1899.

**JUDICIAL.**

**No. 1000.**—The following draft of a rule which, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 26 and 27 of the Cantonments Act, 1889 (XIII of 1889), it is proposed to add as a sub-section to section 66 of the Cantonment Code, 1899, published with G. G. O. No. 664, dated the 16th June 1899, to be in force in all Cantonments in British India, except Aden, is published for the information of all persons likely

to be affected thereby, as required by the said Act, and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor-General in Council on or after the 25th of September 1899.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date abovementioned will be considered by the Governor-General in Council.

**Draft rule.**

Whoever does not take reasonable means to prevent any child under the age of 12 years in his charge from easing himself in any street or public place within the Cantonment, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty-five rupees.

**LONDON GAZETTE.**

**No. 1001.**—The following extract is published for general information:

"*London Gazette*," dated the 15th August 1899, page 5123.

**WAR OFFICE;**

*Pall Mall, 15th August, 1899.*

**Indian Staff Corps.**—Colonel Robert Patch is transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list. Dated 25th July 1899.

The undermentioned Majors are granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, whilst serving as Regimental Commandants, Indian Army:

L. M. M. Hall. Dated 2nd April 1899.  
H. T. Faithfull. Dated 18th April 1899.  
G. G. J. S. Jones. Dated 29th April 1899.  
T. Quin. Dated 8th May 1899.  
H. O'Donnell, D.S.O. Dated 10th May 1899.

The undermentioned Captains are granted the temporary rank of Major, whilst serving as regimental commandants or second-in-command, Indian Army:

H. E. C. B. Nepean. Dated 4th March 1899.

A. C. Baldwin. Dated 1st February 1899.  
*Indian Army.*—Lieutenant-Colonel Malcolm Wilkinson Stevens, Bombay Infantry, is transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list. Dated 24th July 1899.

#### ORGANISATION.

##### ARMY RESERVES.

No. 1002.—Edward Percy Stebbing and Arthur Mowbray Berkeley, Gentlemen, to be second-lieutenants in the Cavalry branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

##### PROMOTIONS.

##### INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 1003.—The following promotion is made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

*To be Lieutenant.*

Second-Lieutenant Horace Fairfax Moresby Browne,—10th July 1899.

##### NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1004.—*Corps of Bengal Sappers and Miners*—

Jemadar Bunyad Ali to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Kala Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Dewa Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

Colour-Havildar Nag Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Akbar Ali, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

Havildar Faiz Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Shaikh Salar-Bakhsh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

Colour-Havildar Partab Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Hazara Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

No. 1005.—*6th (Fut) Regiment of Bengal (Light) Infantry*—

Havildar Ude-Ram to be Jemadar, *vice* Ram-Sarup, transferred to the 7th Bombay Infantry, with effect from the 6th June 1899.

No. 1006.—*1st Regiment of Madras Infantry (Pioneers)*—

Color-Havildar Ram Dass to be Jemadar, *vice* Narayanasami, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 2nd June 1899.

No. 1007.—*21st Regiment of Madras Infantry (Pioneers)*—

Havildar Siva Ekambaram, from the 17th Regiment of Madras Infantry, to be Jemadar, *vice*

Lakshminarayansami, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 7th August 1899.

No. 1008.—*22nd Regiment of Madras Infantry*—

Jemadar Krishna Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Virasami to be Jemadar, *vice* Venkatakrnama, deceased, with effect from the 22nd July 1899.

No. 1009.—*33rd Regiment (3rd Burma Battalion) of Madras Infantry*—

Jemadar Matwali to be Subadar and Havildar Nabi Baksh to be Jemadar, *vice* Khadim Shah, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

No. 1010.—*10th Regiment of Bombay (Light) Infantry*—

Jemadar Lakshiman Powar to be Subadar and Havildar Nana Nikam to be Jemadar, *vice* Ganu Sakunde, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 4th August 1899.

No. 1011.—*19th Regiment of Bombay Infantry*—

Jemadar Uma Rawat to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Durga Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sayyid Husain, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st June 1899.

#### RETIREMENTS.

No. 1012.—Honorary Lieutenant James Thomas Mantz, Deputy Assistant Commissary, Ordnance Department, Bengal, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the 24th September 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

#### VOLUNTEER CORPS.

##### PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

No. 1013.—*Madras Volunteer Guards*—

Lieutenant Colonel Douglas Davidson Pryce, Indian Staff Corps, resigns his commission in the Volunteer Force.

No. 1014.—*2nd (Cadet) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles*—

Second-Lieutenant Frederick Charles Dorrett Little from the 3rd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 15th July 1899.

Second-Lieutenant Harry Fitzpatrick Pritchard, Supernumerary List, to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 15th July 1899, *vice* Meade, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

No. 1015.—*Dacca Volunteer Rifles*—

Lieutenant Henry Savage to be Captain, with effect from the 8th April 1899, *vice* Chadburn, transferred to the supernumerary list.

No. 1016.—*3rd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles*—

Surgeon-Captain Frank Kernott Butt resigns his commission, with effect from the 20th July 1899.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 8th September, 1899.*

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned commissioned and warrant officers, on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department between the 19th August and the 8th September 1899:

Corps.	Rank and names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Remarks.
1st Battalion, Devonshire Regiment.	2nd-Lieutenant E. L. L. Partridge	1st September 1899.	Jullundur	...	...
Department of Military Education.	Schoolmaster F. J. D. Skinner	14th July 1899	St Thomas' Mount.	...	...
Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Bengal.	Assistant Surgeon W. J. O'Callaghan.	1st August 1899	Mooltan	...	...

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 5th September, 1899.*

No. 375.—Lieutenant H. A. L. Hepper, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer, with effect from the 3rd July 1899, and for so long as he holds charge of the Karachi District.

*The 6th September, 1899.*

No. 376.—*Corrigendum.*—In Public Works Department Notification No. 273, dated the 28th June 1899, expunge the words "and the Brahmaputra-Sultanpur Branch Railway."

*The 8th September, 1899.*

No. 378.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction under section 16 (1) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, the use of locomotive engines and rolling stock to be drawn or propelled thereby on the Madura-Pamban extension of the South Indian Railway.

No. 377.—The following is published for general information:

No. 839 R. T., dated Simla, the 5th September, 1899.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Read—

Sections 3 (4), 16 (2), 47 and 148 (1) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 4804, dated the 30th October 1890, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890—the Government of India resolution No. 736 R. T., dated the 17th October 1890, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

Letter from the Government of Madras, No. 898 Railway, dated the 11th August 1899, forwarding letter from the Agent, South Indian Railway Company, No. 807, dated the 7th August 1899.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The Agent of the South Indian Railway Company has applied for leave to adopt the General Rules for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods, which rules were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, under Public Works Department notification No. 4801, dated the 30th October 1890, on the Madura-Pamban extension of that railway.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules which are referred to in the foregoing observations to the Madura-Pamban extension of the South Indian railway which has been sanctioned for construction.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that the General Rules, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection free of any charge in the office of the engineer in charge of the construction of the railway.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Joint Secretary to the Government of Madras, Public Works Department, Railway Branch, for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*





# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 37. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**SUPPLEMENT No. 37.**

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### PUBLIC.

*Simla, the 15th September, 1899.*

No. 2130.—Mr. G. A. Grierson, C.I.E., of the Indian Civil Service, Officer on special duty with the Linguistic Survey, is granted furlough for eight months, with effect from the 1st November 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

##### MEDICAL.

*The 13th September, 1899.*

No. 1548.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel J. S. Wilkins, D.S.O., I.M.S. (Bombay), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

*The 15th September, 1899.*

No. 1551.—The services of 2nd-Lieutenant J. H. W. Morgan, 16th Bombay Infantry, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 1552.—The services of Lieutenant F. P. C. Keily, 1st Bombay Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

No. 1555.—The services of Lieutenant G. A. Preston, 40th Pathans, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 1558.—The services of Lieutenant H. Herrick, R.A.M.C., are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 1561.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty :

Captain F. J. Moberly, D.S.O., 37th Dogras.

Lieutenant F. C. Nicolas, 7th Bengal Cavalry.

Lieutenant M. H. B. Geddes, 4th Madras Pioneers.

#### SANITARY.

*The 15th September, 1899.*

No. 2636.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 58 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895 (XIV of 1895), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 202, dated the 5th October 1896 :

(1) For the last paragraph of Rule 31, the following shall be substituted, namely :

"A sign-board written in bold letters in the Persian, Urdu and Guzarati characters shall be displayed at the place, to be approved by the Inspector, at which stores are dispensed, announcing that food can be procured there. At the same place shall be posted a table of the rations of food and water in Persian, Urdu and Guzarati, and a price-list in the same languages of the articles of food offered for sale."

(2) In Rule 66, after sub-section 2 (b), the following shall be inserted, namely :

"and (c) the words *food is procurable on board the ships*."

#### SANITARY.

##### Plague.

*The 15th September, 1899.*

No. 2648.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that for paragraph 2, clause (2), sub-clause (b), of the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1550, dated the 28th April 1899, the following be substituted, namely :

"(b) are secured in a hermetically closed tin or tins of adequate strength, placed in a strong outer box of wood or tin with a layer of at least three-quarters of an inch of raw cotton-wool between the inner and the outer case, the outer case being enclosed in stout cloth, securely fastened and sealed, and labelled with such distinguishing inscription as will suffice to make immediately manifest the nature of the contents."

No. 2653.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following regulations to be observed by persons sending or taking from place to place in India cultures or other articles known or believed to contain the living germs of plague :

"1. No person who is not a Commissioned Medical Officer, a Military Assistant Surgeon, or a medical practitioner in possession of a qualification not lower than that of L. M. S. of the University of Calcutta, Madras or Bombay, shall, without the special permission of the Governor General in Council or a Local Government, take in his private possession from one place to another any culture or other article which he knows or believes to contain the living germ of plague.

"2. No such culture or other article as aforesaid shall be sent from one place to another,—

(a) unless it is securely packed in a hermetically closed tin of adequate strength, placed in a strong outer box of wood or tin with a layer of at least three-quarters of an inch of raw cotton-wool between the inner and the outer case, the outer case being enclosed in stout cloth, securely fastened and sealed, and labelled with such distinguishing inscription as will suffice to make immediately manifest the nature of the contents ;

(b) unless it is consigned to a Government Laboratory or to a person specially permitted by the Governor General in Council or the Local Government to receive such cultures or other articles; and

(c) unless the sender declares its nature to the carrying agency and signs a certificate to the effect that he has advised the consignee of its despatch.

"3. No package containing any such culture or other article as aforesaid shall be opened in any place which is free from plague without the special permission of the Governor General in Council."

**No. 2678.**—Whereas the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Tirumalai near Tirupati in the North Arcot District of the Madras Presidency, if pilgrims or other persons from the Bombay Presidency, Calcutta, the District of Howrah in Bengal, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Srivenkatsamraswami Brahmotsvam festival:

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Peddapadu, Mamanduru, Renigunta, Pudi and Pauthur, on the Madras Railway, and Panapakam, Chandragiri, Tirupati West, Tirupati East, Yerpedu and Kalahasti, on the South Indian Railway, shall be sold from the 25th September to the 14th October 1899 (both days inclusive) within the Bombay Presidency, Calcutta, the District of Howrah in Bengal, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States to any pilgrim or other person intending or believed to be intending to proceed on pilgrimage to the said festival.

#### JUDICIAL.

*The 14th September, 1899.*

**No. 1356.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 527 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the case specified below from the Court of the 2nd class Magistrate of Arkonam in the Madras Presidency to that of the Deputy Commissioner of Raipur in the Central Provinces:

Case of *Empress versus Rama Prasad* and another, charged under section 380 of the Indian Penal Code.

#### ECCLESIASTICAL.

*The 15th September, 1899.*

**No. 408.**—The Right Reverend the Bishop of Calcutta has granted Mr. A. M. Dunne, Registrar of the Diocese of Calcutta, leave for three months, with effect from the 24th August 1899.

**No. 409.**—The Right Reverend the Bishop of Calcutta has appointed Mr. Arthur Caspersz, Barrister-at-Law, to officiate as Registrar of the Diocese of Calcutta during the absence on leave of Mr. A. M. Dunne.

#### EDUCATION.

*The 15th September, 1899.*

**No. 432.**—Under section 12 of Act II of 1857, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorise the affiliation of the Victoria High School, Comilla, to the Calcutta University in Arts up to the F. A. Standard.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND  
AGRICULTURE.

## NOTIFICATION.

## FORESTS.

*Simla, the 14th September, 1899.*

No. 829-F.—Special leave on urgent private affairs for six months, under Article 348 of the Civil Service Regulations, is granted to Mr. H. C. Hill, Conservator (Officiating Inspector General) of Forests, with effect from the 21st October 1899.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 14th September, 1899.*

No. 1479-G.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. E. Yate, C.S.I., C.M.G., Indian Staff Corps, a Resident of the 2nd class, is posted as Resident in Mewar, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 1481-G.—Lieutenant R. W. Burton, Indian Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Adjutant, 5th Regiment of Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, is appointed to officiate temporarily as Cantonment Magistrate of Secunderabad, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 2651-I.B.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Secretary of State for India :

Captain H. D. Watson, Indian Staff Corps, Inspecting Officer, Punjab Imperial Service Infantry (private affairs), for fourteen days.

No. 2658-I.A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), as applied by the notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 443-I.A., dated the 4th February, 1897, to all territories in India which are under the administration of the Governor General in Council, but are not part of British India, including all railway lands and the territories for the time being administered by the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan as such Agent, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the taking, sending or consigning of used apparel and bedding (except when carried as the personal baggage of travellers), rags and waste paper from the Hyderabad, Mysore and Baroda States into any part of India.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

## LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Simla, the 13th September, 1899.*

No. 4228-P.—Mr. W. S. Adie, Indian Civil Service, is posted as Assistant Comptroller, Assam, with effect from 4th September 1899.

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 15th September, 1899.*

## APPOINTMENTS.

## ARMY STAFF.

No. 1017.—Brevet-Major E. W. S. K. Maconchy, D.S.O., second-in-command, 3rd Regiment of Sikh Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, Intelligence Branch, Quartermaster-General's Department, *vice* Major G. V. Kemball, vacated. Dated 3rd August 1899.

## MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1018.—The following extract, being paragraph 1 of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 89, dated 17th August 1899, is published for general information :

The undermentioned probationers for the Indian Medical Service, having completed a course of instruction at the Army Medical School, and being reported qualified, have been appointed Lieutenants, their commissions being dated the 27th July 1899, the day on which they passed out of the Army Medical School :

Edward David Wilson Greig (*Punjab*).Campbell Dykes (*Bengal*).William Ernest McKechnie (*Punjab*).William Frederic Harvey (*Punjab*).William Charles Hughan Forster (*Punjab*).John Johnson Urwin (*Bengal*).David McCay (*Bengal*).Arthur Brownfield Fry (*Punjab*).Harry Diamond Peile (*Punjab*).Douglas Henry Fawcett Cowin (*Punjab*).Edward Cecil Gordon Maddock (*Bombay*).William Henry Dickinson (*Bombay*).Mack Walter Manuk (*Bombay*).

William Hancock Tucker (*Madras*).  
 Arthur William Tuke (*Bombay*).  
 Charles Stewart Lowson (*Bombay*).  
 Joseph Harrison Leonard Beaman (*Bombay*).  
 John Sloan (*Bombay*).  
 George Herbert Stewart (*Madras*).  
 Dugald Na'rne Anderson (*Madras*).  
 Manmatha Nath Chaudhuri (*Madras*).

## STAFF CORPS.

No. 1019.—Lieutenant William Edmond Pye, Derbyshire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 5th Regiment of Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, from the 26th February 1898, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 1020.—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenant Harold Philip Muir White, Norfolk Regiment, officiating wing officer, 1st Regiment of Bombay Infantry (Grenadiers),—12th August 1899.

Second-Lieutenant Charles Fleetwood Mant Worsley, Norfolk Regiment, officiating squadron officer, 1st (Prince Albert Victor's Own) Regiment of Punjab Cavalry,—20th August 1899.

## LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 1021.—The following extract is published for general information:

"*London Gazette*," dated the 22nd August 1899, page 5252.

## WAR OFFICE;

*Pall Mall*, 22nd August, 1899.

• • • • •

## BREVET.

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Colonels to be Colonels:

• • • • •

George H. Elliott, Indian Staff Corps. Dated 16th August 1899.

• • • • •

## PENSIONS.

## SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1022.—First class Assistant Surgeon John Nazareth, Indian Subordinate Medical Department Bengal, has been transferred to the pension establishment.

## PROMOTIONS.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 1023.—Subject to Her Majesty's approval, the undermentioned Major is granted

the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel whilst serving as regimental commandant, Indian Army:

Herbert Godfray. Dated 23rd July 1899.

No. 1024.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

*Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.*

11th September 1899.

Alexander MacWhirter Renny.

*Lieutenants to be Captains.*

12th September 1899.

Frederick John Fraser.

Roderick George Macpherson.

## COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay.*

No. 1025.—Sub-Conductor Richard Cubbon to be Conductor and Sergeant William Bernard Ruddock to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 26th March 1899, *vice* Conductor Vincent O'Brien, deceased.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1026.—*5th Regiment of Bengal (Light) Infantry—*

Jemadar Shaikh Muhammad Ibrahim to be Subadar and Havildar Makhoo Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Namdar Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 16th April 1899.

No. 1027.—*43rd Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—*

Jemadar Ranjit Gurung to be Subadar and Drill-Havildar Raghobir Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Gopal Sing, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 12th July 1899.

Jemadar Aitadhoz Rai to be Subadar and Havildar Narbahadur Thapa to be Jemadar, *vice* Manibhadra Thapa, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 12th July 1899.

Pay-Havildar Birbhan Thapa to be Jemadar, *vice* Narbahadur Thapa, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 3rd August 1899.

Havildar Ahiman Rana to be Jemadar, *vice* Sete Lama, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 3rd August 1899.

Colour Havildar Kaman Sing Thapa to be Jemadar, *vice* Gokul Sing Nagarkoti, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 3rd August 1899.

No. 1028.—*3rd (Queen's Own) Regiment of Bombay Light Cavalry—*

Jemadar Rup Chand to be Ressaidar, *vice* Baz Gul Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 14th July 1899.



Dafadar Aladad Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Rup. Chand, promoted, with effect from the 28th July 1899.

**No. 1029.—27th Regiment (1st Baluch Battalion) of Bombay (Light) Infantry—**

Colour-Havildar Abdul Kadir to be Jemadar, *vice* Muhammad Shah, killed in action, with effect from the 11th October 1898.

Jemadar Khuda Bakhsh to be Subadar, *vice* Muhammad Bakhsh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

**PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.**

**No. 1030.—No. 1 (Kohat) Mountain Battery—**

Jemadar Harditt Singh to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Haidar to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th July 1899, *vice* Subadar-Major Anokha, Bahadur, deceased.

Havildar Ganda Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 26th July 1899, *vice* Muhammad Khan, transferred to the pension establishment.

**VOLUNTEER CORPS.**

**APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.**

**No. 1031.—Assam Valley Light Horse—**

William Vaughan, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st August 1899, *vice* Simkins, promoted.

**No. 1032.—and (Cadet) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles—**

Second-Lieutenant Lander Primrose Patton to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st April 1899, *vice* Newton, transferred to the supernumerary list.

**No. 1033.—Naini Tal Volunteer Rifle Corps—**

Lieutenant Richard L'Estrange Nestor to be Captain, *vice* Hoskins, resigned.

Second-Lieutenant Harry Sidney Rix to be Lieutenant, *vice* Nestor, promoted.

Second-Lieutenant Thomas Smith to be Lieutenant, *vice* Harrison, transferred to the supernumerary list.

Second-Lieutenant Robert Durham to be Lieutenant, *vice* Ryan, resigned.

Henry Seddon Wildeblood, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 7th September 1899, *vice* Rix, promoted.

Arthur Carne Polwhele, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 7th September 1899, *vice* Smith, promoted.

Walter Angus Langley, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 7th September 1899, *vice* Durham, promoted.

**No. 1034.—Rangoon Volunteer Rifles—**

Lieutenant George Arthur Turner resigns his commission.

**No. 1035.—Southern Mahratta Railway Rifles—**

Archibald Frederic Wyatt, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Thomson, resigned.

**No. 1036.—3rd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles—**

Second-Lieutenant Robert Walter Hutchison resigns his commission, with effect from the 25th August 1899.

Second-Lieutenant James Alston Dykes resigns his commission, with effect from the 3rd August 1899.

**MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.**

**ORGANISATION.**

**No. 1037.—**The Governor-General in Council hereby announces the changes in the organisation and administration of Military Works in India, which will be carried out with effect from the 1st October 1899.

2. The term "Military Works Department," and the existing system of Public Works Department grading for Royal Engineer officers employed on Military Works are abolished.

Military Works in India will be carried out by Royal Engineer officers whose employment will be regarded as regimental duty, and whose position, and ordinary and engineer pay will be regulated accordingly. Command or charge pay will be granted to all officers of the Military Works cadre of 120 prescribed in paragraph 28 who are present for duty.

3. (a) Lieutenant-Colonels in civil employ, who have been placed on half-pay on completing five years' service in that rank, and Colonels or Lieutenant-Colonels vacating their civil appointments on attaining the age of 55, will be ineligible for employment in the Military Works.

(b) Regimental field officers in civil employ will only be permitted to revert to regimental duty in the Military Works with the concurrence of the Commander-in-Chief in India, and with the approval of the Government of India.

(c) Any officer posted to India, and finding the establishment of his rank in Military Works services full, will have to wait for a vacancy in Military Works without command or charge pay.

(d) Any officer leaving civil or other employment at his own request, and finding the establishment of his rank in Military Works services full, will have to wait for a vacancy in Military Works without command or charge pay.

4. The following will be the organisation for the control and execution of Military Works in India, except in districts or stations where Military Works are under the charge of the local Public Works Department.

5. Military Works will be administered at head-quarters by the Director-General of Military Works, who will be the adviser of the Government of India upon all Military Works matters, and the agent through whom Military Works business is conducted. If not already a substantive Colonel, the Director-General of Military Works will, on appointment, be granted that rank. He will have the temporary rank of Major-General during his tenure of the appointment. The appointment of Director-General of Military Works will be tenable for five years, if not vacated sooner by compulsory retirement on account of age, or by promotion to the rank of Lieutenant-General.

6. The Director-General of Military Works will be considered as on the staff of the army in respect to all business relating to the Corps of Royal Engineers. He will, subject to the responsibility of the Quartermaster-General in India regarding the distribution of troops, advise the Commander-in-Chief in India on such technical services connected with Military Works as may be dealt with by His Excellency, as well as on questions relating to the distribution, employment, and instruction of officers and soldiers of the Royal Engineers serving in India. He will periodically inspect the several Corps of Sappers and Miners, and report thereon. He will administer the submarine-mining, military ballooning, and other technical services. Under the orders of the Commander-in-Chief, the Director-General of Military Works will deal with questions in which technical services connected with barracks provided for from Military Works funds are involved, and, in cases disposed of under the Commander-in-Chief's orders, will issue the necessary orders.

7. The Director-General of Military Works will continue to exercise, under the regulations, the powers of a Local Government as at present.

8. The Director-General of Military Works will recommend, through the Adjutant-General in India, for the Commander-in-Chief's sanction the postings to the several Commands, of all Royal Engineer officers employed on Military Works duties, and of postings within Commands of officers as Commanding Royal Engineers of districts. He will similarly deal with the transfers of officers from one Command to another.

Appointments and promotions of upper subordinates, and members of the Barrack Department, will be made by the Director-General of Military Works, and those of lower subordinates

by the Chief Engineer of the Command. Postings of upper subordinates and Barrack Department employés to Commands, and their transfers from one Command to another, will be carried out on the orders of the Director-General of Military Works. Similarly, lower subordinates, and clerical, and petty establishments, will be transferred from one Command to another by the Director-General of Military Works. Normal scales of establishment of all classes are fixed for each Command, and these scales may be amended from time to time with the sanction of the Director-General of Military Works, provided that the aggregate establishment is not exceeded without the sanction of the Government of India, but the Director-General of Military Works has not the power to increase the scale of his own office establishment.

9. The Director-General of Military Works will be responsible for the constructive fitness and accuracy of all projects and designs submitted by him to the Government of India.

10. In submitting proposals to the Government of India, regarding matters upon which the opinion of the Commander-in-Chief is required, the Director-General of Military Works will first obtain His Excellency's views, and will communicate them when submitting his proposals to Government, so as to obviate the necessity of further reference to the Commander-in-Chief, on the part of the Military Department.

Similarly with regard to matters referred to the Director-General of Military Works for consideration by the Government of India, that officer, before submitting his report, will ascertain the wishes and views of the Commander-in-Chief on the matter under reference, if it be of a kind to require that these should be first recorded.

11. The head-quarters staff of the Director-General of Military Works will consist of—

A Deputy Director-General, who will not be under the regimental rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, and who, if qualified and recommended, may be granted the substantive rank of Colonel. His pay will be that of a District Commanding Royal Engineer.

Assistant Directors-General for the fortification and establishment branches of the office, who will have the status and pay of District Commanding Royal Engineers, if not under the rank of Major.

Such number of additional officers, within the number of appointments sanctioned for the whole of the Military Works services, as may from time to time be required to assist in the technical engineering business of the office. These officers will have the status and pay of Royal Engineer officers posted to a district under a District Commanding Royal Engineer.

12. For each of the four Commands of the army of India there will be a Chief Engineer, who will have his head-quarters at the head-quarters station of the Command. The appointment of Chief Engineer will carry the rank of substantive Colonel, and will be tenable for five years, if not previously vacated on attaining the age for compulsory retirement as a Colonel, or on promotion to Major-General. The appointment of all Chief Engineers of Commands will rest with the Government of India.

13. The Chief Engineer will administer, inspect, and be responsible for all Military Works services within the Command, with the exception of those which may be under the charge of the local Public Works Department. His powers of sanction, allotment, and control in regard to works and establishments are detailed in Appendix A. He will also be responsible to the Lieutenant-General Commanding for the condition of the works and buildings under his charge, and will submit for that officer's consideration all matters on which the orders or opinions of the Lieutenant-General Commanding are required.

14. With the exception of Commanding Royal Engineers, all postings and transfers of Royal Engineer officers to, or between districts within, the Command will be carried out under the orders of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, on the representation of the Chief Engineer. Postings and transfers of all subordinate establishments to, or between districts within, the Command will be made by the Chief Engineer.

15. The Chief Engineer will be responsible for the engineering character of every project prepared in his Command, whether sanctioned by him, or submitted to superior authority. He will ordinarily have one or two officers posted to his office to assist in checking designs and estimates, and in the general business of the office. These officers will be included within the total number of appointments sanctioned for the Military Works services, and if of, or below, the rank of Major will have the status and pay

of Royal Engineer officers posted to a district under a Commanding Royal Engineer.

16. The senior officer employed upon Military Works in each district will be the Commanding Royal Engineer, whose head-quarters will ordinarily be at the head-quarter station of the district.

17. Subject to the control exercised by the Chief Engineer of the Command, the Commanding Royal Engineer will be responsible for the design, execution, and management of all Military Works within the district (except those which may be under the charge of the local Public Works Department), for the disbursement of money, and for the provision and custody of materials. He will be responsible to the General Officer Commanding for the condition of the Military Works and buildings in his charge, and will submit for the opinion or orders of the General Officer Commanding all matters requiring a reference to the officer in military command of the district.

18. All postings and transfers of officers within the district will be made under the orders of the General Officer Commanding on the representation of the Commanding Royal Engineer.

The Commanding Royal Engineer will himself post or transfer the members of the upper and lower subordinate, clerical, office, and petty establishments, and of the Barrack Department within his district.

19. The Commanding Royal Engineer will be responsible for the accounts of Military Works under his charge. The accounts for the whole district will be compiled in his office from initial accounts rendered to him by officers and subordinates serving under his orders.

20. The Commanding Royal Engineer will have the powers of sanction, allotment, and control in regard to works and establishments detailed in Appendix A.

21. Royal Engineer officers posted to a district under a Commanding Royal Engineer will be given charge of certain definite works, groups of works, or stations, or will be posted to assist the Commanding Royal Engineer himself or other officers serving under him.

The officer in charge of a station or group of stations will be styled the "Garrison Engineer." An officer in charge of an independent work, such as a road, water-supply, etc., will be styled the "Officer in charge" of the particular work.

22. The Garrison Engineer will comply with the requisitions, and act in accordance with the orders of the Officer Commanding the station where he is posted, but it will be his duty to point out if any order he receives conflicts with the regulations.

He will, under the orders of the Officer Commanding the station, be a member of all Station Boards or Committees on which the professional advice of an engineer officer is required.

23. A Garrison Engineer, or an officer in charge of independent works, who has more than seven years' service, and who has been not less than one year in Military Works employment, will exercise the powers detailed in Appendix A. Within these limits the Commanding Royal Engineer may depute such powers as he thinks fit to any qualified officer with less than seven years' service.

24. Upper and lower subordinates will be employed on Military Works under the Commanding Royal Engineer or the officers serving under him.

25. There will be a Commanding Royal Engineer in each of the following districts:

*Punjab Command.*

Lahore	...	...	...	District.
Peshawar	...	...	...	"
Rawal Pindi	...	...	...	"
Sirhind	...	...	...	"

*Bengal Command.*

Allahabad	...	...	...	District.
Bundelkhand	...	...	...	"
Meerut	...	...	...	"
Narbada	...	...	...	"
Oudh	...	...	...	"
Presidency	...	...	...	"
Rohilkhand	...	...	...	"

*Madras Command.*

Secunderabad	...	...	...	District.
Belgaum	...	...	...	"
Bangalore	...	...	...	"
Madras	...	...	...	"

*Bombay Command.*

Poona	...	...	...	District.
Mhow	...	...	...	"
Quetta	...	...	...	"
Bombay	...	...	...	"
Sind	...	...	...	"
Aden	...	...	...	"

26. Military Works at the station of Kampti in the Nagpore District will be under the charge of the Commanding Royal Engineer, Mhow District.

Military Works at Wellington in the Southern District, and the river defences at Rangoon in the Rangoon District, will be under the charge of the Commanding Royal Engineer, Madras District.

27. The Government of India will from time to time determine what establishment of Commanding Royal Engineers and Garrison Engineers shall be employed on Military Works in frontier districts.

28. The total strength of Royal Engineer officers employed upon Military Works services, including absentees, will consist of 120 officers of the following ranks:

Colonels	...	...	...	5
Lieutenant-Colonels	...	...	...	12
Majors	...	...	...	23
Captains	...	...	...	32
Subalterns	...	...	...	48
Total				120

29. Officers of Royal Engineers, within the scale prescribed in paragraph 28, employed on Military Works service, will receive pay at the rates shown in the following table:

	Regimental pay and allowances.	Engineer pay.	Command or charge pay.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Director-General of Military Works.	Consolidated.	...	...	2,500 0 0
Chief Engineer of Command.	1,002 4 0	100 0 0	80 0 0	2,102 4 0
Colonel or Lieutenant-Colonel.*	1,002 4 0	100 0 0	125 0 0	2,027 4 0
Major,* if a Commanding Royal Engineer.	750 3 0	220 0 0	230 0 0	1,800 3 0
Officers employed in districts.			Charge pay.	
Major*	750 3 0	220 0 0	130 0 0	1,100 3 0
Captain over 15 years' service.	433 10 0	150 0 0	200 0 0	783 10 0
Captain under 15 years' service.	433 10 0	150 0 0	150 0 0	733 10 0
Lieutenant over 7 years' service.	285 12 0	100 0 0	150 0 0	535 12 0
Lieutenant under 7 years' service.	285 12 0	100 0 0	50 0 0	435 12 0
2nd-Lieutenant	213 5 0	100 0 0	...	313 5 0

\* Horse allowance according to the regulations.

Engineer pay and command or charge pay combined will be regarded as staff pay for the purposes of acting appointments and leave allowances.

30. Officers now on the permanent establishment of the Military Works Department who may be disadvantageously affected will be allowed to draw their present rates of pay and allowances until they are promoted to the next higher rate of pay under the new scale.

31. Captains and Lieutenants employed on Military Works services will cease to draw charge pay if they do not pass the lower standard examination in Hindustani within one year of appointment.

32. In all matters of organisation, pay and allowances, appointment and promotion, leave of all kinds, journeys on duty and on transfer, and in all personal matters, officers of Royal Engineers employed on Military Works services will be subject to Army Regulations, India. The requisite additions to Army Regulations, India, will be published hereafter.

33. The rules for the appointment, qualification, position, and duties of upper and lower subordinates employed on Military Works will be as laid down in the Public Works Department Code and Army Regulations, India.

The conditions of service of all subordinates in Military Works will be governed as heretofore by Army Regulations, India, the rules of the Public Works Department Code, and Civil Service Regulations.

Employment on Military Works duties will continue to be departmental employment for the upper and lower subordinate, accounts, office, and petty establishments, and for the Barrack Department.

34. The system and regulations of the Public Works Department will be followed in Military Works in respect of designs and estimates for works, execution of works, public buildings, stores and materials, accounts, budget rules, and sanctions.

35. The Examiner of Accounts, Military Works, will, as at present, audit the charges for expenditure incurred by disbursing officers, he will supervise the keeping of the accounts of Military Works receipts and expenditure according to the forms prescribed in the Public Works Department, and will maintain regularity in the financial operations in Military Works services under the administration of the Director-General of Military Works.



# **APPENDIX A.** **MILITARY WORKS SERVICES.**

*Summary of the principal powers exercised by the Director-General of Military Works, Chief Engineers of Commands, Commanding Royal Engineers of Districts, and Garrison Engineers.*

1	2	3	4	5	6
EXTENT OF POWERS AND CONDITIONS.					
Nature of sanction.	Director-General of Military Works.	Chief Engineers of Commands.	Commanding Royal Engineers of Districts.	Garrison Engineers.	REMARKS.
APPOINTMENTS, PERMANENT ESTABLISHMENT.	Can make all appointments against sanctioned scales for upper and lower subordinate, clerical, petty, subordinate accounts, and barrack department establishments, in the last mentioned case with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief. Director-General has, however, delegated to Chief Engineers the power of making all appointments against sanctioned scales of commands for office and petty establishments, but in the case of clerks only up to the Rs. 80—100 grade, and in the case of draftsmen up to the Rs. 60—80 grade.	Can make appointments against sanctioned scales of his command for office, petty, and lower subordinate establishments, but in the case of clerks only up to Rs. 80—100 grade, and in the case of draftsmen up to the Rs. 60—80 grade.	Nil.	Nil.	
PROMOTIONS (PERMANENT).	Empowered to make all promotions within sanctioned scales.	As in the case of appointments ...	Nil.	Nil.	
APPOINTMENTS, TEMPORARY ESTABLISHMENT.	Can make all appointments on pay up to Rs. 250 each, and within budget provision, in the case of office, petty, upper and lower subordinate establishments. Except in his own office, where the limit is Rs. 100.	Can make appointments on pay up to Rs. 50 of members of office, petty, and lower subordinate establishments, subject to limit of budget provision, and for periods not exceeding six months.	Nil.	Nil.	
PROMOTIONS (TEMPORARY).	Competent to make all promotions within sanctioned scale.	As in the case of appointments ...	Nil.	Nil.	

1	2	3	4	5	6
EXTENT OF POWERS AND CONDITIONS.					
Nature of sanction.	Director-General of Military Works.	Chief Engineers of Commands.	Commanding Royal Engineers of Districts.	Garrison Engineers.	REMARKS.
LOCAL ALLOWANCES ...	Has the powers of a Local Government to sanction presidency allowance to those entitled to it, but power has been delegated to Chief Engineers of Commands.	Can grant presidency allowance to those entitled to receive it.  Can grant sub-divisional allowance to upper and lower subordinates, and Barrack Masters, and to Barrack Sergeants, if a Barrack Department Warrant Officer is not available.  .....	Nil.	Nil.	
TRAVELLING ALLOWANCES.	Has the powers of a Local Government as regards officers under his orders, and not appointed directly by the Government of India. In the case of officers appointed directly by the Government of India, exercises the powers of a Local Government under Civil Service Regulations. Articles 1135, 1156 (a), 1159, 1164, 1168 (a), 1186, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1204 (b), 1207, 1224, 1225, 1227, 1228, 1268 (1), 1290 (b), and 1083, subject, as regards this article, to the following limitation in each case—two horses, 25 mounds, and equipage.	.....	Empowered to act as controlling officers in the case of subordinate establishments in the districts.  Can grant conveyance allowance to upper and lower subordinates.	Nil.	
ADVANCES ...	Can sanction building advances, advances of pay and travelling allowance on transfer, and advances of a month's pay under special circumstances, also advances to non-gazetted officers on salaries of less than Rs. 200 per mensem, when proceeding on privilege leave.	.....	Can sanction advances of pay and travelling allowance to members of subordinate establishments ordered on transfer;  Advance of one month's pay to soldiers appointed to the Barrack Department;  Advances for purchases of tents;  Advances to non-gazetted officers on salaries of less than Rs. 240 per mensem, when proceeding on privilege leave.	Nil.	

MISCELLANEOUS	Can sanction increase of pay to deserving lower subordinates.	Nil.	Nil.
CONTRIBUTION WORKS...	Can sanction compensation for dearthness of grain in terms of Finance Department Resolution No. 1648 of 28th March 1886.	(a) Only authorized to sanction the execution of contribution fund works when within their powers of sanction, viz.:—Ra. 2,500 for each work.	(a) P. W. D. Code, Vol. II, Chap. XVI, para. 13 (4th edition). (See also clause II, para. 1 of the Government of India orders printed as Director-General's Circular No. 4-B. of 1894).
STANDARD DESIGNS, AND ESTIMATES FOR ORIGINAL WORKS.	Competent to sanction the execution of contribution works, when not in excess of Ra. 50,000 each.	(b) Can deal finally with details of designs and estimates for new works up to a maximum of Ra. 2,500 for each work.	(b) P. W. D. Code, Vol. II, Chap. XVI, para. 13 (4th edition), and P. W. D. Code, Vol. I, Chap. III, paras. 57 and 67 (b), edition of 1886.
WORKS FOR OTHER DEPARTMENTS.	Competent to deal finally with details of designs and estimates for new works up to a limit of Ra. 10,000, and for approved projects up to Ra. 25,000.	(c) Can sanction up to a limit of Ra. 2,500, subject to the conditions referred to in the second column.	(c) P. W. D. Code, Vol. I, Chap. III, paras. 58 and 67 (c), edition of 1886.
SUBSIDIARY WORKS FOR LARGE PROJECTS.	Authorized to sanction up to Ra. 50,000 for each work in cases of urgency, and when there is no local authority of the department concerned vested with sufficient powers.	(d) Subject to the same conditions, as detailed in the second column, can sanction up to Ra. 500 for each work.	(d) P. W. D. Code, Vol. I, Chap. III, para. 67 (e), edition of 1886.
ALTERATION OF DESIGNS	Can sanction all subsidiary works and operations connected with large projects, other than Imperial Productive Works, the cost of which is covered by lumpsum sanctions to the extent of Ra. 50,000 for each work.	(e) As in the case of Chief Engineers of Commands.	(e) P. W. D. Code, Vol. I, Chap. III, para. 67 (f), edition of 1886.
	Can sanction necessary alterations in the constructive details of work, provided that no increase of charge to the amount of more than 10 per cent. shall be caused in the case of an estimate sanctioned by the Government of India.		

1	2	3	4	5	6
Nature of sanction.	Director-General of Military Works.	Chief Engineers of Commands.	Commanding Royal Engineers of Districts.	Garrison Engineers.	REMARKS.
BUDGET GRANTS	Can reappropriate freely the <i>Indian</i> grants within each budget, provided the grants for class "A" works are not encroached on, and that no reappropriation is made to any new work outside the budget when its estimated cost exceeds Rs. 20,000. In the case of Ordnance, Commissariat, Remount, Army Clothing, and Marine works, the approval of the head of the department concerned is required to any reappropriation of grants.	.....	(f) Can reappropriate from the lump sum minor works grants placed at his disposal to such new works, as he may be competent to sanction within a limit of Rs. 2,500 in each case, except works relating to Ordnance, Commissariat, Marine, Army Clothing, and Remount Departments.	Nil.	(7) P. W. D. Code, Vol. I, Chap. III, para. 67 (A), edition of 1886, and Vol. II, Chap. XVI, para. 13 (4th edition).
REPAIRS TO BUILDINGS, ETC.	The Director-General exercises no special powers, as the grants for repairs are placed at the disposal of Chief Engineers.	The Chief Engineer places grants for repairs at the disposal of Commanding Royal Engineers.	(g) Can sanction estimates for current and special repairs within the limits of the grants placed at their disposal.	Can sanction within the assignments made to them to the extent of Rs. 200 for each work.	(g) P. W. D. Code, Vol. I, Chap. III, para. 60 and 67 (c), edition of 1886.
EMERGENCY WORKS OR REPAIRS.	.....	.....	(h) Can sanction the commencement of any urgently required repairs in cases of imminent danger to the structure.	Can sanction emergent repairs to any necessary and reasonable amount in case of imminent danger to the structure.	(A) P. W. D. Code, Vol. I, Chap. III, para. 67 (b), edition of 1886.
BARRACK FURNITURE—NEW SUPPLIES.	Can exercise the same powers as in the case of works.	Can exercise the same powers as in the case of works.	(k) Can exercise the same powers as in the case of works.	.....	(E) P. W. D. Code, Vol. II, Chap. XVI, para. 13 (4th edition), and Vol. I, Chap. III, para. 57, edition of 1886.
TOOLS AND PLANT—NEW SUPPLIES.	Can sanction up to the extent of Rs. 50,000 for each estimate, including live-stock and office furniture.	Can sanction estimates for purchases of tools and plant (including office and Inspection Bungalow furniture and live-stock) up to a limit of Rs. 2,500 for each estimate, provided no single article in the estimate costs over Rs. 500.	(L) Can sanction estimates for purchases of ordinary tools and plant (excluding live-stock and office and Inspection Bungalow furniture) up to a limit of Rs. 2,500 for each estimate, provided no single article in the estimate costs over Rs. 500.* The power to sanction purchases of office and Inspection Bungalow furniture is limited to Rs. 50 for each set of purchases.	.....	(J) P. W. D. Code, Vol. I, Chap. III, para. 59 and 67 (v), edition of 1886, and S.O. No. 280 of 1891, modifying Chap. VI, para. 10 of same Code.

\* Director-General's No. 2373-6, dated the 30th May 1893.

TOOLS AND PLANT—REPAIRS.	The Director-General exercises no special powers, as grants for repairs are placed by him at the disposal of Chief Engineers.	Can exercise the same powers as in the case of repairs to works.	Can exercise the same powers as in the case of repairs to works.	(a) P. W. D. Code, Vol. I, Chap. III, para. 67 (w), edition of 1886.
MANUFACTURE OPERATIONS	Can sanction estimates up to a limit of Rs. 50,000 for each operation.	Can sanction estimates up to a limit of Rs. 25,000 for each operation, provided the material be for a work already duly sanctioned, or for reserve stock within the sanctioned limit of the district.	(a) Can sanction up to a limit of Rs. 2,500.	(a) P. W. D. Code, Vol. I, Chap. XII, para. 134, edition of 1886.
PURCHASES OF STORES ...	<p>Authorized to fix the reserve limit of stock for each district, and to sanction the purchase in India of stores of European manufacture, subject to the conditions—</p> <p>(1) That it is more economical than to import.</p> <p>(2) In cases of emergency.</p> <p>(3) When the articles are perishable.</p>	Competent to order any stores (except those of European manufacture) required for the construction of a sanctioned work.	Nil.	
SALES OF STORES ...	Director-General exercises no special powers	Exercises no special powers ...	Competent to order the sale of any stores which are unserviceable or surplus.	...
ACCEPTANCE OF CONTRACTS	Can accept a contract up to Rs. 50,000 for each sanctioned work or part of a sanctioned work.	Can accept a contract up to Rs. 20,000 for each sanctioned work or part of a sanctioned work.	Can accept a contract up to Rs. 10,000 for each sanctioned work or part of a sanctioned work.	Can accept a contract for each sanctioned work or part of a sanctioned work up to Rs. 2,000.
ALLOTMENTS TO GENERAL AND COMMANDING OFFICERS.	Director-General exercises no special powers, but merely allots lump sums to Chief Engineers, and Commissariat, Ordnance, Marine, Remount, and Army Clothing grants to the heads of these departments.	Competent to make allotments from minor works grants to General and Commanding Officers vested with powers of sanction, and to Commanding Royal Engineers of districts.	Nil.	Nil.



1	2	3	4	5	6
EXTENT OF POWERS AND CONDITIONS.					
Nature of sanction.	Director-General of Military Works.	Chief Engineers of Commands.	Commanding Royal Engineers of Districts.	Garrison Engineers.	REMARKS.
RENTS ... ..	Competent to fix reduced rents, in the case of Government servants drawing not more than Rs. 100 a month, who are compelled to occupy certain quarters. All other reductions or remissions of rent require the sanction of the Government of India.	.....	Competent to fix rents according to rules, and to refer disputed rates through the Standing Barrack Committee for the orders of the Lieutenant-General Commanding.	...	
EXCESSES OVER ESTIMATES	Authorized to pass excesses when the total amount, including the original estimate and the excess, is not over Rs. 50,000. In the case of an estimate sanctioned by the Government of India, the Director-General can pass an excess of 10 per cent. in the estimate, provided the total excess does not exceed Rs. 50,000.	Can deal with an excess when the total amount, including original sanction, does not exceed Rs. 25,000.	Can deal with an excess, provided the total amount, including original sanction, does not exceed Rs. 2,500.	Nil.	
ACTUAL LOSSES OF CASH OR STOCK.	Can sanction up to a limit of Rs. 1,000 in each case.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
LOSSES OF STOCK BY DEPRECIATION, OR MISMANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING.	Can deal with all cases reported by Chief Engineers, making a report to the Government of India when the amount involved is unusually large.	.....	Can deal with all cases, making a report through the Chief Engineer to the Director-General of Military Works when the amount involved is large.	...	

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

## LEAVE.

No. 34.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Secretary of State for India:

Commander J. H. D. St. John, Royal Indian Marine, private affairs, for one day.

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 12th September, 1899.*

No. 379.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, the Governor General in Council is pleased, under Clause 1 of that section, to declare that the South Indian Railway Company shall be liable to pay in aid of the funds of the unions of Tindivanam, Villupuram and Valavanur, under the Tindivanam Taluk Board in the South Arcot district, and Saidapet, under the Saidapet Taluk Board in the Chingleput district, a house-tax, under the provisions of the Madras Local Boards Act, V of 1884, in respect of the railway buildings situated within the limits of the said unions.

No. 380.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, the Governor General in Council is pleased, under Clause 1 of that section, to declare that the Southern Mahratta Railway Company shall be liable to pay, in aid of the funds of the Narasaraopet Union, under the Narasaraopet Taluk Board in the Kistna district, a house-tax, under the provisions of the Madras Local Boards Act, V of 1884, in respect of the railway buildings situated within the limits of the said union.

No. 381.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, the Governor General in Council is pleased, under Clause 1 of that section, to declare that the Madras Railway Company shall be liable to pay, in aid of the funds of the Sembiyam Union, under the Saidapet Taluk Board in the Chingleput district, a house-tax, under the provisions of the Madras Local Boards Act, V of 1884, in respect of the railway buildings situated within the limits of the said union.

*The 13th September, 1899.*

No. 382.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 352, dated the 17th August 1899, Mr. L. C. D. Bean will, on relief by Mr. C. L. Biscoe, continue to officiate as Deputy Traffic Superintendent in Class I of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways during the absence of Mr. C. J. Keene on leave, or until further orders.

No. 383.—Mr. W. H. Chase in Class II, Grade 1 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, is, on return from leave, appointed to officiate as Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, with temporary rank in Class I, Grade 3 of that Establishment, during the absence of Mr. A. S. Jameson on special leave, or until further orders.

No. 384.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 241, dated the 31st May 1899, Mr. L. E. H. Yates will, on relief of his duties as officiating Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, by Mr. W. H. Chase, revert to his substantive appointment of District Locomotive Superintendent on that Railway in Class II, Grade 1 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

No. 385.—Mr. T. E. Collins, officiating Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is reverted to his substantive appointment of Locomotive Foreman on that Railway.

*The 14th September, 1899.*

No. 386.—Mr. S. H. M. Cole, Store-keeper in Class III, Grade 3, sub. *pro tem.*, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Store-keeper of the East Coast Railway with temporary rank in Class II, Grade 4, during the absence of Mr. J. M. Dwyer on leave, or until further orders.

No. 387.—Mr. W. Picard, Chief Clerk, Office of the Traffic Superintendent, East Coast Railway, officiated as Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that Railway from the 17th April to the 14th June 1899.

No. 388.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions of Executive and Assistant Engineers attached to State Railways, with effect from the date specified :

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from	
				1899.	
Cleaver, H. L.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent	April	1
Watts-Jones, Lieutenant W. A., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent	"	1
Cleaver, H. L.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	"	1
Lubbock, Lieutenant G., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	"	5
Shaw, W. R.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent	"	8
Rooke, Lieutenant B. H., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	"	9
Hearn, Lieutenant G. R., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Temporary	May	5
Deuchars, G.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent	"	11
Faulkner, E. T.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent	"	11
Clarke, Lieutenant C. J., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	June	1
Mahon, Lieutenant E. W. S., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	"	5
Smyth, Lieutenant G. J. W., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Permanent	"	18
LaTouche, J. N. D.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	Permanent	"	22

F. R. UPCOTT,

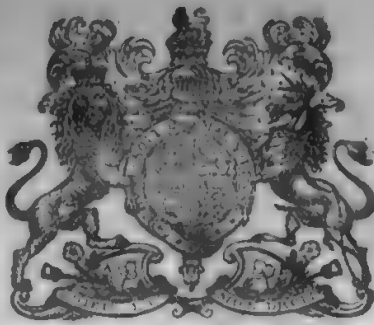
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 15th September, 1899.*

No. 389.—Mr. F. C. Murray, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, and Officiating Superintending Engineer, Punjab, is temporarily promoted to Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, with effect from the 25th June 1899.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 38.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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*Nothing for publication.*

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*Nothing for publication.*

SUPPLEMENT No. 38.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### ESTABLISHMENTS.

*Simla, the 22nd September, 1899.*

No. 543.—Mr. H. Fraser has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 15th July 1899.

##### MEDICAL.

*The 19th September, 1899.*

No. 1572.—The services of Lieutenant S. R. Douglas, I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

*The 22nd September, 1899.*

No. 1606.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel C. Little, M.D., I.M.S. (Madras), are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of Burma.

No. 1609.—The services of Colonel D. Sinclair M.B., C.S.I., I.M.S. (Madras), are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

No. 1611.—The services of Captain J. Randall, 23rd Punjab Pioneers, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 26th July 1899.

**No. 1612.**—The services of Lieutenant O. A. G. FitzGerald, 18th Bengal Lancers, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty, with effect from the 26th July 1899.

**SANITARY.**

*Plague.*

*The 22nd September, 1899.*

**No. 2728.**—The following Notice of the Board of Trade is published for general information :

(F. & H. 12238.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, August 24, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a telegram, dated 24th August 1899, from Her Majesty's Representative at Athens, stating that the importation of merchandise from Calcutta, Bombay, and the Persian Gulf is forbidden.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

**FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.**

**NOTIFICATIONS.**

*Simla, the 16th September, 1899.*

**No. 2690-I.B.**—In continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 640-I.B., dated the 8th March, 1899, and in exercise of the jurisdiction and of the powers referred to therein, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that British officers in the exercise of any jurisdiction delegated to them within the Tributary and Political States of Chota Nagpur, or in advising the Chiefs, are to be guided by the law of British India relating to offences and criminal procedure in so far as it is applicable and (in cases where Chiefs and their subjects are concerned) so far as it is not inconsistent with any local law or custom or any order of

the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in force for the time being.

*The 21st September, 1899.*

**No. 1503-G.**—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India, on medical certificate, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing, the specified period to count from the date of leaving India :

Lieutenant R. E. A. Hamilton, Indian Staff Corps, a Supernumerary Assistant Commissioner in the Punjab, for twelve months.

Pension service,—ninth year, commenced 8th November, 1898.

Notification No. 1403-G., dated the 29th August, 1899, is hereby cancelled.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*



## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

## ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 22nd September, 1899.

No. 4402-A.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

(Lakhs of Rupees.)

	IN AUGUST		TO END OF AUGUST		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	Budget, 1899-1900.	Actual, Preliminary, 1898-99.
[The explanation of these heads, see Gazette of India, dated 22nd December 1883, Part I, page 497.]						
<b>Civil Revenue.</b>						
Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	90	1,02	9,21	9,39	28,68	28,45
	57	45	2,51	2,07	6,00	5,78
	53	58	3,73	3,83	8,76	9,08
	42	43	2,11	2,11	4,90	4,80
	42	41	2,37	2,11	5,78	5,75
Civil Rates	10	11	1,43	1,46	3,95	3,95
	39	39	1,93	1,90	4,65	4,79
Land Taxes	16	18	64	68	1,81	1,78
(Madras and Bombay only)	4	4	14	15	54	41
Patron	3	4	19	21	46	44
From Native States	4	5	25	21	94	90
Civil Revenue	38	42	1,44	1,59	3,94	3,92
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT:						
GROSS	3,98	4,12	26,05	25,91	70,41	69,98
<b>Civil Expenditure.</b>						
On Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation	— 47	— 51	— 1,83	— 1,85	— 3,78	— 3,81
	— 46	— 40	— 2,08	— 1,77	— 2,65	— 2,37
Relief	—	—	—	+	— 61	— 1
Civil Expenditure	— 1,97	— 1,97	— 10,33	— 10,24	— 27,73	— 26,03
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS	— 2,90	— 2,88	— 14,24	— 13,84	— 34,77	— 32,22
[Transfers into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments:]						
[Figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance Transactions.]						
Net (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Issues)	+ 12	+ 8	+ 41	—	+ 37	— 1
Marine (Net as above)	+ 7	+ 6	+ 9	+ 8	+ 32	+ 53
Receipts	+ 3	+ 8	+ 21	+ 30	+ 79	+ 76
Issues	— 1,25	— 1,43	— 0,34	— 7,05	— 16,21	— 16,88
<b>Works Department—</b>						
<i>Receipts.</i>						
Ordinary Branches	+ 41	+ 42	+ 1,22	+ 1,33	} + 24,45	+ 2,97
State Railways	+ 1,11	+ 1,07	+ 6,11	+ 6,19		+ 15,20
East Indian Railway	+ 38	+ 37	+ 2,84	+ 2,33		+ 5,50
Guaranteed and Subsidized Railways (Net as above)	+ 18	+ 16	+ 1,40	+ 2,02	+ 3,50	+ 3,88
Telegraph	+ 6	+ 6	+ 27	+ 27	+ 86	+ 73
TOTAL	+ 2,14	+ 2,08	+ 11,84	+ 12,14	+ 28,90	+ 28,28
<i>Issues.</i>						
Ordinary Branches	— 58	— 53	— 2,98	— 2,75	} — 23,51	— 7,40
State Railways	— 92	— 82	— 5,13	— 4,86		— 12,55
East Indian Railway	— 19	— 30	— 1,14	— 1,02		— 2,99
Payment of Guaranteed Railways surplus profits, etc.	—	—	—	— 1	— 47	— 37
Telegraph	— 5	— 5	— 26	— 27	— 85	— 71
TOTAL	— 1,74	— 1,70	— 9,51	— 8,91	— 24,83	— 24,02
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS.	— 63	— 83	— 3,30	— 3,44	— 10,66	— 11,34
<b>Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.</b>						
Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Payments)	—	+ 65	— 1	+ 61	— 19	+ 96
Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	— 30	+ 2	— 37	+ 10	—	+ 12
Remittance Accounts	— 71	— 35	— 3,90	— 3,71	— 8,42	— 8,73
Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs. 10 per £	— 1,07	— 1,20	— 5,92	— 7,62	— 17,20	— 18,99
Debt Heads (Net as above)	— 2	— 13	+ 10	+ 38	+ 44	+ 1,01
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	— 2,10	— 1,01	— 10,10	— 10,24	— 25,37	— 25,63
TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	— 1,65	— 61	— 1,59	— 1,61	— 39	+ 79
Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	16,83	14,98	16,77	15,98	17,07	15,98
Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	15,18	14,37	15,18	14,37	16,68	16,77

## LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*The 18th September, 1899.*

No. 4304-P.—The services of Mr. J. J. Cotton, Indian Civil Service, Madras Establishment, are replaced at the disposal of the Home Department, with effect from the 10th October 1899.

No. 4305-P.—The services of Mr. E. Lawrence, Indian Civil Service, Bombay Establishment, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the 24th October 1899.

*The 19th September, 1899.*

No. 4326-P.—The services of Mr. A. G. Chuckerbutty, Indian Civil Service, Bengal Establishment, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 17th October 1899.

*The 21st September, 1899.*

No. 4371-P.—Mr. H. Bhimasena Rau is appointed a Probationer in class VII of the Enrolled List of the Financial Department, with effect from the 6th September 1899, and is attached to the Office of the Accountant-General, Madras.

No. 4382-P.—Mr. A. Newmarch is appointed to be Comptroller, Assam, with effect from the 6th of September 1899.

No. 4383-P.—Mr. L. E. Pritchard, Comptroller, Assam, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 4th of September 1899.

*The 22nd September, 1899.*

No. 4396-P.—The following acting promotions are made in the Postal Department, with effect from the 7th of August 1899, *vice* Mr. L. G. Wait, or until further orders :

Mr. G. B. Groves to officiate in the 1st grade, and  
Mr. F. B. O'Shea to officiate in the 2nd grade, of Deputy Post Masters General.

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 22nd September, 1899.*

## APPOINTMENTS.

## COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 1038.—Lieutenant J. L. Smith, Indian Staff Corps, 4th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 8th July 1899.

[Joined his appointment on the 25th August 1899.]

No. 1030.—Lieutenant W. St. C. Muscroft, Indian Staff Corps, 1st Regiment, Central India Horse, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 13th July 1899.

[Joined his appointment on the 26th August 1899.]

No. 1040.—Lieutenant J. A. P. Manson, Indian Staff Corps, 3rd Regiment of Bengal Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-

General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 8th August 1899.

[Joined his appointment on the 19th August 1899.]

## NATIVE ARMY.

## No. 1041.—8th (Rajput) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Ajudhya Parshad Singh, appointed on probation in G. G. O. No. 747 of 1897, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from the 21st July 1897.

## No. 1042.—13th (The Shekhawati) Rajput Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Agar Singh, appointed on probation in G. G. O. No. 421 of 1897, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from the 3rd December 1896.

No. 1043.—The appointment of Piru Singh as Jemadar, on probation, notified in G. G. O. No. 421 of 1897, is cancelled.

## LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 1044.—The following extract is published for general information :

"London Gazette," dated the 29th August 1899, page 5176.

WAR OFFICE;

*Pall Mall, 29th August, 1899.*

## MEMORANDA.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. C. Dobbs, Indian Staff Corps, Commissary-General, Bombay Command, is granted the substantive rank of Colonel in the Army. Dated 7th July 1899.

## PROMOTIONS.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 1045.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :

*Lieutenants to be Captains.*

19th September 1899.

Bertram Clarke Waterfield.  
Cecil Norris Baker.  
Stuart George Knox.  
James Leslie Alexander.

## NATIVE ARMY.

## No. 1046.—21st (Panjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Havildar Dewa Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Udham Singh, promoted, with effect from the 1st May 1899.

## No. 1047.—44th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Mardbir Rana to be Subadar and Havildar Bahadur Rana to be Jemadar, *vice* Satal Sing Bohra, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

## No. 1048.—and Regiment of Madras Infantry—

Subadar Sultan Khan to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Bhagavati to be Subadar, and Havildar Munisami to be Jemadar, *vice* Sulaiman Khan, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st August 1899.

**No. 1049.—25th Regiment of Madras Infantry—**

Jemadar Suryanarayanamsami to be Subadar and Havildar Ramanna to be Jemadar, *vice* Saniyasi, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

Havildar Rangasami to be Jemadar, *vice* Govindasami, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

**PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.****No. 1050.—No. 2 (Derajat) Mountain Battery—**

Subadar Bhanga Singh, *Bahadur*, to be Subadar-Major, with effect from 20th July 1899, *vice* Anokha, *Bahadur*, deceased.

**RETIREMENTS.**

**No. 1051.**—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

Lieutenant-Colonel Francis George Lawrence Mainwaring, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander and 2nd-in-command, 29th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry,—30th December 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Hotson Cadge, Indian Medical Service (Bengal),—15th November 1899.

Major Percy Balderston Vaughan, Indian Staff Corps,—14th August 1899.

**No. 1052.**—Captain E. J. Drummond, Indian Staff Corps, has been transferred by the Secretary of State for India to temporary half-pay, with effect from the 2nd September 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

**No. 1053.**—The undermentioned commissioned officers on the unattached list are permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

Honorary Captain Charles Fletcher, Deputy Commissary, Ordnance Department, Bombay,—6th October 1899.

Honorary Captain James Ezechiel, Deputy Commissary, Commissariat-Transport Department, Bombay,—1st November 1899.

Honorary Lieutenant Joseph Edward Newell, Deputy Assistant Commissary, Ordnance Department, Bombay,—1st August 1899.

**SPECIAL.**

**No. 1054.**—With reference to article 280, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part I, the undermentioned officer, having been absent from military duty for ten years, is transferred

to the supernumerary list, with effect from the date specified:

Captain C. P. Thompson, District Judge, 2nd grade,—19th September 1899.

**VOLUNTEER CORPS.****APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS, AND RESIGNATIONS.****No. 1055.—Behar Light Horse—**

Paymaster and Honorary Captain Herbert Charles Spry, V.D., to be Honorary Major.

**No. 1056.—Bombay Volunteer Artillery—**

Lieutenant John Fairclough to be Captain, *vice* Wilson, promoted.

William Maxwell, Gentleman, Indian Civil Service, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Payne, promoted.

Charles Philip Radford Young, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Fairclough, promoted.

**No. 1057.—and (Cadet) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles—**

Second-Lieutenant Francis Archibald Wilson to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st September 1899, *vice* Heeske, resigned.

Frank Ernest Ager, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st September 1899.

**No. 1058.—Nilgiri Volunteer Rifles—**

With reference to G. G. O. No. 874 of the 4th August 1899, the first Christian name of Lieutenant S. G. Roberts, should be "Sydney" and not as previously published.

**No. 1059.—Upper Burma Volunteer Rifles—**

Lieutenant-Colonel James Emile Bridges, supernumerary list, resigns his commission.

**MILITARY WORKS SERVICES.****ORGANIZATION.**

**No. 1060.**—In G. G. O. No. 981, of 9th October 1894, paragraph 9, under the sub-head "Departmental Staff" in each of the four Commands omit the entry "Chief or Superintending Engineer, Military Works Department," and under the sub-head "Staff" in each of the four Commands, after the entry "Colonel on the Staff, Royal Artillery," insert "Chief Engineer, Military Works Services." In paragraph 15 for "Military Works Department" read "Military Works Services."

**No. 1061.**—In paragraph 11 of G. G. O. No. 1037, dated the 15th September 1899, clauses 1, 2 and 3, omit the word "District" before the words "Commanding Royal Engineer."

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India.

**PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.****NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 18th September, 1899.

**No. 390.**—Mr. E. J. Moore, Chief Engineer, 3rd Class, State Railways, has been granted, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, furlough for six months in extension of the twelve months' leave referred to in Public Works Department Notification No. 168, dated the 18th April 1899.

*The 19th September, 1899.*

No. 392.—Mr. L. E. H. Yates, in Class II, Grade 1 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, is transferred from the Eastern Bengal State Railway to the North Western Railway, and appointed to officiate as Deputy Locomotive Superintendent on that Railway, with temporary rank in Class I, Grade 3 of that establishment, until further orders.

No. 393.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. White, R.E., Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, State Railways, and Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, has been granted, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, furlough for three months in extension of the eight months and twenty days' leave already granted him in Public Works Department Notification No. 178, dated the 26th April 1899.

*The 20th September, 1899.*

No. 395.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, under section 16 (1) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, the use of locomotive engines and of rolling stock to be drawn or propelled thereby on such portions of the Travancore (Tinnevely-Quilon) Branch of the South Indian Railway as are situate in British territory.

*The 21st September, 1899.*

No. 398.—The promotion of Lieutenant E. T. Rich, R.E., in Public Works Department Notification No. 93, dated the 7th March 1899, is antedated from the 8th November to the 1st October 1898.

*The 22nd September, 1899.*

No. 399.—The following promotions are ordered in the Superior Accounts Branch :

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
				1899.
Stclair, C. S. B. . . . .	Deputy Examiner, 1st Grade.	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade.	Temporary .	22nd May.
Godfrey, F. E. . . . .	Examiner, 1st Class, temporary.	Examiner, 1st Class .	Permanent .	7th August.
Barnow, W. F. . . . .	Examiner, 2nd Class, temporary.	Examiner, 2nd Class .	Permanent .	7th August.
Dennis, E. A. . . . .	Examiner, 4th Class, 1st Grade.	Examiner, 3rd Class .	Permanent .	7th August.
Heaven, F. G. . . . .	Examiner, 4th Class, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Examiner, 4th Class, 1st Grade.	Permanent .	7th August.
Browne, Major C. A. R., R.E. . . .	Examiner, 4th Class, 2nd Grade.	Examiner, 4th Class, 1st Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	7th August.
Shaw, J. . . . .	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade.	Examiner, 4th Class, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	7th August.
Dover, F. C. W. . . . .	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade, temporary.	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	7th August.
Dover, F. C. W. . . . .	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade.	Permanent .	15th August.
Wolfe, G. C. . . . .	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade.	Examiner, 4th Class, 2nd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	15th August.
Dunne, F. P. . . . .	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade, temporary.	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	15th August.
Iyer, R. Srinivasa . . . . .	Deputy Examiner, 1st Grade.	Examiner, 4th Class, 3rd Grade.	Temporary .	24th August.
Kellner, P. T. R. . . . .	Deputy Examiner, Class I, temporary.	Deputy Examiner, Class I	Permanent .	15th August.
Hartley, J. M. . . . .	Deputy Examiner, Class I, temporary.	Deputy Examiner, Class I	Permanent .	15th August.
Patch, J. . . . .	Deputy Examiner, Class I, temporary.	Deputy Examiner, Class I	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	15th August.

*The 20th September, 1899.*

No. 394.—The following is published for general information :

No. 887 R. T., dated Simla, the 15th September, 1899.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Read—

Sections 3 (4), 16 (2), 47 and 148 (1) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 4804, dated the 30th October 1890, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th

November 1890—the Government of India resolution No. 736 R. T., dated the 17th October 1890, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

Letter from the Government of Madras, No. 899 Railway, dated the 11th August 1899, forwarding letter from the Agent, South Indian Railway Company, No. 806, dated the 7th August 1899.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The Agent of the South Indian Railway Company has applied for leave to adopt the General Rules for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods, which rules were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, under Public Works Department notification No. 480½, dated the 30th October 1890, on the Travancore (Tinnevelly-Quilon) branch of that railway which has been sanctioned for construction.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules referred to in the foregoing observations to such portions of the Travancore (Tinnevelly-Quilon) branch of the South Indian railway as are situate in British territory.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that the General Rules, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection free of any charge in the office of the engineer in charge of the construction of the railway.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Government of Madras, for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

No. 396.—The following is published for general information:

No. 1737 R. E., dated Simla, the 14th September, 1899.

**RESOLUTION**—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

#### *Railway Provident Funds.*

#### *Abolition of Supplementary Rule III and method of distributing bonus.*

Read again—

Resolution No. 09 R. E., dated 24th January 1899.

Despatch from Secretary of State, No. 58 Ry., dated 14th July 1898, paragraph 6.

Read also—

Resolution No. 967 R. E., dated 23rd May 1899, paragraph 5.

**RESOLUTION.**—In consequence of the representations received from various Railway Administrations that the ruling contained in paragraph 1 (iii) of the revised Provident Fund Rules, published under Public Works Department Resolution No. 09 R. E., dated 24th January 1899, read in the preamble, stating that the rule operates harshly and is looked upon with disfavour by the majority of the Staff, the Government of India are pleased to abolish that rule and to substitute in its stead the following:

Rule (III). If a depositor is dismissed from the public service, the Manager may cause to be withheld all, or any part of the bonus provisionally allotted to him with the interest accrued thereon, only the balance at his credit without such bonuses and the interest thereon being paid to the depositor. In the case of there being any outstandings against a depositor who may



have absconded, resigned or been dismissed, the amount of such outstanding may be deducted from his Compulsory or Voluntary deposits, the balance only after such deductions being paid to him. Any bonus and interest withheld from a dismissed depositor under this rule shall be credited to the Fine Fund of the Railway.

2. The above rule is intended primarily for State Railways, but the Government of India have no objection to Companies' Lines embodying it in their own rules in place of an existing rule covering the same ground, in such manner as may be considered necessary.

3. The Government of India have also considered the method to be adopted in distributing the second bonus under Rule 1 (b) and paragraph 2 of Public Works Department Resolution No. 99 R. E., dated 24th January 1899, during the period in which there remain subscribers to the fund under the old rules, and are pleased to lay down the following rule:

(1) A share of the bonus of one-half per cent. of net earnings should be first allotted to subscribers under the old rules, in the proportion that their salaries bear to the total salaries of all subscribers under both sets of rules. By this means the subscribers under the old rules will practically receive what they would have received had all remained under the old rules. The bonus allotted will of course be subject to the limit of 50 per cent. of subscriptions under the old rules.

(2) The bonus of 1 per cent. of net earnings, minus the amount allotted to the subscribers under the old rules in accordance with rule (1), should then be distributed amongst the subscribers under the new rules, up to the limit of 50 per cent. of their subscriptions.

4. The period of six months within which the option of coming under the new rules might be exercised by subscribers already in the service under Rule II, Clauses (a) and (b) of Resolution No. 99 R. E., dated 24th January 1899, is extended from the 24th July 1899 to the 1st January 1900.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Governments of Madras, Bombay and Burma, Public Works Department, Railway Branch; the Chief Commissioner of Assam; the Resident at Hyderabad; the Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, Lucknow and Assam and the Managers, North Western, Oudh and Rohilkhund, East Coast and Eastern Bengal State Railways, for information and guidance.

Ordered, also, that a copy be forwarded to the Accountant General, Public Works Department, for information, and that it be published in the *Gazette of India*.

*The 21st September, 1899.*

No. 397.—The following is published for general information:

No. 206 R. P., dated Simla, the 16th September, 1899.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

*Railway Conference, 1899.—Procedure in connection with the prosecution of railway construction in India.*

Read—

Memorandum, dated the 7th September 1899, from the Secretary to the Departmental Committee, which assembled by order of His Excellency the Viceroy on 15th August 1899.

OBSERVATIONS.—With the memorandum read above were forwarded for the approval of the Government of India the proceedings of a Committee, which

assembled on the 15th August 1899, to consider the question of railway extension in India. The definite measures proposed by the Committee are the—

- (a) Preparation of a continual triennial programme of railway construction in place of the present three years' forecast.
- (b) Constitution of a small travelling Commission to enquire into local interests affecting railway schemes.
- (c) Editing and publication, in a suitable form, yearly of lists of railway projects which are before the Government of India for consideration. Such lists to exclude purely strategic railways.

The new proposals are only put forward as tentative and experimental, and if approved, are recommended for early adoption.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to accept the recommendations of the Committee and to decide as regards the first of the recommendations made (a) that the system of a continual triennial programme of railway construction be adopted in connection with the annual programme now under preparation, and that the new system be given a wider scope by requiring all Railway Administrations to conform to the principle, and to submit their schedule of demands for capital works in the form adopted for State railways. The schedule should be submitted annually, and the figures for the two years that formed a part of the previous schedule should be revised in the light of subsequent orders and the latest information available: the figures for the additional year being added upon the best forecast that can be made.

2. As regards recommendation (b), the formation of a small travelling Commission to enquire into local interests affecting railway schemes is also authorised. For the present the Commission will only be constituted as a temporary body to be assembled as occasion may arise, and the dates of its sitting and the scope of its enquiries will be publicly notified. The Commission will sit and take evidence in public and will be open to interested parties who desire to appear in person, or by counsel, or by duly authorised representative.

3. The Commission shall consist at present of the Honourable Member for Public Works, the Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, Railway Branch, and a third unofficial member of the commercial community, approved by the Local Government of the Province in which the enquiry is to be held, who shall be entitled to suitable remuneration and travelling accommodation while serving on the Commission. It follows, therefore, that the third unofficial member to fulfil the condition of ability to form opinions unbiased by local interests will be nominated anew, as the circumstances of the enquiry and locality may demand. A Secretary to the Commission and small clerical staff will also be appointed by the Commissioners as required.

4. The third and last of the proposals, (c), is also approved, and the work of preparing, in a suitable form, the history of the railway projects placed before the meeting of the 15th August 1899, excluding Frontier lines, is authorised and, when completed, should be issued to the public.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that this resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

Ordered, also, that a copy of this resolution be communicated to the Local Governments and Administrations, and to the officers noted in the margin, for information and guidance; and to the Governments of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh and the Punjab, the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, the Agents to the Governor General in Central India and Baluchistan, the Resident in Mysore, and to the Accountant General, Public Works Department, for information.

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal and Burma  
 The Chief Commissioner of Assam.  
 The Resident at Hyderabad.  
 The Agent to the Governor General for Rajputana.  
 The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, Lucknow and Assam.  
 The Managers of the North Western, Oudh and Rohilkhand, Eastern Bengal and East Coast (State) Railways.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

#### TELEGRAPHS.

*The 19th September, 1899.*

No. 391.—Mr. W. J. Donaghey, Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 2nd Grade, Indian Telegraph Department, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, with effect from the 18th August 1899, and until further orders.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 39.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT No. 39.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### ESTABLISHMENTS.

*Simla, the 26th September, 1899.*

No. 556.—The services of Mr. J. J. Cotton, of the Indian Civil Service, Madras Establishment, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Madras, with effect from the 10th October 1899.

#### MEDICAL.

*The 28th September, 1899.*

No. 1643.—Home Department Notification No. 1277, dated the 4th August 1899, placing the services of Major J. R. Burrows, M.D., R.A.M.C., temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty, is hereby cancelled.

*The 29th September, 1899.*

No. 1650.—The services of Major J. W. Rodgers, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab.

No. 1664.—The services of Captain A. Grant, 2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkhas, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh for employment on plague duty.

No. 1666.—The services of Captain H. G. Maxwell, 16th Bengal Cavalry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

No. 1667.—The services of Captain H. A. Cooper, 1st Sikh Infantry, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 1670.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty :

Captain A. C. F. Bouchier, 3rd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent.

Lieutenant A. C. Hobson, 6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent.

#### SANITARY.

##### Plague.

*The 29th September, 1899.*

No. 2779.—The following Notice of the Board of Trade is published for general information :

(F. & H. 12430.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, August 31st, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch, dated 26th August, 1899, from Her Majesty's Representative at Christiania, containing the following précis of Quarantine Regulations :

Précis of Norwegian Quarantine Regulations against Bubonic Plague.

The Norwegian Legislature distinguishes between two kinds of quarantine—"discharging quarantine" and "observation quarantine."

"Discharging quarantine" is enforced on—

1. Vessels arriving from a plague-infected country or place and bringing thence infected goods.
2. Vessels which on their voyage have held intercourse with a plague-smitten country or vessel and which have taken infected goods on board from them.
3. Vessels on which during the voyage there have been or on arrival there are found to be persons suffering from plague.

Discharging quarantine which can at present only be performed in Norway at the Island of Odderö, near Christiansand, consists in the complete emptying of the vessel and the disinfection of the goods discharged while the persons who have been on board are kept isolated in the lazaret.

The goods are returned to the proper persons entitled to receive them after twenty days have elapsed from their discharge from the vessel and disinfection. In the case of vessels bringing infected goods, or which on arrival have persons suffering or dead from plague on board, quarantine will last for twenty days reckoned from the day on which the goods, persons infected, or bodies are removed from the vessel and the disinfection of the latter has begun.

Vessels which have not brought infected goods or persons suffering from, or who have died of, plague will be kept in quarantine for fourteen days from the date of the vessel having left the infected country, or from the date on which the vessel last had intercourse with a ship coming from an infected country.

Persons recovering from the plague will be kept in quarantine for fourteen days from the date of their being declared to have recovered.

"Observation quarantine" is enforced on vessels which do not fall under any of the three classes above enumerated and after whose departure from or intercourse with an infected country or vessel sufficient time has elapsed to free them from quarantine.

Observation quarantine consists in the vessel being laid up at a proper distance from land and from any other vessel under continual watch preventing all intercourse with the vessel.



The above Regulations apply at present (August 25th, 1899) to vessels arriving at Norwegian ports from the following countries or places:—

Oporto, China, Egypt, Arabia, Persia, India, Formosa, the Pescadores, Mauritius.

*Note.*—For previous rules relating to Norway, see Home Department Notifications No. 1093, dated the 26th March 1897, and No. 2394, dated the 11th August 1899, published in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 27th March 1897 and 12th August 1899.

#### JUDICIAL.

*The 29th September, 1899.*

No. 1427.—The services of Captain W. Hudson, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Cantonment Magistrate of Poona and Kirkee, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

#### DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

##### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### LAND-SURVEYS.

*Simla, the 30th September, 1899.*

No. 2251—82-8.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel St. George Corbet Gore, R.E., Superintendent, Trigonometrical Surveys, to be Surveyor-General of India, with effect from the 1st October 1899, *vice* Major-General Charles Strahan, R.E., who retires on that date.

Major-General Charles Strahan is the last officer of the Royal (late Bengal) Engineers in the active service of the Government of India, and with his retirement the honourable and distinguished record of the Corps of Engineers of Bengal, Madras and Bombay, raised under the Honourable East India Company and covering a period of over a century, is brought to a close. Major-General Strahan's service in the Survey of India has extended to thirty-six years during the last four and-a-half years of which he has controlled it as Surveyor-General. Under his charge the Survey of India has fully maintained its great professional reputation, and alike in peace and in the field has continued to render eminent service to the State. The good wishes of the Governor General in Council go with its late chief in his retirement.

No. 2256—82-9.—Major S. G. Burrard, R.E., Superintendent, 2nd grade, is appointed Superintendent, Trigonometrical Surveys, with effect from the 1st October 1899, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel St. G. C. Gore, R.E., appointed Surveyor General of India. During Major Burrard's absence on deputation to Chatham Mr. J. Eccles, Superintendent, 2nd grade, will officiate for him.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

#### FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

##### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 27th September, 1899.*

No. 1517-G.—Subject to the confirmation of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Roostumjee Dhunjeebhoy Mehta, C.I.E., as Consul for Persia at Calcutta.

No. 1521-G.—Lieutenant A. D. G. Ramsay, Indian Staff Corps, a probationer for the Political Department, is appointed to be a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, with effect from the 22nd August 1899.

Lieutenant Ramsay is posted as Assistant Political Agent for Dir and Swat, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

*The 28th September, 1899.*

No. 1528-G.—Captain A. E. Berry, M.B., Indian Medical Service (Madras), held medical charge of the Bundelkhand Political Agency, in addition to his military duties, from the 10th May to the 31st July 1899.

No. 1529-G.—Lieutenant-Colonel P. F. O'Connor, M.D., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), is appointed to the medical charge of the Bundelkhand Political Agency, in addition to his military duties, with effect from the 1st August, 1899.

*The 29th September, 1899.*

No. 1538-G.—With reference to notification, No. 1069-G., dated the 29th June, 1899, the recognition by the Government of India of Mr. Ernest Andrews, as Consul for Siam at Rangoon, has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

No. 1541-G.—Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, is appointed, on return from privilege leave, to be an additional Resident of the 2nd class and Resident at Indore, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

**No. 1543-G.**—Mr. J. G. Lorimer, of the Indian Civil Service, an Assistant Commissioner of the 1st grade in the Punjab and lately officiating Political Officer, Khyber, is appointed to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class, and is posted as Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 13th September 1899.

**No. 2820-I.B.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 11 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878), as applied to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1875-I., dated the 1st June, 1894, and modified by the like notification, No. 2140-I.B., dated the 5th August, 1898, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following modifications shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1878-I., dated the 1st June, 1894, namely :

In rule 16 after the words "without fee" the words "and shall be valid for five years" shall be added, and in column five of Form VIII appended to the said rules, for the words and figures "From the of 189 to the 31st of December 189 ." the words "For five years from the of " shall be substituted.

**No. 2823-I.A.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 27, sub-section (1), of the Cantonments Act, 1889 (XIII of 1889), as applied to the cantonments of Mhow and Neemuch, respectively, by the notifications of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, Nos. 1375 and 1376-I., dated the 25th April, 1890, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the rules made under the said Act for all cantonments in British India and published with the notification of the Government of India in the Military Department, No. 664, dated the 16th June, 1899, shall, on and with effect from the first day of October, 1899, be in force in the said cantonments of Mhow and Neemuch.

The following notifications of the Government of India in the Foreign Department are hereby cancelled :

No. 1290-I.A., dated the 13th May, 1899.

No. 1097-I.A., dated the 28th April, 1899.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATION.

#### LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Simla, the 23rd September, 1899.*

**No. 4404-P.**—The Notification in this Department, No. 4159-P., dated 7th September 1899, is hereby cancelled.

Mr. G. H. R. Hart, Comptroller, India Treasuries, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 2nd of October 1899.

Mr. K. L. Datta, Assistant Accountant General and Examiner of Local Accounts, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Comptroller, India Treasuries, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Hart, or until further orders.

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 29th September, 1899.*

### APPOINTMENTS.

#### SPECIAL.

**No. 1062.**—With reference to article 280, Army Regulations, India, Vol. I, Part I, the undermentioned officer, having been absent from military duty for ten years, is transferred to the supernumerary list, with effect from the date specified :

Captain J. L. Kaye, Political Assistant, 1st class,—18th September 1899.

### COMMANDS.

#### DISTRICT.

**No. 1063.**—Brevet-Colonel W. H. Lyster, Indian Staff Corps, to command a second class district in the Bombay Command, with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General while so employed, *vice* Major-General G. C. Hogg, C.B., who has vacated. Dated 16th September 1899.

### FIELD OPERATIONS.

#### SOUTH AFRICA.

**No. 1064.**—Under instructions from Her Majesty's Government the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council has been pleased to direct the despatch of a force as detailed below for service in South Africa :

#### *Cavalry Brigade.*

5th (Princess Charlotte of Wales's) Dragoon Guards.

9th (Queen's Royal) Lancers.

19th (Princess of Wales's Own) Hussars.

No. 18, British Field Hospital.

#### *Infantry Brigade.*

1st Battalion, The Devonshire Regiment.

1st Battalion, The Gloucestershire Regiment.

2nd Battalion, The King's Royal Rifle Corps.

2nd Battalion, The Gordon Highlanders.

No. 11, British Field Hospital.

No. 24, British Field Hospital.

*Brigade Division, Field Artillery.*

21st Field Battery, Royal Artillery.  
 42nd Field Battery, Royal Artillery.  
 53rd Field Battery, Royal Artillery.  
 An Ammunition Column of three units, *vis.*,  
 R. 1, R. 5, and R. 6.  
 Sections A and B of No. 26, British Field  
 Hospital.

*Miscellaneous Units.*

Ordnance Field Park.

Sections C and D of No. 69, Native Field  
 Hospital—for the requirements of the Native  
 establishments of the Force.

No. 3, Field Medical Store Depôt.

No. 6, Veterinary Field Hospital.

2. The following appointments are made to  
 the staff of the Force, to have effect from the  
 dates on which the officers named enter upon  
 their respective duties:

*I.—Cavalry Brigade.*

Commanding (with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General).	Lieutenant-Colonel C. B. H. Wolseley-Jenkins, 19th Hussars.
Orderly Officer . . .	Captain G. deH. Smith, Indian Staff Corps.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant General.	Major E. C. Bethune, 16th Lancers.
Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General.	Major C. deC. Hamilton, R.A.
Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General for Intelligence.	Captain A. H. C. Kenney-Herbert, 1st Battalion, Northamptonshire Regiment.
Senior Medical Officer.	Major J. F. Donegan, R.A.M.C.
Brigade Commissariat Officer.	Captain D. M. Thompson, Assistant Commissary-General.
Assistant to Commissariat Officer.	Lieutenant W. R. Codrington, 11th Hussars.
Brigade Transport Officer.	Captain C. M. Dixon, 16th Lancers.
Assistant to Transport Officer.	Lieutenant H. B. Abadie, 11th Hussars.
Assistant Superintendent, Army Signaling.	Captain R. F. A. Sloane-Stanley, 16th Lancers.
Provost Marshal . . .	Lieutenant F. A. B. Fryer, 6th Dragoons.
Staff Surgeon (from the Brigade).	
Veterinary Officer . . .	Veterinary Major F. F. Crawford.

*II.—Infantry Brigade.*

Commanding (with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General).	Colonel J. H. Yule, 1st Battalion, Devonshire Regiment.
Orderly Officer . . .	Captain F. L. Adam, Scots Guards.

Deputy Assistant Adjutant General.	Lieutenant-Colonel J. Sherston, D.S.O.
Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General.	Major H. Mullaly, R.E.
Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General for Intelligence.	Major A. J. Murray, 2nd Battalion, Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Senior Medical Officer.	Lieutenant-Colonel S. H. Carter, R.A.M.C.
Brigade Commissariat Officer.	Captain G. L'H. Sanders, Deputy Assistant Commissary-General.
Assistant to Commissariat Officer.	Lieutenant C. Toogood, 2nd Battalion, Border Regiment.
Brigade Transport Officer.	Captain D. Mackworth, 1st Battalion, Royal West Surrey Regiment.
Assistant to Transport Officer.	Lieutenant C. J. H. H. Noble, 2nd Battalion, Yorkshire Regiment.
Assistant Superintendent, Army Signaling.	Lieutenant G. E. R. Kenrick, 1st Battalion, Royal West Surrey Regiment.
Provost Marshal . . .	Captain H. d'E. Vallancey, 2nd Battalion, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders.
Staff Surgeon (from the Brigade).	
Veterinary Officer . . .	Veterinary Lieutenant C. B. M. Harris.

*III.—Brigade Division, Field Artillery.*

Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding.	Lieutenant-Colonel J. A. Coxhead, R.A.
Adjutant . . .	Captain A. L. Walker, R.A.
Senior Medical Officer.	Major M. W. Kerin, R.A.M.C.
Veterinary Officer . . .	Veterinary Lieutenant F. W. Wilson.

Marine Transport Officer.	Commander G. E. Holland, R.I.M., D.S.O.
Assistant Marine Transport Officer.	Lieutenant A. Rowand, R.I.M.

The following extra staff officers have been appointed at Calcutta and Bombay respectively for transport duties, until the embarkation of the Force is completed:

Major H. V. Bailey, 5th Lancers, Extra Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.  
 Captain T. P. England, 1st Battalion, Royal Fusiliers, Extra Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.

## • JUDICIAL.

No. 1065.—In continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Military Department, No. 1000, dated the 8th September

1899, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 26 and 27 of the Cantonments Act, 1889 (XIII of 1889), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be added as sub-section (2) to section 66 of the Cantonment Code, 1899, published with G. G. O. No. 664, dated the 16th June 1899, to be in force in all cantonments in British India, except Aden:

"(2) Whoever does not take reasonable means to prevent any child under the age of twelve years in his charge from easing himself in any street or public place within the cantonment, shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to twenty-five rupees."

2. The present section 66 shall be numbered as sub-section (1).

No. 1066.—In continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Military Department, No. 664, dated the 16th June 1899, as amended by the like notification No. 1065, dated the 29th September 1899, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following cantonments in the Madras Presidency shall, till further orders, be excepted from the operation of the Cantonment Code, 1899, namely:

Bellary;  
Berhampore;  
Calicut;  
Cannanore; and  
Trichinopoly.

#### LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 1067.—The following extract is published for general information:

"*London Gazette*," dated the 5th September 1899, page 5522.

#### WAR OFFICE;

*Pall Mall*, 5th September, 1899.

• • • • •

#### BREVET.

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Colonels, Indian Staff Corps, to be Colonels. Dated 7th July 1899:

William J. Orr.  
Bradshaw L. P. Reilly.

• • • • •

#### ORGANISATION.

##### ARMY RESERVES.

No. 1068.—In exercise of the powers conferred by article 190, and with reference to article 1, clauses (2) and (3), of the Indian Articles of War (Act No. V of 1869, as amended by Act No. XII of 1894), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment be made in paragraph II of G. G. O. No. 568 <sup>Judicial</sup> <sup>Indian Articles of War</sup> dated the 31st May 1895, as amended by G. G. O. No. 1300-I, <sup>Judicial</sup> <sup>Indian Articles of War</sup> dated the 4th December 1896, namely,—

For the last paragraph of clause (a), rule (3), the following shall be substituted, namely:

"If you have enlisted in a regiment—"

- (i) in the Madras or Bombay Command as a tailor, or
- (ii) in the Madras Command as an army schoolmaster, farrier havildar, shoeing-smith or artificer,

or shall hereafter elect to serve in, or shall hereafter be promoted to, any of the classes aforesaid, you shall be liable to serve for five years from the date on which (having previously obtained the necessary qualifications) you shall have entered on any of the duties above referred to."

#### PENSIONS.

##### WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 1069.—Conductor William Bloss, Ordnance Department, Bombay, has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 15th August 1899.

#### PROMOTIONS.

##### ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

##### Bengal.

No. 1070.—Sub-Conductor Charles O'Donnell to be Conductor and Store-Sergeant Louis John Cramer to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 29th August 1899, *vice* Conductor W. Gellard, retired.

##### PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

##### Madras.

No. 1071.—Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Alfred Cooper Lord to be Assistant Commissary;

Conductor John Edward Patton to be Deputy Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Sub-Conductor James Samuel Joyce to be Conductor;

Sergeant Bernard Oscar Reynolds to be Sub-Conductor,—

with effect from the 5th April 1899, *vice* Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant John Kelly, retired.

(This cancels G. G. O. No. 962 of 1899.)

No. 1072.—Sergeant Ernest Edward Price to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 17th May 1899, *vice* Sub-Conductor E. Huson, deceased.

(This cancels G. G. O. No. 961 of 1899.)

##### NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1073.—22nd (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Asadullah Khan to be Subadar and Havildar Jaimal to be Jemadar, *vice* Din Muhammad, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st September 1899.

**No. 1074.—26th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—**

Jemadar Ishar Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Kesar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jetba Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

Color Havildar Tola Ram to be Jemadar, *vice* Lahora Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1899.

**No. 1075.—35th (Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—**

Havildar Ram Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sant Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st September 1899.

**No. 1076.—2nd Regiment of Madras Lancers—**

Havildar-Major Sayyid Rasul to be Jemadar, *vice* Sayyid Abdul Kadir, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 9th July 1899.

**No. 1077.—1st Regiment of Madras Infantry (Pioneers)—**

Havildar Abdur Rawoof to be Jemadar, *vice* Nursing Bhan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 10th August 1899.

**No. 1078.—9th Regiment of Bombay Infantry—**

Havildar Abdul Razzak Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Tota Singh, transferred to the 24th (Baluchistan; Duchess of Connaught's Own) Regiment of Bombay Infantry, with effect from the 18th August 1899.

**No. 1079.—29th (The Duke of Connaught's Own) Regiment of Bombay Infantry (2nd Baluch Battalion)—**

Subadar Jan Muhammad to be Subadar-Major, *vice* Abdur Rahman, deceased, with effect from the 3rd August 1899.

Jemadar Amir Shah from the 26th (Baluchistan) Regiment of Bombay Infantry, to be Subadar, *vice* Lall Mast, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 15th July 1899.

**PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.****No. 1080.—5th Regiment of Punjab Cavalry—**

Ressaidar Rahim Ali Khan to be Risaldar, Jemadar Bishn Singh to be Ressaidar, and Kot-Dafadar Gurbakhsh Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Mihan Singh, deceased, with effect from the 14th June 1899.

**RETIREMENTS.**

**No. 1081.**—Major Thomas Henry Bairnsfather, Indian Staff Corps, 29th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, Cantonment Magistrate, Punjab, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 14th August 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

**No. 1082.**—Honorary Lieutenant John Kelly, Assistant Commissary, Public Works Department, Madras, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 5th April 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

**REWARDS.****GOOD-SERVICE PENSIONS.**

**No. 1083.**—On the recommendation of the Government of India, Her Majesty's Government have been pleased to confer a good service pension on the undermentioned officer, with effect from the date specified:

From the 16th April 1899, in room of Lieutenant-General Sir H. LeG. Bruce, K.C.B., deceased—

COLONEL NORMAN ROBERT STEWART,

**INDIAN STAFF CORPS.****Dates of Commissions.**

Lieutenant . . . . .	30th December 1871.
Captain . . . . .	29th October 1879.
Brevet-Major . . . . .	2nd March 1881.
Major . . . . .	30th December 1891.
Brevet-Lieut.-Colonel . . . . .	15th June 1885.
Colonel in the Army . . . . .	28th March 1890.

**Appointments.**

Regimental duty, 68th Foot, 1871-77.

Aide-de-Camp to Lieutenant-General Stewart, Commanding the Lahore Division, 1877-78.

Regimental duty, 41st and 15th Bengal Native Infantry, as officiating wing officer, 1878.

Aide-de-Camp to Lieutenant-General Stewart, Commanding the Kandahar Field Force, 1878-80.

Regimental duty, 15th Bengal Native Infantry, as officiating wing officer, 1880.

Brigade-Major, 3rd Section, Khyber Line Force, 1880.

Regimental duty, 4th Gurkha Regiment, as wing officer, 1880-81.

Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Saugor District, 1881-85.

Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster-General, Indian Brigade, Suakin Expeditionary Force, 1885.

Assistant Adjutant-General, Allahabad Division, 1885-86.

Regimental duty, 2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkha Regiment, as wing officer, 1886-87.

Regimental duty, 1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha Regiment, as Wing Commander, 1887-88.

Regimental duty, Meywar Bhil Corps (officiating at the same time as 2nd Assistant to the Resident in Meywar), 1888-89.

Regimental duty, Merwara Battalion, as officiating Commandant, 1889-90.

Regimental duty, Merwara Battalion, as Commandant, 1890-99.



Colonel on the Staff Commanding at Ferozepore, 1899.

#### War Services.

*Afghanistan, 1878-80.*—Actions of Ahmad Khel and Urzu.—(Mentioned in despatches: brevet of Major: medal and clasp.)

*Soudan, 1885.*—Expedition to Suakin; actions of Hashin and Tofrek and operations at Tamai.—(Mentioned in despatches: brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel: medal and two clasps and bronze star.)

#### VOLUNTEER CORPS.

##### APPOINTMENTS AND RESIGNATIONS.

No. 1084.—*Madras Volunteer Guards*—

Captain Reginald Frederick Robert Formby, Indian Staff Corps, to be officiating commandant, in addition to his other duties, *vice* Pryce, resigned.

No. 1085.—*Naini Tal Volunteer Rifles*—  
Captain Charles Duggan, unattached list, resigns his commission.

No. 1086.—*Cawnpore Volunteer Rifles*—

Captain Walter George Bevis resigns his commission, with effect from the 31st August 1899.

#### MARINE DEPARTMENT.

##### PROMOTIONS.

No. 35.—The following promotion is made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 1st September 1899.

*To be Engineer.*

Assistant-Engineer A. A. McDonald.

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

#### PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

##### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 23rd September, 1899.*

No. 400.—It is hereby notified for general information that Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council has sanctioned the construction, at the expense of the Baroda State, of a metre gauge line of railway from Kalol station on the Rajputana-Malwa Railway to Vijapur, a distance of 29.60 miles at an estimated cost of Rs. 9,02,547.

*The 25th September, 1899.*

No. 401.—Mr J. M. Dwyer, officiating Storekeeper, East Coast Railway, in Class II, Grade 4 (Temporary rank), of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is granted leave on medical certificate for twelve months, under Article 369 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st October 1899, or such subsequent date, as he may avail himself of it.

*The 26th September, 1899.*

No. 405.—Honorary Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary Edwin Lean, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, State Railways, is promoted to Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, with effect from the 4th August 1899, under Public Works Department Code, Volume I, Chapter II, paragraph 72.

*The 27th September, 1899.*

No. 406.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of India have, with the approval of the Secretary of State, authorised the construction, at the cost of the Native States of Jhind and Maler Kotla, of a line of railway from Ludhiana station on the North Western Railway, *via* Dhuri station on the Rajpura Bhatinda Railway to Jakhal station on the Southern Punjab Railway, a length of about 80 miles, and have placed it under the orders of the Director of Railway Construction.

No. 407.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council, having sanctioned a survey being undertaken for a direct line of Railway on the 5' 6" gauge to connect Allahabad with Fyzabad, including the investigation of a bridge site at Allahabad, is pleased to place the same under the control of the Director of Railway Construction.

2. The project will be known as the Allahabad-Fyzabad Railway Survey.

*The 29th September, 1899.*

No. 408.—Lalla Bisheshur Nath, Accountant, 1st Grade, attached to the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is granted the honorary rank of Assistant Examiner of Accounts.

**No. 409.**—Pundit Harprasad Dar, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, is, on the expiry of his privilege leave, transferred from the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, to that of the Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

**No. 410.**—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 406, dated 27th September 1899, Mr. F. D. Fowler, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, is appointed Engineer-in-Chief of the Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal Railway, with the rank of Superintendent of Works.

**No. 411.**—With reference to Public Works Department Notifications Nos. 68, 69 and 70, dated the 20th February 1899, the following officers of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Management Department, are confirmed in their appointments in the Class and Grade specified opposite their names, with effect from the 20th September 1899, the date on which Colonel M. C. Brackenbury, C.S.I., R.E., retired from the service :

Mr. S. Finney, Manager, North Western Railway, Special Class.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. V. Constable, R.E., Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway, Class I, Grade 1.

Mr. J. Lightfoot, Manager, East Coast Railway, Class I, Grade 1.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 25th September, 1899.*

**No. 402.**—Mr. W. Slane, Examiner, Public Works and Railway Accounts, Baluchistan, is granted furlough on medical certificate for twelve months, under Article 343 of the Civil Service Regulations.

**No. 403.**—Mr. W. A. T. Carnduff, Deputy Examiner of Accounts in charge of the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, State Railway Stores, is appointed to the charge of the Office of the Examiner, Public Works and Railway Accounts, Baluchistan.

*The 26th September, 1899.*

**No. 404.**—Mr. F. E. Rose, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Punjab, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the afternoon of the 2nd October 1899, under Article 720 of the Civil Service Regulations.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 40.]

SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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*Nothing for publication.*

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*Nothing for publication.*

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*Nothing for publication.*

SUPPLEMENT No. 40.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 3rd October, 1899.*

No. 18.—Furlough out of India for six months, under Article 340 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, is granted to Mr. H. W. C. Carnduff, I.C.S., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, with effect from the 4th November, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

J. M. MACPHERSON,  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### PUBLIC.

*Simla, the 6th October, 1899.*

No. 2271.—The following notification of the Government of Hongkong is published for general information :

#### GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION No. 175.

The following Regulations made by the Governor in Council on the 20th day of March, 1899, under section 5 of Ordinance No. 9 of 1893, as amended by section 2 of Ordinance No. 4 of 1899, are published.

By Command,

J. H. STEWART LOCKHART,  
*Colonial Secretary.*

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,  
HONGKONG;  
*21st March, 1899.*

*Regulations respecting the importation of dogs into the Colony of Hongkong.*

**I.—GENERAL.**

1. Imported dogs will be permitted to land in this Colony subject to the following restrictions:

- (a) On production of a certificate from a Veterinary Surgeon, or a Medical Officer of Health, or a British Consul, that no case of Rabies has been known to occur in any district in which the dog has been kept, for the six months prior to the date of shipment; and
- (b) a statutory declaration by the Captain of the vessel (or by the importer if he has travelled with the dog) that no case of Rabies occurred on board during the voyage.

2. In default of the two above named certificates, the dog shall be kept in quarantine, in a building to be set apart for the purpose by the Government for a period of three months from the date of importation at the expense of the owner.

Upon the production of the above certificates to the Captain Superintendent of Police, or upon the expiration of the period of quarantine, a

license and a badge will be issued, and any dog permitted to land or found at large without such badge shall be forthwith destroyed.

3. Permits shall be issued by the Captain Superintendent of Police, to the owners of sporting dogs that have already been licensed in the Colony, to enable such dogs when taken into Chinese territory to be brought back therefrom on the condition that such dogs will not be permitted to land at any port or place, at which Rabies is known, or has been declared, to exist within a period of six months prior to the date of such landing.

**II.—SPECIAL.**

No dog brought from the Port or Settlement of Shanghai will be permitted to land in this Colony for a period of twelve months from the date of this Notification.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, } J. G. T. BUCKLE,  
HONGKONG. } Clerk of Councils.

**MEDICAL.**

*The 6th October, 1899.*

No. 1698.—The services of Lieutenant W. T. Barry, 2nd Bengal Infantry, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

**SANITARY.**

*Plague.*

*The 6th October, 1899.*

No. 2830.—The following Notices of the Board of Trade are published for general information:

(F. & H. 12740.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, September 8, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at Bucharest, intimating that the port of Constantza is closed to all vessels arriving from suspected places.

(F. & H. 12651.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, September 11, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at St. Petersburg, intimating that the port of Nikoz in Manchuria is dangerous on account of plague, and that the importation into Russia from India, Egypt, and other plague-affected districts of rags of all kinds, including those pressed by hydraulic power and imported as goods in bales, shall be henceforth prohibited.

(F. & H. 12850.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, September 11, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the following telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at Sofia, *vis.*:

*"Sofia, September 9, 1899.*

*"Vessels bound for Bulgarian Black Sea ports can get pratique only at Bourgas and Varna. Twelve days' quarantine imposed on arrivals from Sea of Azov and Russian ports of Asiatic coast of Black Sea. Medical inspection imposed on arrivals from Russian ports of European coast of Black Sea. In both cases disinfection of crew and vessel if cargo taken or discharged. Importation of all goods from Astrakhan, and fruit, vegetables, fish, caviar, hides, furs, and used sacks from Russia prohibited."*

## PORT BLAIR.

*The 6th October, 1899.*

No. 688.—Captain L. B. Walton, Commandant and District Superintendent of Police, Port Blair, is granted privilege leave for three months and two days, with effect from the 23rd November 1899.

No. 689.—Captain H. I. E. Palmer, 5th Punjab Cavalry, is appointed to officiate as Commandant and District Superintendent of Police, Port Blair, during the absence on privilege leave of Captain L. B. Walton, or until further orders.

## POLICE.

*The 5th October, 1899.*

No. 605.—The services of Mr. H. A. S. Burt, Assistant Superintendent of Police in Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

## ECCLESIASTICAL.

*The 6th October, 1899.*

No. 446.—The services of the Reverend J. Low, a Junior Chaplain in the Bengal (Rangoon) Ecclesiastical Establishment, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab.

No. 449.—The Reverend Claud Robert Longfield has been appointed to be a Chaplain on probation on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment in the vacancy caused by the transfer of the Reverend H. B. Hyde to the Madras Ecclesiastical Establishment.

No. 451.—The Reverend H. B. Hyde, Senior Chaplain, Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, is transferred to the Madras Ecclesiastical Establishment, with effect from the 25th September 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved of his duties as Chaplain of St. John's Church, Calcutta.

No. 455.—The Reverend P. G. Bruce-Austin, a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, to be a Senior Chaplain, with effect from the 8th October 1899.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## JUDICIAL.

*Ootacamund, the 13th September, 1899.*

No. 409.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3, clause (a), of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council is pleased to declare that Madras Act III of 1864 (Abkari) is in force in the portions

of the scheduled districts in Ganjam and Vizagapatam to which Madras Act I of 1886 (Abkari) has not been extended.

No. 410.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council is pleased to extend the European Vagrancy Act, 1874 (IX of 1874), to the scheduled districts in Ganjam and Vizagapatam.

F. J. WILSON,  
*for Chief Secretary.*

## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

## NOTIFICATION.

## PRACTICAL ARTS AND MUSEUMS.

*Simla, the 4th October, 1899.*

No. 3549—8-9.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 (b) of the Indian Museum Act, IV of 1887, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel St. George Corbet Gore, R.E., Surveyor General of India, to be a Trustee of the Indian Museum, *vice* Major-General C. Strahan, R.E., resigned.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 2nd October, 1899.*

No. 1545-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the provisional appointment of Mr. A. Scholl, as Consul for Belgium at Madras.

*The 4th October, 1899.*

No. 1558-G.—Captain C. T. Duccat, Indian Staff Corps, officiating First Assistant to the Resident at Baroda, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-nine days, with effect from the 5th October, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

*The 5th October, 1899.*

No. 1560-G.—With reference to notification No. 1107-G., dated the 6th July, 1899, the recognition of the provisional appointment by the Government of India of Herr Karl Prumler, as Consul for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Madras, has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.



**No. 1565-G.**—The privilege leave granted in notification No. 1246-G., dated the 4th August, 1899, to Rai Bahadur Sardar Amrik Singh, Hasanwalia, Extra Assistant to the General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thagi and Dakaiti, is extended by two weeks.

*The 6th October, 1899.*

**No. 1571-G.**—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment

of Mr. William H. Nichols, as Consular Agent for the United States of America at Madras.

**No. 2650-F.**—The services of Mr. D. Donald, Political Officer in the Khyber, substantive *pro tempore*, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 13th September, 1899, on his return from privilege leave.

Notification No. 2440-F., dated the 6th September, 1899, is hereby cancelled.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Simla, the 4th October, 1899.*

**No. 4532-P.**—The following reversions of officers of the Account Department during the month of August 1899 are notified:

With effect from the 5th August 1899,—

Mr. W. D. F. Cowley to officiate in class III, instead of in class II,

Mr. K. L. Datta to officiate in class IV, instead of in class III,

Messrs. L. J. W. Worgan and J. C. Mitra to officiate in class V, instead of in class IV, and

Mr. G. C. Hart to officiate in class VI, instead of in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 17th August 1899,—

Mr. W. H. E. Mellor to officiate in class V, instead of in class IV, and

Mr. P. G. Jacob to officiate in class VI, instead of in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 26th August 1899,—

Mr. W. H. Michael to officiate in class III, instead of in class II, of Accountants General.

Mr. G. D. Pudumjee to revert to class III,

Mr. M. A. Hydari to revert to class IV, and

Mr. U. L. Majumdar to officiate in class V, instead of in class IV, of the Enrolled List.

*The 6th October, 1899.*

**No. 4594-P.**—Mr. T. T. Robyns, Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from 22nd September 1899.

## SEPARATE REVENUE.

### POST OFFICE.

*The 5th October, 1899.*

**No. 4574-S.R.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 21, and with reference to the provisions of section 19, sub-section (1), of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to issue the following rules prescribing the conditions subject to which human and other viscera may be transmitted by post to Chemical Examiners for analysis:

1. The suspected *viscus* or other material to be sent for examination shall be enclosed in a glass bottle or jar, fitted with a stopper or sound cork.
2. Great care shall be taken that the stopper or cork of the bottle fits tightly. This precaution is especially necessary when alcohol is used as a preservative; in such cases a ring of bees' wax or candle-wax shall be placed round the lip of the bottle so as to cover the shoulder of the stopper. The stopper shall be carefully fastened down with bladder or leather and sealed.
3. The glass bottle or jar shall then be placed in a strong wooden or tin box, which shall be large enough to allow of a layer of raw cotton, at least three-fourths of an inch thick, being placed between the bottle or jar and the box.
4. The box itself shall be encased in cloth, which shall be securely closed and sealed. The seals shall be at intervals not exceeding three inches along each seam. All the seals shall be of the same kind.

of wax and shall bear distinct impressions of the same device. The device shall not be that of a current coin or merely a series of straight, curved or crossed lines.

*The 6th October, 1899.*

**No. 4598-S.R.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct (1) that, with effect from the 1st November 1899, the limit of weight for pattern packets intended for transmission by the inland post shall be raised from 40 tolas to 80 tolas, and (2) that the following rules shall be substituted for rules 15 and 143 of the rules published in the Notification in this Department No. 1429-C.—S. R., dated the 30th March 1899:

15. The dimensions of a pattern packet shall not exceed two feet in length by one foot in width and one foot in depth; and the weight shall not exceed eighty tolas.

143. The envelopes and wrappers specified below shall be sold at the following prices, namely:

*Half-anna square envelopes.*

				Rs.	A.	P.
Any number less than 16	...	...	...	Each	0	0 8
Packets of 16	...	...	...	Per packet	0	10 6

*One-anna square envelopes.*

Any number less than 8	...	...	...	Each	0	1 2
Packets of 8	...	...	...	Per packet	0	9 3

*Registration envelopes, small size.*

Any number less than 16	...	...	...	Each	0	2 2
Packets of 16	...	...	...	Per packet	2	2 6

*Registration envelopes, large size.*

Any number less than 8	...	...	...	Each	0	2 8
Packets of 8	...	...	...	Per packet	1	5 3

*Envelopes primarily for international correspondence.*

(a) With an embossed stamp of two and a half annas.

Any number less than 12	...	...	...	Each	0	2 8
Packets of 12	...	...	...	Per packet	2	0 0

(b) With an embossed stamp surcharged with one anna.

Any number less than 12	...	...	...	Each	0	1 2
Packets of 12	...	...	...	Per packet	0	14 0

*Half-anna wrappers.*

Any number less than 6	...	...	...	Each	0	0 7
Packets of 6	...	...	...	Per packet	0	3 6

*One-anna wrappers.*

Any number less than 6	...	...	...	Each	0	1 1
Packets of 6	...	...	...	Per packet	0	6 6

**STATISTICS AND COMMERCE.**

**CUSTOMS.**

*The 6th October, 1899.*

**No. 4600-S.R.**—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 8 A of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894, as amended by Acts III of 1896 and XIV of 1899), and in supersession of the rates of additional duty on the kinds of sugar mentioned against Russia in the Notification in this Department No. 1327-S.R., dated the 20th March 1899, the Governor General in Council is

pleased to declare that the rates shall be revised as follows, with effect from the date of this Notification :

*For*

Kinds of sugar.	Bounties bestowed.	Additional duties to be levied.
		<i>Per cent.</i>
		<i>Rs. A. P.</i>
Sugar of at least 99 per cent polarization ...	0.50 rouble per pood (36.113 <sup>lb</sup> avoirdupois).	3 11 0
Sugar of less than 99 per cent polarization, but not less than 88 per cent.	0.44 rouble per pood	3 4 0
Sugar of less than 88 per cent, but not less than 75 per cent.	0.38 rouble per pood	2 13 0

*Read*

Kinds of sugar.	Bounties bestowed.	Additional duties to be levied.
		<i>Per cent.</i>
		<i>Rs. A. P.</i>
Sugar of at least 99 per cent polarization ...	0.50 rouble per pood (36.113 <sup>lb</sup> avoirdupois).	2 7 4
Sugar of less than 99 per cent polarization, but not less than 88 per cent.	0.44 rouble per pood	2 2 7
Sugar of less than 88 per cent, but not less than 75 per cent.	0.38 rouble per pood	1 13 10

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 6th October, 1899.*

### APPOINTMENTS.

#### ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 1087.—In G. G. O. No. 624, dated 9th June 1899, notifying the appointments consequent on the retirement of Colonel A. F. Fletcher, Royal Artillery, Inspector-General of Ordnance, for "2nd June 1899" read "3rd June 1899."

#### STAFF CORPS.

No. 1088.—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India :

Second-Lieutenant Eustace Ball Maunsell, Gloucestershire Regiment, officiating squadron officer, 5th Regiment of Bombay Cavalry (Sindh Horse),—30th August 1899.

Lieutenant Geoffrey Francis Evans Wardell, South Staffordshire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 3rd Regiment of Bombay (Light) Infantry,—15th September 1899.

## LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 1089.—The following extract is published for general information :

"London Gazette," dated the 12th September 1899, pages 5639 and 5640.

#### WAR OFFICE ;

*Pall Mall, 12th September, 1899.*

• • • • •

#### INDIA OFFICE ;

*12th September, 1899.*

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Medical Service, and admissions to the Staff Corps made by the Government of India :

#### INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

*To be Lieutenant-Colonel.*

Dated 29th May 1899.

Major William Hope Young.

*Captains to be Majors.*

Dated 7th June 1899.

Henry Arthur Merewether.

Dated 21st June 1899.

Reginald Williams.  
David George Levinge Shaw.  
William Stewart.

*Lieutenants to be Captains.*

Dated 6th June 1899.

John Lane Harrington.  
Frank Barton Hill.

*To be Lieutenants.*

Dated 23rd March 1899.

Second-Lieutenant (Lieutenant in the Army)  
William Campbell Little, from the Un-  
attached List.

*Second-Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.*

Dated 26th September 1898.

Cunliffe Hamilton Martin.

Dated 20th April 1899.

Howard Challoner Cutler.

Dated 20th April 1899.

Charles Robert Wilkinson.

Dated 20th May 1899.

William Vellacott Richards.

Dated 5th June 1899.

Francis William Iles.

*To be Second-Lieutenant.*

Second-Lieutenant William Myers Macleod,  
from the Unattached List. Dated 2nd  
April 1899, but to rank from 22nd January  
1898.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

*To be Colonel.*

Dated 19th May 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel Adam Scott Reid, Bengal  
Establishment.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

*To be Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the  
honorary rank of Captain.*

Dated 12th March 1899.

Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the honorary  
rank of Lieutenant, James Kelly, Bengal  
Establishment.

*To be Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the  
honorary rank of Lieutenant.*

Dated 6th February 1899.

First-class Assistant-Surgeon Joseph Samp-  
son, Bombay Establishment.

The Queen has approved the following ad-  
missions to Her Majesty's Indian Medical Ser-  
vice:

*To be Lieutenants.*

Dated 27th July 1899.

Edward David Wilson Greig.  
Campbell Dykes.

William Earnest McKechnie.  
William Frederic Harvey.  
William Charles Hugham Forster.  
John Johnson Urwin.  
David McCay.  
Arthur Brownfield Fry.  
Harry Diamond Peile.  
Douglas Henry Fawcett Cowin,  
Edward Cecil Gordon Maddock.  
William Henry Dickinson.  
Mack Walter Manuk.  
William Hancock Tucker.  
Arthur William Tuke.  
Charles Stewart Lowson.  
Joseph Harrison Leonard Beaman.  
John Sloan.  
George Herbert Stewart.  
Dugald Nairne Anderson.  
Manmatha Nath Chaudhuri.

The Queen has also approved of the retire-  
ment from the service of the undermentioned  
officers:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Captain William Forbes Mackenzie Ian Fraser,  
half-pay list. Dated 5th July 1899.

BOMBAY INFANTRY.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Michael Browne,  
unemployed supernumerary list. Dated  
21st July 1899.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Thomas Peters,  
Bombay Establishment. Dated 24th June  
1899.

Major Ronald Ross, Madras Establishment.  
Dated 31st July 1899.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the honorary  
rank of Captain, James Barker, Bengal  
Establishment. Dated 3rd March 1899.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Deputy-Commissary, with the honorary rank  
of Major, Robert Pringle, Bombay Es-  
tablishment. Dated 7th May 1899.

The Queen has also approved of the resigna-  
tion of the service by the undermentioned  
officers:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Lieutenant Maitland FitzRoy Kindersley.  
Dated 1st May 1899.

• • • • •

PROMOTIONS.

COLONEL'S ALLOWANCE.

No. 1000.—Colonel Alfred Lionel McNair,  
Indian Staff Corps, is admitted to the colonel's  
allowance, with effect from the 27th August  
1899.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 1091.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

*To be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

1st October 1899.

Major Lewis Montgomery Murray Hall.  
Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel John Blaxell Woon.

*To be Captain.*

3rd October 1899.

Lieutenant Archibald Roberts.

*Second-Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.*

William Finlay Adair,—3rd July 1899.

Henry Maurice Buller,—4th September 1899.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1092.—*22nd (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry*—

Havildar Allah Nur to be Jemadar, *vice* Yar Muhammad Khan; vacated, with effect from the 10th September 1899.

No. 1093.—*40th (Pathan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry*—

Subadar Azam Khan to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Sahibullah to be Subadar, and Havildar Nadir Ali to be Jemadar, *vice* Kutbuddin, deceased, with effect from the 3rd July 1899.

## RETIREMENTS.

No. 1094.—Colonel George Hambley Elliot, I.S.C., Commandant, 3rd Bengal Cavalry, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 30th September 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

## REWARDS.

## ORDER OF MERIT.

No. 1095.—In G. G. O. No. 839, dated the 28th July 1899, for "Jemadar Bahadur Ali Khan, 1st Sikh Infantry," read "Subadar Bahadur Ali Khan, 1st Sikh Infantry."

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

## APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS, AND RESIGNATIONS.

No. 1096.—*Rangoon Volunteer Rifles*—

Lieutenant Ernest Andrea Villa resigns his commission.

No. 1097.—*Behar Light Horse*—

Captain and Honorary Major Malcolm Noyce Macleod, V.D., to be Major, *vice* J. J. Macleod, C.I.E., V.D., transferred to the supernumerary list.

Captain and Honorary Major James Austin Bourdillon, C.S.I., V.D., to be Major, *vice* Hodding, promoted.

Lieutenant Victor North Hickley to be Major, to fill an existing vacancy.

No. 1098.—*1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles*—

Captain Henry Norton resigns his commission, with effect from the 1st September 1899.

No. 1099.—*Mussoorie Volunteer Rifles*—

Augustus Charles Wiseman, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Monks, transferred to the supernumerary list.

No. 1100.—*2nd Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteers*—

Charles George Henry Danby, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Houldcroft, promoted.

William Edgar Shipp, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Wood, promoted.

## MILITARY WORKS SERVICES.

## ORGANIZATION.

No. 1101.—With reference to paragraph 12 of G. G. O. No. 1037 of 1899, the undermentioned officers of Royal Engineers are appointed Chief Engineers of the four Commands of the army in India:

Colonel J. E. Broadbent, C.B., Punjab.

Colonel J. F. Garwood, Madras.

Colonel F. T. N. Spratt-Bowring, Bengal.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. O. Lloyd, Bombay.

## PROMOTIONS.

No. 1102.—The following reversions are made in the Engineer Establishment of the Military Works Services, with effect from the dates specified:

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Captain F. W. Saunders, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	25th August 1899.
Lieutenant A. F. Cumberlege, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, temporary.	25th August 1899.



## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

## RETIREMENTS.

No. 36.—Commander H. B. Hooper, Royal Indian Marine, has been transferred to the retired list by the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 16th September 1899.

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 6th October, 1899.*

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned commissioned officer, on the date specified, was received in the Military Department between the 9th September and the 6th October 1899:

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Remarks.
2nd Battalion, Royal Irish Regiment.	Lieutenant D. Burton	27th September 1899.	Mhow	...	...

## Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 12th August and the 6th October 1899.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
Henry Wood Priestley (a)	Captain (temporary) Major.	Indian Staff Corps, 4th Gurkha Rifles.	5th May 1899.	Will left	Rs. a. p. 2,394 4 6	...	...

(a) *Next-of-kin*—Mother—Mrs. Amelia Priestley.

*Address*—Care of Messrs. Rooke and Co., Solicitors, Dublin.

*Brothers*—Major E. J. K. Priestley, Royal Artillery.

Major F. J. B. Priestley, 4th Bengal Cavalry, and one brother at Kindat in Burma.

*Sister*—Mrs. C. A. Wilson.

*Address*—Nalini Tal (Administrator General, Bengal, administering).

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 2nd October, 1899.*

No. 414.—Mr. C. F. Sykes, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Assam, is transferred temporarily to the office of the Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, for employment on special duty.

No. 415.—Mr. G. A. Campbell, Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, State Railways, is, on return from leave, appointed Engineer-in-Chief of the Allahabad-Fyzabad Railway Survey.

*The 3rd October, 1899.*

No. 416.—It is hereby notified for general information that Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council has sanctioned an estimate amounting to Rs. 45,44,106 for

the construction of an extension of the Eastern Bengal State Railway on the metre gauge from Kaunia to Dhubri, a length of 51.06 miles, which includes the conversion of the existing 2 feet 6 inch gauge line between Teesta and Moghal Hat.

2. The construction of the line has been placed under the control of the Director of Railway Construction.

No. 417.—The undermentioned Assistant Engineers, 2nd Grade, attached to State Railways, are temporarily promoted to Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, with effect from the dates noted against each and during such time as they hold divisional charge :

Lieutenant H. A. L. Hepper, R.E., 6th May 1899.

Mr. F. Furnivall, 1st June 1899.

Mr. E. Rose, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, is temporarily promoted to Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, with effect from the 5th June 1899.

*The 4th October, 1899.*

No. 419.—The services of Mr. A. R. Lilley, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

*The 5th October, 1899.*

No. 420.—Mr. R. Douglass, Examiner of Accounts, on return from furlough, is reposted to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway.

No. 422.—Mr. R. W. Egerton, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, is, on return from leave, appointed Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Madras, till further orders.

No. 423.—Mr. W. D. Barrow, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, is, on return from foreign service, appointed Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, till further orders.

No. 425.—Mr. W. C. Davis, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, on return from leave on medical certificate, is posted to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, East Coast Railway.

*The 6th October, 1899.*

No. 427.—Lieutenant C. W. Wilkinson, R.E., Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, State Railways, and Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, is transferred to the Establishment, under the Director of Railway Construction for employment on the Allahabad-Fyzabad Railway Survey.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 2nd October, 1899.*

No. 413.—With reference to Notification No. 95, dated the 9th March 1899, Mr. R. M. Slane, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, temporary rank, reverted to his substantive rank of Accountant, 1st Grade, and Assistant Examiner (honorary rank), with effect from the 20th September 1899.

*The 3rd October, 1899.*

No. 418.—Mr. C. H. Holme, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, on furlough, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the afternoon of the 15th October 1899, under the terms described in Public Works Department letter No. 965-G., dated the 5th July 1899.

*The 5th October, 1899.*

No. 421.—Mr. H. M. C. Trotter, Examiner of Accounts, is, on the expiry of his privilege leave, transferred from the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Department, to that of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Madras.

No. 424.—Mr. W. G. Wood, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, and Under Secretary to the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, in the Public Works Department, is placed in charge of the current duties of the office of the Chief Engineer and Secretary to that Government, during the absence of Mr. C. W. Odling, C.S.I., on privilege leave, or until further orders.

## TELEGRAPHS.

*The 2nd October, 1899.*

No. 412.—Mr. M. A. Thompson, Officiating Superintendent, Class V, 2nd Grade, Indian Telegraph Department, reverted to Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 2nd Grade, temporary rank, with effect from the forenoon of the 29th August 1899.

*The 6th October, 1899.*

No. 426.—The following is published for general information :

No. 1037 C. W. T., dated Simla, the 6th October, 1899.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

*Review of the Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1898-99.*

## Read—

Letter from the Director General of Telegraphs, No. 77 T., dated the 16th August 1899, and its enclosure, being the Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1898-99.

## CAPITAL OUTLAY.

The capital outlay of the year amounted to Rs. 22,78,971 and was distributed as follows :

					Rs.
Lines	...	...	...	...	17,27,264
Buildings	...	...	...	...	91,472
Apparatus and Plant	...	...	...	...	95,785
Stores and suspense	...	...	...	...	3,84,246
					<hr/>
					22,98,767
Less—Receipts on Capital Account (including interest on Workshop Capital)					...
					19,796
					<hr/>
Total					...
					22,78,971
					<hr/>

Six new river cables aggregating 7 miles were laid during the year and others lengthened; in addition to which 4,981 yards of cable across the Hooghly river between Barrackpore and Serampore, which had been abandoned when the crossing of the river was effected over the Jubilee Bridge, were again brought on to the accounts, as the cables are still serviceable.

2. The progress that has been made in extending public telegraphic communication during the five-year period ending the 31st March 1899 is shewn in the following statement :

	Capital expenditure.	Miles of line.	Miles of wire.	Miles of cable.	OFFICES OPENED.		
					Departmental, ordinary and postal combined.	Railway and canal.	TOTAL.
	Rs.						
Up to beginning of 1894-95.	5,66,00,989	42,707	134,255	274	1,224	1,511	2,735
During 1894-95 ...	7,83,307	1,941	4,001	—3	138	10	148
„ 1895-96 ...	13,84,286	1,727	4,670	—8	99	12	111
„ 1896-97 ...	17,30,812	2,209	5,210	6	102	73	175
„ 1897-98 ...	24,37,040	1,722	6,688	—5	71	62	133
„ 1898-99 ...	22,78,971	1,463	5,826	11	85	101	186
To end of 1898-99...	6,52,15,405	51,769	160,650	275	1,719	1,769	3,488

#### TRAFFIC.

3. The total number of paid telegrams sent in 1898-99 amounted to 5,448,600 as compared with 5,713,227 in 1897-98, showing a decrease of 264,627 or 4·63 per cent. The corresponding decrease in value was Rs. 20,03,976, or 22·09 per cent. The falling off was mainly in Inland State messages, but the expansion of this class of traffic in 1897-98 was wholly abnormal on account of the military operations on the north-west frontier and the earthquake of June 1897. Compared with the figures of 1896-97 the Inland State traffic of the year under review shows an increase of 9·9 per cent. in number and 21·11 per cent. in value.

4. The growth of the Inland traffic since the present tariff was introduced in 1882-83 is clearly exhibited in the following table, which is reprinted from paragraph 26 of the report.

**Inland traffic.**—This table includes State and Private (including Press) messages, and shows the growth of both since the present tariff was introduced.

YEAR.	STATE INLAND.				PRIVATE INLAND.				TOTAL INLAND.				Number of departmental and combined offices remaining open at the close of each year.			
	Number.	Value.	PERCENTAGE OF NUMBER COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS YEAR.		Number.	Value.	PERCENTAGE OF VALUE COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS YEAR.		Number.	Value.	PERCENTAGE OF NUMBER COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS YEAR.			PERCENTAGE OF VALUE COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS YEAR.		
			Increase.	Decrease.			Increase.	Decrease.			Increase.	Decrease.			Increase.	Decrease.
1882-83	253,731	Rs 6,09,818	3.21	...	1,189,437	Rs. 13,86,630	14.90	...	1,443,168	Rs. 19,96,448	12.66	...	...	314		
1883-84	226,840	4,71,232	...	10.60	1,236,140	14,15,754	3.92	...	1,462,980	18,86,986	1.37	...	5.48	349		
1884-85	286,966	6,63,649	26.50	...	1,364,814	15,04,653	10.40	...	1,651,780	21,68,282	12.90	...	...	521		
1885-86	382,732	9,24,445	33.37	...	1,527,990	16,38,165	11.95	...	1,910,722	25,62,610	15.67	...	18.18	634		
1886-87	452,277	16,20,626	18.17	...	1,683,758	18,17,798	10.19	...	2,136,035	34,38,424	11.79	...	...	699		
1887-88	537,193	16,45,797	18.77	...	1,860,390	19,81,814	10.49	...	2,397,583	36,27,611	12.24	...	5.50	745		
1888-89	441,375	9,26,391	...	87.83	2,115,863	22,31,514	13.73	...	2,557,238	31,57,905	6.65	...	...	797		
1889-90	493,442	9,46,586	11.71	...	2,191,645	22,78,300	3.58	...	2,685,087	32,24,886	5.00	...	2.12	880		
1890-91	552,436	10,56,108	11.96	...	2,365,028	24,53,288	7.91	...	2,917,464	35,09,396	8.65	...	8.88	949		
1891-92	661,904	14,54,770	19.81	...	2,627,408	26,95,428	11.09	...	3,289,312	41,50,198	12.74	...	18.25	1,001		
1892-93	604,124	11,99,419	...	8.73	2,837,513	28,88,565	7.99	...	3,441,637	40,87,984	4.63	...	...	1,100		
1893-94	598,226	10,90,003	...	9.7	3,031,993	30,32,291	6.85	...	3,630,219	41,42,294	5.48	...	1.32	1,224		
1894-95	585,571	11,52,852	...	2.11	3,231,555	32,15,974	6.58	...	3,817,126	43,68,826	5.14	...	5.46	1,362		
1895-96	603,366	12,61,667	3.03	...	3,491,571	34,75,316	8.04	...	4,094,937	47,36,983	7.28	...	8.43	1,461		
1896-97	599,890	11,23,509	...	5.7	3,786,938	37,38,421	8.45	...	4,386,828	48,61,930	7.12	...	2.63	1,561		
1897-98†	860,382	29,08,173	43.42	...	4,107,270	39,53,590	8.45	...	4,967,652	68,61,763	13.24	...	41.13	1,634		
1898-99	659,304	13,60,685	23.37	...	4,036,510	36,73,722	...	1.72	4,895,814	50,34,407	...	5.45	...	1,719		
1898-99														26.92		

\* Postal Telegraph combined office system introduced.

† All deferred messages delivered by hand, instead of by post, the general rule hitherto.



5. The Inland private traffic shows a decrease of 1·72 per cent. in number and 7·07 per cent. in value compared with the figures of the previous year, whereas if the comparison is made with the figures of 1896-97, a normal year, there is an increase in number of 6·59 per cent., but a decrease in value of 1·73 per cent. resulting from the greater general use of the deferred class of telegram since the arrangement made in April 1897 for delivering deferred messages by hand came into force. There is every indication of a progressive increase in the number of these messages, and it is probable that the temporary contraction of revenue, due to a measure of which the practical effect has been to give to the public a cheaper class of message, will disappear during the current year.

6. The total Foreign traffic, as measured by the number of chargeable words transmitted (Foreign State messages being included), shows an increase of 648,299, or 8·3 per cent. over the figures of 1896-97, and of 145,623, or 1·76 per cent. over those of 1897-98; but with a rising exchange the receipts, which are based on tariffs calculated in gold, do not, as shown in rupees, necessarily correspond with the increase of work done. The receipts show a decrease of Rs. 1,41,282, or 6·50 per cent., when compared with those of 1896-97, and Rs. 1,76,619, or 8·00 per cent., when compared with the receipts of 1897-98.

Foreign Private telegrams including transit messages show an increase of 1·00 per cent. in number but a decrease of 7·04 per cent. in value.

The Private traffic (including Press) between India and the West shows decrease in volume of 69,512 words, or 3·24 per cent., and Rs. 73,298 or 8·66 per cent. in value (Indian share only), as compared with 1897-98, when there were exceptional circumstances, which induced a large amount of private (especially Press) telegraphic correspondence: but when compared with that of the normal year 1896-97, there is an increase of 135,659 words, or 6·99 per cent., with a decrease in value of Rs. 54,642, or 6·60 per cent. only, and this decrease in the receipts is mainly due to a rising exchange, as explained above.

The local traffic between India and Ceylon shows a decrease of 54,715, or 4·02 per cent., in the number of words, and of Rs. 8,236, or 4·99 per cent., in the receipts. Between India and the East, including Australia, the traffic shows an increase of 10,299, or 2·54 per cent. in the number of words, but a decrease of Rs. 11,616, or 6·75 per cent., in the receipts. In transit messages of all kinds, the number of words transmitted increased by 312,770, or 7·59 per cent., but the receipts decreased by Rs. 20,093, or 2·129 per cent.

7. Inland Press Telegram traffic, as compared with that of the previous year, shows an increase of 2,434 in number, and Rs. 4,377 in value, or 6·77 and 3·15 per cent., respectively. This development is remarkable considering the stirring events which gave such an abnormal stimulus to telegraphic traffic in 1897-98.

The Foreign Press Traffic, however, shows a decrease of 1,025 in number, and of Rs. 11,737 in value (Indian share only), or 19·42 and 35·51 per cent., respectively, as compared with the previous year which, as mentioned above, was an exceptional one; but a comparison with the four preceding normal years shows a satisfactory progressive increase.

#### WORKING EXPENSES.

8. The working expenses amounted to Rs. 64,13,237 equivalent to 71·30 per cent. on the gross revenue, or 86·03 per cent. if receipts from State and *pro forma* messages be deducted, against the corresponding percentages of 57·35 and 80·35 in the previous year.

The increase in working expenses is due to a smaller share of establishment charges having been transferred to Capital, consequent on a small outlay on works, to the growth in the operations of the Department, and to the greater length of wire mileage maintained.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS.

9. The revenue receipts of the year were as follows:

		Rs.
Message revenue, including State Messages ...	...	70,64,757
Rent of lines, etc., on railways and canals ...	...	15,41,916
Rent of private lines, etc. ...	...	1,91,789
Sale of books, gazettes, etc. ...	...	21,101
Miscellaneous ...	...	53,930
	Total	88,73,493
News-free and other <i>pro forma</i> revenue ...	...	1,21,225
	GRAND TOTAL	89,94,718

The total receipts fell below those of the previous year by Rs. 19,30,959, the decrease in the net revenue amounting to Rs. 20,77,621.

The revenue receipts include Rs. 14,18,757 on account of State messages, and Rs. 1,21,225 on account of news-free and other *pro forma* revenue; including the former and excluding the latter the net receipts amounted to 3·77 per cent. on the capital outlay.

The financial results of the working of the Department for the last five years were as follows:

Year.	Gross receipts excluding <i>pro forma</i> revenue.	Charges.	Net receipts.	Percentage of net to gross receipts.	Return on capital.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Per cent.	Per cent.
1894-95 ...	79,25,103	56,93,218	22,31,885	28·2	3·89
1895-95 ...	88,60,723	57,83,731	30,76,992	34·7	5·24
1896-97 ...	88,40,492	62,15,068	26,25,424	29·7	4·34
1897-98 ...	1,07,92,957	62,66,575	45,26,382	41·94	7·19
1898-99 ...	88,71,493	64,13,237	24,60,256	27·73	3·77

#### SPEED OF TRANSMISSION.

10. The average time taken in the transmission of telegrams (excluding *deferred*) over some of the principal main routes during the last five years is tabulated below. The mean of the average time intervals was slightly lower than in the preceding year:

Section.	Number of miles.	1894-95.		1895-96.		1896-97.		1897-98.		1898-99.	
		H.	M.	H.	M.	H.	M.	H.	M.	H.	M.
Calcutta to Karachi ...	1,750	0	27	0	22	0	25	0	32	0	26
Karachi to Calcutta ...		0	15	0	11	0	12	0	13	0	14
Calcutta to Bombay } <i>via</i> Nagpur.	1,283	0	26	0	21	0	24	0	33	0	31
Bombay to Calcutta }		0	27	0	21	0	25	0	24	0	22
Calcutta to Madras ...	1,181	0	23	0	22	0	25	0	30	0	31
Madras to Calcutta ...		0	19	0	19	0	23	0	17	0	22
Madras to Bombay ...	796	0	21	0	19	0	16	0	17	0	22
Bombay to Madras ...		0	25	0	21	0	33	0	23	0	23
Bombay to Karachi ...	840	0	23	0	19	0	21	0	21	0	16
Karachi to Bombay ...		0	11	0	9	0	11	0	10	0	11
Rangoon to Calcutta ...	1,003	0	35	0	55	0	28	0	53	0	41
Calcutta to Rangoon ...		0	26	0	28	0	22	0	41	0	25
Mean of averages ...		0	23	0	22	0	22	0	26	0	23

The Director General of Telegraphs explains that in previous years it has been the practice to calculate the maxima on messages transmitted, by the direct routes only, whereas from the beginning of the year under review, those on messages transmitted by alternative routes on account of pressure of traffic on direct routes, have also been taken into account. Taking this into consideration the speed of transmission compares on the whole very favourably with previous years.

## GENERAL.

11. The Telephone Companies at Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Madras, Moulmein, Rangoon and Ahmedabad continue to extend their business. The number of subscribers was augmented by 117 and the number of exchange connections by 92 in 1898, while the number of private lines increased from 229 to 244. There was a small increase in the number of exchanges and exchange connections under the control of the Telegraph Department.

12. Communication with Europe *via* Suez was maintained uninterruptedly during the year by the Eastern Telegraph Company. The Teheran route was interrupted for 151 hours in all, as compared with 232 hours in the previous year, while the total duration of the interruptions on the Turkish route between Fao and Pera in Asia Minor was 453 against 1,244 hours in 1897-98. The cable between Bushire and Fao was cut for repairs on the 12th and 13th October, and closed to traffic for 9 and 12 hours respectively. The percentages of the traffic between India and the West carried by these three lines were :

	Per cent.
Red Sea <i>via</i> Suez ... ..	47.65
Indo-European <i>via</i> Teheran ... ..	50.83
Indo-European <i>via</i> Turkey ... ..	1.52
	<hr/>
	100.00
	<hr/>

The bulk of the transit traffic was as usual carried *via* Suez.

13. As regards communication with the East, traffic with the Straits Settlements was not interrupted during the year. The Moulmein-Bangkok line *via* Kanburi continues to improve, but the Saigon-Bangkok route was interrupted for periods aggregating 83 days as compared with 46 days in the previous year. A great improvement is shown in the working of the land route to China *via* Bhamo, though it is still far from satisfactory. The interruptions occur almost entirely in the province of Yunnan and are said to be due more to the neglect of the Chinese Telegraph Clerks than to the breakdown of the lines.

14. Amongst the "Telegraph events of interest" given in paragraph 34 of the report it is stated that a new cable was laid between Porthcurno and Alexandria, the first section between Porthcurno and Gibraltar being opened in August 1898 and the two last sections between Gibraltar and Malta, and Malta and Alexandria in January 1899.

15. Mr. C. H. Reynolds, C.I.E., who had held the post of Director General of Telegraphs in India for nearly four years, retired from the service on the 14th January 1899. The Government of India take this opportunity of placing on record their appreciation of the services rendered by Mr. Reynolds during his long career in the Telegraph Department and of his able administration of the Department as Director General.

16. The Administration Report was received from the Director General of Telegraphs on the 17th August 1899. It has been carefully prepared and contains much interesting information and a record of satisfactory results which reflect credit on the general administration of the Department of which Mr. C. E. Pitman, C.I.E., assumed the control on Mr. Reynolds' retirement in January 1899.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Review be forwarded to the Director General of Telegraphs for information.

Also that copies of the Review with Report be forwarded to the Secretary

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, the Punjab and Burma.  
The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Assam and Coorg.  
The Residents at Hyderabad and in Mysore.  
The Agents to the Governor General in Central India, Rajputana and Baluchistan.

of State, the Home Department of the Government of India, the Local Governments and Administrations noted on the margin, and to the Government of Ceylon, for information.

Ordered, also, that the Review be published in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

T. HIGHAM,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 41. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**PART II.**—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

**PART III.**—Advertisements and Notices by Private individuals and Corporations.

**PART IV.**—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Court of Wards in the Central Provinces.

An Act further to amend the Punjab Courts Act, 1884.

**PART V.**—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 23:—

Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to Emigration to the labour-districts of Assam.

Bill to make better provision for the health, supervision and control of Emigrants proceeding to or from the labour-districts of Assam.

**PART VI.**—Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 13th October, 1899:—

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Punjab Courts Bill.

Assam Labour and Emigration Bill.

Assam Emigrants' Health Bill.

SUPPLEMENT No. 41.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

#### NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 13th October, 1899.*

**No. 1050-M.**—In supersession of this office Notification No. 866-M., dated the 1st September 1899, it is hereby notified that HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR GENERAL will leave Simla at 10 A.M. on Friday, the 27th October, and visit Delhi.

On leaving Delhi HIS EXCELLENCY will visit a number of localities in Northern and Central India, that are suffering from famine or plague, and will resume his tour as originally contemplated at Bhopal towards the end of November, subsequently visiting Gwalior, Agra, Muttra, Brindaban, Cawnpur, Lucknow, and Benares.

HIS EXCELLENCY will arrive in Calcutta on Monday, the 18th December 1899.

By Command,

ARTHUR SANDBACH, *Lieut.-Colonel,*

*Military Secretary to the Viceroy.*

## HOME DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## PUBLIC.

*Simla, the 13th October, 1899.*

**No. 2399.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following proviso be added to Rule 2-III(e) of the rules to regulate the transport and importation of explosives published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1393, dated the 8th July 1897:

## PROVISO.

" Provided that, in the case of detonators, the following further rules shall also be observed, namely :

- (a) The detonators, and the spaces between the detonators and between the sides of the inner package and the detonators, shall all be filled, as far as practicable, with fine sawdust or other similar material. A layer of cotton wool or other soft elastic material shall be placed between both ends of all the detonators and the interior of the inner package in which the detonators are placed, in such manner and so secured that both ends of the detonators will rest upon the said cotton wool or other material. Every inner package, if of metal, shall be lined throughout with paper or other soft material.
- (b) Where the number of detonators packed for conveyance exceeds in all one thousand (1,000), or such greater number as may from time to time be assigned with the consent of, and under conditions approved by, an Inspector of Explosives, all the inner packages as aforesaid shall be placed inside a substantial case of wood or metal, made and closed, so as to prevent any of the inner packages escaping therefrom, and the case shall be placed inside such outer packages as is required by the above general rule relating to the packing for conveyance of explosives of the 3rd division of the 6th (ammunition) class, in such manner and so secured as to leave a clear space of not less than three inches between every part of the interior of the said outer package, notwithstanding that such clear space may, if preferred, be filled with sawdust, straw or other similar material, or may contain a light framework or battens of wood to keep the case aforesaid in position in the outer package."

## CENSUS.

*The 13th October, 1899.*

**No. 23.**—Mr. H. H. Risley, C.I.E., of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed Census Commissioner for India, with effect from the 7th instant.

## MEDICAL.

*The 13th October, 1899.*

**No. 1718.**—The services of Major H. Hendley, I.M.S. (Bengal), Civil Surgeon, Simla, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his present duties.

**No. 1719.**—Major W. R. Clark, M.B., C.M., I.M.S. (Bengal), Officiating Professor of Surgery, Lahore Medical College, to be Joint Medical Officer of Simla, in succession to Major H. Hendley, I.M.S. (Bengal), with effect from the date on which he may assume charge of his duties.



## SANITARY.

*Plague.**The 13th October, 1899.*

**No. 2871.**—The following Notices of the Board of Trade are published for general information:

(F. &amp; H. 12889.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, September 14, 1899.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the following copy of an Ordinance issued by the Senate of Hamburg, *vis.*:

Ordinance respecting the Control by the Sanitary Police Authorities of Seagoing Ships in the Port of Hamburg.

In order to prevent the introduction of a case of plague, the Senate hereby orders, with reference to section 2 of the Hamburg Port Regulations of June 2nd, 1897, as follows:

The officers and crews of seagoing ships arriving at Hamburg shall not be permitted to leave their vessels until the Sanitary Police examination by the Port Physician, or by one of his representatives, prescribed for all ships by section 18 of the Port Regulations of June 30th, 1897, shall have taken place. The first examination will, as far as practicable, be performed immediately after the vessel has been properly moored, also during the night time.

The Harbour Police have received orders to prevent any contravention of this prohibition.

Attention is, at the same time, called to the rule laid down by section 19 of the Port Regulations, *vis.*, that persons suffering from infectious or contagious diseases, as also from fever, choleraic maladies, eruptions, or scurvy, are only allowed to leave their vessel after having been examined by the Port Physician, and only with his permission.

Contraventions will, in accordance with section 38 of the Port Regulations, be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred and fifty marks (about £7-10s.), or in default thereof by imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 weeks.

Given in the Assembly of the Senate at Hamburg, September 6th, 1899.

(F. &amp; H. 12961\*.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, September 14, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at Sofia, intimating that the following Regulations have been issued with respect to quarantine, *vis.*:

1. All vessels, from what port soever they sailed, bound for Bulgarian Black Sea Ports, must put in at Varna or Bourgas, where pratique will be given to them for the other ports.

NOTE.—The rest of the Regulations has reference to the treatment of arrivals from Russia.

(F. &amp; H. 13100.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, September 20, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at Alexandria, intimating that clean bills of health are issued to vessels leaving that port.

\*For previous rules relating to Bulgaria see Home Department Notification No. 2830, dated the 6th October 1899, published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 7th idem.

## PORT BLAIR.

*The 12th October, 1899.*

**No. 707.**—Mr. H. H. D'Oyly, officiating 3rd Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair, is granted one year's furlough, with effect from the 7th November 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

## JUDICIAL.

*The 11th October, 1899.*

**No. 1479.**—Captain H. G. B. Raitt, 7th Bengal Infantry, Officiating Cantonment Magistrate, Mooltan, is confirmed as a Cantonment Magistrate, with effect from the 14th August 1899.

*The 13th October, 1899.*

**No. 1502.**—The services of Captain M. Stevens, Officiating Cantonment Magistrate, Jullundur, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the afternoon of the 28th September 1899.

**No. 1504.**—The services of Major F. A. C. Kreyer, Officiating Cantonment Magistrate of Bareilly, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his present duties by Major H. B. Thornhill for employment as an Officiating Cantonment Magistrate.

#### POLICE.

*The 13th October, 1899.*

**No. 617.**—The services of Captain (temporary Major) A. W. Leonard, 5th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, Officiating Commandant, Naga Hills Military Police Battalion, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

#### ECCLESIASTICAL.

*The 13th October, 1899.*

**No. 461.**—The Reverend Claud Robert Longfield, a Chaplain, on probation, on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, reported his arrival at Calcutta on the afternoon of the 4th October 1899.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

### DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

#### NOTIFICATION.

##### GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

*Simla, the 13th October, 1899.*

**No. 3640—81-4.**—Mr. G. A. Stonier, who has been appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to be a Mining Specialist in the Geological Survey of India, joined his appointment on the forenoon of the 4th October 1899.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

### FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 11th October, 1899.*

**No. 2920-F.A.**—The services of Mr. A. Williams, of the Indian Civil Service, a Political Agent of the 2nd class, are placed at the disposal of the Legislative Department, with effect from the 20th October, 1899.

*The 13th October, 1899.*

**No. 1602-G.**—Captain A. D'A. G. Bannerman, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the

2nd class, is appointed, on return from furlough, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class and is posted as First Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in Rajputana and Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the 10th October, 1899.

**No. 1604-G.**—The services of Mr. H. Jowers, of the Indian Civil Service, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, and lately First Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in Rajputana and Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, are replaced at the disposal of the Home Department, with effect from the 11th August, 1899.

**No. 1605-G.**—Captain C. Archer, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class, is appointed, on return from special leave, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class, and is posted as Deputy Commissioner, Thal-Chotiali, and Political Agent, Sinjawi and Railway District, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

**No. 1607-G.**—Major W. H. M. Stewart, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 2nd) class, and Political Agent in Malwa, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

**No. 1609-G.**—Captain W. M. Cubitt, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st (officiating Political Agent of the 3rd) class, is posted as Political Agent in Malwa.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Simla, the 10th October, 1899.*

No. 4632-P.—The services of Mr. L. E. Pritchard are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department, with effect from the date of expiration of the privilege leave granted to him in the Notification in this Department, No. 4383-P., dated 21st September 1899.

*The 12th October, 1899.*

No. 4673-P.—Mr. C. W. C. Carson, Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 3rd of October 1899.

## ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

## MINT.

*The 13th October, 1899.*

No. 4690-A.—Read the following Reports on the working of the Mints and Assay Offices of Calcutta and Bombay for the year 1898-99:

From the Mint Master, Calcutta, No. 1567, dated 15th July 1899.

From the Mint Master, Bombay, No. 351, dated 2nd June 1899.

From the Assay Master, Calcutta, No. 43, dated 30th June 1899.

From the Assay Master, Bombay, No. 46, dated 1st May 1899.

## I.—WORKING OF THE MINTS.

1. Receipt of Gold.—The rate of exchange was practically steady at or about 16d. the rupee, and large quantities of gold were tendered by the public in exchange for rupees both at Calcutta and Bombay. The value and composition of the tenders are shown in the following table:

Year.	CALCUTTA.				BOMBAY.				TOTAL.
	Value of sovereigns and half- sovereigns of current weight. (a)	Value of light and uncur- rent sovereigns and half- sovereigns. (b)	Value of bullion. (b)	Total.	Value of sovereigns and half- sovereigns of current weight. (a)	Value of light and uncur- rent sovereigns and half- sovereigns. (b)	Value of bullion. (b)	Total.	Total value of gold tendered.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1897-98 ... ..	15,38,925	10,409-11	3,048-5	15,52,383	6,75,000	...	1,05,459	7,80,459	23,32,842
1898-99 ... ..	58,12,905	7,031	60,801	58,80,737	2,03,17,762-8	3,79,763	11,77,443	2,18,74,968-8	2,77,55,705-8

(a) At Rs. 15 per sovereign and Rs. 7½ per half-sovereign.

(b) At Rs. 1 for 753344 grains of fine gold.

2. Coinage.—No gold was coined at either Mint. The coinage of silver during the year consisted of (1) half rupees and small silver for Government, (2) rupees recoined for the Native States of Kashmir and Bhopal, and (3) dollars for the Exchange Banks.

3. Government coinage.—The following figures show the coinage of silver on behalf of Government :

						CALCUTTA.	BOMBAY.
						Value in rupees.	Value in rupees.
Half rupees	...	...	...	...	...	10,28,493½	...
Quarter rupees	...	...	...	...	...	3,32,438	5,13,988
One-eighth rupees	...	...	...	...	...	5,01,636½	1,98,560
Total						18,62,567½	7,12,548

4. Coinage on behalf of Native States.—As stated in the last year's review the Native States of Bhopal and Kashmir have substituted the British Indian rupee for their own coinage; the recoinage operations commenced in 1897-98 with the coinage of Rs. 33,61,730 for Bhopal and Rs. 13,92,342 for Kashmir and were concluded in 1898-99, during which year Rs. 23,61,588 were coined for Bhopal and Rs. 44,08,531 for Kashmir. The total amount of British Indian coin coined for these two States was thus 91½ lakhs.

5. Dollar coinage.—The coinage of dollars in the Bombay Mint during each of the last four years is stated in the following table :

Years.					Silver coined into dollars. Tolas (rupee standard).	Number of dollars coined.
1895-96	...	...	...	...	7,524,449	3,316,063
1896-97	...	...	...	...	13,922,299	6,135,617
1897-98	...	...	...	...	48,300,826	21,286,427
1898-99	...	...	...	...	48,888,833	21,545,564
Total					118,636,407	52,283,671

The dollar coinage was continuous and heavy throughout the year and exceeded that of the previous year by 259,137 dollars. 21,303,216 dollars were issued to the Exchange Banks for export and a balance of 262,409 dollars remained in the Mint ready for issue.

6. Description of silver received in the Mints.—In Bombay 42,951,000 tolas of silver were tendered by the Exchange Banks for the purposes of the dollar coinage. This included 34,967,000 tolas of bar silver, of which 11,179,000 tolas came from London, 22,040,000 from America (including 2,821,000 from San Francisco), and smaller quantities from Australia, Hamburg, Italy, and Japan. The remainder consisted almost entirely of 3,220,000 tolas of Syasi silver imported from China and 4,433,000 tolas imported from Arabian ports in the form of Maria Theresa Thalers. Uncurrent coins of the value of Rs. 21,12,587½ in Calcutta and Rs. 11,91,369 in Bombay were sent to the Mints from Government Treasuries and Departments and were partly utilised for the coinage of small silver. In addition, the Bombay Mint received coins of the Kashmir and Bhopal States of the value of Rs. 22,15,837 for recoinage into rupees.

7. Copper coinage.—There was a falling off in the demand for copper pice. There had been very heavy coinage of copper during the two preceding years in

connection with the famine, and many of the coins distributed at the works found their way back to the treasuries when the famine was over. The total number of copper coins struck in the Calcutta Mint on account of the Government thus amounted to only 38,940,403 pieces of the value of Rs. 3,62,747 in 1898-99 as against 111,593,915 pieces of the value of Rs. 14,60,477 in the previous year. Copper coins of the value of Rs. 29,400 were also struck at Calcutta for the Governments of Ceylon and the Straits Settlements. No copper was purchased by the Mint, the balance in hand being found sufficient. The only copper coinage executed at the Bombay Mint was on behalf of the British East Africa Protectorate, one lakh of rupees worth of pice being coined and forwarded to Mombassa as against Rs. 10,000 worth in 1897-98.

#### 8. Operative losses.—

*Silver.*—In the Calcutta Mint the operative loss on the melting and coinage of silver ranged from Rs. 35 to Rs. 40 per lakh and in the Bombay Mint from Rs. 39 to Rs. 44 in the case of British Indian coin and from Rs. 26 to Rs. 31 in the case of the dollar coinage.

*Copper.*—In Calcutta 5,263 maunds of copper were rolled down for coinage as against 33,848 maunds in 1897-98, and the loss amounted to 87 maunds. The bye-products were, however, sold on favourable terms and the real operative loss was only 204 per cent. as against 38 per cent. in the previous year. In the Bombay Mint 2,378 maunds of copper were operated on with a loss of 12 maunds.

There was a general improvement both at Calcutta and Bombay in the percentage of good coins obtained in silver coinage. The results obtained in the coinage of copper were practically the same as in the preceding year at both Mints.

9. Revenue and expenditure.—The revenue and expenditure of the two Mints for the last five years are shown in the following table :

Year.	REVENUE.			EXPENDITURE.		
	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Total.	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1894-95 ...	50,810	15,408	66,227	7,32,169	4,41,395	11,73,764
1895-96 ...	41,463	92,935	1,34,398	7,77,759	4,60,726	12,38,485
1896-97 ...	22,603	1,76,822	1,99,425	8,02,246	5,57,678	13,59,924
1897-98 ...	2,37,889	11,67,871	14,05,760	8,26,888	7,95,629	16,22,517
1898-99 ...	80,625	7,60,543	8,41,168	7,72,265	8,88,216	16,60,481

The receipts of the Calcutta Mint include Rs. 59,548 for charges made to the Military Department for war medals and decorations; the unusually high receipts of the previous year included an extraordinary item of Rs. 1,64,872, representing the difference between the Mint value and the exchange value of the Native State coins received for recoinage from the Bhopal and Kashmir Darbars. During the year under report these recoinage operations were carried out entirely at the Bombay Mint, the receipts of which include Rs. 1,39,893 on that account as against Rs. 6,14,959 in the previous year and Rs. 4,89,802 on account of the dollar coinage as against Rs. 4,86,124 in the previous year.



The expenditure on salaries and establishments of the two Mints for the year under review compares as follows with the expenditure of 1897-98 :

	CALCUTTA MINT.			BOMBAY MINT.			BOTH MINTS.		
	1897-98.	1898-99.	Increase + Decrease	1897-98.	1898-99.	Increase + Decrease	1897-98.	1898-99.	Increase + Decrease
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Fixed establishment...	1,51,232	1,60,819	+ 9,587	1,97,688	1,62,509	+ 4,821	3,08,020	3,23,328	+ 14,408
Temporary establishment and overtime work.	74,131	48,111	- 26,024	52,789	55,250	+ 2,461	1,86,924	1,03,361	- 23,563
Total ...	2,25,367	2,08,930	- 16,437	2,10,477	2,17,759	+ 7,282	4,35,844	4,26,689	- 9,155

The increase under fixed establishment in the Calcutta Mint occurred chiefly under the salaries of Mint and Assay Masters; in 1897-98 the charges under these heads were reduced by the absence of the permanent incumbents on leave. The decrease in the temporary establishment at Calcutta was due to the small demand for coin and the increase at Bombay to heavier copper coinage. The post of Deputy Assay Master, Bombay, was in abeyance for a portion of the year 1897-98, and the charges on account of fixed establishment at the Bombay Mint were therefore unusually low in that year.

10. Stores. — The cost of stores consumed in the Calcutta Mint was Rs. 36,853 in 1898-99 against Rs. 95,137 in the previous year. In Bombay the similar expenditure amounted to Rs. 77,463 against Rs. 77,438 in the preceding year.

11. Proforma charges. — The indirect charges in the two Mints during the year compare as follows with those of 1897-98 :

	CALCUTTA MINT.			BOMBAY MINT.			BOTH MINTS.		
	1897-98.	1898-99.	Increase + Decrease	1897-98.	1898-99.	Increase + Decrease	1897-98.	1898-99.	Increase + Decrease
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Pensions and furlough allowances.	23,728	25,533	+ 1,805	8,322	10,106	+ 1,784	32,050	35,639	+ 3,589
Interest on stock and block.	3,72,748	3,64,101	- 8,647	3,03,140	4,14,637	+ 1,11,497	6,75,888	7,78,733	+ 1,02,845
Total ...	3,96,476	3,89,634	- 6,842	3,11,462	4,24,733	+ 1,13,276	7,07,338	8,14,372	+ 1,06,434

The figures under the second head represent interest at 4 per cent. on the balance of the capital account of each Mint (value of lands, buildings and plant) and on the average balances of silver, copper and stores. The balances of capital account were practically unchanged and stood at Rs. 77,09,395 in the case of Calcutta and at Rs. 37,94,328 in the case of Bombay. An increase of about 27½ lakhs of rupees in the average silver balance at the latter Mint accounts for the large increase in the proforma charges of that Mint. In future, however, interest should not be struck on the portion of the silver balance which on a rough calculation may be taken to represent silver awaiting coinage into dollars, as the bullion so locked up could not in any case be available for Government purposes.

12. **Miscellaneous work.**—The amount of miscellaneous work done in the two Mints is shown in the following table :

	CALCUTTA MINT.			BOMBAY MINT.			BOTH MINTS.		
	Cost of work done.	Amount realized.	Profit.	Cost of work done.	Amount realized.	Profit.	Cost of work done.	Amount realized.	Profit.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1897-98 ...	1,22,730	1,31,448	8,718	9,844	10,335	491	1,32,574	1,41,783	9,209
1898-99 ...	3,03,522	3,11,207	5,685	36,787	37,164	377	3,40,309	3,48,947	6,062

The miscellaneous work was unusually heavy owing chiefly to the large manufacture of war medals and clasps. Work of this kind is done at cost price and the profits shown in the above table are thus relatively small. The work done for the public included the manufacture of 100,000 copper labour tokens on behalf of a private firm.

13 **Offences against the coinage.**—There was a decline in the number of offences against the coinage, which had gradually risen since 1893 and had reached an exceptionally high figure in 1897. In the year under report the number of cases and the number of persons convicted were almost identical with the corresponding averages for the period 1889—1892 but not so low as the figures for 1893 which were the lowest reached in the last ten years. The actual figures for the last two years were :

Year.	Number of cases.	Number of persons brought to trial.	Number of persons convicted.
1897	... 1,101	1,295	852
1898	... 795	998	582

The subject continues to engage the attention of the Government who have directed that any counterfeit coins which may be tendered to officers empowered to cut and break coin should be sent to the Mint for examination. Arrangements have also been made to secure information regarding counterfeit coins presented to railways or produced in the course of criminal proceedings. With some exceptions such coins have always been found to be rough castings with defective milling and to contain much less than the proper proportion of silver. The information on the subject which is now given in the Mint reports is in accordance with this experience.

## II.—WORKING OF THE ASSAY OFFICES.

14. **Number of assays made.**—The number of gold and silver assays made during the years 1898-99 and 1897-98 is compared in the table below :

Year.	CALCUTTA ASSAY OFFICE.		BOMBAY ASSAY OFFICE.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
1897-98 ...	989	6,729	10	23,666
1898-99 ...	622	3,188	195	26,993

Besides the above several miscellaneous assays were made during the year.

15. **Meltings for standard coinage.**—The average fineness per mille of silver meltings for coinage during the year was as follows :

	CALCUTTA.	BOMBAY.
Rupees	... 916.135	915.92
Half rupees	... 915.016	915.90
Quarter rupees	... 915.888	915.54
One-eighth rupees	...	915.38
British dollars	...	898.99

16. **Parting assays of silver coins.**—The average proportion of gold found in the silver pyx coins of the Calcutta mintage was 1.222 per mille against 0.962

per mille in 1897-98. The total silver coinage of the Calcutta Mint is computed to have contained about 853 Troy ounces of gold of the approximate value of £3,616. In the Bombay Mint the proportion was '137 per mille for the rupee coinage for Kashmir and Bhopal, '108 per mille for fractional coinage and '136 for British dollars.

17. **Pyx trials of silver coins.**—The results of the pyx trials in the Calcutta and Bombay Assay Offices are summarised in a tabular form as follows:

				TRIALS FOR WEIGHT.			TRIALS FOR FINENESS.				
				Number of trials made.	Total number of coins weighed.	Average weight in grains.	Number of trials made.	Total number of coins assayed.		Average fineness per mille of coins assayed.	
								Singly.	In groups after melting.	Singly.	In groups after melting.
CALCUTTA.											
Half rupees	...	...	46	460	89'997	45	450	1,800	916'640	916'733	
Quarter rupees	...	...	17	170	44'974	17	170	1,700	916'345	916'664	
One-eighth rupees	...	...	17	170	22'488	17	170	3,400	916'643	916'733	
BOMBAY.											
Rupees	...	...	43	840	180'029	...	210	1,050	916'736	916'855	
Half rupees	...	...	9	...	90'040	...	10	100	917'07	917'20	
Quarter rupees	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,100	...	916'340	
One-eighth rupees	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,600	...	916'750	
British dollars	...	...	209	4,180	416'003	...	1,045	3,135	899'815	900'005	

In the Calcutta Mint one batch of half rupee pyx was found to be outside the legal remedy, but when a second muster was sent, the pyx proved to be within the usual test and the day's coinage was passed. In Bombay a retrial of the pyx was necessary on two occasions—one in the case of rupees and the other in that of dollars; the second reports proving favourable the coins were passed.

18. **Pyx trials in England for 1897-98.**—The average weight and fineness of the British Indian coins from the Calcutta and Bombay Mints and of British dollars from the Bombay Mint were found to correspond closely to the standards fixed for the two classes of coins.

19. **Reference standard weights.**—The standard weights of the Calcutta Mint were duly verified during the year.

20. **Officers in charge.**—Lieutenant-Colonel B. Scott, R.E., C.I.E., and Major G. Davidson, R.E., respectively held charge of the Calcutta and Bombay Mints throughout the year. Lieutenant-Colonel J. Scully, I.M.S., remained in charge of the Calcutta Assay Office until the 27th March 1899, and then left the Department in view to retirement, after 13 years' service as Assay Master; he was succeeded by Captain J. Lloyd T. Jones, I.M.S. Lieutenant-Colonel Gerald Martin, F.R.G.S., F.C.S., held charge of the Bombay Assay Office throughout the year.

The Governor General in Council acknowledges the efficiency with which the Mints and the Assay Departments have been worked and controlled by the officers in charge.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that this Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

Ordered, also, that copies of this Resolution be forwarded to the Mint and the Assay Masters, Calcutta and Bombay (with printed copies of the Reports).

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 13th October, 1899.*

## APPOINTMENTS.

## ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 1103.—Lieutenant A. C. Kennedy, Royal Artillery, Officiating Ordnance Officer, 4th class, is confirmed in that class, with effect from the 26th September 1899, to fill an existing vacancy.

## LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 1104.—The following extracts are published for general information :

"*London Gazette*," dated the 19th September 1899, page 5748.

## WAR OFFICE ;

*Pall Mall, 19th September 1899.*

*Indian Staff Corps.*—Colonel John Edward Campbell is transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list. Dated 3rd September 1899.

## MEMORANDA.

Subadar-Major Judhbir Thapa, *Sardar Bahadur*, Indian Army, is granted the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 20th September 1899.

## PROMOTIONS.

## INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 1105.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :

## BENGAL ESTABLISHMENT.

*Captains to be Majors.*

1st October 1899.

Alfred Ernest Roberts, M.B.

David Macdonald Davidson, M.B., C.M.

Frederic Pinsent Maynard, M.B.

John Charles Lamont, M.B.

Arthur Holbrook Nott, M.B.

Albert Coleman.

William Westropp White, M.D., M.CH.

Daniel Thomas Lane, M.D.

Robert Charles Macwatt, M.B.

William Henry Edward Woodwright, F.R., C.S.I.

Walter James Buchanan, M.B.

Joseph Kinnear Close, M.D.

## MADRAS ESTABLISHMENT.

*Captains to be Majors.*

1st October 1899.

Frederick Joseph Dewes.

Joseph Orphino Pinto.

Percy Charles Hutchison Strickland.

Thomas William Stewart.

## BOMBAY ESTABLISHMENT.

*Captains to be Majors.*

1st October 1899.

John Lloyd Thomas Jones, M.B.

William Ernest Jennings, M.B., C.M.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 1106.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :

*To be Major.*

Captain Stanley Charles Gough,—11th October 1899.

*To be Lieutenant.*

Second-Lieutenant Gordon Hay Anderson,—5th November 1898.

No. 1107.—In G. G. O. No. 1091 of 1899, for "Second-Lieutenant H. M. Buller," read "Second-Lieutenant H. M. Butler."

## MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

*Bombay.*

No. 1108.—Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Alfred Thomas Reynolds, serving in the office of the Deputy Adjutant General, Bombay Command, to be Assistant Commissary, with effect from the 7th October 1899.

## ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

*Madras Command.*

No. 1109.—Sub-Conductors Arthur Thurston, Officiating Assistant Overseer, and Albert Samuel William Ellis, Draughtsman, Gun Carriage Factory, Madras, on probation, seconded, are confirmed in their present grades, with effect from the 17th March 1899.

## NATIVE ARMY.

## No. 1110.—18th Regiment of Bengal Lancers—

Jemadar Malik Fazl Mahdi Khan to be Ressaidar and Woordie-Major, *vice* Samand Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 17th July 1899.

## No. 1111.—2nd Regiment of Bombay Lancers—

Kote-Dafadar Mahomed Abad Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Ramchander Rao Dighay, transferred to the 9th Regiment of Bombay Infantry, with effect from the 1st September 1899.

## No. 1112.—5th Regiment of Bombay Cavalry (Sindh Horse)—

Jemadar Ajipal Singh to be Ressaidar, *vice* Natha Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 8th July 1899.

## RESIGNATIONS.

No. 1113.—Fourth class Assistant Surgeon James Smith, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Bombay, is permitted to resign the service.

## RETIREMENTS.

No. 1114.—Lieutenant-Colonel James Armstrong, M.B., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), Civil Surgeon, Cawnpore, is permitted to retire from the Service, with effect from the 17th October, 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

## APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS, AND RESIGNATIONS.

No. 1115.—*Nagpur Volunteer Rifles*—  
Vincent Cluge French, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Lee, transferred to the supernumerary list.

No. 1116.—*East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles*—

William Alexander Buyers, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 27th May 1899, *vice* McDonnell, promoted.

No. 1117.—*Naini Tal Volunteer Rifles*—

Walter Aubrey Pemberton, Gentleman to be Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy.

No. 1118.—*1st Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles*—

Captain Robert Wylie, Unattached List, resigns his commission.

No. 1119.—*Ghasipur Volunteer Rifles*—

Second-Lieutenant Charles Herbert West to be Lieutenant, *vice* Knox-Johnson, resigned.

James Smith Moffat, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Kellie, promoted.

Thomas Maxey Storrar, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Wood, promoted.

Joseph Ramsay Tainsh, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Morrison, promoted.

Edward Stanton Henry Ferry, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Miller, promoted.

Robert Morrison Dundas, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Carapiet, promoted.

William Wilson Turnbull, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Sabonadiere, transferred to the supernumerary list.

Thomas Buchan, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* West, promoted.

No. 1120.—*Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles*—

Frederick Wilford Wright, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy.

John Graves, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Hughes, transferred to the supernumerary list.

## ORGANISATION.

No. 1121.—*Calcutta Naval Volunteers*—

The Governor-General in Council has been pleased to sanction the reorganisation of the Calcutta Naval Volunteers and its formation into a corps for the defence of the port of Calcutta. The designation of the existing corps will accordingly be altered to "The Calcutta Port Defence Volunteer Corps," which will consist of three distinct branches, *vis.* :

- (1) Two naval divisions, consisting of 200 men, with one Commander, 2 Lieutenants, 4 Sub-Lieutenants, 1 Chief Engineer, and 2 Engineers.
- (2) One Company, Garrison Artillery, of 100 men, with 1 Major, 1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, and 2 Second-Lieutenants.
- (3) One Company, Sub-marine Mining Engineers, of 100 men, with 1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, and 1 Second-Lieutenant.

There will also be a Commandant, an Adjutant, an Honorary Chaplain, and a Surgeon for the combined corps. The three branches will be worked entirely under their own Commanding Officers, but will be collectively under the Commandant of the Calcutta Port Defence Volunteer Corps for administrative purposes.

The Governor-General in Council is also pleased to approve of the appointment of Commander Eaton Wallace Petley, C.I.B., now in Command of the Calcutta Naval Volunteers, as Commandant of the Calcutta Port Defence Volunteer Corps. The Commanding Officers of the three branches will be notified in due course.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

## FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 37.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate, under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:

Commander P. Downes, Royal Indian Marine, Port Officer, Bassel, for one year.

P. J. MITTLAND, *Major-General,*  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*



## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 9th October, 1899.*

**No. 429.**—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of India have sanctioned the survey of a line of railway from Amritsar station on the North Western Railway *via* Tarn Taran to Sarhali, a distance of about 25 miles, and have placed it under the orders of the Manager, North Western Railway.

*The 10th October, 1899.*

**No. 431.**—It is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council, having sanctioned surveys being undertaken during the working season of 1899-1900, with a view to ascertaining the best route for a light railway on the 2' 6" or metre gauge from Arsikere, or some other adjacent place on the Mysore State Railway, to Mangalore or Tellicherry respectively on the West Coast, is pleased to place the same under the orders of the Government of Madras.

The project will be known as the Mysore and West Coast Railway Survey.

**No. 432.**—It is hereby notified for general information, that Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has, in Despatch No. 101 Railway, dated the 31st August 1899, confirmed the sanction accorded to the construction by and at the cost of the Bikaner Durbar of the fourth and last section of the Bikaner-Bhatinda Railway from Suratgarh to Bhatinda, a distance of 88 miles.

**No. 434.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, under section 16 (1) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, the use of locomotive engines and rolling stock to be drawn or propelled thereby on such portions of the Shoranur-Cochin Railway as are situate in British territory.

*The 12th October, 1899.*

**No. 435.**—*Corrigendum.*—In Public Works Department Notification No. 425, dated 5th October 1899, for *East Coast Railway* read *North Western Railway*.

**No. 436.**—Mr. R. W. Roberts, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, is, on return from leave, posted to the establishment under the Director of Railway Construction for employment on the North Western Railway.

**No. 437.**—Mr. F. D. Couchman, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, State Railways, is, on return from privilege leave, appointed Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, until further orders.

**No. 438.**—It is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to sanction a preliminary survey being carried out for a line of railway on the metre gauge from Khandwa station on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, *via* Akola station on the Nagpur branch of the same line, to Basim near the frontier of His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad, a distance of about 150 miles.

The survey has been placed under the control of the Director of Railway Construction, and will be known as the Khandwa-Akola-Basim Railway Survey.

**No. 439.**—Mr. Frederick Blunt Wathen, Transhipment Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is appointed, on probation, to the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, in Class III, Grade 4 of that establishment, and his services are placed at the disposal of the Director of Railway Traffic, for employment on that railway.

*The 13th October, 1899.*

**No. 440.**—The services of Mr. A. R. Walsh, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade (temporary rank), State Railways, and Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Lucknow, are placed at the disposal of the Director of Railway Construction for employment on the Ghaziabad-Moradabad Railway.

**No. 441.**—Lieutenant L. E. Hopkins, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, is, on return from foreign service, placed at the disposal of the Director of Railway Construction, and posted to the Ghaziabad-Moradabad Railway.

**No. 443.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, under section 16 (1) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, the use of locomotive engines and of rolling stock to be drawn or propelled thereby on the Nowshera-Durgai Railway.

**No. 444.**—Mr. J. Manson, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, whose services were lent to the Southern Punjab Railway Company, is, on return to Government service, posted to the North Western Railway.

No. 445.—The undermentioned passed students of the Royal Indian Engineering College, Cooper's Hill, who have been appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India as Assistant Engineers, 3rd Grade, are posted to State Railways, and their services placed at the disposal of the Director of Railway Construction:

Mr. William Robert Field.

Mr. William Chalmers Berrie.

No. 449.—The undermentioned passed students of the Royal Indian Engineering College, Cooper's Hill, have been appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, Class III, Grade 4, and their services are placed at the disposal of the Director of Railway Traffic:

Mr. Nirmal Chandra Halidar.

„ John Stuart Trench.

*The 10th October, 1899.*

No. 433.—The following is published for general information:

No. 973 R. T., dated Simla, the 5th October, 1899.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Read—

Sections 3 (4), 16 (2), 47 and 148 (1) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890. Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 4804, dated the 30th October 1890, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890—the Government of India resolution No. 736 R. T., dated the 17th October 1890, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

Letter from the Joint Secretary to the Government of Madras, Public Works Department, Railway Branch, No. 991 Railway, dated the 5th September 1899, forwarding letter from the Agent and Manager, Madras Railway Company, No. 10714-1067, dated the 30th August 1899.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Agent and Manager of the Madras Railway Company has applied for leave to adopt the General Rules for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods, which rules were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, under Public Works Department notification No. 4804, dated the 30th October 1890, on the Shoranur-Cochin railway which has been sanctioned for construction.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules which are referred to in the foregoing observations to such portions of the Shoranur-Cochin railway as are situate in British territory.

ORDER.—Ordered that the General Rules, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection free of any charge in the office of the Engineer in charge of the construction of the railway.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Government of Madras, for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

*The 13th October, 1899.*

No. 442.—The following is published for general information:

No. 979 R. T., dated Simla, the 9th October, 1899.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Read—

Sections 3 (4), 16 (2), 47 and 148 (1) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890. Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 4804, dated the 30th October 1890, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th

November 1890—the Government of India resolution No. 736 R. T., dated the 17th October 1890, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 4, dated the 6th January 1898—published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th January 1898—appointing the Director of Railway Traffic as the officer who, in the case of a railway administered by Government, is to make General Rules under section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Letter No. 808 R. T., dated the 28th August 1899, from the Director of Railway Traffic.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The Director of Railway Traffic has applied for leave to adopt the General Rules for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods, which rules were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, under Public Works Department notification No. 480½, dated the 30th October 1890, on the Nowshera-Durgai railway.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules which are referred to in the foregoing observations to the Nowshera-Durgai railway which has been sanctioned for construction.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that the General Rules, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection, free of any charge, in the office of the Engineer in charge of the construction of the railway.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Manager of the North Western railway, for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

F. R. UPCOTT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

*The 9th October, 1899.*

**No. 428.**—Mr. A. L. Wright, Examiner of Accounts, attached to the Office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bombay, is granted furlough out of India for one year, under Article 371, Civil Service Regulations.

**No. 430.**—Mr. M. Leslie, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Central Provinces, on furlough, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the afternoon of the 9th November 1899, under the terms described in Public Works Department letter No. 965-G., dated the 5th July 1899.

*The 13th October, 1899.*

**No. 446.**—The undermentioned passed students of the Royal Indian Engineering College, Cooper's Hill, who have been appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India as Assistant Engineers, 3rd Grade, are posted as follows:

*To Madras.*

Mr. Albert Stevenson Lawrie.

Mr. Robert Henry Edmund Hutton-Squire.

*To Bombay.*

Mr. Robert Tullis Harrison.

Mr. Vincent Major Griffiths.

*To Bengal.*

Mr. George Goodair Dey.

*To North-Western Provinces and Oudh.*

Mr. Charles Harold Townsend.

*To Punjab.*

Mr. Rustom Kaikhasro Nariman.  
Mr. Henry Wingfield King.  
Mr. John Polson Cook.  
Mr. Percy Charles Penn-Gaskell.

*To Burma.*

Mr. Charles Tennant.  
Mr. Ernest Percy Dove.

*To Central Provinces.*

Mr. Gilbert Ashleigh Phear.

No. 448.—The undermentioned passed student of the Royal Indian Engineering College, Cooper's Hill, has been appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, to the Accounts Branch of the Public Works Department, as an Assistant Examiner, 1st Grade, and is posted to the Office of the Examiner, Public Works Account, Bengal :

Mr. William Fleming Milne.

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**TELEGRAPHS.**

*The 13th October, 1899.*

No. 447.—The undermentioned passed students of the Royal Indian Engineering College, Cooper's Hill have been appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, to the Indian Telegraph Department, as Assistant Superintendents :

Mr. Frank Thomas de Monte.  
Mr. Reginald Archibald Anderson Hooper.  
Mr. Robert Reginald Roddis.  
Mr. John Morris Whitting.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 42. }

SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT No. 42.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 18th October, 1899.*

**No. 1097-M.**—HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR GENERAL will leave Simla at 10 A.M. on Friday, the 27th October, and visit Delhi.

On leaving Delhi HIS EXCELLENCY will visit a number of localities in Northern and Central India that are suffering from famine or plague, and will resume his tour as originally contemplated at Bhopal towards the end of November, subsequently visiting Gwalior, Agra, Muttra, Brindaban, Cawnpur, Lucknow, and Benares.

HIS EXCELLENCY will arrive in Calcutta on Monday, the 18th December 1899.

All covers intended to reach HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR GENERAL during HIS EXCELLENCY'S tour should be addressed "His Excellency the Viceroy's Camp," without the addition of any post town.



The party accompanying HIS EXCELLENCY on tour is as follows :

Her Excellency Lady Curzon of Kedleston (a).  
 H. S. Barnes, Esq., C.S.I., Offg. Foreign Secretary (a).  
 W. R. Lawrence, Esq., C.I.E., Private Secretary...*Throughout*.  
 Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. Sandbach, Military Secretary (a).  
 Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. Fenn, C.I.E., Surgeon to the Viceroy (a).  
 Captain Baker-Carr, A.D.C. (a).  
 Captain R. J. Marker, A.D.C. (a).  
 Captain C. Wigram, A.D.C....*Throughout*.  
 F. W. Latimer, Esq., Assistant Private Secretary (a).

All communications connected with business of a mere routine nature should be sent, as usual, to the Head-quarters of the several Departments.

*The 20th October, 1899.*

**No. 1109-M.**—HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR GENERAL will reach Calcutta on Monday, the 18th December 1899, arriving at Howrah by special train at 4-33 P.M., Calcutta time.

On arrival at the Howrah Railway Station, HIS EXCELLENCY will be received by the Chairman of the Corporation of Calcutta, the Commissioner of Police for the Town of Calcutta, and the Magistrate of Howrah ; and at Government House by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal and Staff, the Honourable Members of HIS EXCELLENCY'S Council, the General Officer Commanding the Presidency District and Staff, the principal Civil and Military Officers, and other gentlemen who are desirous of attending.

A Guard of Honour of the East Indian Railway Volunteers will be drawn up on the platform of the Howrah Railway Station, and a Guard of Honour of Native Troops, with Band, outside the Station.

The route taken will be by the Hooghly Bridge, Strand Road, Fairlie Place, Dalhousie Square North, and Old Court House Street.

The Body Guard and the Calcutta Light Horse will form HIS EXCELLENCY'S Escort.

A Royal Salute will be fired from the Ramparts of Fort William as HIS EXCELLENCY alights from the train.

A Guard of Honour of British Infantry and of the Calcutta Volunteer Rifles will be drawn up in front of the Grand Staircase of Government House.

Full dress will be worn by those entitled to wear uniform, Review order by Military Officers. Gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform will appear in Morning Dress.

By Command,

ARTHUR SANDBACH, *Lieut.-Col.,*  
*Military Secretary to the Viceroy.*

(a) Will be at Delhi and rejoin at Bhopal on the 25th November and accompany His Excellency throughout the rest of the tour.

## LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 20th October, 1899.*

No. 19.—Mr. A. Williams, I.C.S., is appointed to act as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, in the Legislative Department, during the absence, on furlough, of Mr. H. W. C. Carnduff, I.C.S., or until further orders.

J. M. MACPHERSON,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## HOME DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## ESTABLISHMENTS.

*Simla, the 20th October, 1899.*

No. 591.—The Honourable Sir Arthur Charles Trevor, K.C.S.I., an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, reported his return to India on the 20th instant from the leave of absence granted to him in Notification No. 273, dated the 14th April 1899, and resumed charge of his office on the same date.

## EXAMINATIONS.

*The 20th October, 1899.*

No. 626.—With reference to Rules 4 and 9 of the rules published with Home Department Notification No. 529, dated 8th September 1899, and to Rules 2 and 6 published with the Resolution of the Government of Bengal, No. 364-T. F., dated 10th October 1894, it is hereby notified that the examination prescribed for filling up vacancies in the Lower Division of the Secretariat Clerical Service of the Government of India and attached offices and in the Clerical Establishments of the offices subordinate to the Government of Bengal, will be held at Calcutta in the Senate House of the Calcutta University, and at Allahabad and Lahore at the places to be appointed by the Governments of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh and the Punjab, respectively, in January 1900. The exact dates will be notified hereafter. The hours of examination will be from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M., and from 1-30 P.M. to 4-30 P.M., daily.

The probable number of vacancies in the Lower Division of the Secretariat Clerical Service of the Government of India and attached offices to be competed for is ten. Of these, five will be reserved for candidates domiciled in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, the Punjab, the Central Provinces, Rajputana, Central India, and Baluchistan, provided that a sufficient number of such candidates, duly qualified, appear for the examination to be held at Allahabad and Lahore. The remaining five vacancies will be offered for competition among the candidates examined at Calcutta, and such candidates, temporarily resident but not domiciled in any of the Provinces enumerated above, as may be permitted to present themselves for examination at Allahabad and Lahore.

The probable number of vacancies in the offices subordinate to the Government of Bengal is twenty. These will be reserved for candidates examined at Calcutta.

Candidates should pay the prescribed fee (Rs. 10) into the nearest Treasury and forward the Treasury receipt to the Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Calcutta. Candidates paying their fees in Calcutta should pay them into the Bank of Bengal.

Application for permission to appear at the examination should be made to the Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, between the date of this Notification and the 15th December next (inclusive).

*\*Particulars and documents prescribed in Rule 8 of the rules published with the Home Department Notification of 8th September 1899.*

(1) Evidence that the candidate at the date of making his application is not less than 18 and not more than 24 years of age. The date of the candidate's birth must be stated.

(2) In case the candidate has been educated at a school in which students' good-conduct registers are kept, the candidate's register for the last year of his attendance at school, when a year has not elapsed since he left school. In other cases, a certificate that the candidate is of good moral character from the head of the institution in which he has last been educated, or from some respectable householder to whom he is well known in private life, and who is himself known to a District or Sub-Divisional Magistrate or to the head of some Government office—this last fact being certified by the counter-signature of the officer in question.

(3) If the candidate is employed under Government, a certificate by the head of the office or department to the effect that, in his opinion, there is no objection to the candidate appearing at the ensuing Clerkship Examination.

(4) A statement whether the candidate has appeared at any previous Clerkship Examination, and, if so, in what year.

*† Particulars and documents prescribed in Rule 5 of the rules published with the Resolution of the Bengal Government of the 10th October 1894, as amended by Notification No. 877-T.F., dated 17th October 1896.*

(1) The candidate's certificate of the Entrance or any higher University Examination, or of Standard VII prescribed by the Code for European Schools.

(2) Evidence that the candidate at the date of making his application is not less than 18 and not more than 24 years of age. The date of the candidate's birth must be stated.

(3) In case the candidate has been educated at a school in which students' good-conduct registers are kept, and in case a year has not elapsed since he left school, a copy of the candidate's register for the last year of his attendance at school certified by the Head Master. In other cases a certificate that the candidate is of good moral character from the head of the institution in which he has last been educated, or from some respectable householder to whom he is well known in private life, and who is himself known to a District or Sub-Divisional Magistrate or to the head of some Government office—this last fact being certified by the counter-signature of the officer in question.

The attention of intending candidates is called to Rule 8 of the rules\* published with Home Department Notification of the 8th September 1899 and to Rule 5 of the rules published with the Resolution of the Government of Bengal of the 10th October 1894, as amended by Notification No. 877-T.F., dated 17th October 1896, prescribing the particulars and documents† which should accompany the application for permission to appear at the examination.

#### SANITARY. Plague.

*The 14th October, 1899.*

**No. 2875.**—Whereas the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Chitrakot in the Central India Agency, if pilgrims or other persons from the Salem District of the Madras Presidency, the Bombay Presidency including Sind, Calcutta and the District of Saran in Bengal, the Nagpur District of the Central Provinces, the Hoshiarpur District of the Punjab, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the Dipmalka fair, which will be held there on the 2nd November 1899:

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (v) of the Epidemic Diseases Act (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to any station between Naini and Katni (both inclusive) on the East Indian Railway and Manikpur and Jhansi (both inclusive) on the Indian Midland Railway, shall be sold from the 25th October to the 8th November 1899 (both days inclusive) within the Salem District of the Madras Presidency, the Bombay Presidency including Sind, Calcutta and the District of Saran in Bengal, the Nagpur District of the Central Provinces, the Hoshiarpur District of the Punjab, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States to any pilgrim or other person intending or believed to be intending to proceed on pilgrimage to the Dipmalka fair at Chitrakot.

*The 20th October, 1899.*

**No. 2023.**—Whereas the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Ajmer and at Pushkar in the Ajmer District if pilgrims or other persons from the Salem District of the Madras Presidency, the

Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Saran District in Bengal, the Hoshiarpur District of the Punjab, the Nagpur Division of the Central Provinces, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Urs Khwaja Sahib and Pushkar fairs :

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1) of the Epidemic Diseases Act (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Ajmer, Tabili, Saradhna, Margaliawas, Madar, Ladpura, and Akhri and to the stations of Nasirabad and Bandanwara on the Rajputana-Malwa Railway shall be sold from the 1st to the 20th November 1899 (both days inclusive) within the Salem District of the Madras Presidency, the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Saran District in Bengal, the Hoshiarpur District of the Punjab, the Nagpur Division of the Central Provinces, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States to any pilgrim or other person intending or believed to be intending to proceed on pilgrimage to the Urs Khwaja Sahib and Pushkar fairs.

**No. 2936.**—In the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 4341, dated the 10th November 1898, it was ordered, under the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1) of the Epidemic Diseases Act (III of 1897), that the pilgrimage to the Hedjaz during the season of 1899 might be permitted, except in the case of persons residing in the Bombay Presidency (excluding the whole of Sind except Karachi), the Presidency of Madras, the Mysore and Hyderabad States and Coorg, subject to certain precautions and restrictions which were imposed in view of the strong opinions of all European Governments, including Turkey, regarding the danger of plague being communicated to Europe, and in view of the danger of plague being spread by intending pilgrims from infected to non-infected portions of India.

Plague is unfortunately still widely prevalent in the Bombay Presidency, and is specially severe in the southern districts and States. Karachi remains an infected port and plague prevails also at Hyderabad in Sind. The disease is widespread and severe in both the Mysore and Hyderabad States. It is endemic in the Salem District of the Madras Presidency and imported cases have recently occurred in other districts. Calcutta became re-infected in the latter part of July last, and a recrudescence has lately been reported from the district of Saran in Behar. The Nagpur City and District in the Central Provinces are infected and plague has re-appeared in the Hoshiarpur District of the Punjab.

The alarm experienced by European Governments, including Turkey, regarding the danger of plague being imported to Europe is in no measure abated, and during the past season Indian pilgrims were again subject to much vexatious restriction and consequent hardship. The Government of India do not think it necessary to prohibit the pilgrimage from the uninfected portions of India during the coming season, but they consider it essential that careful precautions should be observed similar to those which were enforced during the past season.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the order contained in the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 4341, dated the 10th November 1898.

The Governor General in Council is further pleased to direct that, until further orders, no person resident permanently or temporarily in the Presidency of Bombay including Sind, the Presidency of Madras, the Mysore and Hyderabad States, Coorg, Calcutta and the Saran District of Behar, the Nagpur Division of the Central Provinces and the Hoshiarpur District of the Punjab shall be permitted to embark from any port in India with the object of making a pilgrimage to Mecca.

The Governor General in Council is further pleased to direct as follows :

- (1) That no person shall be permitted to embark with the object of making a pilgrimage to Mecca, except at the port of Chittagong in the Lower Provinces of Bengal, and unless and until such person has been kept under observation in a place appointed for the purpose until such time as the Medical Officer in charge shall be satisfied that all risk of such person conveying the infection of plague has been completely abated, and unless such person is conveyed from the place of observation to the place of embarkation under the charge of an officer appointed for the purpose.

- (2) That no passage tickets for the Hedjaz shall be sold, except at the places appointed for the detention of intending pilgrims under observation.

The Government of India think it necessary to repeat the warning given last year that, although they have decided that the pilgrimage to the Hedjaz may be permitted, subject to the safeguards enumerated above, they are nevertheless convinced that intending pilgrims will be well advised in deferring their purpose until another season, in view specially of the stringent quarantine rules imposed by the Turkish Government and the inconvenience and harassment to which it is likely they will be subjected on arriving in Arabia.

**No. 2954.**—The following Notices of the Board of Trade are published for general information:

(F. & H. 13099.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, September 22, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at Christiania, enclosing the following Notice respecting quarantine, *vis.*:

Royal Quarantine Proclamation for Norway.

I. Vessels, on which during the voyage there have been or upon whose arrival there still are persons attacked by plague, are directed to the quarantine establishment on Odderø, near Christianssand, where they are subjected to the following treatment:

- (a.) Sick persons are brought at once to shore on Odderø and are kept in seclusion for ten days after they are cured.

The dead are buried with all the precautions laid down by the quarantine regulations.

- (b.) Clothes and other objects which have been used by persons on board, as well as the cabins in which the sick have lain, shall be cleansed to the full degree laid down by the Quarantine Commissioners. The Quarantine Commissioners are also empowered, if they think proper, to order a cleansing of other objects and other parts of the ship than those already named.

- (c.) As soon as possible after the arrival of the ship, its closets shall be cleansed, its bilge water disinfected and pumped out, and the drinking water on board exchanged for fresh water.

- (d.) The vessel as well as all the persons on board will be kept isolated for ten days after all such persons as have died of plague, or have been attacked by or suspected of it, have passed out, and after the cleansing described above has been carried out.

As long as the isolation lasts, the vessel must carry the quarantine flag, and have no other communication with shore or with other vessels than the Quarantine Commissioners permit.

If any fresh case of plague breaks out among the persons remaining on board, a fresh period of ten days must begin from the date when this fresh case is completely dealt with.

II. Vessels which, without having been in any of the conditions described in I, come from a place attacked by plague or have had any sort of communication with vessels carrying plague patients on board or persons coming from a plague centre, must on reaching this country be kept isolated at a place indicated by the Quarantine Commissioners until ten days have elapsed since the time when the vessel last left a place infected with plague or had communication with a plague-smitten vessel.

As soon as possible after the arrival of the ship its closets shall be cleansed, its bilge water disinfected and pumped out, and the drinking water on board renewed.

If the vessel is released after this said period has elapsed, the clothes and other objects which have been used by people on board shall be cleansed in full accordance with the directions of the Quarantine Commissioners.

So far as the possibility goes of cases of plague breaking out whilst the vessel lies in quarantine, the directions for such cases under I must be followed, but so that the vessel must not continue to lie at the quarantine establishment in Christianssand if the Commissioners find that sufficient isolation can be ensured on board a hospital ship.

III. As objects carrying infection of plague, the following list is to be taken in the place of that issued in the quarantine regulation of February 10, 1849:

- (a.) Used linen, other clothes (used), and used bed-clothes.

- (b.) Rags and clouts.



- (c.) Used bags, carpets, embroidered goods.
- (d.) Skins and untanned leather.
- (e.) Fresh portions of meat, bone, horn, hoof, claw, hair, bristles, raw silk and wool.
- (f.) Human hair.

In so far as a vessel brings from a plague country, from which importation is not forbidden, objects capable of carrying infection, these shall be disinfected, unless they are not unpacked, and form an entirely isolated portion of the general cargo. In these cases, disinfection is not compulsory.

It shall be decided by the Quarantine Commissioners what the limit shall be in each particular case of the obligation to disinfect.

IV. In cases when the cleansing or disinfection which has been described is ordered or is decided by a Quarantine Commissioner to be necessary, it must be carried out exactly according to the procedure laid down by the Director in his rules for the civil practice of medicine in matters of disinfection.

V. These rules come into force at once, and infractions of them will be punished in accordance with the quarantine law of July 12, 1848, § 21.

At the same day are cancelled §§ 8-12 of the quarantine law of July 12, 1848, with exception of the last two paragraphs of § 12, which read:

"Every one who holds communication with a quarantined vessel before she is laid, or while she lies, in quarantine, is subjected to the same quarantine as those persons who have arrived with the vessel. If such persons have landed, or have entered houses, or brought goods into them from the vessel, all that is possible must be done to isolate those houses and their inhabitants during the full period of quarantine."

This regulation, of course, does not affect those persons whose duty it is to carry out the prescriptions of the law.

Further are cancelled the other regulations in the said law, and all regulations in the quarantine law of February 10, 1849, which clash in any degree with the present rules.

All persons concerned will please attend.

Given in Christiania, September 12, 1899.

Under the Royal Seal.

Rules for Disinfection which are to take the place of the rules contained in §§ 51, 52, and 53 of the law of February 10, 1849.

1. Worn-out or ragged clothes, clouts, bedstraw and other more or less worthless objects of the same kind, which cannot be disinfected, must be burned. Ship's provisions, which there is any reason to fear have touched the sick, are in the same category.

2. Wearing apparel, bed-clothes and the like must be disinfected by streams of vapour, with or without pressure in the disinfecting apparatus made for this purpose.

In order that the disinfection may be safe, the temperature must stand at 100° C. for 15 minutes, in the clothes which are being disinfected.

3. Where it is not possible to carry out a satisfactory disinfection in the mode described the clothes must be placed for at least six hours in a disinfecting solution. This must consist either of five per cent. solution of carbolic acid in hot green-soap and water, or else of a solution of sublimate (1 per 1,000 added to a little chlornatrium and coloured with aniline blue or indigo in order to avoid mistakes).

This last solution should, if possible, be used only under the direct care of a Physician.

4. Objects of leather, skin, or wool are disinfected best by thorough washing with one of the solutions mentioned under (3), metal objects, as for example coins, by washing and rinsing in a solution of carbolic acid.

5. Persons who have touched the sick or infected objects should carefully wash their hands and faces with the solutions described.

6. The evacuations of the sick are disinfected best by pouring over them a considerable quantity of chalk-milk (20 parts of chalk to 100 parts of water). Spit and matter from boils should be burned.

7. In the disinfection of ships which have had plague patients on board, the following must be the practice:—The cabins and other parts of the ship where the sick have been, must be emptied, and all the objects contained in them must be treated in the way described above. The roof and walls are then disinfected with the above-described solution of sublimate, with 10 per cent. of spirits of wine added. With this roof and walls are wetted thoroughly, if possible by a pulverisator, and in such a way that the work

begins at the top and ends at the floor. The floors are washed in the same way. After two hours the walls and floors are rubbed down and washed out with sea-water.

These spaces may also be disinfected by a thorough washing of roof, walls and floor with the above described solution of carbolic acid in warm green-soap and water.

8. If the ship's hold is to be disinfected its walls must first be drenched with a sufficient quantity of a solution of iron vitriol; then the bilge water is emptied, after which the whole hold is scoured with sea-water. Finally, it is washed with the solution of sublimate.

The emptying of the bilge water must not be done in harbour.

Regulations with regard to the prohibition of importation from Portugal of dirty clothes, clouts, rags, &c.

§ 1. It is forbidden to import into this country from Portugal the following articles :

- (a.) Used linen, other dirty clothes, and used bed-clothes.
- (b.) Rags and clouts.
- (c.) Used bags, carpets, embroidered goods.
- (d.) Skins and untanned leather.
- (e.) Fresh portions of meat, bone, horn, hoof, claw, hair, bristles, raw silk and wool.
- (f.) Human hair.

§ 2. Linen, articles of clothing and bed-clothes, which persons arriving here from Portugal bring with them for their own use, may be imported if they are cleansed in accordance with the permission of the Quarantine and Health Commissioners, and under the rules for disinfection laid down in the course of the law of this day for the regulation of quarantine in connection with the plague.

§ 3. These regulations come into force herewith.

All persons concerned take notice.

Given in Christiania, September 12, 1899.

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(F. & H. 13127.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, September 22, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at Réunion, enclosing the following Notice respecting quarantine, *vis.* :

Un arrêté récapitulatif ayant pour but de grouper en un seul arrêté toutes les mesures prises jusqu'ici dans la Colonie contre les maladies pestilentiellles.

Nous, Gouverneur p. i. de l'Île de la Réunion.

Vu l'article 9 du sénatus-consulte du 3 Mai 1854 ;

Vu l'article 40 de l'ordonnance du 21 Août 1825 ;

Vu le décret du 31 Mars 1897 sur la police sanitaire ;

Dans le but de grouper en un seul arrêté toutes les mesures prises jusqu'ici dans la Colonie contre les maladies pestilentiellles, choléra, fièvre jaune et peste,

Vu les arrêtés des 13 Février 1897, 26 Mai 1897, 1er Juillet 1897, 19 Mars 1898, 25 Août 1898, 4 Novembre 1898, 21 Novembre 1898, 2 Février 1899, 27 Mars 1899, 20 Mai 1899, 10 Juillet 1899 ;

Sur la proposition du Directeur de la Santé.

Avons arrêté arrêtons :

ART. 1er. L'introduction à la Réunion des marchandises provenant directement ou indirectement des pays contaminés est prohibée.

ART. 2. Les navires provenant avec patente nette de ports indemnes mais en relations avec les ports contaminés ne seront reçus dans les ports et rades de la Colonie que si leur cargaison est accompagnée de certificats authentiques d'origine délivrés par Autorités françaises et de certificats attestant qu'ils ont été désinfectés s'ils ont antérieurement fréquenté un port contaminé ou transporté des marchandises suspectes.

ART. 3. Les navires qui auront chargé dans un port français d'où ils viennent directement ne seront pas tenus de produire de certificats de désinfection.

ART. 4. Les marchandises provenant de Tamative devront être accompagnées de certificats attestant qu'elles ont subi avant l'embarquement les désinfections prescrites par le Gouverneur-Général et contenues au Journal officiel du Madagascar du 1er Mars 1899.

ART. 5. Les pièces de machines fabriquées à Maurice ou en provenant seront acceptées à la Réunion à la condition d'avoir été désinfectées avant l'embarquement et être accompagnées d'un certificat du Consul-Général de France attestant leur désinfection.

ART. 6. Sont actuellement déclarés contaminés :

La Côte Ouest de l'Inde ; le Golfe Persique ; le Port de Mascate ; Calcutta, sur la Côte Est ; Hong-Kong ; Djeddah ; les Ports de l'Egypte ; Maurice ; Grand-Bassam.

ART. 7. Le Procureur-Général et le Directeur de la Santé sont chargés, chacun en ce qui le concerne, de l'exécution du présent arrêté qui sera communiqué et enregistré partout où besoin sera et inséré au journal et au Bulletin officiels.

Saint-Denis, le 27 Juillet.

(F. & H. 13316.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, September 25, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at Madrid, intimating that Calcutta has been declared foul and Penang clean.

#### POLICE.

*The 20th October, 1899.*

**No. 627.**—Consequent on the grant of furlough for one year to Mr. J. T. B. D. Sewell, District Superintendent of Police of the 2nd class, the following temporary appointments are made in the Berar Police, with effect from the 8th September 1899, and until further orders :

Mr. R. MacGill, District Superintendent of the 3rd class, to officiate in the 2nd class.

Mr. G. G. Wright, District Superintendent of the 4th class, officiating in the 3rd class, to continue to officiate in the 3rd class.

Mr. A. D. Szczepanski, District Superintendent of the 4th class, to officiate in the 3rd class.

Mr. J. C. T. Fairweather, District Superintendent of the 5th class, officiating in the 4th class, to continue to officiate in the 4th class.

Mr. J. R. O'Grady, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd class, and officiating District Superintendent of the 5th class, to officiate as a District Superintendent of the 4th class.

#### ECCLESIASTICAL.

*The 20th October, 1899.*

**No. 471.**—The Reverend J. Low, a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal (Rangoon) Ecclesiastical Establishment, to be a Senior Chaplain, with effect from the 28th October 1899.

#### BOOKS.

*The 20th October, 1899.*

**No. 1406.**—The following orders of Her Majesty in Council published in the *London Gazette* of the 11th August 1899 are republished for general information :

*Extract from the London Gazette of 11th August 1899.*

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 8th day of August 1899.

#### PRESENT :

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord Chancellor.

Lord James of Hereford.

Lord President.

Sir Fleetwood Edwards.

**W**HEREAS on the ninth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, a Convention (hereinafter called "the Berne Convention") with respect to the protection to be given by way of copyright to the authors of literary and artistic works

was concluded between Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the foreign countries following, that is to say :

Belgium, Hayti, Switzerland, France, Italy, Germany, Spain and Tunis.

And whereas on the fifth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, the ratifications of the said Convention were duly exchanged between Her Majesty the Queen and the aforesaid countries.

And whereas by an Order in Council dated the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, and made under the authority committed to Her Majesty by the International Copyright Acts, 1844 to 1886, Her Majesty was pleased to make provision for giving rights of copyright throughout Her Majesty's dominions to the authors of literary and artistic works first produced in any of the said foreign countries (therein referred to as the foreign countries of the Copyright Union) and otherwise giving effect throughout Her Majesty's dominions to the terms of the said Berne Convention and an English translation of the said Convention was set out in the first schedule to the Order in Council now in recital.

And whereas since the date of the said Order in Council hereinbefore recited the foreign countries following, namely:—Luxembourg, Monaco, Montenegro and Norway have acceded to the said Berne Convention and by Orders in Council dated respectively the tenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, the fifteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, the sixteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and made under the authority aforesaid the provisions of the hereinbefore recited Order in Council of the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, have been extended to the last-mentioned foreign countries respectively and the last-mentioned foreign countries together with the foreign countries comprised in the said Order in Council of the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, now constitute the foreign countries of the Copyright Union within the meaning of the said Order in Council.

And whereas an additional Act to the said Berne Convention was agreed upon between Her Majesty and the following foreign countries for the purpose of varying the provisions of the said Berne Convention, namely:—Germany, Italy, Switzerland, Belgium, Luxembourg and Spain, Monaco, Tunis, France, Montenegro and the ratifications of the said additional Act were on the ninth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven exchanged between Her Majesty and the said foreign countries.

And whereas by an Order in Council dated the seventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, and made under the authority aforesaid Her Majesty was pleased to make provision for varying the hereinbefore recited Order in Council of the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, and otherwise giving effect to the said additional Act throughout Her Majesty's dominions so far as regards the foreign countries hereinbefore named as parties to the said additional Act and an English translation of the said additional Act is set forth in the schedule to the Order in Council now in recital :

And whereas the Republic of Hayti having duly acceded to the said additional Act the said Order in Council of the seventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, was by Order in Council of the nineteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, extended to the said Republic.

And whereas it has been intimated to Her Majesty's Government that the Government of the Empire of Japan have notified the accession of that country to the said Berne Convention and additional Act to take effect from the fifteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

And whereas Her Majesty in Council is satisfied that the said Empire of Japan has made such provisions as it appears to Her Majesty expedient to require for the protection of authors of works first produced in Her Majesty's dominions.

Now therefore Her Majesty by, and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said Acts, doth order and it is hereby ordered as follows :

1. From and after the commencement of this Order the hereinbefore recited Orders in Council of the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, and the seventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, shall extend to the said Empire of Japan.

2. This Order shall come into operation on the fifteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, which date is hereinbefore referred to as the commencement of this Order.

3. And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary orders herein accordingly.

A. W. FitzRoy.

AT the Court at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, the 8th day of August, 1899.

PRESENT :

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord Chancellor.

Lord James of Hereford.

Lord President.

Sir Fleetwood Edwards.

WHEREAS on the ninth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, a Convention (hereinafter called the Berne Convention) with respect to the protection to be given by way of Copyright to the authors of literary and artistic works was concluded between Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and certain foreign countries therein named and on the fifth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, the ratifications of the said Convention were duly exchanged between Her Majesty and the said countries.

And whereas by an Order in Council dated the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, and made under the authority committed to Her Majesty by the International Copyright Acts, 1844 to 1886, Her Majesty was pleased to make provision for giving rights of Copyright throughout Her Majesty's dominions to the authors of literary and artistic works first produced in any of the said foreign countries and otherwise giving effect throughout Her Majesty's dominions to the terms of the said Berne Convention and an English translation of the said Convention was set out in the first Schedule to the Order in Council now in recital.

And whereas since the date of the said Order in Council hereinbefore-recited the Principality of Montenegro acceded to the said Berne Convention and by an Order in Council dated the sixteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, the provisions of the said Order in Council of the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, were extended to the said Principality.

And whereas an additional Act to the said Berne Convention was agreed upon between Her Majesty and certain foreign countries (including Montenegro) for the purposes of varying the provisions of the said Berne Convention and the ratifications of the said additional Act were on the ninth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, exchanged between Her Majesty and the said foreign countries parties thereto.

And whereas by an Order in Council dated the seventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, and made under the authority aforesaid Her Majesty was pleased to make provision for varying the hereinbefore-recited Order in Council of the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, and otherwise giving effect to the said additional Act throughout Her Majesty's dominions so far as regards the foreign countries parties thereto (including Montenegro) and an English translation of the said additional Act is set forth in the schedule to the Order in Council now in recital.

And whereas by the said Berne Convention and the said additional Act it is provided that the said Convention shall remain in effect until the termination of a year from the day on which it may have been denounced and that such denunciation shall be made to the Government of the Swiss Confederation and shall only be effective as regards the country making it the said Convention remaining in full force and effect for the other countries parties thereto.

And whereas Her Majesty's Government have been informed that the Government of Montenegro did on the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, denounce the said Berne Convention to the Government of the Swiss Confederation in accordance with the terms of the said Convention and additional Act.

Now therefore Her Majesty by, and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority committed to Her by the International Copyright Acts, 1844 to 1886, doth order and it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. The hereinbefore recited Order in Council of the sixteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, is hereby revoked as from the commencement of this Order and the provisions of the hereinbefore recited Orders in Council of the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, and the seventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, shall as from the commencement of this Order cease to apply to the Principality of Montenegro.

2. Nothing contained in this Order shall prejudicially affect any right acquired or accrued before the commencement of this Order by virtue of the said Orders in Council of the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, the sixteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and the seventh day of



March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, or otherwise, and any person entitled to such right shall continue entitled thereto and to the remedies for the same in like manner as if this Order had not been made.

3. This Order shall come into operation on the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred, which date is hereinbefore referred to as the commencement of this Order.

And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary orders herein accordingly.

*A. W. FitzRoy.*

**A. H. L. FRASER,**

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

### NOTIFICATION.

#### FORESTS.

*Simla, the 19th October, 1899.*

No. 915-F.—With reference to the Notification of this Department No. 640-F., dated the 14th July last, Mr. H. C. Hill made over charge of the office of Inspector General of Forests to Mr. B. Ribbentrop, C.I.E., in the afternoon of the 7th October 1899, on the return of the latter officer from the privilege leave granted him in Notification No. 1984 (General), dated the 16th May 1899.

From the same date Mr. Hill proceeded on subsidiary leave preparatory to availing himself of the special leave granted him in Notification No. 829-F., dated the 14th ultimo.

**T. W. HOLDERNESS,**

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 11th October, 1899.*

No. 1565 (A)-E.—A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply to the territories administered by the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan as such Agent the enactments set forth in the schedule to this notification :

Provided that, for the purpose of facilitating the application of the said enactments as so applied, any Court may construe their provisions with such alterations, not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt them to the matter before the Court:

Provided also that all references to the Local Government shall be read as referring to the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.

#### SCHEDULE.

Year.	Number.	Short title or subject.	Whether whole or part applied.
1865	XXI	The Parsi Intestate Succession Act, 1865.	The whole Act.
1890	XVI	The Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act (1886) Amendment Act, 1890.	Ditto.
1895	XII	The Indian Companies (Memorandum of Association) Act, 1895.	Ditto.
1896	X	The Indian Volunteers Act Amendment Act, 1896.	Ditto.

Year.	Number.	Short title or subject.	Whether whole or part applied.
1897	V	The Repealing and Amending Act, 1897.	So much of it as relates to the Bengal Foreign Immigrants Regulation, 1812.
1897	IX	The Provident Funds Act, 1897 ...	The whole Act.
1897	X	The General Clauses Act, 1897 ...	Ditto.
1897	XIV	The Indian Short Titles Act, 1897 ...	Ditto.
1898	III	The Lepers Act, 1898 ...	Ditto.
1898	IV	The Indian Penal Code Amendment Act, 1898.	Ditto.
1898	VI	The Indian Post Office Act, 1898 ...	Ditto.
1899	II	The Indian Stamp Act, 1899 ...	Ditto.
1899	IV	The Government Buildings Act, 1899	Ditto.
1899	V	The Indian Evidence Act, 1899 ...	Ditto.
1899	VI	The Indian Contract Act, Amendment Act, 1899.	Ditto.
1899	VIII	The Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 ...	Sections 1 to 3 and 25 and all the provisions of the Act so far as they relate to dangerous petroleum and the importation of petroleum.
1899	XI	The Court-fees Amendment Act, 1899.	The whole Act.
1899	XII	The Currency-Notes Forgery Act, 1899	Ditto.
1899	XVII	The Indian Registration (Amendment) Act, 1899.	Ditto.

No. 1565-(B) E.—A.—In continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 977-E., dated the 17th May, 1895, and in exercise of the powers cited therein, the Governor General in Council, is pleased to apply to the tahsil of Quetta in the territories administered by the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan as such Agent the provisions, so far as they may be suitable, of Act XVII of 1896 (*an Act to amend the Punjab Land-Revenue Act, 1887*) :

Provided that references in the said Act as so applied to the Local Government and the Financial Commissioner shall be read as referring, respectively, to the Agent to the Governor General and the Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan.

*The 18th October, 1899.*

No. 3032-1 A.—Major J. R. Dunlop-Smith, Indian Staff Corps, Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture in the Punjab, is appointed temporarily to be Famine Commissioner in Rajputana and Secretary to the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana and Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, Famine Branch, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

*The 19th October, 1899.*

No. 2737-F.—The notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 1248-F., dated the 15th May, 1896, in respect of criminal proceedings within the district of Southern Waziristan, including the Bhitanni country and the Gomal Pass, is hereby cancelled.

*The 20th October, 1899.*

No. 1639-G.—The services of Lieutenant H. A. K. Gough, Indian Staff Corps, are, on return from furlough, placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties as a supernumerary Assistant Commissioner.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Simla, the 16th October, 1899.*

No. 4710-P—Mr. R. N. Ray, Officiating Deputy Auditor General, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-eight days, with effect from the 18th of September 1899.

## PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

FUNDS, ETC.

No. 4837-P.

*The 20th October, 1899.*

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

## Read—

Despatch to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 230, dated the 6th July 1899.

Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 155 (Financial), dated the 17th August 1899.

RESOLUTION.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Secretary of State, the Governor General in Council has approved of the institution of a Provident Fund for the Officers of the Financial Department.

2. The rules under which the Fund will, for the present, be conducted are attached to this Resolution.

3. Subscriptions to the Fund should first be made on salaries becoming due on the 1st of December 1899.

ORDER.—Ordered that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT PROVIDENT FUND.

*Qualifications.*

I.—All officers appointed to the Enrolled List by selection in England will be required to subscribe to the Fund.

Officers now in the Enrolled List who were appointed thereto otherwise than by selection in England, officers who may be similarly appointed to it in future, and all Chief Superintendents, shall have the option of subscribing to the Fund. Officers for whom subscription to the Fund is not compulsory may discontinue or renew their subscriptions at their option.

*Subscriptions.*

II.—The conditions under which officers will join the Fund are as follows:

- (1) The monthly deposit may be not less than 5 per cent. and not more than 10 per cent. on the salary (as defined in the Civil Service Regulations) of each depositor for the month. Arrear subscriptions of voluntary deposits are never allowed. Arrear subscriptions in the case of compulsory deposits will be recovered even

though their recovery may result in a payment in excess of the limit of 10 per cent. of the salary from which it is actually made.

- (2) An officer on leave of any kind, except privilege leave, may subscribe any sum he pleases, provided that he may not subscribe for any month less than 5 per cent. of his leave allowances for that month or more than 10 per cent. of the salary which he drew when last on duty.

III.—Deposits will be recovered by deduction from bills, except in the following cases in which they may be made in cash in India :

*Receipt of deposits.*

- (1) When an officer draws his leave allowances out of India.
- (2) When an officer is on leave without allowances.
- (3) When an officer is in foreign service.

• Cash payments of subscriptions must be made by depositors by credit or remittance to the Comptroller, India Treasuries.

Receipts and payments will be made in rupees only.

*Benefits.*

IV.—Compound interest at 4 per cent. on such payments will be annually credited by Government to each officer subscribing. The Government may at any time, at its option, and without giving any right to withdrawal of subscriptions, reduce the rate of interest to any rate not less than half per cent. in excess of that at which it is raising rupee loans in India.

V.—Interest will be allowed for each calendar month upon the minimum

*Interest.*

balance of the depositor's account between the close of the fourth day and the end of the month. In calculating interest under this rule, the deposits received by deduction from salary will be considered as paid into the Fund on the 1st of the month succeeding that for which the salaries from which the deductions are made are due. The interest will be calculated monthly, but will not be added to principal until the end of the official year, except when the account is to be finally closed on account of the depositor's dying or quitting the service. Interest will be allowed up to the end of the month in which the depositor dies, or which immediately precedes that in which he quits the service, whether the balance at credit is withdrawn before or after the end of that month.

VI.—As exceptions to the rule that subscriptions realised by deduction from pay bills are to be considered for the purpose of calculating interest as paid into the Fund on the 1st of the month succeeding that for which the salaries from which the deductions are made are due :

- (1) Deductions made from salaries paid in advance owing to transfer or long leave out of India are to be considered in the case of the former as having been made on the date on which an officer is relieved of his duties, and in the case of the latter as having been made on the date on which the Account Office pays up an officer prior to embarkation.
- (2) Deductions from salaries paid in arrears in consequence of promotion given with retrospective effect should be considered as having been made on the 1st of the month in which the arrears are drawn.

In the case of reversions made with retrospective effect, the write-back of the amount originally recovered in conformity with the rules should be considered as having been made on the 1st of the month in which the recovery is effected.

VII.—The sum which will thus accumulate to the credit of an officer will be his absolute property, to be handed over to him unconditionally on quitting the service, or in the event of his death before retirement, to his legal representatives. Government will not be bound by or recognise any assignment or trust executed or attempted to be created by any officer during his life-time, and will only make payments (1) during the life-time of the officer on his own receipts; (2) after his death in accordance with Rule VIII below.

VIII.—The balances of deceased depositors are regulated by the Indian Succession Act (X of 1865), the Administrator General's Act (II of 1874) and the Succession Certificate Act (VII of 1889), in cases where the balance at credit of the deceased member exceeds two thousand rupees; and in cases where the balance at credit does not exceed two thousand rupees, by section 3 of the Provident Funds Act (IX of 1897) which is quoted below:

*Section 3*—(1) When a subscriber to, or depositor in, any Government or Railway Provident Fund dies, and the sum standing to his credit in the books of the Fund does not exceed two thousand rupees, the officer or person whose duty it is to make payment of such sum may pay it as follows:

(a) He may pay it to any person entitled to receive it according to the rules of the Fund or, in the absence of any rule of the Fund to the contrary, to any person nominated in writing by the deceased subscriber or depositor to receive it.

(b) In any case not hereinbefore provided for, he may pay it to any person appearing to him to be entitled to receive it.

(2) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall apply to any such sum which, at the commencement of this Act, stands to the credit of any subscriber or depositor already deceased.

(3) Nothing in this section shall affect the validity of the rules of any Fund in so far as such rules may provide for the disposal of sums exceeding two thousand rupees.

#### *Advances.*

IX.—No withdrawal will ordinarily be allowed from the deposit until the depositor quits the service or dies. But on the Comptroller-General being satisfied that the pecuniary circumstances of a depositor are such that the indulgence is absolutely necessary, a deposit may be temporarily withdrawn under orders issued by the Comptroller-General—

(i) to pay for the passage of the depositor going on leave out of India on medical certificate or returning from such leave;

(ii) to pay for the passage of any member of the depositor's family coming from beyond the sea to join him, or going beyond the sea, sick, or from some urgent cause.

X.—Before authorising a withdrawal under the above rule, the Comptroller General should ascertain from the Account Officer that the withdrawal is covered by the amount at credit, and no payment may be made, save under the orders of the Account Officer.

XI.—Withdrawals under Rule IX will be recovered in twenty equal monthly instalments compulsorily deducted from salary in addition to contributions under Rule II, whenever full salary is drawn, until the whole is refunded. Such instalments may be paid in advance.

#### *Procedure.*

XII.—The deposits received under these rules will be credited on the books of the Government to an account named "Financial Department Provident Fund." The administration of the Fund will rest with the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department. The Secretary of the Fund will be the Account Officer of the Fund, that is, the Comptroller, India Treasuries.

XIII.—As soon as possible after the close of each year, each depositor will receive a statement of his account with interest made up to 31st March. Depositors are required to satisfy themselves as to the correctness of these statements; and unless errors in them are brought to the notice of the officer rendering the account within one month from the date of their receipt, Government will not be responsible for any sums not thus acknowledged.

XIV.—Any depositor may, once in the official year but not oftener, receive, on application to the Comptroller, India Treasuries, a copy of his account for the last official year and for so many months of the current year as may have been posted and agreed.



## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 20th October, 1899.*

## APPOINTMENTS.

## ARMY STAFF.

No. 1122.—Major E. C. Bethune, 16th Lancers, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Nagpur District, to be an Assistant Adjutant-General on the establishment, *vice* Brevet-Major F. Wintour, whose tenure has expired. Dated 10th September 1899.

## STAFF CORPS.

No. 1123.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officers of the Unattached List are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

## Second-Lieutenants—

Herbert Thompson Shaw Rogers. Dated 6th November 1898.

Percy Macclesfield Heath. Dated 21st November 1898.

Sydney Frederick Muspratt. Dated 23rd September 1899.

Lennard Francis George Stovin Wyld. Dated 3rd October 1899.

William Ralph Lawrenson. Dated 5th October 1899.

Walter Lloyd Sinclair Meiklejohn. Dated 5th October 1899.

D'Arcy Mackenzie Fraser. Dated 7th October 1899.

## DISCIPLINE.

No. 1124.—The Governor-General in Council, who is invested with the supreme control of the Army in India, is unable to pass by, without a formal expression of the opinion of the Government of India, the recent occurrence in which a Regiment of Her Majesty's Army has been implicated, at Rangoon. The Governor-General in Council does not claim to review the verdict of a Court of Justice, nor to interfere with the disciplinary powers that are vested in, and will be exercised on the present occasion by, the Commander-in-Chief. There will, however, be an inevitable delay in the issue of these orders, owing to the necessity of reference to England. In the meantime the Governor-General in Council desires to place upon record the sense of profound horror and repugnance that has been felt by the Government of India at the incident in question.

The Governor-General in Council is aware that it has been reprobated by the entire Service, and that it reflects only the unthinking passions of the few, and not the disposition of the mass. But the effect of even an isolated case may be serious and wide reaching. Heroism on the

battlefield, or self-sacrifice in the struggle with human suffering—virtues for which Her Majesty's soldiers in India have earned a proud and just reputation—are thereby alike depreciated.

That the offence itself should have been committed, under the conditions that have been publicly disclosed, is revolting. But it is scarcely less regrettable that the efforts made to detect and to punish the offenders by the processes of military and civil enquiry should have resulted in complete failure, owing in the main to the negligence and the apathy that were displayed in responsible quarters in the earlier stages of the investigation. These matters will be made the subject of official action.

The Governor-General in Council is anxious to say no word which might seem to imply that the Army as a whole is involved in the disgrace that has fallen upon one of its regiments. With the officers of the army however rests the ultimate responsibility for the conduct of their men, and in their custody are placed the honour of the Service and the credit of the ruling race. Similarly it is for the soldiers of Her Majesty's forces in India to uphold the honourable traditions of the uniform which they wear, and, in the irksome and sometimes uncongenial conditions of service in a distant land, to practise that discipline which is their duty as soldiers, and the self-restraint which is incumbent upon them as men. The Governor-General in Council is confident that in neither case will this appeal be disregarded.

## FIELD OPERATIONS.

No. 1125.—In clause I of G. G. O. No. 856 of 1899, after the words "Local Governments and Administrations concerned" insert "and to Political officers of the State concerned when casualties occur among soldiers enlisted from Native States."

## LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 1126.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 26th September 1899, pages 5870 and 5871.

## WAR OFFICE;

*Pall Mall, 26th September, 1899.*

*Indian Staff Corps.*—Lieutenant-General William Paget La Touche is transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list. Dated 6th September 1899.

Major-General Horace Moule Evans, C.B., to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 6th September 1899.

Colonel James Lawtie Fagan to be Major-General. Dated 6th September 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph Henry Newill is transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list. Dated 12th September 1899.

## BREVET.

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Colonels to be Colonels:

Henry C. E. Lucas, Indian Staff Corps.  
Dated 21st August 1899.

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## PENSIONS.

## WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 1127.—Conductor John Dowe, Ordnance Department, Bengal, has been transferred to the pension establishment.

## PROMOTIONS.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 1128.—Subject to Her Majesty's approval the undermentioned Major is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, whilst serving as regimental commandant, Indian Army:

George Jocelyn Shaw,—27th September 1899.

No. 1129.—The following promotion is made subject to Her Majesty's approval:

*To be Lieutenant.*

Second-Lieutenant Charles McGregor  
Withers,—12th October 1899.

## ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay.*

No. 1130.—Sub-Conductor Stephen O'Grady, Assistant Overseer, Gun Carriage Factory, Bombay, seconded, to be Conductor, seconded;

Sub-Conductor William McDowell to be Conductor;

Store Sergeant Henry James Thomas to be Sub-Conductor,—

with effect from the 15th August 1899, *vice* Conductor William Bloss, retired.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay.*

No. 1131.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant William Frederick Lyon to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant James Walker to be Assistant Commissary;

• Conductor Charles Veale to be Deputy Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval,—

with effect from the 1st July 1899, *vice* Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain William Henry Pitts, retired.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1132.—14th (The Ferozepore Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Tara Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Kripal Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st October 1899.

No. 1133.—37th (Dogra) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Havildar Bhup Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Kartara, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 21st July 1899.

No. 1134.—13th Regiment of Madras Infantry—

Subadar Kadir Muhiyuddin to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Venkatasami to be Subadar and Havildar Niranjana Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jagannath Singh, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 30th May 1899.

No. 1135.—19th Regiment of Madras Infantry—

Jemadar Shaikh Abdullah to be Subadar and Havildar Shaikh Muhiyuddin to be Jemadar, *vice* Mahmud Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 30th August 1899.

No. 1136.—30th Regiment (5th Burma Battalion) of Madras Infantry—

Jemadar Jwala Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Dewa Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Hem Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 31st August 1899.

No. 1137.—Malwa Bhil Corps—

Jemadar Nathoo Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Beejia to be Jemadar, *vice* Janglia, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 13th September 1899.

## REWARDS.

## GOOD-CONDUCT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICE.

No. 1138.—The undermentioned non-commissioned officers of the Bengal Unattached List are awarded the silver medal for long service and good conduct, without gratuity, for the quarter ended on 30th September 1899:

Staff Sergeant Farrier

William Belton . Subordinate Veterinary Department.

Sergeant Leonard Wil-

liam Farmer . . . His Excellency the Viceroy's Band.

## SPECIAL.

No. 1139.—With reference to article 280, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part I, the undermentioned officer, having been absent from military duty for ten years, is transferred to the supernumerary list, with effect from the date specified:

Captain R. T. Crichton, Deputy Superintendent, 1st grade, Survey of India,—16th December 1899.

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

## APPOINTMENTS.

No. 1140.—*Cawnpore Light Horse*—

Harry Graham Adamson, Esquire, to be Captain, *vice* Chapman, resigned.

No. 1141.—*Rangoon Volunteer Rifles*—

Lieutenant-Colonel Edulji Palanji Frenchmann, Indian Medical Service, to be medical officer.

G. G. O. No. 1096, dated the 6th October 1899, notifying the resignation of Lieutenant Ernest Andrea Villa, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1142.—*Poona Volunteer Rifles*—

J. Tate, Esquire, to be commandant, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice*, Whiting, resigned.

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General*,  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 20th October, 1899.*

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned commissioned officers, on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department between the 7th and the 20th October 1899:

Corps.	Rank and names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or intestate.	Remarks.
Indian Staff Corps (11th Madras Infantry).	Captain (temporary Major) E. P. Wood.	30th September 1899.	Secunderabad.	...	...
Royal Artillery . . .	Captain C. W. Tyler . . .	1st October 1899.	Poona . . .	...	...
16th Lancers . . .	Lieutenant E. F. Macnaghten . . .	12th October 1899	Chuk, near Gulpore on river Poonch.	...	...
1st Madras Lancers . . .	Lieutenant C. I. F. O. Jones . . .	14th October 1899	Bombay . . .	...	...

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General*,  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 18th October, 1899.*

No. 450.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of India, having sanctioned the survey by the Indian Midland Railway Company, of the following proposed branch lines of railway, *vis.*:

(i) from Ait Station *via* Kunch and Jalaun to a point on the Jumna river opposite Auriyah, a distance of 38 miles, and

(ii) from Dholpur to Bari, a distance of 21 miles,

are pleased to place the same under the control of the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Lucknow.

No. 451.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 438, dated 12th October 1899, Mr. R. N. Hodges, Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, State Railways, is appointed Engineer-in-Chief of the Khandwa-Akola-Basim Railway Survey.

*The 19th October, 1899.*

No. 453.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 414, dated 2nd October 1899, Mr. C. F. Sykes, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, is on the termination of his employment on special duty in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, reposted as Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Assam.

*The 20th October, 1899.*

**No. 455.**—Mr. M. P. W. Schembry, Officiating District Traffic Superintendent in Class II of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is confirmed in his substantive appointment of Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, Grade 3 of that establishment, with effect from the 22nd September 1898. Mr. Schembry will continue to officiate as District Traffic Superintendent, East Coast Railway, in Class II, until further orders.

**No. 456.**—Mr. W. Drew, in Class I, Grade 3 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is, on return from leave, appointed Deputy Manager of the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

**No. 457.**—Mr. A. E. Pearse, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, is promoted from Class III, Grade 4, to Class III, Grade 3 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 3rd October 1899.

**No. 458.**—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 456, dated 20th October 1899, Mr. R. R. Gales will, on relief of his duties as Officiating Deputy Manager of the Eastern Bengal State Railway, in Class I of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, revert to his substantive rank of Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, and continue to be attached to that Railway.

**No. 459.**—The following is published for general information:

No. 1018 R. T., dated Simla, the 17th October, 1899.

**RESOLUTION**—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

*General Rules of 1895 for working railways open for traffic.*

**Read—**

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895—the Government of India circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for all open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, and the amended rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 55, dated the 5th February 1897, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th February 1897—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 3, dated the 5th January 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th January 1898—the Government of India circular No. 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda to Appendix B, Part II, of the rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 104, dated the 10th March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 12th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. 1 Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule III, Appendix A, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 26th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, and the amended rules 231 and 232 of Part I, therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 263, dated the 10th June 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 11th June 1898—the Government of India resolution No. 611 R. T., dated the 9th June 1898, sanctioning the application to the railways—including the Mu Valley and Mandalay-Kunlon railways—comprised in the undertaking of the Burma Railways, of the open line General Rules of 1895, read above.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 290, dated the 1st July 1898—publishing in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 2nd July 1898—the Government of India resolution No. 688 R. T., dated the 28th June 1898, sanctioning the application to the railways—including the Mu Valley and Mandalay-Kunlon railways—comprised in the undertaking of the Burma railways, of the amended rule 110 of the open line General Rules, read above.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 197, dated the 5th May 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th May 1899—the Government of India circular No. I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 6-XIX, Appendix B, Part II, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 298, dated the 14th July 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 15th July 1899—the Government of India circular No. V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 14, Chapter III, and rule II (4), Appendix A, of the rules.

Letter from the Government of Burma, No. 1667—7 C. R., dated the 5th October 1899, forwarding letters from the Agent, Burma Railways Company, Nos. 1082-1 T and 1086-1 T., dated, respectively, the 2nd and 3rd October 1899.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The Agent of the Burma Railways Company has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in British India, which have been published under the Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895 (*vide the Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895), as modified by the Government of India circulars Nos. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, 1 Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, which were published under Public Works Department notifications Nos. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, 55, dated the 5th February 1897, 3, dated the 5th January 1898, 104, dated the 10th March 1898, 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, 197, dated the 5th May 1899, and 298, dated the 14th July 1899 (*vide the Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896, 6th February 1897, 8th January 1898, 12th March 1898, 26th March 1898, 6th May 1899, and 15th July 1899), may be made applicable to the Meiktila-Myingyan and Sagaing-Alon branches of the Burma railways.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules for working railways open for traffic which may, for the time being and hereafter from time to time, be in force on the railways—including the Mu Valley and Mandalay-Kunlon railways—comprised in the undertaking of the Burma railways, to the Meiktila-Myingyan and Sagaing-Alon branches of those railways, with effect from such date or dates as the said branches may be opened for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that this resolution be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890; also that the General Rules cited in the foregoing observations—which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*—be kept at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Government of Burma for information and guidance.

F. R. UPCOTT,

Secretary to the Government of India.



*The 18th October, 1899.*

No. 452.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 214, dated the 15th May 1899, Mr. W. B. Gordon is confirmed in the appointment of Sanitary Engineer to the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and permanently promoted to Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, with effect from the forenoon of the 29th April 1899.

*The 20th October, 1899.*

No. 454.—Mr. H. B. Learoyd, Assistant Examiner of Accounts, 1st Grade, is temporarily transferred to the Engineering Branch of the Public Works Department, with the temporary rank of Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, and posted to the Central Provinces.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 43. }

SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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*Nothing for publication.*

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*Nothing for publication.*

SUPPLEMENT No. 43.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

### MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 26th October, 1899.*

**No. 1174-M.**—Notice is hereby given that HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR GENERAL will hold two Levées at Government House, Calcutta, one at 9-30 P.M. on Friday, the 22nd December 1899, and the other at 9-30 P.M. on Thursday, the 4th January 1900.

All Civil, Naval and Military Officers, Members of the Consular Body, Gentlemen whose names are borne on the Government House List, or who have already been presented at the Court of St. James, and Native Officers of the Native Regiments of the Garrison, are invited to attend one of the Levées. Gentlemen attending the first Levée are not expected to be present at the second, except Members of the Viceroy's Executive and Legislative Councils, Secretaries and Deputy Secretaries to the Government of India; and such other Officers or Gentlemen enjoying the privilege of the Private Entrée, as may care to attend.

The following regulations are to be observed at HIS EXCELLENCY'S Levées:

I.—Gentlemen who propose to attend HIS EXCELLENCY'S Levée are requested to bring with them two large cards with their names *clearly written*

thereon—one to be left with the Aide-de-Camp in waiting in the corridor, and the other to be delivered to the Military Secretary, who will announce the name to HIS EXCELLENCY.

II.—Gentlemen, who have not already been presented at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court, should send in their names and addresses, through the Gentlemen who propose to present them, to the Military Secretary's Office not later than Friday, the 8th December 1899, for the first Levée and not later than Thursday, the 21st December 1899, for the second Leveé, in order that the names may be submitted to HIS EXCELLENCY, when, if they are approved, presentation cards will be forwarded.

III.—Gentlemen presenting others must themselves attend the Levée.

Particular attention as regards dress is invited to the Notification issued from this Office, No. 904-M., dated the 8th September 1899.

The carriages of Gentlemen having the Private Entrée will enter by the South-West Gate, and set down at the South Entrance of Government House.

All other carriages will enter by the North-East Gate, set down under the Grand Stairs, and pass out by the North-West Gate.

*The 27th October, 1899.*

No. 1179-M.—Notice is hereby given that THEIR EXCELLENCIES THE VICEROY AND LADY CURZON OF KEDLESTON will hold a Drawing Room at Government House, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 27th December 1899, at 9-30 P.M.

Ladies whose names are borne on the Government House List, or who have already been presented at the Court of St. James, proposing to attend the Drawing Room, are requested to send their cards to the Military Secretary to the Viceroy not later than Monday, the 18th December 1899, *after which date no cards will be received*, and to bring with them to the Drawing Room two large cards with their names *clearly written* thereon—one to be given to the Aide-de-Camp in waiting in the corridor and the other to the Military Secretary, who will announce the name to THEIR EXCELLENCIES.

Ladies who propose to present others must send in *in writing* for approval the names of such Ladies to the Military Secretary not later than Wednesday, the 13th December, when, if they are approved, presentation cards will be forwarded.

Ladies who present others must themselves attend the Drawing Room.

Ladies attending the Drawing Room will appear in full dress, but need not wear trains or feathers.

Only Gentlemen having the Private Entrée themselves, and accompanying Ladies to the Private Entrée, will be admitted to the Throne Room.

Gentlemen accompanying Ladies by the Public Entrée will leave them at the Entrance to the Eastern Gallery and rejoin them in the Ball Room.

The carriages of those who have the Private Entrée will enter by the South-West Gate, and set down at the South Entrance of Government House.

All other carriages will enter by the North-East Gate, set down under the Grand Stairs, and pass out by the North-West Gate.

By Command,

ARTHUR SANDBACH, *Lieut.-Col.,*

*Military Secretary to the Viceroy.*

## LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 27th October, 1899.*

No. 20.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Protul Chandar Chatterjee, M.A., B.L., of his office of Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

J. M. MACPHERSON,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## HOME DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## PUBLIC.

*Simla, the 24th October, 1899.*

No. 2494.—Under the provisions of section 9 of the Statute 24 and 25, Vict., Cap. 67, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that His Excellency's Council shall assemble at Calcutta in the jurisdiction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

## ESTABLISHMENTS.

*The 24th October, 1899.*

No. 595.—The services of Mr. H. J. McIntosh, of the Indian Civil Service, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Finance and Commerce Department.

*The 26th October, 1899.*

No. 601.—The services of Mr. H. Jowers, of the Indian Civil Service, are replaced at the

disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, with effect from the 11th August 1899.

## MEDICAL.

*The 25th October, 1899.*

No. 1774.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh for employment on plague duty:

Major F. G. Pollock, 7th Bengal Cavalry.

Major P. J. H. Aplin, 7th Bombay Infantry.

Captain A. J. Shaw, 15th Madras Infantry.

Captain H. A. Moore, 45th Sikhs.

Lieutenant A. H. Ommanney, Corps of Guides.

Lieutenant R. I. Chamberlain, 12th Bengal Cavalry.

Lieutenant T. K. Gaskell, 29th Madras Infantry.

*The 26th October, 1899.*

No. 1782.—The services of Lieutenant C. A. Law, 1st Battalion, Wiltshire Regiment, were placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty on the 17th September 1897.

*The 27th October, 1899.*

No. 1792.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty:

Lieutenant A. N. Lovell, 2nd Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent.

Lieutenant J. C. Coldstream, 10th Bengal Lancers.

No. 1796.—The services of Captain J. J. Bourke, M.B., B. Ch., I.M.S. (Bengal), are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

## SANITARY.

*Plague.**The 26th October, 1899.*

No. 3016.—Whereas the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Tiruvannamalai in the South Arcot District of the Madras Presidency, if pilgrims or other persons from the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Saran District in Bengal, the Hoshiarpur District of the Punjab, the Nagpur District of the Central Provinces, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Karthigai festival:

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1) of the Epidemic Diseases Act (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Polur, Agaram Sibbandi, Tiruvannamalai, Tandurai and Tirukkoyilur on the South Indian Railway, shall be sold from the 1st to the 20th November 1899 (both days inclusive) within the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Saran District in Bengal, the Hoshiarpur District of the Punjab, the Nagpur District of the Central Provinces, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States to any pilgrim or other person intending or believed to be intending to proceed on pilgrimage to the Karthigai festival at Tiruvannamalai.

## PORT BLAIR.

*The 24th October, 1899.*

No. 779.—Consequent on the grant of furlough for one year to Mr. H. H. D'Oily, 4th Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair, and of privilege leave for three and-a-half months to Mr. P. Vaux, Head Quarters Inspector, Port Blair, and officiating 8th Assistant Superintendent, the following officiating appointments are made in the Port Blair Commission:

Mr. W. Jessop, 5th Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 4th Assistant Superintendent, *vice* Mr. D'Oily.

Khan Bahadur Mohamed Ashiq Ali Khan, 7th Assistant Superintendent and officiating 6th Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 5th Assistant Superintendent, *vice* Mr. Jessop.

Mr. R. F. Lewis, 8th Assistant Superintendent and officiating 7th Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 6th Assistant Superintendent, *vice* Khan Bahadur Mohamed Ashiq Ali Khan.

Mr. P. Vaux, Head Quarters Inspector, Port Blair Military Police, and officiating 8th Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 7th Assistant Superintendent.

Mr. W. H. Brookes, Inspector of Police, Burma, and officiating Head Quarters Inspector, Port Blair Military Police, to officiate as 7th Assistant Superintendent, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Vaux, and as 8th Assistant Superintendent on his return.

## POLICE.

*The 26th October, 1899.*

No. 637.—The services of the undermentioned officers are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the dates noted against their names:

Lieutenant H. H. Cobbe, 13th Bengal Lancers, a Commandant in the Burma Military Police,—7th November 1899.

Lieutenant A. T. Kirkwood, an Assistant Commandant in the Burma Military Police,—17th November 1899.

## ECCLESIASTICAL.

*The 26th October, 1899.*

No. 476.—The services of the Revd. J. H. Collins, Chaplain of Dagshai, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Burma.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## FORESTS.

*Simla, the 23rd October, 1899.*

No. 925-F.—With reference to the Notification of this Department No. 635-F., dated the 14th July last, the employment of Mr. C. G. Rogers, Deputy Conservator of Forests, on special duty under the Inspector General of Forests, ceased with effect from the afternoon of the 5th October 1899, when he proceeded to rejoin his appointment in Bengal.

*The 24th October, 1899.*

No. 931-F.—On return from furlough, Mr. F. B. Dickinson, Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, is posted to the charge of the Central Forest Circle in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with effect from the forenoon of the 20th October 1899, when he relieved Mr. C. G. D. Fordyce, Officiating Conservator, 3rd grade, of the charge of that Circle, the latter officer reverting to his substantive appointment of Deputy Conservator in Bengal.

From the same date Mr. Dickinson is appointed to officiate in the 2nd grade of Conservators, until further orders.

## CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.

*The 26th October, 1899.*

No. 2164.—Veterinary-Captain F. Joslen, Officiating Principal, Lahore Veterinary College, is appointed Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Rajputana, on his return from leave on medical certificate, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment.

No. 2165.—Veterinary-Lieutenant J. Farmer, Officiating Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Rajputana, is, until further orders, posted to the Government Cattle Farm, Hissar, with effect from the date on which he is relieved by Veterinary-Captain Joslen.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 24th October, 1899.*

No. 1661-G.—Major W. H. Neilson, M.B., Indian Medical Service (Madras), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is posted, on return from furlough, as Agency Surgeon in Bhopawar, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 1663-G.—Major R. Shore, M.D., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, and Residency Surgeon in Mewar, is granted furlough for nine months under Article 340 (b) (iii) (2) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the furlough.



**No. 1664-G.**—Major H. R. Woolbert, M.B., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is posted as Residency Surgeon in Mewar, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

*The 25th October, 1899.*

**No. 1667-G.**—Captain H. G. Carnegy, Indian Staff Corps, Fourth Assistant to the Political Agent in Kathiawar, is appointed to be First Assistant to the Resident at Baroda, substantive *pro tempore*, with effect from the 18th October, 1899.

**No. 1671-G.**—Captain L. Impey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class, is appointed, on return from furlough, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class, and is posted as Political Agent in Alwar, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

**No. 1672-G.**—Captain R. B. Berkeley, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, is appointed, on return from furlough, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class, and is posted as Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in Rajputana, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

*The 26th October, 1899.*

**No. 1676-G.**—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the provisional appointment of Don Pompeyo Diaz Cossio as Consul for Spain at Bombay.

**No. 2807-F.**—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India, on medical certificate, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the leave to have effect in India

from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:

Lieutenant E. G. Drummond, Indian Staff Corps, Quarter Master, Khyber Rifle Corps, for one year.

Pension Service, 5th year, commenced 28th September, 1899.

*The 27th October, 1899.*

**No. 1687-G.**—The undermentioned officers are appointed to be Agency Surgeons of the 2nd class, under the Foreign Department, with effect from the 1st April, 1899:

Major W. H. B. Robinson, Indian Medical Service (Bengal);

Captain E. W. Hore, M.B., Indian Medical Service (Bengal).

**No. 1690-G.**—Captain R. L. Kennion, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (Officiating 1st) class, and Assistant to the Resident in Kashmir, is granted special leave for six months, under Article 348 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 10th November, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

**No. 1698-E.B.**—In continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 933-E., dated the 8th May, 1891, and in exercise of the powers referred to therein, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following Act shall be added to the schedule to the said notification, namely:

Act XIII of 1899 (Glanders and Farcy).

**No. 1700-E.A.**—The following Order of Her Majesty the Queen in Council, which appeared in the London Gazette of the 11th August, 1899, is republished for general information:

At the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 8th day of *August*, 1899.

#### PRESENT:

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord Chancellor.

Lord President.

Lord James of Hereford.

Sir Fleetwood Edwards.

Whereas by treaty, capitulation, grant, usage, sufferance, and other lawful means, Her Majesty the Queen has jurisdiction within the dominions of the Ottoman Porte:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in this behalf by "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," or otherwise in Her Majesty

vested, is pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

**PART I.—Preliminary and General.**

1. This Order is divided into parts, as follows :

Parts.	Subject.	Articles.
I	Preliminary and General ... ..	1—6
II	Constitution and Powers of Courts ... ..	7—24
III	Criminal Matters ... ..	25—62
IV	Civil Matters ... ..	63—135
V	Procedure, Criminal and Civil ... ..	136—149
VI	Ottoman and Foreign Subjects and Tribunals ... ..	150—157
VII	Miscellaneous ... ..	158—172
	Schedule of Repealed Orders ... ..	

2. The limits of this Order are the dominions of the Sublime Ottoman Porte, but, as respects Egypt, do not extend to any place south of the twenty-second parallel of north latitude ; and the expressions " Ottoman Dominions " and " Egypt " shall, for the purposes of this Order, be construed accordingly.

3. In the construction of this Order the following words and expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant thereto, that is to say :

" Administration " means letters of administration, including the same with will annexed or granted for special or limited purposes or limited in duration.

" The Ambassador " means Her Majesty's Ambassador, and includes Chargé d'Affaires or other chief Diplomatic Representative of Her Majesty in the Ottoman dominions for the time being.

" Agent for Egypt " means Her Majesty's Agent and Consul General for Egypt, and includes any person temporarily appointed to act for that officer.

" British merchant-ship " means a merchant ship being a British ship within the meaning of " The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894."

" British subject " includes a British protected person, that is to say, a person who either (a) is a native of any Protectorate of Her Majesty, and is for the time being in the Ottoman dominions ; or (b) by virtue of Section 15 of " The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," or otherwise enjoys Her Majesty's protection in the Ottoman dominions.

" Consular district " means the district in and for which a Consular officer usually acts, or for which he may be authorised to act, for all or any of the purposes of this Order by authority of the Secretary of State.

" Consular officer " means a Consul-General, Consul, Vice Consul, Consular Agent, or pro-Consul of Her Majesty resident in the Ottoman dominions, including a person acting temporarily, with the approval of the Secretary of State, as or for a Consul-General, Consul, Vice-Consul, or Consular Agent of Her Majesty so resident ; and—

(a) " Commissioned Consular officer " means a Consular officer holding a commission of Consul-General, Consul, or Vice-Consul from Her Majesty, including a person acting temporarily, with the approval of the Secretary of State, as or for such a commissioned Consular officer ;

(b) " Uncommissioned Consular officer " means a Consular officer not holding such a commission, including a person acting temporarily, with the approval of the Secretary of State, as or for such an uncommissioned Consular officer.

"Consulate" and "Consular office" refer to the Consulate and office of a Consular officer.

"The Court," except when the reference is to a particular Court, means any Court established under this Order, subject, however, to the provisions of this Order with respect to powers and local jurisdictions.

"Foreigner" means a subject or citizen of a State in amity with Her Majesty, other than the Sublime Ottoman Porte.

"Judge" in relation to any Court includes any person temporarily appointed to act as Judge of that Court.

"Legal practitioner" includes barrister-at-law, advocate, solicitor, writer to the Signet, and any person possessing similar qualifications.

"Lunatic" means idiot or person of unsound mind.

"Master," with respect to any ship, includes every person (except a pilot) having command or charge of that ship.

"Month" means calendar month..

"Oath" and "affidavit" in the case of persons for the time being allowed by law to affirm or declare, instead of swearing, include affirmation and declaration, and the expression "swear," in the like case, includes affirm and declare.

"Offence" includes crime, and any act or omission punishable criminally in a summary way or otherwise.

"Office copy" means a copy made under the direction of the Court, or produced to the proper officer of the Court for examination with the original, and examined by him and sealed with the seal of the Court.

"Ottoman subject" means a subject of the Sublime Ottoman Porte.

"Ottoman Tribunal" means any Ottoman Tribunal of Commerce, Ottoman Civil Tribunal, or Ottoman Maritime Court, or other Ottoman Tribunal.

"Ottoman waters" means the territorial waters of the Ottoman dominions.

"Person" includes Corporation.

"Pounds" means pounds sterling.

"Prescribed" means prescribed by Rules of Court.

"Prosecutor" means complainant or any person appointed or allowed by the Court to prosecute.

"Proved" means shown by evidence on oath, in the form of affidavit, or other form, to the satisfaction of the Court or Consular officer acting or having jurisdiction in the matter, and "proof" means the evidence adduced in that behalf.

"Resident" means having a fixed place of abode in the Ottoman dominions.

"Rules of Court" means rules of Court made under the provisions of this Order.

"Secretary of State" means one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

"Ship" includes any vessel used in navigation, however propelled, with her tackle, furniture, and apparel, and any boat or other craft.

"The Treasury" means the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.

"Treaty" includes any Convention, Agreement, or Arrangement, made by or on behalf of Her Majesty with any State or Government, King, Chief, people or tribe, whether His Majesty the Sultan is or is not a party thereto.

"Will" means will, codicil, or other testamentary instrument.

Expressions used in any rules, regulations, or orders made under this Order shall, unless a contrary intention appears, have the same respective meanings as in this Order.

4. (1) Words importing the plural or the singular may be construed as referring to one person or thing, or to more than one person or thing, and words importing the masculine as referring to the feminine (as the case may require).

(2) Where this Order confers any power or imposes any duty, then, unless a contrary intention appears, the power may be exercised and the duty shall be performed from time to time as occasion requires.

(3) Where this Order confers a power, or imposes a duty on, or with respect to, a holder of an office, as such, then, unless a contrary intention appears, the power may be exercised and the duty shall be performed by, or with respect to, the holder for the time being of the office or the person temporarily acting for the holder.

(4) Where this Order confers a power to make any rules, regulations, or orders, the power shall, unless a contrary intention appears, be construed as including a power exercisable in the like manner and subject to the like consent and conditions, if any, to rescind, revoke, vary, or amend the rules, regulations, or orders.

(5) This Article shall apply to the construction of any rules, regulations, or orders made under this Order, unless a contrary intention appears.

5. The jurisdiction conferred by this Order extends to the persons and matters following, in so far as by Treaty, grant, usage, sufferance, or other lawful means, Her Majesty has jurisdiction in relation to such matters and things, that is to say :

(i) British subjects, as herein defined, within the limits of this Order.

(ii) The property and all personal or proprietary rights and liabilities within the said limits of British subjects, whether such subjects are within the said limits or not.

(iii) Ottoman subjects and foreigners in the cases and according to the conditions specified in this Order and not otherwise.

(iv) Foreigners with respect to whom any State, King, Chief, or Government, whose subjects, or under whose protection they are, has by any Treaty as herein defined or otherwise agreed with Her Majesty for, or consents to, the exercise of power or authority by Her Majesty.

(v) British ships with their boats; and the persons and property on board thereof, or belonging thereto, being within the Ottoman dominions.

6. All Her Majesty's jurisdiction exercisable in the Ottoman dominions for the hearing and determination of criminal or civil matters, or for the maintenance of order, or for the control or administration of persons or property, or in relation thereto, shall be exercised under and according to the provisions of this Order, and not otherwise.

#### PART II.—*Constitution and Powers of Courts.*

7. (1) There shall be a Court styled "Her Britannic Majesty's Supreme Consular Court for the dominions of the Sublime Ottoman Porte" (in this Order referred to as the Supreme Court and comprised in the term "the Court").

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Order there shall be two Judges of the Supreme Court, that is to say, a Judge, and an Assistant Judge, who shall respectively be appointed by Her Majesty by warrant under Her Royal Sign Manual.

Each shall be at the time of his appointment a member of the Bar of England, Scotland, or Ireland, of not less than seven years' standing.

(3) Each of the Judges may hold a Commission from Her Majesty as Consul-General or Consul.

(4) The Judges shall sit together for the purposes described in this Order, and the Supreme Court so constituted is hereinafter in this Order referred to as "the Full Court."

(5) There shall be attached to the Supreme Court a Registrar, a Marshal, and so many officers and clerks under such designations as the Secretary of State thinks fit; but unless and until the Secretary of State otherwise appoints, the Assistant Judge shall act as Registrar of the Supreme Court.

(6) In case of the death, illness, or other incapacity, or of the absence or intended absence from the Consular district of Constantinople of either of the Judges, the Ambassador may, if he thinks fit, appoint a fit person to be Acting Judge, or Acting Assistant Judge, as the case may be. If the appointment has to be made to the office of Acting Judge, the Assistant Judge, if present and not incapacitated, shall, unless the Secretary of State otherwise directs, be appointed, and if he is so appointed, the Ambassador may, if he thinks fit, appoint a fit person to act as Assistant Judge.

(7) The Secretary of State may temporarily attach to the Supreme Court such persons, being Consular officers, as he thinks fit

A person thus attached shall discharge such duties in connection with the Court as the Judge, with the approval of the Secretary of State, may direct.

8. (1) Every commissioned Consular officer, with such exceptions (if any) as the Secretary of State thinks fit to make, shall for and in his own Consular district hold and form a Court, in this Order referred to as a Provincial Court.

(2) Every uncommissioned Consular officer, with such exceptions (if any) as the Supreme Court, by writing under the hand of the Judge and the seal of that Court, thinks fit to make, shall for and in his own Consular district, subject to the provisions of this Order, hold and form a Court, in this Order referred to as a Local Court.

(3) Every Provincial and Local Court shall be styled "Her Britannic Majesty's Consular Court at Smyrna" (or as the case may be).

(4) Every reference in this Order to a Provincial Court in relation to a Local Court shall be deemed to be a reference to a Provincial Court held by the commissioned Consular officer, under whose superintendence the uncommissioned Consular officer holding the Local Court acts

(5) Every Provincial Court shall, with the approval of the Supreme Court, and every Local Court may, with the approval of the Provincial Court, appoint a competent person, or persons, to perform such duties and to exercise such powers as are by this Order and any Rules of Court imposed or conferred upon the Registrar and Marshal, and any person so appointed shall perform such duties and exercise such powers accordingly.

9. (1) The Secretary of State may, when he thinks fit, under his hand, appoint a competent person to act temporarily as Special Judge of the Supreme Court. He shall be a person qualified to be appointed a Judge of the Supreme Court under this Order.

(2) The Secretary of State may by order assign any case, civil or criminal, and whether pending at or commenced after the commencement of this Order, to be tried by or before the Special Judge, and in relation to any case so assigned, all the powers, authority, and jurisdiction of the Supreme Court shall be vested in and exercised by the Special Judge, and if the order so provides the Judges shall not exercise any jurisdiction therein.

(3) The Special Judge may, subject to any directions of the Secretary of State, sit in any part of the Ottoman dominions.

(4) If in any criminal case so assigned the Special Judge is of opinion that a jury or assessors cannot conveniently be obtained, he may act without a jury or assessors.

(5) If any civil case so assigned, whether before or after the commencement of this Order, is set down for rehearing, the same shall be reheard before the Special Judge, with or without either of the Judges of the Supreme Court, or, when the attendance of the Special Judge seems no longer necessary, before the full Court, as the Secretary of State may by the order or any subsequent order direct.

(6) The remuneration and expenses of any special Judge shall be paid as the Secretary of State, with the consent of the Treasury, directs.

10. The Supreme Court shall have a seal, bearing the style of the Court and such device as the Secretary of State approves, but the seal in use at the commencement of this Order shall continue to be used until a new seal is provided.

In each of the Provincial and Local Courts the official seal of the Consular officer shall be used.

11. All Her Majesty's jurisdiction, civil and criminal, including any jurisdiction by this Order conferred expressly on a Provincial Court, shall for and within the district of the Consulate of Constantinople be vested exclusively in the Supreme Court as its ordinary original jurisdiction.

12. All Her Majesty's jurisdiction, civil and criminal, not under this Order vested exclusively in the Supreme Court, shall to the extent and in the manner provided by this Order be vested in the Provincial and Local Courts.



Provided that as regards all such matters and cases as come within the jurisdiction of any Egyptian Courts established with the concurrence of Her Majesty, the operation of this Order is hereby suspended until Her Majesty by and with the advice of Her Privy Council shall otherwise order.

13. The Supreme Court shall have in all matters, civil and criminal, an original jurisdiction, concurrent with the jurisdiction of the several Provincial and Local Courts, to be exercised subject and according to the provisions of this Order.

14. The Supreme Court shall ordinarily sit at Constantinople and as occasion requires at Alexandria or Cairo; but may, on emergency, sit at any other place within the Ottoman dominions, and may at any time transfer its ordinary sittings to any such place as the Secretary of State approves. Under this Article the Judges may sit at the same time at different places, and each sitting shall be deemed to be a sitting of the Supreme Court.

15. (1) The Registrars of the Provincial Courts at Alexandria and Cairo respectively shall be also District Registrars of the Supreme Court.

(2) They shall, subject to Rules of Court, perform the like duties in respect of proceedings of the Supreme Court pending in their respective District Registries, as are performed by the Registrar of the Supreme Court in respect of proceedings pending in the Registry of the Court at Constantinople.

(3) Summonses for the commencement of actions in the Supreme Court shall be issued by the District Registrars when thereunto required, and all such further proceedings as might be taken and recorded in the Registry of the Supreme Court at Constantinople may be taken and recorded in the District Registry in any actions pending in such District Registries respectively.

(4) The exercise of powers and performance of duties by District Registries at Alexandria and Cairo shall be subject to the control and direction of the Provincial Courts of Alexandria and Cairo respectively in the same manner and to the same extent, subject to Rules of Court, as the exercise of powers and performance of duties by the Registrar of the Supreme Court at Constantinople are subject to the control and direction of a Judge of the Supreme Court.

Provided that where a Judge of the Supreme Court is present in Alexandria or Cairo the said control and direction shall be exercised exclusively by such Judge.

16. The Judge or under his directions the Assistant Judge of the Supreme Court may visit, in a magisterial or judicial capacity, any place in the Ottoman dominions, and there inquire of, or hear and determine, any case, civil or criminal, and may examine any records or other documents in any Provincial or Local Court, and give directions as to the keeping thereof.

17. A Provincial Court shall have in all matters, civil and criminal, an original jurisdiction, concurrent with the jurisdiction of the several Local Courts (if any) held within its district to be exercised subject and according to the provisions of this Order.

18. (1) Where any case, civil or criminal, commenced in a Local Court, appears to that Court to be beyond its jurisdiction, or to be one which for any other reason ought to be tried in the Provincial Court or the Supreme Court, the Local Court shall report the case to the Provincial Court for directions.

(2) Subject to any directions of the Supreme Court under this Article, a Provincial Court may of its own motion, or on the report of a Local Court, or on the application of any party concerned, require any case, civil or criminal, pending in a Local Court to be transferred to the Provincial Court or in the case of any such report or application, may direct that the case shall proceed in the Local Court.

(3) Where any case, civil or criminal, commenced in a Provincial Court, or reported or transferred to that Court under this Article, appears to the Provincial Court to be beyond its jurisdiction, or to be one which for any other reason ought to be tried in the Supreme Court, the Provincial Court shall report the case to the Supreme Court for directions.

(4) The Supreme Court may of its own motion, or upon the report of a Provincial Court, or on the application of any party concerned, require any case, civil or criminal, pending in any Provincial or Local Court to be transferred to,

or tried in, the Supreme Court, or may direct in what Court and in what mode, subject to the provisions of this Order, any such case shall be tried.

19. The Supreme Court, and each Provincial Court shall, in the exercise of every part of its jurisdiction, be a Court of Record.

20. (1) Every Provincial and Local Court shall execute any writ, or order issuing from the Supreme Court, and shall take security from any person named in a writ or order for his appearance personally or by attorney, and shall, in default of security being given, or when the Supreme Court so orders, send the person on board one of Her Majesty's vessels of war to Constantinople, or such other port as may be named in the order, or, if no vessel of war is available, then on board some British or other fit vessel.

(2) The order of the Court shall be sufficient authority to the commander or master of the vessel to receive and detain the person, and deliver him up at the port named according to the order.

21. The Supreme Court and each Provincial and Local Court shall be auxiliary to one another in all particulars relative to the administration of justice, civil or criminal.

22. Each Provincial and Local Court shall at such time as may be fixed by rules of Court furnish to the Supreme Court an annual report of every case, civil and criminal, brought before it, in such form as the Supreme Court directs.

The report of a Local Court shall be sent through the Provincial Court.

23. Subject to the provisions of this Order, criminal and civil cases may be tried as follows:

(a) In the case of the Supreme Court, by the Court itself, or by the Court with a jury, or with assessors

(b) In the case of a Provincial Court, by the Court itself, or by the Court with assessors.

(c) In the case of a Local Court, by the Court itself, without assessors or jury.

24. (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Order, the Court shall not exercise any jurisdiction in any proceeding whatsoever over the Ambassador, or over his official or other residences, or his official or other property.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in this Order, the Court shall not exercise, except with the consent of the Ambassador signified in writing to the Court, any jurisdiction in any proceeding over any person attached to or being a member of, or in the service of, the Embassy.

(3) If in any case under this Order it appears to the Court that the attendance of the Ambassador, or of any person attached to or being a member of the Embassy, or being in the service of the Embassy, to give evidence before the Court is requisite in the interest of justice, the Court may address to the Ambassador a request in writing for such attendance.

(4) A person attending to give evidence before the Court shall not be compelled or allowed to give any evidence or produce any document, if, in the opinion of the Ambassador, signified by him personally or in writing to the Court, the giving or production thereof would be injurious to Her Majesty's service.

(5) This Article shall apply to Her Majesty's Agency in Egypt, and the foregoing provisions shall for the purpose of this application be read as if "Her Majesty's Agent and Consul-General" were substituted for "the Ambassador," and "Agency" for "Embassy," wherever those words respectively occur.

#### PART III.—*Criminal Matters.*

25. (1) Except as regards offences against the Capitulations, Articles of Peace, and Treaties between Her Majesty and the Sublime Ottoman Porte, or against any rules and regulations for the observance thereof, or for the maintenance of order among British subjects in the Ottoman dominions, made by or under the authority of Her Majesty, or against any of the provisions of this Order;—

Any act that would not by a Court of Justice having criminal jurisdiction in England be deemed an offence in England, shall not, in the exercise of criminal jurisdiction under this Order, be deemed an offence, or be the subject of any criminal proceeding under this Order.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Order, criminal jurisdiction under this Order shall, as far as circumstances admit, be exercised on the principles of, and in conformity with, the statute and other law for the time being in force in and for England, and with the powers vested in the Courts of Justice and Justices of the Peace, in England, according to their respective jurisdiction and authority.

26. (1) If any person is guilty of an offence against this Order not distinguished as a grave offence against this Order, he is liable, on summary conviction—

- (i) To a fine not exceeding five pounds, without any imprisonment ; or
- (ii) To imprisonment not exceeding one month, without fine ; or
- (iii) To imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days, with a fine not exceeding fifty shillings.

(2) Imprisonment under this Article is without hard labour.

27. (1) If any person is guilty of an offence against this Order, distinguished as a grave offence against this Order, he is liable, on summary conviction before the Supreme Court or a Provincial Court—

- (i) To a fine not exceeding ten pounds, without imprisonment ; or
- (ii) To imprisonment not exceeding two months, without fine ; or
- (iii) To imprisonment not exceeding one month, with a fine not exceeding five pounds.

(2) Imprisonment under this Article is, in the discretion of the Court, with or without hard labour.

28. Every Court may cause to be summoned or arrested, and brought before it, any person subject to, and being within the limits of, its jurisdiction, and charged with having committed an offence cognizable under this Order, and may deal with the accused according to the jurisdiction of the Court and in conformity with the provisions of this Order ; or when the offence is liable and is to be tried in England, to take the preliminary examination, and to commit the accused for trial, and cause or allow him to be taken to England.

29. For the purposes of criminal jurisdiction every offence and cause of complaint committed or arising in the Ottoman dominions shall be deemed to have been committed or to have arisen, either in the place where the same actually was committed or arose, or in any place in the Ottoman dominions where the person charged or complained of happens to be at the time of the institution or commencement of the charge or complaint.

30. Where a British subject is charged with the commission of an offence the cognizance whereof appertains to the Court, and it is expedient that the crime or offence be inquired of, tried, determined, and punished within Her Majesty's dominions elsewhere than in England, the accused may (under "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," section ( ) be sent for trial to Bombay or Malta.

The Supreme Court may, where it appears so expedient, by warrant under the hand of the Judge and the seal of the Court, cause the accused to be sent for trial to Bombay or Malta accordingly.

The warrant shall be sufficient authority to any person to whom it is directed to receive and detain the person therein named, and to carry him to and deliver him up to Bombay or to Malta (as the case may be), according to the warrant.

Where any person is to be so sent to Bombay or to Malta, the Court before which he is charged shall take the preliminary examination, and shall bind over such of the proper witnesses as are British subjects in their own recognisances to appear and give evidence on the trial.

31. (1) The Supreme Court may adjudge punishment as follows :

- (a) Imprisonment, not exceeding twenty years, with or without hard labour, and with or without a fine not exceeding five hundred pounds ; or,

(b) A fine not exceeding five hundred pounds, without imprisonment ; and

(c) In case of a continuing offence, in addition to imprisonment or fine, or both, a fine not exceeding one pound for each day during which the offence continues after the day of the commission of the original offence.

(2) A provincial Court may adjudge punishment as follows :

Imprisonment, not exceeding twelve months, with or without hard labour, and with or without a fine not exceeding fifty pounds ; or,

A fine not exceeding fifty pounds, without imprisonment.

(3) A Local Court may adjudge punishment as follows :

A fine not exceeding five pounds, without imprisonment ; provided that a Local Court shall not hear and determine any charge unless the offence is punishable on summary conviction.

32. (1) Every accused person shall be tried upon a charge, which shall state the offence charged, with such particulars as to the time and place of the alleged offence, and the person (if any) against whom or the thing (if any) in respect of which it was committed, as are reasonably sufficient to give the accused notice of the matter with which he is charged.

(2) The fact that a charge is made is equivalent to a statement that every legal condition required by law to constitute the offence charged was fulfilled in the particular case.

(3) Where the nature of the case is such that the particulars above mentioned do not give such sufficient notice as aforesaid, the charge shall also contain such particulars of the manner in which the alleged offence was committed as will give such sufficient notice.

33. For every distinct offence of which any person is accused there shall be a separate charge, and every such charge shall be tried separately, except in the cases following, that is to say—

(a) Where a person is accused of more offences than one of the same kind committed within the space of twelve months from the first to the last of such offences he may be charged with, and tried at one trial for any number of them not exceeding three.

(b) If in one series of acts so connected together as to form the same transaction more offences than one are committed by the same person, he may be charged with and tried at one trial for every such offence.

(c) If the acts alleged constitute an offence falling within two or more definitions or descriptions of offences in any law or laws, the accused may be charged with, and tried at one trial for, each of such offences.

(d) If several acts constitute several offences, and also when combined, a different offence, the accused may be charged with, and tried at one trial for, the offence constituted by such acts when combined, or one or more of the several offences, but in the latter case shall not be punished with more severe punishment than the Court which tries him could award for any one of those offences.

(e) If a single act or series of acts is of such a nature that it is doubtful which of several offences the facts which can be proved will constitute, the accused may be charged with having committed all or any of such offences, and any number of such charges may be tried at once ; or he may be charged in the alternative with having committed some one of the offences ; and if it appears in evidence that he has committed a different offence for which he might have been charged, he may be convicted of that offence, although not charged with it.

34. When more persons than one are accused of the same offence or of different offences committed in the same transaction, or when one is accused of committing an offence, and another of abetting or attempting to commit that offence, they may be charged and tried together or separately, as the Court thinks fit.

35. (1) Any Court, if sitting with a jury or assessors, may alter any charge at any time before the verdict of the jury is returned or the opinions of the assessors are expressed ; if sitting without jury or assessors, at any time before judgment is pronounced.

(2) Every such alteration shall be read and explained to the accused.

(3) If the altered charge is such that proceeding with the trial immediately is likely, in the opinion of the Court, to prejudice the accused or the prosecutor, the Court may adjourn the trial for such period as may be necessary.

36. (1) No error or omission in stating either the offence or the particulars shall be regarded at any stage of the case as material, unless the accused was misled by such error or omission.

(2) When the facts alleged in certain particulars are proved and constitute an offence, and the remaining particulars are not proved, the accused may be convicted of the offence constituted by the facts proved, although not charged with it.

(3) When a person is charged with an offence and the evidence proves either the commission of a minor offence or an attempt to commit the offence charged, he may be convicted of the minor offence or of the attempt.

37. (1) If the accused has been previously convicted of any offence, and it is intended to prove such conviction for the purpose of affecting the punishment which the Court is competent to award, the fact, date, and place of the previous conviction shall be stated in the charge.

(2) If such statement is omitted, the Court may add it at any time before sentence is passed.

(3) The part of the charge stating the previous conviction shall not be read out in Court, nor shall the accused be asked whether he has been previously convicted, as alleged in the charge, unless and until he has either pleaded guilty to, or been convicted of, the subsequent offence.

(4) If he pleads guilty to, or is convicted of, the subsequent offence, he shall then be asked whether he has been previously convicted, as alleged in the charge.

(5) If he answers that he has been so previously convicted, the Court may proceed to pass sentence on him accordingly, but, if he denies that he has been so previously convicted, or refuses to, or does not, answer such question, the Court shall then inquire concerning such previous conviction, and in such case (where the trial is by jury) it shall not be necessary to swear the jurors again.

38. (1) In each of the two following cases, namely :

(i) Where the offence charged is felony ; or,

(ii) When it appears to the Court at any time before the trial, the opinion of the Court being recorded in the minutes, that the offence charged, if proved, would not be adequately punished by imprisonment for three months with hard labour, or by a fine of twenty pounds, or both such imprisonment and fine—

The charge shall be triable with a jury or assessors (according to the provisions of this Order applicable to the Court) ; but may, with the consent of the accused, be tried without assessors or jury. In the Supreme Court, when the accused does not so consent, the charge shall be tried with a jury, unless the Court is of opinion that a jury cannot be obtained.

(2) The Supreme Court may, for any special reason, direct that any case shall be tried with assessors or a jury, and a Provincial Court may, for any special reason, direct that any case shall be tried with assessors. In each such case the special reason shall be recorded in the Minutes.

39. (1) The Registrar of the Supreme Court when the duties of that officer are not performed by the Assistant Judge shall, subject to any directions of the Supreme Court, hear and determine such criminal cases in that Court as may, under this Order, be heard and determined without assessors or jury, and for this purpose shall exercise all the powers and jurisdiction of a Provincial Court.



(2) The officer performing the duties of Registrar, in a Provincial or Local Court, shall, when required by the Court, act as public prosecutor, and conduct the prosecution in any criminal case.

40. (1) Where a charge made in a Provincial or Local Court appears to that Court to be one which ought under the provisions of this Order to be reported, the Provincial or Local Court shall proceed to make a preliminary examination of the charge in the prescribed manner, and shall send the depositions and a Minute of other evidence (if any) together with its Report, in the case of a Provincial Court, to the Supreme Court, or in the case of a Local Court, to the Provincial Court.

(2) Where a charge, reported to a Provincial Court under this Article, appears to that Court to be one which ought to be reported to the Supreme Court, the Provincial Court shall send the depositions, Minutes, and Report of the Local Court, with a covering Report, to the Supreme Court.

41. (1) Where a person charged with an offence is arrested on warrant issuing out of any Court, he shall be brought before the Court within forty-eight hours after the execution of the warrant, unless in any case circumstances unavoidably prevent his being brought before the Court within that time, which circumstances shall be recorded in the Minutes.

(2) In every case, he shall be brought before the Court as soon as circumstances reasonably admit, and the time and circumstances shall be recorded in the Minutes.

42. (1) Where the accused is ordered to be tried before a Court with a jury or with assessors, he shall be tried as soon after the making of the order as circumstances reasonably admit.

(2) As long notice of the time of trial as circumstances reasonably admit shall be given to him in writing, under the seal of the Court, which notice, and the time thereof, shall be recorded in the Minutes.

43. (1) Where an accused person is in custody, he shall not be remanded at any time for more than seven days, unless circumstances appear to the Court to make it necessary or proper that he should be remanded for a longer time, which circumstances, and the time of remand, shall be recorded in the Minutes.

(2) In no case shall a remand be for more than fourteen days at one time, unless in case of illness of the accused or other case of necessity.

44. (1) The Court may, in its discretion, admit to bail a person charged with any of the following offences, namely:

Any felony.

Riot.

Assault on any officer in the execution of his duty, or on any person acting in his aid.

Neglect or breach of duty by an officer.

But a person charged with treason or murder shall not be admitted to bail except by the Supreme Court.

(2) In all other cases the Court shall admit the accused to bail unless the Court, having regard to the circumstances, sees good reason to the contrary, which reason shall be recorded in the Minutes.

(3) The Supreme Court may admit a person to bail, although a Provincial or Local Court has not thought fit to do so.

(4) The accused who is to be admitted to bail, either on remand or on or after trial ordered, shall produce such surety or sureties as, in the opinion of the Court, will be sufficient to insure his appearance as and when required, and shall with him or them enter into a recognisance accordingly.

45. (1) Where after a preliminary examination the accused is ordered to be tried, the Court shall bind by recognisance the prosecutor and every witness

to appear at the trial to prosecute, or to prosecute and give evidence, or to give evidence (as the case may be).

(2) If a British subject refuses to enter into such recognisance, the Court may send him to prison, there to remain until after the trial, unless in the meantime he enters into a recognisance.

(3) But if afterwards, from want of sufficient evidence or other cause, the accused is discharged, the Court shall order that the person imprisoned for so refusing be also discharged.

(4) Where the prosecutor or witness is not a British subject, the Court may require him either to enter into a recognisance or to give other security for his attendance at the trial, and if he fails to do so may in its discretion dismiss the charge.

46. (1) Where an accused person is convicted of murder, the proper officer of the Supreme Court, under the direction of the presiding Judge, shall, in open Court, require the offender to state if he has anything to say why judgment of death should not be recorded against him.

(2) If the offender does not allege anything that would be sufficient in law to prevent judgment of death if the offence and trial had been committed and had in England, the Judge may order that judgment of death be entered on record.

(3) Thereupon the proper officer shall enter judgment of death on record against the offender, as if judgment of death had been actually pronounced on him in open Court by the Judge.

(4) The presiding Judge shall forthwith send a Report of the Judgment, together with a copy of the Minutes and of the notes of evidence and any observations which he thinks fit to make, to the Secretary of State for his direction respecting the punishment to be actually imposed.

(5) The punishment actually imposed shall not in any case exceed the measure of imprisonment and fine which the Supreme Court is empowered by this Order to impose.

47. (1) The Court may, if it thinks fit, order a person convicted of an assault to pay to the person assaulted by way of damages any sum not exceeding ten pounds.

(2) Damages so ordered to be paid may be either in addition to or in lieu of a fine, and shall be recoverable in like manner as a fine.

(3) Payment of such damages shall be a defence to an action for the assault.

48. (1) The Court may, if it thinks fit, order a person convicted before it to pay all or part of the expenses of his prosecution, or of his imprisonment or other punishment or of both, the amount being specified in the order.

(2) Where it appears to the Court that the charge is malicious, or frivolous and vexatious, the Court may, if it thinks fit, order the complainant to pay all or part of the expenses of the prosecution, the amount being specified in the order.

(3) In these respective cases the Court may, if it thinks fit, order that the whole or such portion as the Court thinks fit of the expenses so paid be paid over to the complainant or to the accused (as the case may be).

(4) In all cases the reasons of the Court for making any such order, or for refusing it if applied for, shall be recorded in the minutes.

49. Subject to Rules of Court made under this Order, the Court may order payment of the reasonable expenses of any complainant or witness attending before the Court on the trial of any criminal case by a jury or with assessors, and also of the reasonable expenses of the jury or assessors.

50. (1) The Supreme Court may by general order approved by the Secretary of State prescribe the manner in which and the prisons in the Ottoman

dominions at which punishments passed by any Court or otherwise awarded under this Order are to be carried into execution.

(2) The warrant of any Court shall be sufficient authority to any person to whom it is directed to receive and detain the person therein named in any prison so prescribed.

51. (1) Where an offender is sentenced to imprisonment, and the Supreme Court thinks it expedient that the sentence be carried into effect within Her Majesty's dominions, and the offender is accordingly under section 7 of "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," sent for imprisonment to a place in Her Majesty's dominions, the place shall be either Malta or Gibraltar, or a place in some other part of Her Majesty's dominions out of the United Kingdom, the Government whereof consents that offenders may be sent thither under this Article.

(2) The Supreme Court may, by warrant under the hand of a Judge and the seal of the Court, cause the offender to be sent to Malta or Gibraltar, or other such place as aforesaid, in order that the sentence may be there carried into effect accordingly.

(3) The warrant shall be sufficient authority to any person to whom it is directed to receive and detain the person therein named and to carry him to and deliver him up at the place named, according to the warrant.

52. "The Fugitive Offenders Act, 1881," and "The Colonial Prisoners Removal Act, 1884," shall apply to Egypt and to the Ottoman dominions other than Egypt as if those places were respectively British possessions and parts of Her Majesty's dominions.

Subject as follows :

(a) As respects Egypt, Her Majesty's Agent and Consul-General, and as respects the Ottoman dominions (other than Egypt), the Ambassador at Constantinople is hereby substituted for the Governor or Government of a British possession.

(b) The Supreme Court, or in Egypt, during the absence of a Judge of the Supreme Court, the Provincial Court at Alexandria is hereby substituted for a Superior Court of a British possession.

(c) The Supreme Court and each Provincial Court is substituted for a Magistrate of any part of Her Majesty's dominions.

(d) For the purposes of Part II of the said Act of 1881, and of this Article in relation thereto, the Ottoman dominions and Malta and Gibraltar shall be deemed to be one group of British possessions.

53. (1) The Supreme Court may, if it thinks fit, report to the Secretary of State recommending a mitigation or remission of any punishment awarded by any Court ; and thereupon the punishment may be mitigated or remitted by the Secretary of State.

(2) Nothing in this Order shall affect Her Majesty's prerogative of pardon.

54. Where a person charged with an offence escapes or removes from the Consular district within which the offence was committed and is found within another Consular district, the Court within whose district he is found may proceed in the case to trial and punishment, or to preliminary examination (as the case may require), in like manner as if the offence had been committed in its own district ; or may, on the requisition or with the consent of the Court within whose district the offence was committed, send him in custody to that Court, or require him to give security for his surrender to that Court, there to answer the charge and to be dealt with according to law.

Where any person is to be so sent in custody, a warrant shall be issued by the Court within whose district he is found, and that warrant shall be sufficient authority to any person to whom it is directed to receive and detain the person therein named and to carry him to and deliver him up to the Court within whose district the offence was committed, according to the warrant.

55. (1) In cases of murder or manslaughter if either the death, or the criminal act which wholly or partly caused the death, happen within the jurisdiction of a Court acting under this Order, that Court shall have the like jurisdiction over any British subject who is charged either as the principal offender, or as accessory before the fact to murder, or as accessory after the fact to murder or manslaughter, as if both the criminal act and the death had happened within that jurisdiction.

(2) In the case of any offence committed on the high seas, or within the Admiralty jurisdiction, by any British subject on board a British ship, or on board a foreign ship to which he did not belong, the Court shall, subject to the provisions of this Order, have jurisdiction as if the offence had been committed within the jurisdiction of that Court. In cases tried under this Article no different sentence can be passed from the sentence which could be passed in England if the offence were tried there.

(3) The foregoing provisions of this Article shall be deemed to be adaptations, for the purposes of this Order and of "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," of the following enactments, that is to say :

"The Admiralty Offences (Colonial) Act, 1849."

"The Admiralty Offences (Colonial) Act, 1860."

"The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," section 686.

56. Where the Supreme Court or a Provincial Court issues a summons or warrant against any person on a charge of an offence committed on board of or in relation to a British ship, then, if it appears to the Court that the interests of public justice so require, that Court may issue a warrant or order for the detention of the ship, and may cause the ship to be detained accordingly, until the charge is heard and determined, and the order of the Court thereon is fully executed, or for such shorter time as the Court thinks fit; and the Court shall have power to make all such orders as appear to it necessary or proper for carrying this provision into effect.

57. Any Act which, if done in the United Kingdom or in a British possession, would be an offence against any of the following Statutes of the Imperial Parliament, or Orders in Council, that is to say :

"The Merchandise Marks Act, 1887 ;"

"The Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks Acts, 1883 to 1888 ;"

Any Act, Statute, or Order in Council for the time being in force relating to copyright, or to inventions, designs, or trade marks ;

Any Statute amending or substituted for any of the above-mentioned Statutes ;

Shall, if done by a British subject in the Ottoman dominions, be punishable as a grave offence against this Order, whether such act is done in relation to any property or right of a British subject, or of a foreigner, or native, or otherwise, howsoever :

Provided—

(1) That a copy of any such Statute or Order in Council shall be published in the public office of the Consulates at Constantinople and Alexandria, and shall be there open for inspection by any person at all reasonable times ; and a person shall not be punished under this Article for anything done before the expiration of one month after such publication, unless the person offending is proved to have had express notice of the Statute or Order in Council.

(2) That a prosecution by or on behalf of a prosecutor who is not a British subject shall not be entertained unless the Court is satisfied that effectual provision exists for the punishment in Consular or other Courts in the Ottoman dominions of similar acts committed by the subjects of the State or Power of which such prosecutor is a subject, in relation to, or affecting the interests of British subjects.

58. (1) The Supreme Court shall, when required by the Secretary of State, send to him a report of the sentence of the Court in any case tried before that Court with a jury or assessors, with a copy of the Minutes and notes of evidence, and with any observations which the Court thinks fit to make.

(2) Every Provincial Court shall, in accordance with Rules to be made under this Order, send to the Supreme Court a report of the sentence of the Court in every case tried by the Court with assessors, with such Minutes, notes of evidence, and other documents as such Rules may direct, and with any observations which the Court thinks fit to make.

59. (a) The Court shall have and discharge all the powers, rights, and duties appertaining to the office of Coroner in England, in relation not only to deaths of British subjects happening in the district of the Court, but also to deaths of any persons having happened at sea on board British ships arriving in the district, and to deaths of British subjects having happened at sea on board foreign ships so arriving.

(b) Every inquest shall be held with a jury of not less than three persons comprised in the jury list of the Court summoned for that purpose.

(c) If any person fails to attend according to such summons, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding the fine to which he would be liable in case of failure to attend as a juror in civil or criminal proceedings.

(d) In this Article the expression "the Court" includes the Registrar of the Supreme Court, but does not include a Local Court.

60. (1) Where it is proved that there is reasonable ground to apprehend that a British subject is about to commit a breach of the public peace—or that the acts or conduct of a British subject are or is likely to produce or excite to a breach of the public peace—the Court may, if it thinks fit, cause him to be brought before it and require him to give security to the satisfaction of the Court, to keep the peace, or for his future good behaviour, as the case may require.

(2) Where a British subject is convicted of an offence before the Court, or before a Court in the sentence of which one of Her Majesty's Consular officers concurs, the Court for the district in which he is may, if it thinks fit, require him to give security to the satisfaction of the Court for his future good behaviour, and for that purpose may (if need be) cause him to be brought before the Court.

(3) In either of the foregoing cases, if the person required to give security fails to do so, the Court may order that he be deported from the Ottoman dominions to such place as the Court directs.

(4) The place shall be a place in some part (if any) of Her Majesty's dominions out of the United Kingdom, to which the person belongs, or the Government of which consents to the reception of persons deported under this Order, or in some part of a Protectorate of Her Majesty appointed by the Secretary of State.

(5) A Provincial Court shall report to the Supreme Court any order of deportation made by it, and the grounds, thereof, before the order is executed. The Supreme Court may reverse the order, or may confirm it with or without variation, and in case of confirmation, shall direct it to be carried into effect.

(6) The person to be deported shall be detained in custody until a fit opportunity for his deportation occurs.

(7) He shall, as soon as is practicable,—and in the case of a person convicted, either after execution of the sentence or while it is in course of execution,—be embarked in custody under the warrant of the Supreme Court, or, in Egypt (during the absence of a Judge of the Supreme Court), of the Provincial Court at Alexandria on board one of Her Majesty's vessels of war, or, if there is no such vessel available, then on board any British or other fit vessel bound to the place of deportation.

(8) The warrant shall be sufficient authority to the commander or master of the vessel, to receive and detain the person therein named, and to carry him to and deliver him up at the place named, according to the warrant.



(9) The Court may order the person to be deported to pay all or any part of the expenses of his deportation. Subject thereto, the expenses of deportation shall be defrayed in such manner as the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the Treasury, may direct.

(10) The Supreme Court shall forthwith report to the Secretary of State any order of deportation made or confirmed by it and the grounds thereof, and shall also inform the Ambassador, or if in Egypt, Her Majesty's Agent.

(11) If any person deported under this or any former Order returns to the Ottoman dominions without permission in writing of the Secretary of State (which permission the Secretary of State may give) he shall be deemed guilty of a grave offence against this Order; and he shall also be liable to be forthwith again deported.

(12) A local Court shall not exercise any jurisdiction under this Article.

61. (1) Where a person is convicted before a Provincial or Local Court—

(a) If he considers the conviction erroneous in law, then, on his application, within the prescribed time (unless it appears merely frivolous, when it may be refused); or

(b) If the Provincial or Local Court thinks fit to reserve for consideration of the Supreme Court any question of law arising on the trial;

the Provincial or Local Court shall state a case, setting out the facts and the grounds of the conviction, and the question of law, and send it to the Supreme Court.

(2) Thereupon the Provincial or Local Court shall, as it thinks fit, either postpone judgment on the conviction, or respite execution of the judgment, and either commit the person convicted to prison, or take security for him to appear and receive judgment or to deliver himself for execution of the judgment (as the case may require) at an appointed time and place.

(3) The Supreme Court, sitting without a jury or Assessors, shall hear and finally determine the matter and thereupon shall reverse, affirm, or amend the judgment given, or set it aside, and order an entry to be made in the Minutes that in the judgment of the Supreme Court the person ought not to have been convicted, or order judgment to be given at a subsequent sitting of the Provincial or Local Court, or make such other order as the Supreme Court thinks just, and shall also give all necessary and proper consequential directions.

(4) The judgment of the Supreme Court shall be delivered in open Court, after the public hearing of any argument offered on behalf of the prosecutor or of the person convicted.

(5) Before delivering judgment, the Supreme Court may, if necessary, cause the case to be amended by the Provincial or Local Court.

(6) The Supreme Court shall not annul a conviction or sentence, or vary a sentence, on the ground—

(a) Of any objection which, if stated during the trial, might, in the opinion of the Supreme Court, have been properly met by amendment by the Provincial or Local Court; or

(b) Of any error in the summoning of assessors; or

(c) Of any person having served as assessor who was not qualified; or

(d) Of any objection to any person as assessor which might have been raised before or at the trial; or

(e) Of any informality in the swearing of any witness; or

(f) Of any error or informality which, in the opinion of the Supreme Court, did not affect the substance of the case or subject the convicted person to any undue prejudice.

62. There shall be no appeal in a criminal case to Her Majesty the Queen in Council from a decision of the Supreme Court, except by special leave of Her Majesty in Council.

PART IV.—*Civil Matters.*

63. Subject to the provisions of this Order, the civil jurisdiction of every Court acting under this Order shall, as far as circumstances admit, be exercised on the principles of, and in conformity with, the Statute and other law for the time being in force in and for England.

64. (1) Every civil proceeding in the Court shall be taken by action, and not otherwise, and shall be designated an action.

(2) For the purposes of any statutory enactment or other provision applicable under this Order to any civil proceeding in the Court, an action under this Order shall comprise and be equivalent to a suit, cause, or petition, or to any civil proceeding, howsoever required by any such enactment or provision to be instituted or carried on.

65. (1) Every action shall be heard and determined in a summary way.

(2) Every application in the course of an action may be made to the Court orally, and without previous formality, unless in any case the Court otherwise directs, or the rules of Court otherwise provide.

(3) No action or proceeding shall be treated by the Court as invalid on account of any technical error or mistake in form or in words.

(4) All errors and mistakes may be corrected, and times may be extended, by the Court in its discretion, and on such terms as the Court thinks just.

66. (1) The sittings of the Court for the hearing of actions shall, where the amount of business so requires, be held on stated days.

(2) The sittings shall ordinarily be public, but the Court may, for reasons recorded in the Minutes, hear any particular case in the presence only of the parties and their legal advisers and the officers of the Court.

67. Every action shall commence by a summons, issued from the Court, on the application of the plaintiff, and served on the defendant (in this Order referred to as an original summons).

68. The Registrar shall keep a book, called the Action Book, in which all actions brought in the Court shall be entered, numbered consecutively in each year, in the order in which they are commenced, with a short statement of the particulars of each action, and a note of the several proceedings therein.

69. (1) An original summons shall not be in force for more than twelve months from the day of its date (including that day).

(2) If any defendant named therein is not served therewith, the plaintiff may, before the end of the twelve months, apply to the Court for renewal thereof.

(3) The Court, if satisfied that reasonable efforts have been made to serve the defendant, or for other good reason, may order that the summons be renewed for six months from the date of renewal, and so, from time to time, during the currency of the renewed summons.

(4) The summons shall be renewed by being re-sealed with the seal of the Court, and a note being made thereon by the Registrar, stating the renewal and the date thereof.

(5) A summons so renewed shall remain in force and be available to prevent the operation of any statute of limitation, and for all other purposes, as from the date of the original summons.

(6) The production of a summons purporting to be so renewed shall be sufficient evidence of the renewal and of the commencement of the action, as of the date of the original summons, for all purposes.

70. If an action is not proceeded with and disposed of within twelve months from service of the original summons, the Court may, if it thinks fit, without application by any party, order the same to be dismissed for failure to proceed.

71. The Court may, at any time, if it thinks fit, either on or without application of a defendant, order the plaintiff to put in further particulars of his claim.

72. There shall ordinarily be no written pleadings ; but the Court may at any time, if it thinks fit, order the plaintiff to put in a written statement of his claim, or a defendant to put in a written statement of his defence.

73. The evidence on either side may, subject to the direction of the Court, be wholly or partly oral, or on affidavit, or by deposition.

74. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Order, every action in the Supreme Court which involves the amount or value of fifty pounds or upwards shall, on the demand of either party in writing, filed in the Court seven days before the day appointed for the hearing, be heard with a jury.

(2) Any other suit may, on the suggestion of any party, at any stage, be heard with a jury, if the Court thinks fit.

(3) Any suit may be heard with a jury if the Court, of its own motion, at any stage, thinks fit.

75. (1) The Supreme Court may, if it thinks fit, hear any action with assessors.

(2) A Provincial Court shall (subject to the provisions of this Order) hear with assessors every action which involves the amount or value of three hundred pounds or upwards.

(3) In all other cases a Provincial Court may, as it thinks fit, hear the action either with or without assessors.

76. (1) After the issue of a summons by any Court, the decision of that Court may be given upon a special case submitted to the Court by the parties.

(2) Any decision of a Provincial Court may be given subject to a case to be stated by, or under the direction of, that Court for the opinion or direction of the Supreme Court.

77. The following provisions apply to a Local Court :

(1) Such Court shall not exercise jurisdiction where the amount or value involved exceeds ten pounds.

(2) A Local Court shall, within fourteen days after the determination of any action, report the action to the Provincial Court, and transmit to that Court a copy of the proceedings.

(3) A Local Court shall have power to enforce any order by execution on the goods of the party ordered to pay, and not otherwise.

(4) An appeal to the Supreme Court from a Local Court shall lie as of course on the appellant making a deposit of one pound for costs to abide the decision on appeal, and execution shall thereupon be suspended.

(5) After one month from the date of the decision of the Local Court an appeal shall not lie except by leave of the Supreme Court.

(6) The proceedings with respect to an appeal under this Article shall be conducted as nearly as may be according to the provisions of this Order relating to appeals from Provincial Courts.

(7) In any case the Supreme Court may, if it thinks fit, on the application of any party, direct that the appeal be heard and determined by the Provincial Court or in the Supreme Court.

78. (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Order, the Court (for reasons recorded in the Minutes) may at any time do any of the following things as the Court thinks just :

(i) Defer or adjourn the hearing or determination of any action, proceeding, or application ;

(ii) Order or allow any amendment of any pleading or other document ;

(iii) Appoint or allow a time for, or enlarge or abridge the time appointed or allowed for, or allow further time for, the doing of any act or the taking of any proceeding.

(2) Any order within the discretion of the Court may be made on such terms respecting time, costs, and other matters, as the Court thinks fit.

79. (1) The Supreme Court may, if it thinks fit, on the application of any party, or of its own motion, order a rehearing of an action, or of an appeal, or of any arguments on a verdict, or on any other question of law.

(2) The provisions of this Order respecting a hearing with a jury or assessors shall extend to a rehearing of an action.

(3) The Supreme Court may, if it thinks fit, direct any rehearing to be before the full Court.

(4) If the party applying for a rehearing has by any order been ordered to pay money or do any other thing, the Court may direct either that the order be carried into execution, or that the execution thereof be suspended pending the rehearing, as it thinks fit.

(5) If the Court directs the order to be carried into execution, the party in whose favour it is given shall before the execution give security to the satisfaction of the Court for performance of such order as shall be made on the rehearing.

(6) If the Court directs the execution of the order to be suspended, the party against whom it is given shall, before an order for suspension is given, give security to the satisfaction of the Judge for performance of such order as shall be made on the rehearing.

(7) An application for a rehearing shall be made within the prescribed time.

80. Subject to the provisions of this Order and the Rules of Court, the costs of, and incident to, all proceedings in the Court shall be in the discretion of the Court, provided that if the action is tried with a jury the cost shall follow the event, unless the Court shall for good cause (to be entered in the Minutes) otherwise order.

81. (1) A Minute of every order, whether interlocutory or final, shall be made by the Court in the Minutes of Proceedings at the time when the judgment or order is given or made.

(2) Every such Minute shall have the full force and effect of a formal order.

(3) The Court may at any time order a formal order to be drawn up on the application of any party.

82. Where the Court delivers a decision in writing, the original, or a copy thereof, signed by the Judge or officer holding the Court, shall be filed in the proper office of the Court with the papers in the action.

83. (1) An order shall not be drawn up in form except on the application of some party to the action, or by direction of the Court, and shall then be passed and be certified by the affixing thereto of the seal of the Court, and it shall then be deemed to form part of the record in the action.

(2) An order shall not be enforced or appealed from, nor shall an office copy of it be granted, until it forms part of the record.

(3) An order shall bear the date of the day of the delivery of the decision on which the order is founded.

(4) Any party to an action or proceeding is entitled to have an office copy of any order made therein.

84. (1) Ordinarily, an order of a Provincial or Local Court shall not be enforced out of the Consular district of the Consular officer making the order.

(2) Where, however, a Provincial Court thinks that the urgency or other peculiar circumstances of the case so require, that Court may, for reasons recorded in the Minutes, order that any particular order be enforced out of the particular district.

85. All money ordered by the Court to be paid by any person shall be paid into an office of the Court, unless the Court otherwise directs.

86. Where money ordered by the Court to be paid is due for seamen's wages or is other money recoverable under "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," or other law relating to ships, and the person ordered to pay is master or owner of a ship, and the money is not paid as ordered, the Court, in addition to other powers for compelling payment, shall have power to direct that the amount unpaid be levied by seizure and sale of that ship.

87. Where an order ordering payment of money remains wholly or in part unsatisfied, whether an execution order has been made or not, the person prosecuting the order (in this Order called the judgment creditor) may apply to the Court for an order ordering the person by whom payment is to be made (in this Order called the judgment debtor) to appear and be examined respecting his ability to make the payment; and the Court shall, unless it sees good reason to the contrary, make an order accordingly.

• Where the order for the payment of money was made by a Local Court, the application under this Article shall be made to the Provincial Court.

88. (1) On the appearance of the judgment debtor, he may be examined on oath by or on behalf of the judgment creditor, and by the Court, respecting his ability to pay the money ordered to be paid, and for discovery of property applicable thereto, and respecting his disposal of any property.

(2) He shall produce, on oath or otherwise, all books, papers, and documents in his possession or power relating to any property applicable to payment.

(3) Whether the judgment debtor appears or not, the judgment creditor, and any witness whom the Court thinks requisite, may be examined, on oath or otherwise, respecting the same matters.

(4) The Court may, if it thinks fit, adjourn the examination from time to time, and require from the judgment debtor such security for his appearance as the Court thinks fit; and, in default of his finding security may, by order, commit him to the custody of an officer of the Court, there to remain until the adjourned hearing, unless sooner discharged.

89. If it appears to the Court, by the examination of the judgment debtor or other evidence, that the judgment debtor then has sufficient means to pay the money directed to be paid by him, and he refuses or neglects to pay the same according to the order, then and in any such case the Court may, if it thinks fit, by order, commit him to prison for any time not exceeding forty days.

90. On the examination, the Court, if it thinks fit, whether it makes an order for commitment or not, may rescind or alter any order for the payment of money by instalments or otherwise, and may make any further or other order, either for the payment of the whole amount forthwith, or by instalments, or in any other manner, as the Court thinks fit.

91. (1) The expenses of the judgment debtor's maintenance in prison shall be defrayed in the first instance by the judgment creditor and may be recovered by him from the judgment debtor, as the Court directs.

(2) The expenses shall be estimated by the Court, and shall be paid by the judgment creditor at such times and in such manner as the Court directs.

(3) In default of payment the judgment debtor may be discharged, if the Court thinks fit.

92. Imprisonment of a judgment debtor under the foregoing provisions does not operate as a satisfaction or extinguishment of the debt or liability to which the order relates, or protect the debtor from being anew imprisoned for any new default making him liable to be imprisoned, or deprive the judgment creditor of any right to have execution against his goods, as if there had not been such imprisonment.

93. The judgment debtor, on paying at any time the amount ordered to be paid, and all costs and expenses, shall be discharged.



94. (1) Where the order of the Court is one ordering some act to be done other than payment of money, there shall be indorsed on the copy of it served on the person required to obey it a memorandum in the words or to the effect following :

If you, the within-named A. B., neglect to obey this order within the time therein appointed, you will be liable to be arrested and your property may be sequestered.

(2) Where the person directed to do the act fails to do it according to the order, the person prosecuting the order may apply to the Court for another order for the arrest of the disobedient person.

(3) Thereupon the Court may make an order ordering and empowering an officer of the Court therein named to take the body of the disobedient person and detain him in custody until further order.

(4) He shall be liable to be detained in custody until he has obeyed the order in all things that are to be immediately performed, and given such security, as the Court thinks fit, to obey the order in other respects (if any) at the future times thereby appointed.

95. If the debtor, against whom a warrant of arrest issues, cannot be found, or is taken or detained in custody without obeying the order, the person prosecuting the order may apply to the Court for an order of sequestration against his property.

96. (1) On proof of great urgency or other peculiar circumstances, the Court may, if it thinks fit, before service of a writ or summons in an action, and without notice, make an order of injunction, or an order to sequester money or goods, or to stop the clearance of a vessel, or to hold to bail, or to attach property.

(2) Before making the order the Court shall require the person applying for it to enter into a recognisance, with or without a surety or sureties, as the Court thinks fit, as security for his being answerable in damages to the person against whom the order is sought.

(3) The order shall not remain in force more than twenty-four hours, and shall, at the end of that time, wholly cease to be in force, unless within that time an action is regularly brought by the person obtaining the order.

(4) The order shall be dealt with in the action as the Court thinks fit.

97. (1) An order to hold to bail shall state the amount, including costs, for which bail is required.

(2) It shall be executed forthwith.

(3) The person arrested under it shall be entitled to be discharged from custody under it on bringing into Court the amount stated in the order, to abide the event of such action as may be brought, or on entering into a recognisance, without or with a surety or sureties, as the Court thinks fit, as security that he will abide by the orders of the Court in any action brought.

(4) He shall be liable to be detained in custody under the order for not more than seven days, if not sooner discharged ; but the Court may, from time to time, if it thinks fit, renew the order.

(5) No person, however, shall be kept in custody under any such order and renewed order for a longer time, in the whole, than thirty days.

98. (1) Where an action is brought for the recovery of a sum exceeding five pounds, and it is proved that the defendant is about to abscond for the purpose of defeating the plaintiff's claim, the Court may, if it thinks fit, order that he be arrested and delivered into safe custody, to be kept until he gives bail or security, with a surety or sureties, in such sum, expressed in the order, as the Court thinks fit, not exceeding the probable amount of debt, or damages, and costs to be recovered in the action, that he will appear at any time when called on, while the action is pending, and until execution or satisfaction of any order

made against him, and that, in default of appearance, he will pay any money and costs which he is ordered to pay in the action.

(2) The expenses incurred for the subsistence of the defendant while under arrest shall be paid by the plaintiffs in advance at such rate and in such amounts as the Court directs; and the total amount so paid may be recovered by the plaintiff in the action, unless the Court otherwise directs.

(3) The Court may at any time, on reasonable cause shown, discharge or vary the order.

99. (1) Where it is proved that the defendant, with intent to obstruct or delay the execution of any order obtained or to be obtained against him, is about to remove any property out of the jurisdiction of the Court, the Court may, if it thinks fit, on the application of the plaintiff, order that property to be forthwith seized and secured.

(2) The Court may at any time, on reasonable cause shown, discharge or vary the order.

100. (1) On proof of great urgency or other peculiar circumstances, after an action is brought, the Court may, if it thinks fit, on the application of a plaintiff, or of its own motion, make an order for stopping the clearance of, or for the arrest and detention of, a vessel about to leave the district, other than a vessel enjoying immunity from civil process.

(2) The Court may at any time, on reasonable cause shown, discharge or vary the order.

101. (1) If it appears to the Court that any order made under any of the last four foregoing Articles of this Order was applied for on insufficient grounds, or if the plaintiff's action fails, or judgment is given against him, by default or otherwise, and it appears to the Court that there was no sufficient ground for his bringing the action, the Court may, if it thinks fit, on the application of the defendant, order the plaintiff to pay to the defendant such amount as appears to the Court to be a reasonable compensation to the defendant for the expense and injury occasioned to him by the execution of the order.

(2) Payment of compensation under this Article is a bar to any action for damages in respect of anything done in pursuance of the order, and any such action, if begun, shall be stayed by the Court in such manner and on such terms as the Court thinks fit.

102. (1) Any agreement in writing between any British subjects to submit present or future differences to arbitration, whether an arbitrator is named therein or not, may be filed in the Court by any party thereto, and, unless a contrary intention is expressed therein, shall be irrevocable, and shall have the same effect as an order of the Court.

(2) Every such agreement is in this order referred to as a submission.

(3) If any action is commenced in respect of any matter covered by a submission, the Court, on the application of any party to the action, may by order stay the action.

103. (1) In any action—

(a) If all parties consent, or

(b) If the matters in dispute consist wholly or partly of matters of account, or require for their determination prolonged examination of documents or any scientific or local examination,

the Court may at any time refer the whole action, or any question or issue arising therein, for inquiry and report, to the Registrar or any special referee.

(2) The Report of the Registrar or special referee may be adopted wholly or partially by the Court, and if so adopted may be enforced as a judgment of the Court.

(3) The Court may also in any case, with the consent of both parties to an action, or of any parties between whom any questions in the action arise (such consent being signified by a submission) refer the action or the portions referred to in the submission to arbitration, in such manner and upon such terms as it shall think reasonable or just.

(4) In all cases of reference to a Registrar, special Referee, or Arbitrator, under any order of the Court, the Registrar, special Referee, or Arbitrator shall be deemed to be an officer of the Court, and shall have such powers and authority, and shall conduct such reference or arbitration in such manner as may be prescribed by any rules of Court, and subject thereto as the Court may direct.

104. Subject to the Rules of Court, the Court shall have authority to enforce any submission, or any award made thereunder, and to control and regulate the proceedings before and after the award, in such manner and on such terms as the Court thinks fit.

105. (1) Each Court shall, as far as circumstances admit, have, for and within its own district, with respect to the following classes of persons being either resident in the Ottoman dominions, or carrying on business there, namely, resident British subjects and their debtors and creditors, being British subjects, or Ottoman subjects or foreigners submitting to the jurisdiction of the Court, all such jurisdiction in bankruptcy as for the time being belongs to the High Court and the County Courts in England,

(2) Proceedings in bankruptcy shall be originated by a summons to the party to be made bankrupt to show cause why he should not be adjudicated bankrupt, or by a summons issued by a debtor himself to his creditor, or any of his creditors, to show cause why he (the debtor) should not be adjudicated bankrupt.

(3) On or at any time after the issue of such a summons, the Supreme Court may stay any proceedings pending in any Court in any action, execution, or other legal process against the debtor in respect of any debt provable in bankruptcy, or it may allow such proceedings, whether pending at the commencement of the bankruptcy or begun during the continuance of the bankruptcy, to proceed on such terms as the Court thinks fit.

(4) The Court may, on or at any time after the issue of such a summons, appoint a receiver or manager of the property or business of the debtor, or of any part thereof, and may direct immediate possession to be taken by an officer of the Court, or under the control of the Court, of that property or business, or of any part thereof.

106. (1) The Supreme Court shall have Admiralty jurisdiction for and within the Ottoman dominions and Ottoman waters, and over vessels and persons coming within the same.

(2) The following enactments of "The Colonial Courts of Admiralty Act, 1890," that is to say, section 2, sub-sections (2) to (4); sections 5 and 6; section 16, sub-section (3); shall apply to the Supreme Court as if that Court were a Colonial Court of Admiralty, and as if the Ottoman dominions were a British possession; and for the purpose of this application the expressions "judgment" and "appeal" shall in the enactments so applied have the same respective meanings as are assigned thereto in section 15 of the said Act.

(3) During the absence from Egypt of a Judge of the Supreme Court, the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court under this Article shall, subject to any Rules of Court, be exercised by the Provincial Court at Alexandria.

107. The Supreme Court shall, as far as circumstances admit, have for and within the Ottoman dominions, with respect to British subjects, all such jurisdiction, except the jurisdiction relative to dissolution or nullity or jactitation of marriage as for the time being belongs to the High Court in England.

108. (1) The Supreme Court shall, as far as circumstances admit, have, for and within the Ottoman dominions, in relation to British subjects, all such jurisdiction relative to the custody and management of the persons and estates

of lunatics, as for the time being belongs to the Lord Chancellor or other Judge or Judges in England entrusted by virtue of Her Majesty's Sign Manual with the care and commitment of the custody of the persons and estates of lunatics.

(2) A Provincial Court shall, as far as circumstances permit, have, in relation to British subjects, such jurisdiction relative to the custody and management of the persons and estates of lunatics as for the time being may be prescribed by rules of Court, and until such rules are made, and so far as such rules do not apply, as may be exercised in England by the judicial authority and by the Masters in Lunacy under the provisions of "The Lunacy Act, 1890," and any Act amending the same.

(3) In any such case the Provincial Court may, of its own motion, or on the application of any person interested, take or authorise such steps as to the Court may seem necessary or expedient for the immediate protection of the person and property of any person appearing to the Court to be a lunatic, and may, from time to time, revoke, or vary, or supplement any order or proceeding taken in the matter.

(4) Subject to the provisions of this Article and to any rules of Court, a Provincial Court shall not proceed in any such matter except under and according to the directions of the Supreme Court.

(5) Sections 5 to 7 of "The Lunatics Removal (India) Act, 1851" (14 and 15 Vict., cap. 81), shall apply to the Ottoman dominions, with the substitution of "the Supreme Court" for "the Supreme Court of Judicature at any of the Presidencies of India." Provided that the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court under those sections may, during the absence of a Judge thereof, be exercised in and for Egypt by the Provincial Court at Alexandria.

109. (1) The Supreme Court shall as far as circumstances admit, have, for and within the Ottoman dominions, with respect to the wills and the property in the Ottoman dominions of deceased British subjects, all such jurisdiction as for the time being belongs to the High Court in England.

(2) A Provincial Court shall have power to grant probate or letters of administration where there is no contention respecting the right to the grant, and it is proved that the deceased was resident at his death within the particular jurisdiction.

(3) Probate or administration granted by a Court under this Order shall have effect over all the property of the deceased within the Ottoman dominions, and shall effectually discharge persons dealing with an executor or administrator thereunder, notwithstanding that any defect afterwards appears in the grant.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in this Order, the Court shall not exercise the jurisdiction conferred by this Article in any case where the deceased, though a protected person, was at the time of his death an Ottoman subject, and in the construction of the provisions of this Order relating to probate and administration, the expression "British subject" shall not include any such protected person.

110. A British subject may in his lifetime deposit for safe custody, in the Court, his own will, sealed up under his own seal and the seal of the Court.

111. (1) Where probate, administration, or confirmation is granted in England, Ireland, or Scotland, and therein, or by a Memorandum thereon signed by an officer of the Court granting the same, the testator or intestate is stated to have died domiciled in England, Ireland or Scotland (as the case may be), and the probate, administration, or confirmation is produced to, and a copy thereof is deposited with, the Supreme Court, the Court shall write thereon a certificate of that production and deposit under the seal of the Court; and thereupon notwithstanding anything in this Order, the probate, administration, or confirmation shall, with respect to the personal property in the Ottoman dominions of the testator or intestate, have the like effect as if he had been resident in those dominions at his death, and probate or administration to his personal property there had been granted by the Supreme Court.

(2) Any person who, in reliance on an instrument purporting to be a probate, administration or confirmation granted in England, Ireland or Scotland, and to bear such a certificate of the Supreme Court as in this Article prescribed, makes or permits any payment or transfer, in good faith, shall be by virtue of this Order indemnified and protected in respect thereof, in the Ottoman dominions, notwithstanding anything affecting the validity of the probate, administration, or confirmation.

(3) The following shall be the terms of the certificate of the Supreme Court in this Article prescribed, namely :

This probate has [or these letters of administration have, or this confirmation has] been produced in this Court, and a copy thereof has been deposited with this Court.

112. Section 51 of "The Conveyancing (Scotland) Act, 1874," and any enactment for the time being in force amending or substituted for the same, are hereby extended to the Ottoman dominions, with the adaptation following, namely :

The Supreme Court is hereby substituted for a Court of Probate in a Colony.

113. (1) Each Consular officer shall endeavour to obtain, as early as may be, notice of the death of every British subject dying within the particular jurisdiction, whether resident or not, and all such information respecting his affairs as may serve to guide the Court with respect to the securing and administration of his property.

(2) On receiving notice of the death the Consular officer shall put up a notice thereof at the Court-house, and shall keep the same there until probate or administration is granted, or where it appears to him that probate or administration will not be applied for, or cannot be granted, for such time as he thinks fit.

114. (1) Where a British subject resident dies in the Ottoman dominions, or elsewhere, intestate, then, until administration is granted, his personal property in the Ottoman dominions shall be vested in the Judge of the Supreme Court.

(2) Where a British subject not resident dies in the Ottoman dominions, the Court within whose particular jurisdiction he dies—and where a British subject resident dies elsewhere, the Court within whose jurisdiction any property of the deceased is situate—shall, where the circumstances of the case appear to the Court so to require, forthwith on his death, or as soon after as may be, take possession of his personal property within the particular jurisdiction, or put it under the seal of the Court (in either case if the nature of the property or other circumstances so require, making an inventory), and so keep it until it can be dealt with according to law.

115. If any person named executor in the will of the deceased takes possession of and administers or otherwise deals with any part of the personal property of the deceased, and does not obtain probate within one month after the death, or after the termination of any suit or dispute respecting probate or administration, he shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds.

116. If any person, other than the person named executor or an administrator or an officer of the Court, takes possession of and administers or otherwise deals with any part of the personal property of a deceased British subject, whether resident or not, he shall be deemed guilty of a contempt of Court, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds.

117. Where a person appointed executor in a will survives the testator, but either dies without having taken probate, or, having been called on by the Court to take probate, does not appear, his right in respect of the executorship wholly ceases; and, without further renunciation, the representation to the testator and the administration of his property shall go and may be committed as if that person had not been appointed executor.



118. (1) Where a British subject dies in the Ottoman dominions, any other such subject having in his possession, or under his control, any paper or writing of the deceased, being, or purporting to be testamentary, shall forthwith bring the original to the Court within whose particular jurisdiction the death happens, and deposit it there.

If any person fails to do so for fourteen days after having knowledge of the death of the deceased, he shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds.

(2) Where it is proved that any paper of the deceased, being or purporting to be testamentary, is in the possession or under the control of a British subject, the Court may, whether a suit or proceeding respecting probate or administration is pending or not, order him to produce the paper and bring it into Court.

(3) Where it appears to the Court that there are reasonable grounds for believing that any person has knowledge of any paper being or purporting to be testamentary (although it is not shown that the paper is in his possession or under his control) the Court may, whether a suit or proceeding for probate or administration is pending or not, order that he be examined respecting it before the Court or elsewhere, and that he do attend for that purpose, and after examination order that he do produce the paper and deposit it in Court.

119. (1) A person claiming to be a creditor or legatee, or the next-of-kin, or one of the next-of-kin, of a deceased person may apply for and obtain a summons from the Court requiring the executor or administrator (as the case may be) of the deceased to attend before the Court and show cause why an order should not be made for the administration of the property under the direction of the Court.

(2) On proof of service of the summons, or on appearance of the executor or administrator, and on proof of all such other things (if any) as the Court thinks fit, the Court may, if it thinks fit, make an immediate order for such administration.

(3) The Court shall have full discretionary power to make or refuse any such Order, or to give any special directions respecting the carriage or execution of it, and in the case of applications for such an order by two or more different persons or classes of persons, to grant the same to such one or more of the claimants, or classes of claimants, as the Court thinks fit.

(4) If the Court thinks fit, the carriage of the order may subsequently be given to such person, and on such terms, as the Court thinks fit.

(5) On making such an order, or at any time afterwards, the Court may, if it thinks fit, make any further or other order for compelling the executor or administrator to bring into Court for safe custody all or any part of the money, or securities, or other property of the deceased, from time to time coming to his hands, or otherwise for securing the safe keeping of the property of the deceased, or any part thereof.

(6) If the extreme urgency or other peculiar circumstances of the case appear to the Court so to require (for reasons recorded in the minutes), the Court may of its own motion issue such a summons, and make such an order or such orders and cause proper proceedings to be taken thereon.

120. (1) In a case of apparent intestacy where the circumstances of the case appear to the Court so to require (for reasons recorded in the Minutes), the Court may, if it thinks fit, of its own motion, grant administration to an officer of the Court.

(2) The officer so appointed shall act under the direction of the Court, and shall be indemnified thereby.

(3) He shall publish such notices, if any, as the Court thinks fit, in the Ottoman dominions, the United Kingdom, India, and elsewhere.

(4) The Court shall require and compel him to file in the Court his accounts of his administration at intervals not exceeding three months.

(5) The accounts shall be in all cases audited by the Supreme Court; for which purpose every Provincial Court shall, on the first day of February and the first day of August in every year, send to the Supreme Court all accounts so filed in the then last preceding half-year.

(6) A commission of five per cent., or such less amount as the Secretary of State directs, may be charged on an estate administered under this Article, and the amount thereof shall be calculated and applied as the Secretary of State directs.

(7) All expenses incurred on behalf of the Court in the execution of this Article and the said commission shall be the first charge on the personal property of the deceased in the Ottoman dominions, and the Court shall, by sale of part of that property or otherwise, provide for the discharge of those expenses and the payment of the said commission.

121. Where it appears to the Court that the value of the property or estate of a deceased person does not exceed one hundred pounds, the Court may, without any probate or letters of administration, or other formal proceeding, pay thereout any debts or charges, and pay, remit or deliver any surplus to such persons, subject to such conditions (if any) as the Court thinks proper, and shall not be liable to any action, suit, or proceedings in respect of anything done under this Article. Every proceeding of the Court under this Article shall be recorded in the Minutes.

122. (1) Where an action in a Provincial Court involves the amount or value of fifty pounds or upwards, any party aggrieved by any decision of that Court, with or without assessors, in the action shall have the right to appeal to the Supreme Court against the same, on the following conditions, namely:

(i) The appellant shall give security to the satisfaction of the Provincial Court to an amount not exceeding one hundred pounds for prosecution of the appeal, and for payment of any costs that may be ordered by the Supreme Court on the appeal to be paid by the appellant to any person;

(ii) The appellant shall pay to the Provincial Court such sum as the Provincial Court thinks reasonable, to defray the expense of the making up and transmission of the record to the Supreme Court.

(2) In any other case a Provincial Court may, if it thinks fit, give leave to appeal on the conditions aforesaid.

(3) In any case the Supreme Court may give leave to appeal on such terms as it thinks fit.

(4) After three months from the date of a decision of the Provincial Court, an appeal against it shall not lie except by leave of the Supreme Court.

(5) After six months from the date of a decision of the Provincial Court, application for leave to appeal against it shall not be entertained by the Supreme Court.

123. (1) Where a person ordered to pay money, or to do any other thing, appeals, the Provincial Court shall direct either that the decision appealed from be carried into execution or that the execution thereof be suspended pending the appeal, as that Court thinks fit.

(2) If the Provincial Court directs the decision to be carried into execution, the person in whose favour it is given shall, before the execution of it, give security to the satisfaction of the Court for performance of any order to be made on appeal.

(3) If the Provincial Court directs the execution of the decision to be suspended, the person against whom it is given shall, before an order for suspension is made, give security to the satisfaction of the Provincial Court for performance of such order as shall be made on appeal.

124. (1) The appellant shall file an appeal motion-paper in the Provincial Court.

(2) He may at the same time file any argument which he desires to submit to the Supreme Court in support of the appeal.

(3) Copies of the motion-paper and the argument (if any) shall be served on such persons as respondents as the Provincial Court directs.

125. (1) A respondent may, within the prescribed time after service of the motion-paper, file in the Provincial Court a motion-paper of cross-appeal (if any) and such argument as he desires to submit to the Supreme Court on the appeal and cross-appeal, if any.

(2) Copies thereof shall be furnished by the Provincial Court to such persons as that Court thinks fit.

126. (1) On the expiration of the prescribed time last referred to the Provincial Court shall, without the application of any party, make up the record of appeal, which shall consist of the writ of summons, statements of claim and defence (if any), orders, and proceedings, all written and documentary evidence admitted or tendered, or a certified copy thereof, and the notes of the oral evidence, the appeal and cross-appeal motion-paper, and the arguments (if any).

(2) The several pieces shall be fastened together, consecutively numbered; and the whole shall be secured by the seal of the Court, and be forthwith forwarded by it to the Supreme Court.

(3) The Provincial Court shall not, except for some special cause, take on itself the responsibility of the charge, or of the transmission to the Supreme Court, of original letters or documents produced in evidence. They shall be returned to the parties producing them; and those parties shall produce the originals, if required by the Supreme Court, at or before the hearing of the appeal.

127. (1) After the record of appeal is transmitted, until the appeal is disposed of, the Supreme Court shall be in exclusive possession of the whole action, as between the parties to the appeal.

(2) Every application in the action, as between the parties to the appeal, shall be made to the Supreme Court, and not to the Provincial Court; but any application may be made through the Provincial Court.

128. (1) The Supreme Court shall, after receiving the record of appeal, fix a day for the hearing of the appeal, and shall give notice thereof through the Provincial Court to the parties to the appeal, such a day being fixed as will allow of the parties attending in person or by counsel or solicitor, if they so desire.

(2) But if all the separate parties to an appeal appear in person before the Supreme Court, or appoint persons there to represent them as their counsel or solicitors in the appeal, and cause the appearance or appointment to be notified to the Supreme Court, the Supreme Court may dispose of the appeal, without being required to give notice through the Provincial Court, to the parties to the appeal, of the day fixed for the hearing thereof.

129. The Supreme Court may, if it thinks fit, require a party to an appeal to appear personally before it on the hearing of the appeal, or on any occasion pending the appeal.

130. It is not open, as of right, to a party to an appeal to adduce new evidence in support of his original case, but a party may allege any material facts that have come to his knowledge after the decision of the Provincial Court, and the Supreme Court may in any case, if it thinks fit, allow or require new evidence to be adduced.

131. (1) The Supreme Court may make any orders necessary for determining the real question in controversy in the action as among the parties to the appeal, and for that purpose may amend any defect or error in the record of appeal, and may enlarge the time for any proceeding except as otherwise by this Order expressly provided.

(2) The Supreme Court may direct the Provincial Court to inquire into and certify its finding on any question, as between the parties to the appeal,

or any of them, which the Supreme Court thinks fit to determine before final judgment is given in the appeal.

(3) Generally, the Supreme Court shall, as among the parties to the appeal, have as full jurisdiction over the whole action as if it had been originally instituted and prosecuted in the Supreme Court by parties subject to the original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.

(4) The Supreme Court may, if it thinks fit, remit the action to the Provincial Court, to be reheard, or to be otherwise dealt with as the Supreme Court directs.

(5) The powers of the Supreme Court under this Order may be exercised, notwithstanding that the appeal is brought against part only of the decision of the Provincial Court.

(6) Those powers may be exercised in favour of all or any of the parties to the action, although they have not appealed from, or complained of, the decision.

132. (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Order, an appeal to the Supreme Court shall not lie from an order of the Provincial Court, made on the application of one party, without notice to the other party.

(2) But, if any person thinks himself aggrieved by such an order, he may, on notice to the other party, apply to the Provincial Court to vary or discharge the order, and an appeal shall lie from the decision on that application.

133. (1) Where a final judgment or order of the Supreme Court made in a civil action involves the amount or value of five hundred pounds or upwards, any party aggrieved thereby may, within the prescribed time, or, if no time is prescribed, within fifteen days after the same is made or given, apply by motion to the Supreme Court for leave to appeal to Her Majesty the Queen in Council.

(2) The applicant shall give security to the satisfaction of the Court to an amount not exceeding five hundred pounds for prosecution of the appeal, and for payment of all such costs as may be awarded to any respondent by Her Majesty in Council, or by the Lords of the Judicial Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council.

(3) He shall also pay into the Supreme Court a sum estimated by that Court to be the amount of the expense of the making up and transmission to England of the transcript of the record.

(4) If security and payment are so given and made within one month from the filing of the motion-paper for leave to appeal, then, and not otherwise, the Supreme Court shall give leave to appeal, and the appellant shall be at liberty to prefer and prosecute his appeal to Her Majesty in Council according to the rules for the time being in force respecting appeals to Her Majesty in Council from Her Colonies, or such other rules as Her Majesty in Council from time to time thinks fit to make concerning appeals from the Supreme Court.

(5) In any case the Supreme Court, if it considers it just or expedient to do so, may give leave to appeal on the terms and in the manner aforesaid.

134. (1) Where leave to appeal to Her Majesty in Council is applied for by a person ordered to pay money or do any other act, the Supreme Court shall direct either that the order appealed from be carried into execution, or that the execution thereof be suspended pending the appeal, as the Court thinks just.

(2) If the Court directs the order to be carried into execution, the person in whose favour it is made shall, before the execution of it, give security to the satisfaction of the Court for performance of such order as Her Majesty in Council may think fit to make.

(3) If the Court directs the execution of the order to be suspended, the party against whom it is given shall, before an order for suspension is made give security to the satisfaction of the Court for performance of such order as Her Majesty in Council may think fit to make.

135. This Order shall not affect the right of Her Majesty at any time, on the humble petition of a person aggrieved by a decision of the Supreme Court, to admit his appeal thereon on such terms and in such manner as Her Majesty in Council may think fit, and to deal with the decision appealed from in such manner as may be just.

**PART V.—*Procedure, Criminal and Civil.***

136. It shall be lawful for the Supreme Court to make Rules of Court and to prescribe Forms of Procedure as to all civil or criminal matters, subject to the approval of the Secretary of State.

Until such rules and forms have been made, or in relation to matters to which they do not extend, a Court may adopt and use any procedure or forms heretofore in use in the Consular Courts in the Ottoman dominions, or any Regulations or Rules made thereunder and in force immediately before the commencement of this Order, with any modifications or adaptations which may be necessary.

No proceeding shall be invalidated by any informality, mistake or omission, so long as, in the opinion of any Court before which any question arises, the essential requisites of law and justice have been complied with.

Provision may, amongst other things, be made by rules under this Article—

- (a) For authorising the Court to grant and enforce search warrants ;
- (b) For regulating the procedure in the case of references or arbitrations before Registrars, special Referees or Arbitrators appointed by the Court and for enforcing awards ;
- (c) For enforcing by distress, or by attachment, or commitment, judgments or orders of the Court, or payment of any damages, costs, penalties, fines, or forfeitures ;
- (d) For the sale of things forfeited ;
- (e) For garnishee process ;
- (f) For attachments of property in order to compel appearance or submission to the jurisdiction or process of the Court, and authorizing the Court to compel, by fine, distress or recognisance, or in default of security by commitment, the attendance of witnesses before the Court, or before a Colonial or other Court to which a case is sent for trial ;
- (g) For regulating the mode in which legal practitioners are to be admitted to practise as such, and for withdrawing the right to practise on grounds of misconduct ;
- (h) For prescribing and enforcing the fees to be taken in respect of any proceedings under this Order, not exceeding, as regards any matters provided for by " The Consular Salaries and Fees Act, 1891," fees fixed and allowed from time to time by any Order in Council made under that Act ;
- (i) For prescribing a scale of payments to be made to a complainant or witness, or a jury or Assessors (in criminal cases only), and the conditions upon which an order may be made by the Court for such payments ;
- (j) For prescribing scales of costs to be paid to practitioners ;
- (k) For taking and transmitting depositions of witnesses for use at trials in a Colony or in England.

Provided that the scales of all fees, expenses, and costs prescribed under the provisions of this Order shall have been sanctioned by the Treasury.

Provided also that any legal practitioner, whose right to practise before the Supreme Court has been withdrawn, shall be entitled to appeal to Her Majesty in Council.



137. (1) The Court may, in any case, if it thinks fit, on account of the poverty of a party, or for any other reason, provisionally dispense with the payment of any fee in whole or in part.

(2) Payment of fees payable under any rules to be made in pursuance of this Order, and of costs and of charges and expenses of witnesses, prosecutions, punishments, and deportations, and of other charges and expenses, and of fines respectively payable under this Order, may be enforced under order of the Court by seizure and sale of goods, and, in default of sufficient goods, by imprisonment as a civil prisoner for a term not exceeding one month; but such imprisonment shall not operate as a satisfaction or extinguishment of the liability.

(3) Any bill of sale or mortgage, or transfer of property made with a view of avoiding seizure or sale of goods or ship under any provision of this Order, shall not be effectual to defeat the provisions of this Order.

138. (1) Every summons, order, and other document issuing from the Court shall be in English, French, or Italian.

(2) Every pleading and other document filed in the Court in a civil or criminal proceeding by a party thereto shall be in English, or French, or Italian.

(3) Every affidavit used in the Court shall be in English or in the ordinary language of the person swearing it.

(4) An affidavit in any language either than English, or French, or Italian shall be accompanied by a sworn translation into English, or French, or Italian, procured by and at the expense of the person using the affidavit.

(5) Where there is a jury all the proceedings before the jury shall be conducted in English—evidence, if given in any other language, being interpreted.

139. (1) Summonses, orders, and other documents issuing from the Supreme Court, shall be sealed with the seal of that Court.

(2) Those issuing from a Provincial or Local Court shall be sealed with the official seal of the Consular officer by whom they are issued.

140. (1) In every case, civil or criminal, Minutes of the proceedings shall be drawn up, and shall be signed by the Judge or Consular officer before whom the proceedings are taken, and shall, where the trial is held with Assessors, be open for their inspection and for their signature if concurred in by them.

(2) These Minutes, with the depositions of witnesses, and the notes of evidence taken at the hearing or trial by the Judge or Consular officer, shall be preserved in the public office of the Court.

141. (1) Every person doing an act or taking a proceeding in the Court as plaintiff in a civil case, or as making a criminal charge against another person, or otherwise, shall do so in his own name and not otherwise, and either—

(a) By himself; or

(b) By a legal practitioner; or

(c) By his attorney or agent thereunto lawfully authorized in writing and approved by the Court.

(2) Where the act is done or proceeding taken by an attorney (other than a legal practitioner), or by an agent, the power of attorney, or instrument authorizing the agent, or an authenticated copy thereof, shall be first filed in the Court.

(3) Where the authority has reference only to the particular proceeding, the original document shall be filed.

(4) Where the authority is general, or has reference to other matters in which the attorney, or agent is empowered to act, an authenticated copy of the document may be filed.

142. (1) In any case, criminal or civil, and at any stage thereof, the Court either of its own motion or on the application of any party, may summon a

British subject to attend to give evidence, or to produce documents, or to be examined.

(2) If the person summoned, having reasonable notice of the time and place at which he is required to attend, and his reasonable expenses having been paid or tendered, fails to attend and be sworn, and give evidence, or produce documents, or submit to examination accordingly, and does not excuse his failure to the satisfaction of the Court, he shall be guilty of an offence against this Order.

(3) A person punished under this Article shall not be liable to an action in respect of the same matter; and any such action if begun, shall be stayed by the Court in such a manner and on such terms as the Court thinks fit.

143. If, in a criminal case, a witness appearing before the Court, either in obedience to a summons, or on being brought up under a warrant, refuses to take an oath, or, having taken an oath, to answer any question put to him, and does not excuse his refusal to the satisfaction of the Court, he shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable to be forthwith committed to prison, for not more than seven days.

144. The following Acts, namely :

"The Foreign Tribunals Evidence Act, 1856,"

"The Evidence by Commission Act, 1859,"

"The Evidence by Commission Act, 1885," or so much thereof as is for the time being in force, and any enactment for the time being in force amending or substituted for the same, are hereby extended to the Ottoman dominions, with the adaptations following, namely :

In the said Acts the Supreme Court is hereby substituted for a Supreme Court in a Colony.

145. The following Acts, namely :

"The British Law Ascertainment Act, 1859,"

"The Foreign Law Ascertainment Act, 1861," or so much thereof as is for the time being in force, and any enactment for the time being in force amending or substituted for the same, are hereby extended to the Ottoman dominions, with the adaptation following, namely :

In the said Acts the Supreme Court is hereby substituted for a Superior Court in a Colony.

146. If in any case, civil or criminal, a British subject wilfully gives false evidence on oath in the Court, or on a reference, he shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury.

147. The Supreme Court may, if it thinks fit, order that a Commission do issue for examination of witnesses at any place out of the Ottoman dominions, on oath, by interrogatories or otherwise, and may, by order, give such directions touching the time, place, and manner of the examination, or anything connected therewith, as to the Court appear reasonable and just.

148. (1) Every male resident subject,—being of the age of twenty-one years or upwards,—having a competent knowledge of the English language,—having or earning a gross income at such rate as may be fixed by Rules of Court,—not having been attainted of treason or felony, or convicted of any crime that is infamous (unless he has obtained a free pardon),—and not being under outlawry,—shall be qualified to serve on a jury.

(2) All persons so qualified shall be liable so to serve, except the following :

Persons in Her Majesty's Diplomatic, Consular, or other Civil Service, in actual employment ;

Officers, clerks, keepers of prisons, messengers, and other persons attached to or in the service of the Court ;

Officers and others on full pay in Her Majesty's navy or army, or in actual employment in the service of any Department connected therewith ;

Persons holding appointments in the Civil, naval, or military service of the Sublime Ottoman Porte ;

Clergymen and ministers in the actual discharge of professional duties ;

Legal practitioners in actual practice ;

Physicians, surgeons, and apothecaries in actual practice ;

Persons disabled by mental or bodily infirmity.

(3) A jury shall consist of five jurors.

(4) In civil and in criminal cases the like challenges shall be allowed as in England,—with this addition, that in civil cases each party may challenge three jurors peremptorily.

(5) A jury shall be required to give an unanimous verdict.

(6) Where there is to be a hearing with a jury, the Court shall summon so many of the persons comprised in the jury list, not fewer than twelve, as seem requisite.

(7) Any person failing to attend according to the summons shall be deemed guilty of a contempt of Court, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

149. (1) An Assessor shall be a competent and impartial subject, of good repute, resident in the district of the particular Court, and nominated and summoned by the Court for the purpose of acting as Assessor.

(2) In the Supreme Court there may be one Assessor or two Assessors, as the Court thinks fit.

(3) In a Provincial Court there shall ordinarily be not fewer than two and not more than four, Assessors. Where, however, by reason of local circumstances, the Court is able to obtain the presence of one Assessor only, the Court may, if it thinks fit, sit with one Assessor only : and where, for like reasons, the Court is not able to obtain the presence of any Assessor, the Court may, if it thinks fit sit without an Assessor,—the Court, in every case, recording in the Minutes its reasons for sitting with one Assessor only or without an Assessor.

(4) An Assessor shall not have any voice in the decision of the Court in any case, civil or criminal ; but an Assessor dissenting, in a civil case, from any decision of the Court, or, in a criminal case, from any decision of the Court or the conviction or the amount of punishment awarded, may record in the Minutes his dissent, and the grounds thereof, and shall be entitled to receive without payment, a certified copy of the Minutes. An Assessor dissenting shall be entitled to receive, without payment, a certified copy of the Minutes.

#### PART VI.—*Ottoman and Foreign Subjects and Tribunals.*

150. (1) Where an Ottoman subject or foreigner desires to institute or take in the Court an action against a British subject, or a British subject desires to institute or take in the Court an action against an Ottoman subject or foreigner, the Court shall entertain the same, and shall hear and determine it, either by the Court sitting alone, or, if all parties desire, or the Court, having regard to its jurisdiction, thinks fit to direct, a trial with a jury or assessors, then with a jury or Assessors, but in all other respects according to the ordinary course of the Court.

(2) Provided that the Ottoman subject or foreigner, if so required by the Court, first obtains and files in the Court the consent in writing of the competent authority on behalf of the Sublime Ottoman Porte or of his own nation (as the case may be) to his submitting, and does submit, to the jurisdiction of the Court, and, if required by the Court, give security to the satisfaction of the Court, and to such reasonable amount as the Court thinks fit, by deposit or otherwise, to pay fees, damages, costs, and expenses, and abide by and perform such decision as shall be given by the Court or on appeal.

(3) A cross-action shall not be brought in the Court against a plaintiff, being an Ottoman subject or foreigner who has submitted to the jurisdiction, by a defendant, without leave of the Court first obtained, but the Court may, as a condition of entertaining the plaintiff's action, require his consent to any cross-action or matter of set-off being entertained by the Court.

(4) The Court before giving leave may require proof from the defendant that his claim arises out of the matter in dispute, and that there is reasonable ground for it, and that it is not made for vexation or delay.

(5) Nothing in this Article shall prevent the defendant from bringing in the Court any action against the Ottoman subject or foreigner after the termination of the action in which the Ottoman subject or foreigner is plaintiff.

(6) Where an Ottoman subject or foreigner obtains in the Court an order against a defendant being a British subject, and in another suit that defendant is plaintiff and the Ottoman subject or foreigner is defendant, the Court may, if it thinks fit, on the application of the British subject, stay the enforcement of the order pending that other suit, and may set off any amount ordered to be paid by one party in one suit against any amount ordered to be paid by the other party in the other suit.

(7) Where a plaintiff, being an Ottoman subject or foreigner, obtains an order in the Court against two or more defendants being British subjects jointly, and in another action one of them is plaintiff and the Ottoman subject or foreigner is defendant, the Court may, if it thinks fit, on the application of the British subject, stay the enforcement of the order pending that other action, and may set off any amount ordered to be paid by one party in one action against any amount ordered to be paid by the other party in the other action, without prejudice to the right of the British subject to require contribution from his co-defendants under the joint liability.

(8) Where an Ottoman subject or foreigner is co-plaintiff in a suit with a British subject who is within the particular jurisdiction, it shall not be necessary for the Ottoman subject or foreigner to give security for costs, unless the Court so directs, but the co-plaintiff British subject shall be responsible for all fees and costs.

151. (1) Where it is proved that the attendance within the particular jurisdiction of a British subject to give evidence, or for any other purpose connected with the administration of justice, is required in a Court or before a judicial officer of the Sublime Ottoman Porte, or of a State in amity with Her Majesty, the Court may, if it thinks fit, in a case and in circumstances in which the Court would require his attendance before the Court, order that he do attend in such Court, or before such judicial officer, and for such purpose as aforesaid.

(2) If the person ordered to attend, having reasonable notice of the time and place at which he is required to attend, fails to attend accordingly, and does not excuse his failure to the satisfaction of the Court, he shall (independently of any other liability) be guilty of an offence against this Order.

152. When a British subject invokes or submits to the jurisdiction of an Ottoman or foreign Tribunal, and engages in writing to abide by the decision of such Tribunal, or to pay any fees or expenses ordered by such Tribunal to be paid by him, any Court under this Order may, on such evidence as it thinks fit to require, enforce payment of such fees and expenses in the same manner as if they were fees payable in a proceeding by such person in that Court and shall pay over or account for the same when levied to the proper Ottoman or foreign authority, as the Court may direct.

153. (1) Subject to the Rules, persons competent to be Assessors in any Court under this Order may be required to attend as Assessors in cases in which British subjects are parties before any Ottoman Tribunal; but every Assessor so required must be acquainted with the French or Turkish language.

(2) Any Rules made by the Supreme Court in pursuance and in accordance with the provisions of this Order may comprise Rules respecting the qualification, selection, appointment, registration, attendance, and remuneration of Assessors in such cases as aforesaid, and respecting the establishment in any part

of the Ottoman dominions, and the regulation of a fund, hereinafter called an Assessors' Fund, for the remuneration of Assessors before any Ottoman Tribunals in such part of the Ottoman dominions.

(3) Such Rules may provide for compelling the service of any qualified person, and may prescribe penalties for neglect or refusal, without reasonable excuse, to serve in accordance with the terms of such regulations. Such penalties shall not exceed the equivalent of five pounds in respect of any one day.

(4) Any such penalties shall be recoverable in the Court as a civil debt by any Consular officer, and shall be carried to the Assessors' Fund.

(5) Every person requiring the attendance of one or more Assessors may be required to pay in advance such fee or fees as the Rules direct.

(6) The Court may, out of any moneys in its hands arising from fees of Court or other fees, or moneys received under this Order, advance or pay the amount of the salary or remuneration of an Assessor.

(7) The Court shall account for all receipts and payments in respect of the Assessors' Fund in such manner as the Secretary of State directs.

154. (1) If a British subject—

(i) Publicly derides, mocks, or insults any religion established or observed within the Ottoman dominions; or

(ii) Publicly offers insult to any religious service, feast, or ceremony established or kept in any part of those dominions, or to any place of worship, tomb, or sanctuary belonging to any religion established or observed within those dominions, or belonging to the ministers or professors thereof; or

(iii) Publicly and wilfully commits any act tending to bring any religion established or observed within those dominions, or its ceremonies, mode of worship, or observances, into hatred, ridicule, or contempt, and thereby to provoke a breach of the public peace;

he shall be guilty of an offence, and on conviction thereof, before the Supreme Court or a Provincial Court, liable to imprisonment not exceeding two years, with or without hard labour, and with or without a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, or to a fine alone not exceeding one hundred pounds.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in this Order, every charge under this Article shall be heard and determined by the Court alone, without jury or assessors, and any Provincial Court shall have power to impose the punishment aforesaid.

(3) Consular officers shall take such precautionary measures as seem to them proper and expedient for the prevention of such offences.

155. (1) If a British subject—

(i) Smuggles, or attempts to smuggle, out of the Ottoman dominions, any goods on exportation whereof a duty is payable to the Ottoman or Egyptian Government;

(ii) Imports or exports, or attempts to import or export, into or out of the Ottoman dominions any goods, intending and attempting to evade payment of duty payable thereon to the Ottoman or Egyptian Government;

(iii) Imports or exports, or attempts to import or export, into or out of the Ottoman dominions, any goods the importation or exportation whereof into or out of the Ottoman dominions is prohibited by law;

(iv) Without a proper licence, sells, or attempts to sell, or offers for sale in the Ottoman dominions, any goods whereof the Ottoman or Egyptian Government has by law a monopoly;

in each of the four cases aforesaid he shall be guilty of a grave offence against this Order.

(2) Where a person is charged with such an offence as in this Article is mentioned, the Court may seize the goods in relation to which the alleged offence was committed, and may hold the same until after the hearing of the charge.



(3) If a person so charged is convicted, then those goods, whether they have been so seized or not, shall be forfeited to Her Majesty the Queen; and the Court shall either deliver them to the proper Ottoman or Egyptian officer, for the use of the Ottoman or Egyptian Government, as the case may be, or shall dispose of them otherwise, as the Court thinks fit.

156. (1) Where by agreement among the Diplomatic or Consular Representatives in the Ottoman dominions or foreign States, or some of them, in conjunction with the Ottoman or Egyptian authorities, sanitary, or police, or port, or game, or other regulations are established, and the same, as far as they affect British subjects, are approved by the Secretary of State, the Court may, subject and according to the provisions of this Order, entertain any complaint made against a British subject for a breach of those regulations, and may enforce payment of any fine incurred by that subject or person in respect of that breach, in like manner, as nearly as may be, as if that breach were by this Order declared to be an offence against this Order.

(2) In any such case the fine recovered, shall, notwithstanding anything in this Order, be disposed of and applied in manner provided by those regulations.

157. Every person subject to the criminal jurisdiction of the Court who prints, publishes, or offers for sale any printed or written news-paper or other publication containing matter calculated to excite tumult or disorder, or to excite enmity between Her Majesty's subjects and the Government of any part of the Ottoman dominions, or between that Government and its subjects, shall be guilty of an offence against this Order, and may, in addition to or in lieu of any other punishment, be ordered to give security for good behaviour; and in default thereof, or on a further conviction for the like offence, he may be ordered to be deported.

An offence against this Article shall not be tried except by the Supreme Court.

#### PART VII—*Miscellaneous.*

158. (1) If an officer of the Court employed to execute an order loses by neglect or omission the opportunity of executing it, then, on complaint of the person aggrieved, and proof of the fact alleged, the Court may, if it thinks fit, order the officer to pay the damages sustained by the person complaining, or part thereof.

(2) The order shall be enforced as an order directing payment of money.

159. (1) If a clerk or officer of the Court, acting under pretence of the process or authority of the Court, is charged with extortion, or with not paying over money duly levied, or with other misconduct, the Court, if it thinks fit, may inquire into the charge in a summary way, and may for that purpose summon and enforce the attendance of all necessary persons, as in an action, and may make such order for the repayment of any money extorted, or for the payment over of any money limit, and for the payment of such damages and costs, as the Court thinks fit.

(2) The Court may also, if it thinks fit, on the same inquiry, impose on the clerk or officer such fine, not exceeding five pounds for each offence, as the Court thinks fit.

(3) A clerk or officer punished under this Article shall not be liable to an action in respect of the same matter; and any such action, if begun, shall be stayed by the Court in such manner and on such terms as the Court thinks fit.

160. (1) If any person, subject to the criminal jurisdiction of a Court, does any of the following things, namely:—

(a) Wilfully, by act or threat, obstructs an officer of, or person executing any process of, the Court in the performance of his duty; or

(b) Within or close to the room or place where the Court is sitting wilfully misbehaves in a violent, threatening, or disrespectful manner, to the disturbance of the Court, or to the intimidation of suitors or others resorting thereto; or

(c) Wilfully insults any member of the Court, or any assessor or juror, or any person acting as a clerk or officer of the Court, during his sitting or attendance in Court, or in his going to or returning from Court; or

(d) Does any act in relation to the Supreme Court or a Provincial Court or a matter pending therein, which, if done in relation to the High Court in England, would be punishable as a contempt of that Court.

He shall be guilty, in the case of the Supreme Court or a Provincial Court, of a grave offence, and in the case of a Local Court of an offence, against this Order;

Provided that the Supreme Court or a Provincial Court, if it thinks fit, instead of directing proceedings as for an offence against this Order, may order the offender to be apprehended forthwith, with or without warrant, and on inquiry and consideration, and after the hearing of any defence which such person may offer, without further process or trial, may adjudge him to be punished with a fine not exceeding ten pounds, or with imprisonment not exceeding twenty-four hours, at the discretion of the Court.

(2) A Minute shall be made and kept of every such case of punishment, recording the facts of the offence, and the extent of the punishment. In the case of a Provincial Court, a copy of the Minute shall be forthwith sent to the Supreme Court, and in the case of a Local Court, to the Provincial Court.

(3) Nothing herein shall interfere with the power of the Court to remove or exclude persons who interrupt or obstruct the proceedings of the Court.

161. Nothing in this Order shall deprive the Court of the right to observe, and to enforce the observance of, or shall deprive any person of the benefit of, any reasonable custom existing in the Ottoman dominions, unless this Order contains some express and specific provision incompatible with the observance thereof.

162. Nothing in this Order shall prevent any Consular officer in the Ottoman dominions from doing anything which Her Majesty's Consuls in the dominions of any other State in amity with Her Majesty are, for the time being, by law, usage, or sufferance, entitled or enabled to do.

163. The Ambassador and the Judge of the Supreme Court shall have power to make and alter Regulations (to be called Queen's Regulations) for the following purposes, that is to say:

(1) For securing the observance of any Treaty for the time being in force relating to any place to which this Order applies, or of any native or local law or custom, whether relating to trade, commerce, revenue, or any other matter.

(2) For the peace, order, and good government of British subjects within any such place in relation to matters not provided for by this Order.

(3) For requiring Returns to be made of the nature, quantity, and value of articles exported from or imported into his district, or any part thereof, by or on account of any British subject who is subject to this Order, or in any British ship, and for prescribing the times and manner at or in which, and the persons by whom, such Returns are to be made.

(4) For the governance, visitation, care, and superintendence of prisons.

Any Regulations made under this Article may provide for forfeiture of any goods, receptacles, or things in relation to which, or to the contents of which, any breach is committed of such Regulations, or of any Treaty or any native or local law or custom, the observance of which is provided for by such Regulations.

Any Regulation made under this Article shall when allowed by the Secretary of State, and published as he directs, have effect as if contained in this Order.

164. (1) Her Majesty's Consuls in the Ottoman dominions may levy dues not exceeding the rate of twopence a ton on every British merchant-ship (a) visiting or passing Constantinople, or visiting any other port in a Consular district, or (b) being at any other place within the Consular district of Constantinople, and having occasion to send any seamen to the British-hospital at Constantinople.

The produce of the said dues shall be applied towards the establishment, maintenance, and support, in the Ottoman dominions, of British hospitals; and the dues shall be called hospital dues.

The Secretary of State may, by writing under his hand, issue such instructions as to him seem fit, for the following purposes, or any of them (that is to say):

- For fixing (within the limit of twopence a-ton) the rate per ton at which the hospital dues are to be levied at any port;

For exempting any ship in respect whereof, within any defined period, the hospital dues have once been paid, from any further payment thereof;

For regulating the application of the produce of the hospital dues;

For limiting the extent to which any Consul shall exercise jurisdiction over British subjects in the Ottoman dominions in any matter relating to the hospital dues.

(2) A further fee of ten shillings shall be charged at Her Majesty's Consulate at Constantinople for each application for a Firman, or Firmans, for each British ship in order to pass the Straits.

(3) Any master of a British ship who fails to pay the said dues or fee, or evades the payment thereof, shall be guilty of an offence against this Order, and the amount of such dues or fee, and of any fine imposed, may be levied by seizure and sale of the ship.

(4) No dues under this Article shall be levied in Egypt unless the Secretary of State shall by order so direct.

165. (1) Every British subject resident shall, in January in every year, register himself at the Consulate of the Consular district within which he is resident; provided that—

(a) The registration of a man shall comprise the registration of his wife, if living with him; and (b) the registration of the head of a family shall be deemed to comprise the registration of all females and minors being his relatives, in whatever degree, living under the same roof with him at the time of his registration.

(2) The Consular officer may, without fee, register any British subjects being minors living in the houses of foreigners or Ottoman subjects.

(3) Every British subject arriving at a place in the Ottoman dominions where there is a Consular office, unless borne on the muster-roll of a British ship there arriving, shall, on the expiration of one month after arrival, be deemed for the purposes of this Article to be resident, and shall register himself accordingly.

(4) A person shall not be required to register himself oftener than once in a year, reckoned from the first January.

(5) The Consular officer shall yearly give to each person registered by him a certificate of registration, signed by him and sealed with his consular seal.

(6) The name of a wife, if her registration is comprised in her husband's shall, unless in any case the Consular officer sees good reason to the contrary, be indorsed on the husband's certificate.

(7) The names and descriptions of females and minors whose registration is comprised in that of the head of the family shall, unless in any case the Consular officer sees good reason to the contrary, be indorsed on the certificate of the head of the family.

(8) In the case of a British-protected person, the date of issue and the duration of the certificate shall be indorsed in Turkish or Arabic on the certificate.

(9) Every person shall, on every registration of himself, pay a fee of two shillings and sixpence, or such other fee as the Secretary of State from time to time appoints.

(10) The amount of the fee may be uniform for all persons, or may vary according to the position and circumstances of different classes, if the Secretary of State from time to time so directs, but may not in any case exceed five shillings.

(11) Every person by this Order required to register himself or herself shall, unless excused by the Consular officer, attend personally for that purpose at the Consulate, on each occasion of registration.

(12) If any person fails to comply with the provisions of this Order respecting registration, and does not excuse his or her failure to the satisfaction of the Consular officer he or she shall be guilty of an offence against this Order, and any Court or authority may, if it thinks fit, decline to recognise him as a British subject.

166. Except as in this Order otherwise provided, all fees, dues, fines, and other receipts under this Order shall be carried to the public account, and shall be accounted for and paid as the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the Treasury, directs.

167. Where, by virtue of this Order or otherwise, any Imperial Act, or any Law in force in a British Possession, Colony, or Settlement, is applicable in any place within the limits of this Order, such Act or Law shall be deemed applicable so far only as the constitution and jurisdiction of the Courts acting under this Order and the local circumstances permit, and, for the purpose of facilitating the application of any such Act or Law, it may be construed with such alterations and adaptations not affecting the substance as may be necessary, and anything by such Act or Law required to be done by or to any Court, Judge, officer, or authority may be done by or to a Court, Judge, officer, or authority having the like or analogous functions, or by or to any officer designated by the Court for that purpose, and the seal of the Court may be substituted for any seal required by any such Act or Law; and in case any difficulty occurs in the application of any such Act or Law, it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State to direct by and to whom, and in what manner, anything to be done under such Act or Law is to be done, and such Act or Law shall, in its application to matters arising within the limits of this Order, be construed accordingly.

168. Not later than the 31st March in each year, the Judge shall send to the Secretary of State a report on the operation of this Order up to the 31st January in that year, showing for the then last twelve months the number and nature of the proceedings, criminal and civil, taken in the Court under this Order, and the result thereof, and the number and amount of fees received, and containing an abstract of the registration list, and such other information, and being in such form, as the Secretary of State from time to time directs.

169. (1) A printed copy of this Order shall be always kept exhibited in a conspicuous place in each Consular office and in each Courthouse.

(2) Printed copies shall be sold at such reasonable price as the Supreme Court directs.

(3) Judicial notice shall be taken of this Order, and of the commencement thereof, and of the appointment of Consuls, and of the constitution and limits of the Courts and districts, and of Consular seals and signatures, and of any Rules made or in force under this Order, and no proof shall be required of any of such matters.

The provisions of "The Evidence Act, 1851" (14 & 15 Vict., cap. 99), secs. 7 and 11, relating to the proof of judicial and other documents, shall extend and be applied for all purposes as if the Courts, districts, and places to which this Order applies were in a British Colony.

170. (1) The Orders in Council mentioned in the Schedule to this Order are hereby repealed, but this repeal shall not—

(i) Affect the past operation of those Orders, or either of them, or any appointment made, or any right, title, obligation, and liability accrued, or the validity or invalidity of anything done or suffered under any of those Orders, before the making of this Order;

(ii) Interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding or action, criminal or civil, in respect of any offence committed against, or forfeiture incurred or liability accrued under or in consequence of any provision of, any of those Orders, or any Regulation made thereunder;

(iii) Take away or abridge any protection or benefit given or to be enjoyed in relation thereto.

(2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Orders aforesaid, or any other thing in this Order, every Regulation, appointment, and other thing in this Article mentioned shall continue and be as if this Order had not been made; but so that the same may be revoked, altered, or otherwise dealt with under this Order, as if it had been made or done under this Order.

(3) Criminal or civil proceedings begun under any of the Orders in Council repealed by this Order, and pending at the time when this Order comes into operation, shall, from and after that time, be regulated by the provisions of this Order, as far as the nature and circumstances of each case admits.

(4) Lists of jurors and assessors in force at the passing of this Order shall continue in force until revised and settled under the provisions of this Order.

171. (1) This Order shall take effect at the expiration of one month after it is first exhibited in the public office of the Supreme Court at Constantinople.

(2) For that purpose the Judge of the Supreme Court shall forthwith, on the receipt by him from the Ambassador of a certified printed copy of this Order, cause the same to be affixed and exhibited conspicuously in that office.

(3) He shall also keep the same so affixed and exhibited during one month from that first exhibition.

(4) Notice of the time of that first exhibition shall, as soon as practicable, be published in the office of the Agency for Egypt and at each of the Provincial Consulates in such manner as the Supreme Court may direct.

(5) A certified printed copy of this Order shall also be affixed and exhibited in the public offices of the Consular Courts at Alexandria and Cairo, at the same time (or as near as circumstances admit) at which it is first exhibited at Constantinople. Proof shall not in any proceeding or matter be required that the provisions of this Article have been complied with, nor shall any act or proceeding be invalidated by any failure to comply with any of such provisions.

(6) The day on which this Order so takes effect is in this Order referred to as the commencement of this Order.

(7) Where this Order confers power to make any appointment, Order, Rules, or Regulations, or to do any other thing for the purposes of the Order, that power may be exercised at any time after the passing of this Order, so, however, that any such appointment, Order, Rules, or Regulations shall not take effect before the commencement of this Order.

172. This order may be cited as "The Ottoman Order in Council, 1899."

A. W. FITZ ROY.

#### SCHEDULE.

##### *Orders repealed.*

Order made by Her Majesty in Council on the 22nd April, 1872, fixing the fee to be levied on application for a Firman for British ships passing the Straits.

"The Ottoman Order in Council, 1873."

Order made by Her Majesty in Council on the 7th July, 1874, amending Article 14 of "The Ottoman Order in Council, 1873."

Order made by Her Majesty in Council on the 5th February, 1876, suspending the operation of the Ottoman Order in Council as regards matters coming within the jurisdiction of certain Egyptian Courts.



"The Ottoman Order in Council, 1882."

"The Ottoman Order in Council, 1890."

Order made by Her Majesty in Council on the 23rd February, 1891, fixing a Table of Fees to be taken in Her Majesty's Consular Courts in the Ottoman dominions.

"The Ottoman Tribunals Order in Council, 1891."

"The Ottoman Dominions (Prisoners Removal) Order in Council, 1895."

"The Ottoman Dominions (Courts) Order in Council, 1895."

"The Ottoman Dominions (Supreme Court) Order in Council, 1896."

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## SCHEDULE.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Simla, the 24th October, 1899.*

No. 4900-P.—The privilege leave for one month granted to Mr. T. T. Robyns, Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, in the Notification in this Department, No. 4594-P., dated 6th October 1899, is extended by fifteen days.

*The 26th October, 1899.*

No. 4951-P.—Mr. W. S. Meyer, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 17th of October 1899.

Mr. H. J. McIntosh, Indian Civil Service, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Meyer, or until further orders.

## SEPARATE REVENUE.

## POST OFFICE.

*The 24th October 1899.*

No. 4868-S.R.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 21, and with reference to the provisions of section 19, sub-section (1), of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to issue the following rules prescribing the conditions subject to which cultures or other articles known or believed to contain the living germs of plague may be transmitted by the Inland post to a Government Laboratory or to a person specially permitted by the Governor General in Council, or a Local Government, to receive such cultures or other articles :

- (1) The cultures or other articles aforesaid shall be securely packed in a hermetically closed tin of adequate strength, which shall be placed in a strong outer box of wood or tin with a layer of at least three-quarters of an inch of raw cotton-wool between the inner and outer case.
- (2) The outer case shall be enclosed in stout cloth, which shall be securely fastened and sealed, and labelled with such distinguishing inscription as will suffice to make immediately manifest the nature of the contents.

- (3) The sender shall present the parcel at the Post Office accompanied by a declaration as to the nature of its contents, and a certificate signed by himself to the effect that he has advised the addressee of its despatch.

### STATISTICS AND COMMERCE.

#### COMMERCE AND TRADE.

##### Lights and Light Dues.

The 26th October, 1899.

No. 4931-S.R.—In accordance with the provisions of section 16 of Act IX of 1879 (an Act to amend the law relating to coast lights in the eastern part of the Bay of Bengal), the Governor General in Council has directed the publication of the following statement of receipts and expenditure on account of the Burma coast lights during the year ending the 31st March 1899 :

Receipts.		Expenditure.	
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Gross Receipts . . .	3,19,606 10 0	Alguada Reef . . . . .	17,713 0 0
Refunds . . . . .	1,227 15 0	Oyster Island . . . . .	16,321 0 0
		Double Island . . . . .	6,820 0 0
		China Buckeer . . . . .	7,785 0 0
		Eastern Grove . . . . .	4,030 0 0
		Reef Island . . . . .	3,565 0 0
		Savage Island . . . . .	8,320 0 0
		Table Island (Cocos) . . . . .	10,435 0 0
		Amherst Point . . . . .	1,844 0 0
		F. L. V. Kemmendinge . . . . .	32,847 0 0
		F. L. V. Martaban . . . . .	8,130 0 0
		F. L. V. Danidaw . . . . .	23,878 0 0
		L. V. Kalagauk . . . . .	6,486 0 0
		General Allowance to Inspectors, Medical Officers and Chief Engineer . . . .	1,832 0 0
		Relief Establishment . . . . .	7,695 0 0
Net Receipts . . .	3,18,378 11 0	Total Expenditure . . . . .	1,57,701 0 0

Note.—The sums stated above are exclusive of interest at 4 per cent. on the capital cost of light-houses and light-vessels, namely :

	Rs.
Total expenditure to end of 1898-99 . . . . .	35,03,376
Interest at 4 per cent. on the said expenditure . . . . .	1,42,525

### PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

#### LIFE ASSURANCE AND LIFE ANNUITIES.

The 26th October, 1899.

No. 4949-P.—The following papers relating to the operations of the Postal Life Insurance, Endowment Assurance, and Monthly Allowance Schemes during the year 1898-99 are published for general information :

No. 22, dated Simla, the 30th September 1899.

From—A. U. FANSHAWE, ESQ., C.S.I., Director-General of the Post Office of India,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the Administration of the Postal Insurance Fund for the year 1898-99.

2. During the year, 1,470 new policies were granted of the aggregate value of R 26,95,575 as compared with 291 issued in the previous year, for sums amounting in all to R 4,38,250. Of these 1,470 policies, 324 of the aggregate value of R 5,89,000 were Life Insurance Policies, while 1,146 of the aggregate value of R 21,06,575 were Policies of Endowment Assurance. It was stated in my last report that the system of Endowment Policies was likely to prove the most popular form of insurance. This is sufficiently established in the year under report by the fact that out of the total number of policies taken out this year nearly 78 per cent. were Endowment Assurance Policies.

3. The following table shows the distribution among the different departments of the 1,470 policies issued during the year :

	LIFE INSURANCE.		ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE.		TOTAL.	
	Number of lives insured.	Amount Insured.	Number of lives insured.	Amount Insured.	Number of lives insured.	Amount Insured.
		R		R		R
Postal Department ...	37	47,300	136	1,49,000	173	1,96,300
Telegraph " ...	20	46,750	33	68,000	53	1,14,750
Public Works Department ...	25	52,000	147	3,32,925	172	3,84,925
Civil " ...	219	4,00,050	762	14,46,950	981	18,47,000
Military " ...	21	38,500	64	1,04,700	5	1,43,200
Local Funds ...	2	4,500	4	5,000	6	9,500
<b>TOTAL</b> ...	<b>324</b>	<b>5,89,000</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>21,06,575</b>	<b>1,470</b>	<b>26,95,575</b>

Of these 1,470 persons, 1,294 were pure Asiatics by race. No women are included in the number.

4. Eight applications for Life Insurance and eighteen for Endowment Assurance were refused on account of unfavourable medical reports on the lives of the applicants.

5. The total sum realised on account of premia on both old and new policies amounted during the year to R 2,06,611, as compared with Rs. 1,14,073 in the previous year. Claims to the extent of R 36,834 were discharged, as compared with payments amounting to R 58,460 during the preceding year ; and 44 Life Insurance Policies representing a gross Assurance of R 60,850, together with 14 Endowment Assurance Policies representing R 31,275, as compared with 27 Life Insurance Policies representing R 45,900 in 1897-98 either lapsed or were surrendered or cancelled. The general results of the past two years are summarised below :

Life Insurance and Endowment Assurance.					Up to 31st March 1898.	Up to 31st March 1899.
Number of lives insured	...	...	...	...	2,966	4,436
					R	R
Amount received in premia	...	...	...	...	8,94,900	1,10,151
Amount of insurance	...	...	...	...	41,37,375	68,32,950
Amount of claims met	...	...	...	...	3,05,291	3,42,125

6. The active policies existing on 31st March 1899 were 3,834, representing an aggregate insurance of R 60,39,550 as detailed below :

R	
2 Life Insurance policies for	3,700 effected by single payment of premia.
775 Life Insurance policies for the aggregate sum of ...	11,68,000 effected by payment of monthly premia up to the age of 50.
977 Life Insurance policies for the aggregate sum of ...	13,51,000 effected by payment of monthly premia up to the age of 55.



868 Life Insurance policies for  
the aggregate sum of ...

R  
12,92,750 effected by payment of monthly  
premium for life.

1,212 Endowment Assurance  
policies for the aggregate  
sum of ...

22,24,100 effected by payment of monthly  
premium up to ages varying from  
45 to 55.

3,834

60,39,550

7. Of the 1,470 policies issued during the year, one represented an old policy for R 3,000 which was cancelled on the future subscriptions being commuted for a lump payment; 1,296 policies representing a total insurance of R 23,70,475 are subject to the payment of premium during a fixed period, while 173 policies, representing a total insurance of R 3,22,100, are subject to the payment of premium during life.

8. Fourteen new contracts for monthly allowances were entered into during the year under report, as compared with eleven in the previous year. There were at the end of the year 32 contracts for monthly allowances in existence, the total of the monthly allowances contracted for being Rs. 370.

9. The following figures exhibit the financial results of the Administration of the Postal Insurance Fund to the end of the year under report :

### (1) Life Insurance and Endowment Assurance

Receipts—	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Balance on 1st April 1898	7,16,390	6	7			
Premium realized on Life Insurance policies during 1898-99	1,34,724	12	1			
Premium realized on Endowment Assurance policies during 1898-99	71,817	1	4			
Fines realized during 1898-99	69	13	0			
Medical fees realized during 1898-99	248	0	0			
<b>TOTAL</b>				9,23,250	1	0
<b>Payments—</b>						
Policies paid	33,550	0	0			
Surrender values paid	2,734	10	0			
Medical fees paid	5,612	0	0			
Refunds	550	4	6			
<b>TOTAL</b>				42,446	14	6
				8,80,803	2	6
Interest on balances				27,985	8	1
Balance on 31st March 1899				9,08,788	10	7

### (2) Monthly Allowance.

Receipts—	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Balance on 1st April 1898	23,062	1	2			
Subscriptions realized during 1898-99	1,009	2	4			
Amount paid in lump for purchase of immediate monthly allowance	2,017	11	3			
Fines realized during 1898-99	...					
<b>TOTAL</b>				26,088	15	2
<b>Payments—</b>						
Allowances paid	2,814	9	0			
Surrender values paid	...					
<b>TOTAL</b>				2,814	9	0
Interest on balances				23,274	6	2
				819	0	9
Balance on 31st March 1899				24,093	6	11

10. The statement on the next page gives the ages at which policies were surrendered or lapsed or were discharged by payment on death of the person insured up to the close of the year under report, and has been prepared in its present form with special reference to the request of the Actuary of the India Office in his memorandum, dated the 20th July 1892.

Ages at the time of the surrender, lapse, or discharge of the policy.	SURRENDERED AT THE AGES MENTIONED IN THE FIRST COLUMN.				LAPSED AT THE AGES MENTIONED IN THE FIRST COLUMN.				DISCHARGED BY PAYMENT ON DEATH AT THE AGES MENTIONED IN THE FIRST COLUMN.				TOTAL				NUMBER OF POLICIES OBTAINED AT THE AGES MENTIONED IN THE FIRST COLUMN.				REMARKS.
	From the introduction of the system up to the 31st March 1898.		During the year 1898-99.		From the introduction of the system up to the 31st March 1898.		During the year 1898-99.		From the introduction of the system up to the 31st March 1898.		During the year 1898-99.		From the introduction of the system up to the 31st March 1898.		During the year 1898-99.		From the introduction of the system up to the 31st March 1898.		During the year 1898-99.		
21 years.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
37 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
41 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
43 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
45 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
47 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL.	156	23	4	155	21	10	200	31	2	511	75	16	2,684	82	324	1,146	3,208	1,328			

11. The percentage of the surplus of assets over liabilities of the fund, according to the valuations prepared by the Actuary of the India Office, had risen from 3·6 in 1887-88 to rather over 9 per cent. in 1897-98. There was a slight fall in the percentage owing to the introduction, in February 1898, of the new system of Endowment Assurances. For the year under report, the percentage has not been worked out in my office, as the necessary tables relating to Endowment Assurances have not yet been received from the Actuary of the India Office as promised in his memorandum dated the 16th December 1898.

12. During the year under review, with the sanction of the Punjab Government, six life annuities of the total value of ₹ 20-8-6 per mensem were purchased under Article 867 of the Civil Service Regulations.

13. As promised in my last report, a new appendix (Statement VI) showing the number and amounts of the policies classified according to the pay of the insured persons and the Departments to which they belong is attached to this report in addition to the appendices which accompanied last year's report. This new appendix will show that the largest number of insurants belong to the class of Government servants whose pay is ₹ 50 or less, and it should be a matter for congratulation to Government that so many men on small pay have recognised the benefits of the Postal Insurance Scheme. Another new appendix (Statement VII) is also attached to this report. It has been prepared with the object of compiling statistics for future calculations, and though the table now submitted is of small value, it is believed that, as information on the subject is obtained and recorded from year to year, sufficient data will ultimately be collected for working out correct tables of mortality.



## STATEMENT I—continued.

## B.—Monthly Allowances.

	IMMEDIATE MONTHLY ALLOWANCE SECURED BY PAYMENT OF SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION.				DEFERRED MONTHLY ALLOWANCE SECURED BY PAYMENT OF MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION.				TOTAL.			
	Number of sub-scribers.	Amount of monthly allowances secured.	Amount of sub-scriptions received.	Claims of monthly allowances met.	Number of sub-scribers.	Amount of monthly allowances secured.	Amount of sub-scriptions received.	Claims of monthly allowances met.	Number of sub-scribers.	Amount of monthly allowances secured.	Amount of sub-scriptions received.	Claims of monthly allowances met.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.		R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.		R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Postal Department	...	...	...	...	...	...	30 0 0	125 0 0	...	...	30 0 0	125 0 0
Telegraph	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	550 0 0	...	...	...	550 0 0
Civil	...	...	...	...	5	96 0 0	661 5 4	...	5	96 0 0	661 5 4	...
Military	...	...	...	...	2	5 8 0	13 0 8	...	2	5 8 0	13 0 8	...
Public Works	...	...	...	...	1	50 0 0	304 12 4	...	1	50 0 0	304 12 4	...
Local Fund	6	20 8 6	2,017 11 3	2,139 9 0	...	...	...	...	6	20 8 6	2,017 11 3	2,139 9 0
TOTAL OF 1898-99	(a) 6	20 8 6	2,017 11 3	2,139 9 0	(b) 8	151 8 0	1,009 2 4	675 0 0	14	172 0 6	3,026 13 7	2,814 9 0
TOTAL OF 1897-98	9	114 8 0	9,379 2 3	1,076 14 2	2	10 0 0	36 12 0	600 0 0	11	124 8 0	9,365 14 3	1,676 14 2
Increase or Decrease	...	...	...	1,062 10 10	6	141 8 0	972 6 4	75 0 0	3	47 8 6	...	1,137 10 10
	3	93 15 6	7,311 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,339 0 8	...

(a) 1898-99 1897-98 ...  
 Asiatic. 6 9 Asiatic. 7 3 Non-Asiatic. 1 2



*Abstract of Life Insurance Policies, Endowment Assurance Policies, and Contracts issued, discharged, lapsed, and surrendered during the year 1898-99.*

	LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES ISSUED.		ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE POLICIES ISSUED.		MONTHLY ALLOWANCE CONTRACT ISSUED.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
Balance of 1897-98	2,373	R 33,17,350 0 0	82	R 1,52,300 0 0	19	R 248 0 0
Issued during the year	324	5,89,000 0 0	1,146	21,06,575 0 0	14	172 0 6
TOTAL	2,697	39,06,350 0 0	1,228	22,58,875 0 0	33	420 0 6
Discharged during the year	31	30,050 0 0	2	3,500 0 0	...	...
Lapsed, surrendered, and cancelled, as per details below	44	60,850 0 0	14	31,275 0 0	1	50 0 0
BALANCE ON 31ST MARCH 1899	2,622	38,15,450 0 0	1,212	22,24,100 0 0	32	370 0 6

*Details relating to surrendered, lapsed or cancelled Life Insurance and Endowment Assurance Policies and Contracts.*

	SURRENDERED.				LAPSED.				CANCELLED.				TOTAL.			
	Life Insurance Policies.	Endowment Assurance.	Contracts.	Amount.	Life Insurance Policies.	Endowment Assurance.	Contracts.	Amount.	Life Insurance Policies.	Endowment Assurance.	Contracts.	Amount.	Life Insurance Policies.	Endowment Assurance.	Contracts.	Amount.
Postal Department	20	24,500	R	...	14	11,750	R	...	1	500	R	...	35	36,750	R	...
Telegraph Department	3	9,000	...	...	2	6,000	...	...	1	3,000	...	...	6	18,000	...	...
Civil Department	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1,100	...	50	2	4,100	...	50
Military Department	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1,500	...
Public Works Department	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2,000	...	...	1	2,000	...	...
Local Fund	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	23	33,500	4	10,000	16	17,750	...	...	5	9,600	10	21,275	44	60,850	14	31,275
											1	50			1	50

## STATEMENT III.

## A.—Life Insurance.

Statement showing (1) present ages on 31st March 1899 of lives insured, (2) number of lives insured of the same age on that date, (3) the amount of premia paid in a lump sum or payable monthly for stated periods or for life, and (4) the amount insured during the period from February 1884 to March 1899.

LIVES INSURED BY SINGLE PAYMENT.					LIVES INSURED BY PAYMENT OF MONTHLY PREMIA FOR STATED PERIODS.					LIVES INSURED BY PAYMENT OF MONTHLY PREMIA FOR LIFE.				
Present ages of lives insured.	Number of lives insured that are of the same age.	UNTIL THE AGE OF 50.			Present ages of lives insured.	Number of lives insured that are of the same age.	UNTIL THE AGE OF 55.			Present ages of lives insured.	Number of lives insured that are of the same age.	Monthly premia payable (lumped together).	Amount insured (lumped together).	R a. p.
		Monthly premia payable (lumped together).	Amount insured (lumped together).	R a. p.			Monthly premia payable (lumped together).	Amount insured (lumped together).	R a. p.					
21	...	...	...	R a. p.	21	...	...	...	R a. p.	21	...	...	...	R a. p.
22	...	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	...
23	1	4 2 8	2,000 0 0	...	23	2	9 6 0	5,000 0 0	...	23	3	3 5 4	2,000 0 0	...
24	9	19 0 6	9,100 0 0	...	24	9	21 8 2	12,000 0 0	...	24	3	7 10 1	4,350 0 0	...
25	15	54 10 2	25,250 0 0	...	25	17	51 10 3	25,250 0 0	...	25	4	5 10 0	3,000 0 0	...
26	16	47 2 4	21,000 0 0	...	26	25	68 2 0	35,000 0 0	...	26	16	11 4 0	6,000 0 0	...
27	21	77 4 8	33,250 0 0	...	27	19	51 4 8	25,300 0 0	...	27	20	46 0 4	24,500 0 0	...
28	22	74 3 0	26,200 0 0	...	28	28	74 0 4	35,700 0 0	...	28	22	64 4 6	32,650 0 0	...
29	23	85 5 6	35,750 0 0	...	29	32	65 15 0	42,900 0 0	...	29	19	52 3 6	15,000 0 0	...
30	26	96 5 11	39,550 0 0	...	30	36	106 5 8	49,300 0 0	...	30	17	64 6 10	30,450 0 0	...
31	42	150 9 3	60,650 0 0	...	31	53	159 12 4	63,300 0 0	...	31	24	93 15 6	40,500 0 0	...
32	39	142 4 7	54,950 0 0	...	32	44	136 1 0	55,400 0 0	...	32	29	104 11 4	44,950 0 0	...
33	42	166 15 8	61,900 0 0	...	33	48	207 6 0	77,650 0 0	...	33	41	122 7 10	53,500 0 0	...
34	60	294 7 6	1,04,950 0 0	...	34	41	147 10 10	55,400 0 0	...	34	31	90 6 8	38,350 0 0	...
35	55	314 15 6	1,06,000 0 0	...	35	52	185 3 8	73,500 0 0	...	35	39	163 14 4	64,700 0 0	...
36	43	227 0 2	75,450 0 0	...	36	43	173 5 8	59,300 0 0	...	36	44	147 3 3	59,950 0 0	...
37	47	232 14 6	75,750 0 0	...	37	40	196 13 4	65,500 0 0	...	37	37	128 2 10	50,850 0 0	...
38	43	214 3 6	66,100 0 0	...	38	48	154 8 0	52,850 0 0	...	38	36	137 4 3	52,900 0 0	...
39	39	188 10 6	54,200 0 0	...	39	58	245 15 8	77,000 0 0	...	39	37	181 11 3	64,300 0 0	...



## STATEMENT III—continued.

### B.—Endowment Assurance.

Statement showing (1) present ages on 31st March 1899 of persons to whom Endowment Assurance Policies have been issued, (2) number of insured persons of the same age on that date, (3) the amount of premia payable for stated periods, and (4) the amount assured during the periods from February 1898 to March 1899.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE EFFECTED BY PAYMENT OF MONTHLY PREMIA FOR STATED PERIODS.

[illegible]

## C.—Monthly Allowances.

Statement showing (1) the present ages (on 31st March 1899) of those in receipt of monthly allowances and of those subscribing for deferred allowances, (2) the number of subscribers of the same age on that date, (3) the amount of subscriptions paid in lump sum or payable monthly for stated periods (stating when the subscriptions cease and monthly allowances commence) and (4) the amount of monthly allowances secured during the period from February 1884 to March 1899.

IMMEDIATE MONTHLY ALLOWANCE SECURED BY PAYMENT OF SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION.				DEFERRED MONTHLY ALLOWANCES SECURED BY PAYMENT OF MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTIONS.				Period for which subscription is payable.	Age when subscription will cease.	Date when monthly allowances commenced or are to commence.
Present ages of those in receipt of monthly allowances.	Number of those that are of the same age.	Amount of subscription paid in lump sum.	Amount of monthly allowances secured.	Present ages of subscribers.	Number of subscribers of the same age.	Amount of subscription payable monthly.	Amount of monthly allowances secured.			
...	...	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	28	2	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	25 years	53	January 1924.
...	...	.....	.....	29	1	28 6 2	55 0 0	15 "	42	May 1913.
...	...	.....	.....	30	2	0 9 4	2 0 0	20 years	48	November 1918.
...	...	.....	.....	37	1	1 4 0	8 0 0	25 years	53	June 1922.
38	1	1,063 12 10	5 0 0	43	1	1 1 11	0 8 0	25 "	54	May 1923.
...	...	.....	.....	46	2	1 14 10	5 0 0	5 years	41	May 1903.
...	...	.....	.....	48	1	9 13 4	16 0 0	15 years	...	March 1884.
...	...	.....	.....	58	1	49 1 0	30 0 0	10 "	52	October 1907.
53	4	1,706 0 11	14 7 2	...	...	79 2 8	50 0 0	5 years	55	January 1908, May 1908.
59	1	628 10 9	6 8 0	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	May 1903.
60	3	2,700 14 1	28 9 4	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	August 1898.
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	September 1893.
61	1	2,550 14 7	27 8 0	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	February 1898.
62	1	1,558 3 8	17 8 0	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	December 1896, February 1898, April 1899.
63	3	1,380 2 4	15 8 0	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	July 1897.
64	4	3,716 11 7	40 8 0	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	April 1897, September 1897, August 1898.
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	April 1892, November 1897, December 1897, February 1898.
66	1	3,561 10 8	40 0 0	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	September 1893.
68	2	712 5 4	8 0 0	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	June 1891, July 1895.
Total	21	19,579 6 9	203 8 6	...	11	171 5 3	166 8 0	...	...	...

\* This subscription ceased to be payable after August 1893, and monthly allowance commenced from September 1893.



## STATEMENT IV.

Statement showing the number and amount of Life Insurance and Endowment Assurance Policies issued during 1898-1899 classified according to amounts of Policies issued and Race of Insurants.

	For Rs. 50.				For Rs. 100 to Rs. 200.				Rs. 200 to Rs. 500.				Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,000.				Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 2,000.				Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 5,000.				Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 10,000.				Total.			
	Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
Postal Department	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.
	1	50	...	...	3	100	...	...	3	400	...	...	3	100	...	...	3	400	...	...	3	400	...	...	3	100	...	...	3	400	...	...
Telegraph Department	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Civil Dep or Insent	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Military Department	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
P. W. Department	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Local Fund	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1	50	...	...	3	100	...	...	3	400	...	...	3	100	...	...	3	400	...	...	3	400	...	...	3	100	...	...	3	400	...	...

## STATEMENT V.

*Statement of the number of active Policies existing on 31st March 1899, showing the ages of the insureds at the time the policies were originally taken out and a classification according to amounts.*

	R50.		R100.		R150-200.		R250-500.		R550-1,000.		R1,050-2,000.		R2,050-3,000.		R3,050-4,000.		Total of Balance.	
	L. I.	E. A.	L. I.	E. A.	L. I.	E. A.	L. I.	E. A.	L. I.	E. A.	L. I.	E. A.	L. I.	E. A.	L. I.	E. A.	L. I.	E. A.
21-25.																		
At close of 1897-98	2	...	4	...	6	...	110	...	217	9	99	5	15	...	41	1		
Add—Issued during 1898-99	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	47	11	27	3	49	2	...	2	22		
Deduct—Lapsed, etc., in 1898-99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Balance	2	...	4	2	6	1	111	47	227	36	102	53	17	4	43	23	512	160
26-30.																		
At close of 1897-98	2	...	14	...	10	...	138	4	353	14	149	7	35	1	57	3		
Add—Issued during 1898-99	...	...	1	...	...	...	6	50	22	149	18	74	...	21	12	59		
Deduct—Lapsed, etc., in 1898-99	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	5	3	2	...	...	...	...	2		
Balance	1	...	15	1	10	2	141	54	370	160	165	81	35	21	69	60	806	379
31-35.																		
At close of 1897-98	12	...	4	...	8	...	134	2	215	4	125	7	28	1	50	3		
Add—Issued during 1898-99	1	...	...	...	1	...	12	32	34	15	21	61	4	21	17	54		
Deduct—Lapsed, etc., in 1898-99	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	7	1	5	...	...	...	1	2		
Balance	13	...	4	1	9	3	144	34	242	138	141	67	32	22	66	55	651	320
36-40.																		
At close of 1897-98	5	...	6	...	10	...	77	3	109	2	71	3	21	1	41	2		
Add—Issued during 1898-99	...	...	...	...	2	...	8	18	27	68	15	46	8	17	10	44		
Deduct—Lapsed, etc., in 1898-99	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	5	...	2	...	1	2	1	...		
Balance	4	...	6	...	11	3	77	21	131	70	84	49	28	16	50	46	391	207
41-45.																		
At close of 1897-98	...	...	4	...	2	...	36	...	51	2	34	1	11	1	24	5		
Add—Issued during 1898-99	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	8	18	27	11	26	2	2	8	31		
Deduct—Lapsed, etc., in 1898-99	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	4	...	1	...	2	...	...	...		
Balance	...	...	4	...	2	1	39	8	65	29	44	27	11	3	32	36	197	104
46-50.																		
At close of 1897-98	...	...	1	...	...	...	9	...	10	...	19	...	...	...	4	1		
Add—Issued during 1898-99	...	...	...	...	1	...	6	7	13	6	10	...	...	2	8	8		
Deduct—Lapsed, etc., in 1898-99	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	4	...	6	...	1	...	1	...		
Balance	...	...	1	3	...	1	10	7	19	6	23	8	1	2	11	9	65	36
TOTAL OF BALANCE	20	1	34	8	38	11	522	171	1,054	439	559	285	124	68	271	229	2,622	1,212

## STATEMENT VI.

Statement showing the number and amount of Life Insurance and Endowment Assurance Policies issued during 1898-99 classified according to the race of the insured persons and salary drawn by them at time of insurance and according to the Departments in which they serve.

Salary drawn at the time of insurance.	POSTAL.				TELEGRAPH.				CIVIL.				MILITARY.				PUBLIC WORKS.				LOCAL FUND.				TOTAL.				
	Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		Life Insurance.		Endowment Assurance.		
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	
	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.	
Up to Rs50	25	26,300	114	1,06,000	4	8,000	14	24,000	101	1,01,850	388	4,68,650	6	7,500	25	25,200	7	12,000	42	60,125	2	4,500	4	5,000	145	1,60,150	587	6,88,975	
From Rs51 to Rs100.	4	9,900	12	29,000	5	16,750	51	22,500	43	1,01,000	156	3,05,300	9	14,000	20	30,000	6	12,000	43	90,800	...	...	...	...	66	1,53,650	236	4,77,600	
" Rs101 to Rs150	2	3,500	1	6,000	2	14,000	3	7,000	20	58,500	60	1,05,500	1	6,000	5	22,500	3	8,000	10	56,500	...	...	...	...	28	90,000	76	2,87,500	
" Rs151 to Rs200	...	3,000	1	4,000	1	4,000	2	10,500	20	58,500	32	1,45,500	1	3,000	1	8,000	2	4,000	4	44,000	...	...	...	...	23	72,500	39	2,12,000	
" Rs201 to Rs300	1	4,500	...	...	...	4,000	...	4,000	13	55,700	47	1,99,000	1	4,000	2	7,000	1	4,000	3	41,500	...	...	...	...	18	76,200	50	2,42,500	
" Rs301 to Rs500	...	...	...	4,000	...	...	...	...	6	20,500	14	92,000	...	4,000	1	12,000	1	4,000	2	20,000	...	...	...	...	7	32,500	17	1,18,000	
" Rs501 to Rs700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4,000	9	34,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	12,000	...	...	...	...	1	4,000	...	12	46,000
" Rs701 to Rs1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4,000	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	12,000	
" Rs1,001 to Rs1,700.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	8,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	12,000	
TOTAL	32	47,200	126	1,49,000	10	46,750	20	68,000	201	4,06,050	698	11,46,950	18	38,500	50	1,04,700	3	52,000	104	3,32,925	2	4,500	4	5,000	268	3,89,000	1,006	4,11,657	

## STATEMENT VII.

*Statement showing the number of deaths among insurants in 1898-99 classified according to their ages at the period of death.*

Age on 31st March 1899.				Number of insurants of age mentioned in column I.	Number of insurants of age mentioned in column I who have died during the year.	REMARKS.
21	...	...	...	3	...	
22	...	...	...	15	...	
23	...	...	...	37	...	
24	...	...	...	69	...	
25	...	...	...	91	...	
26	...	...	...	122	1	
27	...	...	...	137	...	
28	...	...	...	144	...	
29	...	...	...	146	2	
30	...	...	...	143	...	
31	...	...	...	203	1	
32	...	...	...	179	1	
33	...	...	...	192	1	
34	...	...	...	198	2	
35	...	...	...	202	1	
36	...	...	...	185	1	
37	...	...	...	181	...	
38	...	...	...	183	1	
39	...	...	...	167	1	
40	...	...	...	137	1	
41	...	...	...	178	2	
42	...	...	...	96	1	
43	...	...	...	135	1	
44	...	...	...	79	4	
45	...	...	...	94	1	
46	...	...	...	85	...	
47	...	...	...	89	2	
48	...	...	...	64	1	
49	...	...	...	55	...	
50	...	...	...	50	1	
51	...	...	...	46	3	
52	...	...	...	26	1	
53	...	...	...	33	...	
54	...	...	...	20	...	
55	...	...	...	14	...	
56	...	...	...	11	...	
57	...	...	...	7	...	
58	...	...	...	5	...	
59	...	...	...	3	...	
60	...	...	...	3	...	
61	...	...	...	4	...	
62	...	...	...	2	1	
63	...	...	...	...	...	
64	...	...	...	...	...	
65	...	...	...	...	...	
66	...	...	...	...	...	
67	...	...	...	1	...	
68	...	...	...	...	...	
69	...	...	...	...	...	
70	...	...	...	...	...	
TOTAL				3,834	31	

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

**MILITARY DEPARTMENT.***Simla, the 27th October, 1899.***APPOINTMENTS.****ARMY STAFF.**

No. 1143.—Colonel A. B. Stopford, Royal Artillery, to be Colonel on the Staff, Royal Artillery, Head Quarters, Madras Command, with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General, while so employed, *vice* Colonel A. A. Saunders, Royal Artillery, whose tenure has expired. Dated 20th October 1899.

**COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.**

No. 1144.—Lieutenant-Colonel G. Wingate, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary-General, 1st class, to officiate as Commissary-General, with effect from the 7th October 1899, *vice* Brevet-Colonel C. M. Keighley, Indian Staff Corps, who has vacated.

No. 1145.—Lieutenant A. W. Daldy, Indian Staff Corps, 21st Regiment of Bombay Infantry (Marine Battalion), to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 24th August 1899.

[Joined his appointment on the 30th September 1899.]

**MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.**

No. 1146.—Colonel J. H. Moore, Royal Army Medical Corps, is brought on the Administrative Medical Staff of the Army, *vice* Colonel E. Townsend, Royal Army Medical Corps, transferred to the Home Establishment. Dated 10th October 1899.

No. 1147.—Lieutenant-Colonel O. E. P. Lloyd, V.C., Royal Army Medical Corps, to officiate on the Administrative Medical Staff of the Army with the temporary rank of Colonel, *vice* Colonel (temporary) I. B. Emerson, Royal Army Medical Corps, granted leave out of India. Dated 2nd October 1899.

**STAFF CORPS.**

No. 1148.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officers of the Unattached List are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

**Second-Lieutenants—**

Robert Napier Steuart Gordon. Dated 3rd October 1899.

Bruce Edward Alexander Manson. Dated 12th October 1899.

Harold Franklin Burton. Dated 12th October 1899.

Walter Hugh Jeffery. Dated 12th October 1899.

Walter Fellowes Cowan Gilchrist. Dated 12th October 1899.

Arthur Hugo Watts. Dated 13th October 1899.

No. 1149.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenant Vivian Edward Muspratt, The Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment), officiating squadron officer, 3rd Regiment of Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent,—7th October 1899.

**LONDON GAZETTE.**

No. 1150.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"*London Gazette*," dated the 3rd October 1899, pages 6005 and 6009.

**WAR OFFICE;**

3rd October, 1899.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointments to the Distinguished Service Order, and promotions in the Army, in recognition of the services of the undermentioned officers during the recent operations in Uganda and British Central Africa. The promotions to bear date 4th October 1899:

**BREVET.***To be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

Captain and Brevet Major W. H. Manning, Indian Staff Corps.

• • • • •

*To be Majors.*

Captain F. J. Fowler, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps.

Captain M. J. Tighe, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps.

• • • • •

**WAR OFFICE;**

*Pall Mall, 3rd October, 1899.*

• • • • •

*Memoranda.*

• • • • •

Lieutenant A. S. Cobbe, Indian Staff Corps, is granted the local rank of Captain, whilst employed as second-in-command of the 1st Battalion, British Central Africa Rifles. Dated 4th October 1899.

• • • • •

**PENSIONS.****WARRANT OFFICERS.**

No. 1151.—In G. G. O. No. 1127 of 1899, for "Conductor John Dowe" read "Conductor John Dow."



## PROMOTIONS.

## INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

*Madras.*

No. 1152.—The following promotion is made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

*To be Surgeon-General.*

Colonel David Sinclair, M.B., C.S.I., in succession to Surgeon-General Charles Sibthorpe, C.B., F.R.C.P.I., who has vacated. Dated 11th October 1899.

## NATIVE ARMY.

## No. 1153.—1st Regiment of Bengal Lancers—

Jemadar Mazhar Ali Khan to be Ressaidar and Kot-Dafadar Fazal Ali Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Muzaffar Ali, deceased, with effect from the 19th August 1899.

## No. 1154.—2nd Regiment of Bengal Lancers—

Jemadar Ganga Dat to be Ressaidar and Kot-Dafadar Ram Kala to be Jemadar, *vice* Ram Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 17th July 1899.

## No. 1155.—30th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Sundar Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Harnam Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Kan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st October 1899.

## No. 1156.—32nd (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry (Pioneers)—

Subadar Fateh Singh to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Rur Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Bhag Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jagat Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 8th August 1899.

## No. 1157.—23rd (Or Wallajahbad) Regiment of Madras (Light) Infantry—

Jemadar Krisnasami to be Subadar and Havildar Muhammad Ziyaullah to be Jemadar, *vice* Abdul Ghafur, deceased, with effect from the 27th July 1899.

## No. 1158.—The Body Guard of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay—

Dafadar Bhagwan Singh, from the 10th Regiment of Bengal (The Duke of Cambridge's Own) Lancers, to be Ressaidar, *vice* Sohel Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 22nd September 1899.

## No. 1159.—29th (The Duke of Connaught's Own) Regiment of Bombay Infantry (2nd Baluch Battalion)—

Havildar Burhan Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Amir Shah, promoted, with effect from the 15th July 1899.

## RETIREMENTS.

No. 1160.—Major-General Walter Stuart Hore, Bombay General List, Infantry, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India, to retire from the service, with effect from the 10th October 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 1161.—Lieutenant Colonel Russick Lall Dutt, M.D., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), Civil Surgeon Hooghly, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 30th October 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 1162.—Major L. H. Vidal, Indian Staff Corps, has been transferred by the Secretary of State for India to temporary half-pay, with effect from the 15th September 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

## REWARDS.

## GOOD-SERVICE PENSIONS.

No. 1163.—On the recommendation of the Government of India, Her Majesty's Government have been pleased to confer good service pensions on the undermentioned officers, with effect from the dates specified:

From the 7th June 1899 in room of Colonel C. F. Hughes, C.B., Staff Corps, succeeded to the colonel's allowance.

COLONEL FREDERICK WILLIAM VANS LECKIE,  
STAFF CORPS.

*Dates of Commissions.*

Ensign . . . . .	5th July 1864.
Lieutenant . . . . .	16th August 1864.
Captain . . . . .	31st October 1877.
Major . . . . .	3rd January 1885.
Lieutenant-Colonel . . . . .	5th July 1890.
Brevet-Colonel . . . . .	26th July 1894.

*Appointments.*

Regimental duty, 56th Foot, 1864-77.

(Adjutant, 56th Foot, 1871-74.)

Regimental duty, 8th Bombay Native Infantry, 1877-84.

(Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, Bombay, 1878.)

(Staff Officer, Satara, 1878-79.)

(Staff Officer of Transport, Southern Afghanistan Field Force, 1879-80.)

(Officiating Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Sind District, 1880.)

(Officiating Brigade-Major, 2nd Brigade, 1st Division, Afghanistan Field Force, 1880.)

(Officiating Brigade-Major, Quetta, 1882.)

Wing Commander, 20th Bombay Native Infantry, 1884-88.

Second-in-Command, 20th Bombay Infantry, 1888-89.

(Officiating Assistant Adjutant-General, Poona Division, 1888.)

Commandant, 19th Bombay Infantry, 1889-96.

(RESIDING OUT OF INDIA SINCE MAY 1896.)

*War Services.*

*Afghanistan, 1879-80.*—Staff Officer of Transport, and served as Brigade-Major of the Force sent out to cover the retreat from Maiwand, and during the defence of Kandahar, including the sorties of 12th and 16th August. Present in the same capacity at the battle of 1st September. (Mentioned in despatches. Medal and clasp.)

From the 12th June 1899, in room of Colonel H. S. Tandy, Staff Corps, succeeded to the Colonel's allowance.

COLONEL SIR HOWARD MELLISS, K.C.S.I.,  
STAFF CORPS.

*Dates of Commissions.*

Ensign . . . . .	30th June 1865.
Lieutenant . . . . .	25th July 1865.
Captain . . . . .	30th June 1877.
Brevet-Major . . . . .	18th November 1882.
Major . . . . .	30th June 1885.
Lieutenant-Colonel . . . . .	30th June 1891.
Colonel . . . . .	30th June 1895.

*Appointments.*

Regimental duty, 34th, 33rd and 21st Foot, 1865-69.

Regimental duty, 4th and 2nd Bombay Native Infantry, 1869-70.

In the Commissariat Department as probationer and acting Sub-Assistant Commissary-General, 1870-73.

Regimental duty, Bombay Sappers and Miners (officiating several times as Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General), 1873-78.

Officiating Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, 1878-79.

Staff Officer at Poona, March to October 1879.

Officiating Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General and officiating Assistant Quartermaster-General, 1879-82.

Assistant Quartermaster-General, Indian Contingent in Egypt, 1882.

Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General and Assistant Quartermaster-General, 1882-85.

Military Attaché to the Naval Commander-in-Chief in Burma, 1885.

On special duty at Baroda, 1886-87.

In the Quartermaster-General's Department at Simla, 1887-90.

Chief Inspecting Officer and Inspector-General, Imperial Service Troops, 1890-1899.

*War Services.*

*Abyssinia, 1867-68.*—Storm and capture of Magdala.—(Medal.)

*Afghanistan, 1879.*—As Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General of the Reserve Division in Sind.

*Egypt, 1882.*—Battle of Tel-el-Kebir. (Mentioned in despatches, medal and clasp and bronze star: Brevet of Major: 4th class of the Medjidie.)

*Burma, 1885.*—(India medal and clasp.)

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

No. 1164.—*Surma Valley Light Horse*—

Lieutenant John George Knowles to be Captain, with effect from the 21st February 1899, *vice* Chamney, promoted.

Second-Lieutenant Henry Montgomery Crozier to be Lieutenant, *vice* Knowles, promoted.

No. 1165.—*1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles*—

Lieutenant Fritz Noetling resigns his commission, with effect from the 11th September 1899.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 38.—Commander J. H. D. St. John, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed to officiate as Port Officer, Bassein, with effect from the 12th October 1899, *vice* Commander P. Downes, proceeded on furlough.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 21st October, 1899.*

No. 460.—Lieutenant E. Barnardiston, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, is, on return from Foreign Service, granted, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, leave without pay, from the 5th October 1899 to the 25th November 1899.

*The 23rd October, 1899.*

No. 461.—It is hereby notified for general information that Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council has sanctioned the construction of an extension of the Anand-Petlad Railway from Petlad to the port of Cambay, a distance of 20.78 miles at an estimated cost of Rs. 11,07,180.

**No. 463.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, under section 16 (i) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890, the use of locomotive engines and of rolling stock to be drawn or propelled thereby on the branch line of railway from Bahauddin Station on the Sind-Sagar Section of the North Western Railway to Rasul.

*The 25th October, 1899.*

**No. 465.**—Mr. Romesh Chandra Gupta, passed student of the Royal Indian Engineering College, Cooper's Hill, has been appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, Class III, Grade 4, and his services are placed at the disposal of the Director of Railway Traffic, for employment on the North Western Railway.

**No. 466.**—Mr. H. H. D. Butterfield, Accountant, 1st Grade, attached to the office of the Examiner of Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Madras, is granted the honorary rank of Assistant Examiner of Accounts.

*The 23rd October, 1899.*

**No. 462.**—The following is published for general information:

No. 1029 R. T., dated Simla, the 19th October, 1899.

**RESOLUTION.**—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Read—

Sections 3 (4), 16 (2), 47 and 148 (1) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 480½, dated the 30th October 1890, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890—the Government of India resolution No. 736 R.T., dated the 17th October 1890, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 4, dated the 6th January 1898—published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th January 1898—appointing the Director of Railway Traffic as the officer who, in the case of a railway administered by Government, is to make General Rules under section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Letter No. 1021 R.T., dated the 18th October 1899, from the Director of Railway Traffic.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The Director of Railway Traffic has applied for leave to adopt the General Rules for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods, which rules were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, under Public Works Department notification No. 480½, dated the 30th October 1890, on the branch line of railway from Bahauddin Station on the Sind-Sagar section of the North Western railway to Rasul.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules which are referred to in the foregoing observations to the branch line of railway from Bahauddin Station on the Sind-Sagar section of the North Western railway to Rasul, which has been sanctioned for construction.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that the General Rules which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890 be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection, free of any charge, in the office of the Engineer in charge of the construction of the railway.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Manager of the North Western railway for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

*The 24th October, 1899.*

No. 464.—The following is published for general information:

No. 1036 R. T., dated Simla, the 20th October, 1899.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

*General Rules of 1895 for working railways open for traffic.*

Read—

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895—the Government of India circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for all open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, and the amended rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 371, dated the 10th September 1896, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 12th September 1896—the Government of India resolution No. 696 R.T., dated the 7th September 1896, sanctioning the application to the South Indian and Mayavaram-Mutupet railways, of the open line General Rules of 1895, read above.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 55, dated the 5th February 1897, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th February 1897—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 3, dated the 5th January 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th January 1898—the Government of India circular No. 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda to Appendix B, Part II, of the rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 104, dated the 10th March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 12th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. 1 Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule III, Appendix A, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 26th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, and the amended rules 231 and 232 of Part I, therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 236, dated the 23rd May 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 28th May 1898—the Government of India resolution No. 519 R.T., dated the 16th May 1898, sanctioning the application to the South Indian railway and the railways worked by it of the amended rules 231 and 232 of Part I of the open line General Rules of 1895.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 197, dated the 5th May 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th May 1899—the Government of India circular No. I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 6-XIX, Appendix B, Part II, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 298, dated the 14th July 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 15th July 1899—the Government of India circular No. V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 14, Chapter III, and rule II (4), Appendix A, of the rules.

Letter from the Government of Madras, No. 1135 Railway, dated the 11th October 1899, forwarding letter from the Agent, South Indian Railway Company, No. 1010, dated the 7th October 1899.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Agent of the South Indian Railway Company has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in British India,

which have been published under the Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895 (*vide the Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895), as modified by the Government of India circulars Nos. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, 1 Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, 111 Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, 1 Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, which were published under Public Works Department notifications Nos. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, 55, dated the 5th February 1897, 3, dated the 5th January 1898, 104, dated the 10th March 1898, 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, 197, dated the 5th May 1899, and 298, dated the 14th July 1899 (*vide the Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896, 6th February 1897, 8th January 1898, 12th March 1898, 26th March 1898, 6th May 1899, and 15th July 1899), may be made applicable to the Negapatam-Nagore Branch of the South Indian Railway.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules for working railways open for traffic which may, for the time being and hereafter from time to time, be in force on the South Indian Railway, to the Negapatam-Nagore Branch of that railway, with effect from the date on which the said branch may be opened for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that this resolution be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890; also that the General Rules cited in the foregoing observations—which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*—be kept at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Government of Madras for information and guidance.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 26th October, 1899.*

**No. 467.**—The services of Mr. H. Groves, Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, Burma, are, on return from leave, placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*





# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 44.}

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**PART II.**—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

**PART III.**—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

**PART IV.**—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

*Nothing for publication.*

**PART V.**—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations. Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Bills published under Rule 23:—

*Nothing for publication.*

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*Nothing for publication.*

**SUPPLEMENT No. 44.**

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 31st October, 1899.*

**No. 21.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67), and section 1 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892 (55 and 56 Vict., Cap. 14), the Governor General is pleased to nominate Kunwar Sir Harnam Singh, Ahluwalia, K.C.I.E., of Kapurthala, to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

**J. M. MACPHERSON,**

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### MEDICAL.

*Simla, the 28th October 1899.*

**No. 1805.**—The services of the under-mentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty:—

Lieutenant E. E. C. Dalgliesh, 1st Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent.

Lieutenant H. E. Browne, 12th Bombay Infantry.

Lieutenant O. St. J. Skeen, 26th Madras Infantry.

*Calcutta, the 3rd November 1899.*

No. 1834.—The services of Major H. Martin, M.B., R.A.M.C., are replaced permanently at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 1835.—The services of Major A. E. J. Croly, F.R.C.S.I., R.A.M.C., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

No. 1840.—The services of Major B. B. Grayfoot, I.M.S. (Bombay), are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his present duties.

#### SANITARY.

##### PLAGUE.

*The 3rd November 1899.*

No. 3049.—THE following Notice of the Board of Trade is published for general information :—

(F. & H. 13481.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, September 29, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at The Hague, enclosing the following Decree respecting quarantine, viz. :—

Laws, Decrees, Appointments, etc. (Staatsblad No. 207). Decree of the 14th September, 1899, for applying the law of 26th April, 1884 (Staatsblad No. 80), supplemented by the law of 20th July, 1884 (Staatsblad No. 164), for enacting extraordinary measures for warding off certain infectious diseases, and for preventing the spreading and consequences of the same.

We, Wilhelmina, by the Grace of God, Queen of the Netherlands, Princess of Orange-Nassau, etc., etc., etc.

Taking into consideration that the application of the law of 26th April, 1884 (Staatsblad No. 80), supplemented by the law of 20th July, 1884 (Staatsblad No. 164), for enacting extraordinary measures for warding off certain infectious diseases, and for preventing the spreading and consequences of the same, is necessary on account of the appearance of plague and other diseases as aforesaid at certain places in foreign countries :

On the proposal of Our Minister of the Interior of 18th August, 1899, No. 1710, section Medical Police, and of Our Minister of Finance of 21st August, 1899, No. 55, Import and Excise duties ;

Having regard to the Royal Decree of 24th August, 1898 (Staatsblad No. 203) ;

Having consulted the Council of State (advice of 5th September, 1899, No. 15) ;

Having regard to the further report of Our Minister of the Interior of 9th September, 1899, No. 1855, section Medical Police, and of Our Minister of Finance of 11th September, 1899, No. 81, Import and Excise duties ;

Have approved and sanctioned the following articles :—

*Article 1.*—The importation, transit, and conveyance of rags, second-hand clothes, and unwashed underclothing and bedding from countries or places to be indicated by Our Ministers of the Interior and of Finance, are prohibited.

The indications shall always be made public, one day at least before they come into operation, by inserting them in the Official Gazette.

Our Ministers aforesaid are authorized to alter those indications, as often as circumstances allow of it or make it necessary, as also to decide whether and to what extent passengers' luggage is included in the prohibition.

The decisions on these subjects shall also be inserted in the Official Gazette.

*Article 2.*—If the object of the prohibition is the warding off of Asiatic cholera, in the case of instructions relating to importation or transit from countries which are parties to the International Convention concluded at Dresden on 15th April, 1893, and approved by the law of 9th July, 1894 (Staatsblad No. 94), for the warding off of cholera, Our Ministers aforesaid shall conform to the provisions of that Convention.

If the object of the prohibition is the warding off of the plague, in the case of instructions relating to importation or transit from countries which are parties to the Sanitary Convention concluded at Venice on 19th March, 1897, and approved by the law of 14th July, 1898 (Staatsblad No. 175), Our Ministers aforesaid shall conform to the provisions of that Convention.

*Article 3.*—The present Decree, which shall continue in force for one year, shall come into operation on the second day after the date of the Staatsblad and the Staatscourant, in which it was inserted.

Our Ministers of the Interior and of Finance are charged with the execution of this Decree, which shall be inserted in the Staatsblad, and at the same time in the Staatscourant, and a copy of it shall be sent to the Council of State.

*The Loo, the 14th September 1899.*

WILHELMINA.

H. GOEMAN BORGESIUS,

*Minister of the Interior.*

PIERSON.

*Minister of Finance.*

Published on this seventeenth of September, 1899.

CORT VAN DER LINDEN.

*Minister of Justice.*

**No. 3053.**—WHEREAS the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Ajudhia in the Faizabad District of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh if pilgrims or other persons from the Salem District of the Madras Presidency, the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Saran District in Bengal, the Hoshiarpur and Jullundur Districts of the Punjab, the Nagpur District of the Central Provinces, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Katki fair:

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act (111 of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Faizabad, Ajudhia, Ajudhia Ghat, Ranapali and Darshanagar on the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, and Lakarmandi, Katra and Nawabganj on the Bengal and North-Western Railway, shall be sold from the 9th to the 23rd November 1899 (both days inclusive) within the Salem District of the Madras Presidency, the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Saran District in Bengal, the Hoshiarpur and Jullundur Districts of the Punjab, the Nagpur District of the Central Provinces, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States to any pilgrim or other person intending or believed to be intending to proceed on pilgrimage to the Katki fair at Ajudhia.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Officiating Secretary to the Government of India.*

#### DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

##### NOTIFICATION.

##### GENERAL.

*Calcutta, the 3rd November, 1899.*

No. 3819.—Mr. A. R. Tucker, Registrar, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, is

appointed, as a temporary measure, to be Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, with effect from the 6th November, 1899.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

#### FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

##### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 25th October, 1899.*

No. 1699-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the provisional appointment of Herr Ernst Ritter von Maurig Sarnfeld as Consul for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Calcutta.

*The 30th October, 1899.*

No. 1706-G.—The services of Captain J. A. Black, M.B., Indian Medical Service (Bengal),

are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his special plague duties at Ratlam.

No. 3182-1 A—ERRATUM.—In the penultimate line of the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2823-1 A., dated the 29th September, 1899, published at page 858 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, for "13th May, 1899" read "13th May, 1898."

H. S. BARNES,

*Officiating Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

## ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

## ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Calcutta, the 3rd November, 1899.

No. 5067.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

September 1899.

Lakhs of Rupees

	IN SEPTEMBER		TO END OF SEPTEMBER		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	Budget, 1899-1900.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1898-99.
<i>(For the explanation of these heads, see Gazette of India, dated 22nd December 1883, Part I, page 497.)</i>						
<b>Civil Revenue.</b>						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	1.05	1.13	10.25	10.52	28.68	28.45
Opium	53	60	3.15	2.67	6.00	5.71
Salt	58	66	4.31	4.49	8.76	9.03
Stamps	41	40	2.53	2.51	4.90	4.80
Excise	49	49	2.85	2.80	5.78	5.75
Provincial Rates	18	18	1.58	1.64	3.95	3.95
Customs	34	36	2.26	2.26	4.05	4.79
Assessed Taxes	21	21	86	89	1.31	1.78
Forest (Madras and Bombay only)	3	3	18	18	54	41
Registration	4	4	24	25	46	44
Tributes from Native States	1	2	20	23	94	90
Other Civil Revenue	21	28	1.68	1.87	3.94	3.92
<b>TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS</b>	<b>4.08</b>	<b>4.40</b>	<b>30.15</b>	<b>30.31</b>	<b>70.41</b>	<b>69.98</b>
<b>Civil Expenditure.</b>						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	—10	—10	—1.90	—1.96	—3.74	—3.81
Opium	—28	—32	—2.36	—2.09	—2.05	—2.37
Famine Relief	...	...	...	+3	—01	—1
Other Civil Expenditure	—1.96	—1.93	—12.32	—12.18	—27.73	—20.03
<b>TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS</b>	<b>—2.34</b>	<b>—2.35</b>	<b>—16.58</b>	<b>—16.20</b>	<b>—34.77</b>	<b>—32.22</b>
<b>Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments:</b>						
<i>(The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.)</i>						
Post Office (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than issues)	+4	+4	+46	+4	+37	—1
Forest, Marine (Net as above)	...	+3	+10	+11	+32	+53
Military Receipts	+3	+0	+27	+30	+79	+70
Military Issues	—1.26	—1.27	—7.02	—8.32	—16.21	—10.88
Public Works Department— <i>Receipts.</i>						
Ordinary Branches	+25	+20	+1.48	+1.53	+24.45	+2.97
State Railways	+1.14	+1.08	+7.30	+7.27		+15.20
East Indian Railway	+41	+35	+7.25	+7.09		+5.50
Guaranteed and Subsidized Railways (Net as above)	+17	...	+1.59	+2.02		+3.88
Telegraph	+7	+6	+30	+33	+80	+73
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>+2.04</b>	<b>+1.69</b>	<b>+14.04</b>	<b>+13.84</b>	<b>+28.90</b>	<b>+28.28</b>
<i>Issues.</i>						
Ordinary Branches	—59	—54	—3.40	—3.30	—23.51	—7.40
State Railways	—98	—1.01	—6.19	—5.80		—12.55
East Indian Railway	—37	—39	—1.50	—1.41		—2.99
Repayment of Guaranteed Railways surplus profits, etc.	—30	—30	—30	—30		—37
Telegraph	—5	—5	—31	—33	—85	—71
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>—2.29</b>	<b>—2.29</b>	<b>—11.90</b>	<b>—11.20</b>	<b>—24.83</b>	<b>—24.02</b>
<b>TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS</b>	<b>—1.44</b>	<b>—1.74</b>	<b>—4.71</b>	<b>—5.17</b>	<b>—10.60</b>	<b>—11.34</b>
<b>Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.</b>						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than payments)	—2	+46	—4	+1.07	—19	+96
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	+22	+7	—10	+17	...	+12
Exchange on Remittance Accounts	—83	—50	—4.59	—4.22	—8.42	—8.73
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs 10 per £	—1.74	—76	—7.79	—8.38	—17.20	—18.99
Other debt heads (Net as above)	+4	+5	+4	+44	+44	+1.01
<b>TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS</b>	<b>—2.33</b>	<b>—68</b>	<b>—12.48</b>	<b>—10.92</b>	<b>—25.37</b>	<b>—25.03</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES</b>	<b>—2.03</b>	<b>—37</b>	<b>—3.62</b>	<b>—1.98</b>	<b>—39</b>	<b>+79</b>
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	15.18	14.37	16.77	15.98	17.07	15.98
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	13.15	14.00	13.15	14.00	16.08	16.77

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

**MILITARY DEPARTMENT.***Fort William, the 3rd November, 1899.***APPOINTMENTS.****ARMY STAFF.**

**No. 1166.**—Colonel F. H. Whitby, British Service, Assistant Adjutant General, Madras District, to be Assistant Adjutant General, Head-Quarters, Punjab Command, *vice* Colonel E. G. Paley, British Service, who has resigned his officiating appointment. Dated 19th October 1899.

**No. 1167.**—Brevet Colonel V. A. Schalch, Indian Staff Corps, Commandant, 11th (Rajput) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, to be Assistant Quarter Master General, Head-Quarters, Bengal Command, *vice* Colonel W. E. Hilliard, British Service, transferred as Assistant Quarter Master General, Head-Quarters, Bombay Command. Dated 21st October 1899.

**MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.**

**No. 1168.**—Lieutenant R. H. B. Anderson, Indian Staff Corps, 3rd Bombay Cavalry, is appointed Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd Class, on probation, with effect from the 23rd October 1899, to fill an existing vacancy.

**STAFF CORPS.**

**No. 1169.**—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant Norman Dudley Horsford, Norfolk Regiment, Officiating Wing Officer, 8th Regiment of Madras Infantry, 29th September 1899.

Second Lieutenant Herbert Cleland Nicolay, Border Regiment, Officiating Wing Officer, 17th Regiment of Bombay Infantry, 4th October 1899.

Second Lieutenant Nicolay will rank as a Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps, from the 4th October 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

**No. 1170.**—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officers of the Unattached List are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:—

**Second Lieutenants—**

John Henry Foster Lakin. Dated 5th October 1899.

Hugh Waldyve Martin. Dated 6th October 1899.

Charles William Neumann. Dated 6th October 1899.

Arthur James Herbert Grey. Dated 10th October 1899.

Arthur Pitcairn Hughes. Dated 13th October 1899.

Claude Gray Buchanan. Dated 13th October 1899.

Charles Cecil George Walker. Dated 14th October 1899.

Allen Edwin Johnson. Dated 14th October 1899.

Bertie Clephane Hawley Drew. Dated 14th October 1899.

**NATIVE ARMY.**

**No. 1171.**—*2nd Regiment of Bombay Lancers—*

Ressaidar Thakur Runjit Singh, appointed on probation in G. G. O. No. 516 of 1898, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from 20th September 1897.

**No. 1172.**—*25th Regiment of Bombay Infantry (3rd Battalion, Rifle Regiment)*

Jemadar Thakur Khangar Singh, appointed on probation in G. G. O. No. 796 of 1897, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from 10th September 1897.

**COMMANDS.****DISTRICT.**

**No. 1173.**—Major-General B. A. Combe, C.B., British Service, to command a 1st class district in India, *vice* Major-General C. J. Moorsom, retired. Dated 7th October 1899.

**LONDON GAZETTE.**

**No. 1174.**—The following extract is published for general information:—

"*London Gazette*," dated the 10th October 1899, page 6116.

WAR OFFICE, PALL MALL,  
10th October 1899.

*Indian Staff Corps.*—The undermentioned officers are transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List:—

Major-General John Munro Sym, C.B.,—  
Dated 21st September 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel John James Money-Simons,—Dated 26th September 1899.

Colonel George Robert James Shakespear to be Major-General,—Dated 27th September 1899.

**PROMOTIONS.**

**No. 1175.**—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

**INDIAN STAFF CORPS.***To be Lieutenant-Colonel.*

Major James Molesworth Candy,—2nd November 1899.

*To be Major.*

Captain Alexander Donald Charters Pond,—1st November 1899.

**No. 1176.**—Subject to Her Majesty's approval, the undermentioned Major is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, whilst serving as regimental commandant, Indian Army:—

John Franklin Worlledge,—16th September 1899.



No. 1177.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

*Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

31st October 1899.

*Bengal Establishment.*

George William Patrick Dennys.

John William Unthark Macnamara, M.D.

Joseph Sykes.

John Francis Tuohy, M.D.

*Madras Establishment.*

James Cort Marsden.

Francis Casement Reeves.

John Leopold Poynder.

*Bombay Establishment.*

Charles Fancourt Willis, M.D.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1178.—Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant James Dale to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

First class Assistant Surgeon Samuel Ebenezzer Falconer to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

with effect from 5th May 1899, consequent on the death of Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain J. T. Dodd.

No. 1179.—Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Daniel Thomas Baker to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

First class Assistant Surgeon Valentine James Staggs to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

with effect from 24th May 1899, consequent on the retirement of Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain H. Roberts.

No. 1180.—First class Assistant Surgeon James Gregory D'Silva to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, with effect from 13th May 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval, *vice* Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant A. P. Fernandez, retired.

No. 1181.—The undermentioned second class Assistant Surgeons to be first class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the dates specified against their names:—

Servulo Joseph Pais.

John William Napoleon D'Souza.

Henry Richard Roach.

Francis Xavier DeCruz.

Vincent Edward Fernandez.

William John Neil

6th August,  
1899.

29th September,  
1899.

No. 1182.—The undermentioned third class Assistant Surgeons to be second class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from 14th September 1899:—

Louis D'Souza.

Dennis Crumley.

Harry Forsyth Gibson Kinsley.

Louis Anthony DeSouza.

George Archibald Deane.

Claude Reginald Pollock.

Joseph Henry Whittenbury.

Francis Hubert Dean Netscher.

No. 1183.—Third class Assistant Surgeon James Francis Fleming to be second class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from 14th September 1899.

No. 1184.—The undermentioned supernumerary third class Assistant Surgeons are absorbed in their present class, with effect from 17th September 1899:—

William George St John Hussey.

Henry Osmond Bazely.

No. 1185.—Fourth class Assistant Surgeon Daniel Randolph Gonsalves to be third class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from 1st July 1899.

No. 1186.—The undermentioned fourth class Assistant Surgeons to be third class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from 17th September 1899:—

William Arthur Moore Wakeman.

Michael Arthur Curry.

Robert George Ives.

Frederick Charles Henry Dady.

Claude Cyril Kelly.

James Smith.

John Vincent James.

Reginald Henry Willick Hart.

William Warnett Turner.

Walter Arthur Clifford Netscher.

Thomas Henderson Brooks.

Charles Mullins.

Donald Day Stewart.

Charles Samuel Anthony Reginald Browne.

William FitzAllan Parrot.

Charles Wiltshire Maine.

Hugh Norman Stewart.

MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

*Bengal.*

No. 1187.—Sergeant Frederick Reginald Vandyke, Survey of India Department, is promoted to the grade of Sub-Conductor as a supernumerary, with effect from 6th September 1899, and will be borne *seconded* on the Bengal Miscellaneous List.

No. 1188.—Quarter Master Sergeant Frederick Sydney Cousins, Clerk and Steward, Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanawar, is promoted to the grade of Sub-Conductor as a supernumerary, with effect from 11th October 1899, and will be borne *seconded* on the Bengal Miscellaneous List.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1189.—2nd Regiment of Madras Lancers—

Havildar Vittal Rao to be Jemadar, *vice* Venket Rao, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 30th August 1899.

No. 1190.—22nd Regiment of Madras Infantry—

Havildar Muhammad Sharfuddin to be Jemadar, *vice* Mastan Sharif, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 17th August 1899.

## RESIGNATIONS.

No. 1191.—Fourth class Assistant Surgeon Frederick James Clapham, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Bombay, is permitted to resign the service.

H. F. CADELL, Major,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 3rd November, 1899.

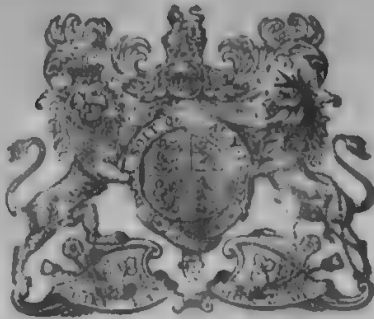
Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department between the 21st October and the 3rd November 1899:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
1st Battalion, Royal Scots Fusiliers.	2nd Lieutenant D. M. Kennedy.	19th October 1899.	Peshawar .	...	...
Indian Subordinate Medical Department.	Assistant Surgeon J. R. Machado.	25th October 1899.	Doolali .	...	...

*Erratum.*—In notification of the death of Captain C. W. Tyler, R.A., published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 21st October 1899, for "Poona" read "Kirkee."

H. F. CADELL, Major,

for Secretary to the Government of India.



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 45 }

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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*Nothing for publication.*

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*Nothing for publication.*

**PART VI.**—Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations :—  
*Nothing for publication.*

**SUPPLEMENT No. 45.**

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### ESTABLISHMENTS.

*Calcutta, the 9th November 1899.*

**No. 618.**—The services of Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, of the Indian Civil Service, Bombay Establishment, are placed at the disposal of the Finance and Commerce Department.

#### EXAMINATIONS.

*The 9th November 1899.*

**No 655.**—With reference to paragraph 1 of Home Department Notification No. 626, dated the 20th October 1899, it is hereby notified that the examination prescribed for filling vacancies in the Lower Division of the Secretariat Clerical Service of the Government of India and attached offices, and in the clerical establishments of the offices subordinate to the Government of Bengal, will be

held at Calcutta in the Senate House of the Calcutta University, commencing on Saturday, the 6th January 1900.

The examination at Allahabad and Lahore of candidates for appointments in the Secretariat offices of the Government of India and attached offices will be held at the same time at the places to be appointed by the Governments of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh and the Punjab, respectively.

#### MEDICAL.

*The 6th November 1899.*

No. 1856.—The services of Captain G. S. Thomson, M.B., M.C.H., I.M.S. (Bombay), are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

*The 7th November 1899.*

No. 1863.—The services of Captain G. Lamb, M.B., I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

#### SANITARY.

##### PLAGUE.

*The 9th November 1899.*

No. 3104.—The following Notices of the Board of Trade are published for general information:—

(F. & H. 13069.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, October 6, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Notice respecting quarantine issued by the Senate of Hamburg, *vis.*:—

(Translation.)

Hamburg.

Notice respecting precautionary measures against the plague (dated September 1st, 1899).

In order to prevent the introduction of the plague from plague-stricken ports, all ships which arrive from such a port, or may have touched thereat, must, in accordance with the provisions of the law of 18th April, 1898, submit in Cuxhaven to strict sanitary police control, carried out by a physician stationed at that port under the superintendence of the Hamburg Port Physician, so that all persons on board suffering from plague, or suspected of being so affected, shall be retained in the local quarantine hospital, and the vessel shall only be allowed to proceed to Hamburg after having been disinfected.

In view of the fact that the plague has appeared in Oporto, and consequently has approached considerably nearer to German ports, the Imperial Chancellor has proposed that, in the event that, notwithstanding the precautionary measures now taken, cases of plague should be introduced, the obligation of giving notice to the authorities of cases of plague or of suspected cases, should be enforced.

The Senate therefore draws particular attention, moreover, to the provision that, according to the law affecting physicians, of December 21st, 1894, and to the regulations for putting the same into force of December 31st, 1894, physicians are obliged to notify (in the prescribed manner) to the Medical Board within twenty-four hours at most, every case of plague or of illness suspected of being plague which may come under their notice.

The obligation of giving immediate notice of any suspected case of plague is, according to section 13 of the "Medical Law of 1818," laid not only upon the physician in charge of such case, but also upon every person engaged in the treatment or care of the sick person, as also upon the head of the family, or upon the person in whose dwelling a suspected case of disease or death may have occurred. In so far as regards the urban district of the free city of Hamburg, the notice must be given to the police authorities; as regards the

Geestland and Marschland districts, notice must be given to the Rural Districts Administration; as regards the district of Ritzbüttel, to the Administration of that district; and as regards the district of Bergedorf, to the Mayor of Bergedorf.

Masters of sea-going ships and river craft in which, whilst they are in ports belonging to the free city of Hamburg, a case of illness or death arising from plague, or of any disease suspected as being plague, may occur, are likewise obliged (according to section 20 of the Port Regulations) to give immediate notice thereof; and in such case the notice must be given to the Port Physician at Hamburg or, in Cuxhaven, to his representative who is appointed to reside there.

Given in the Assembly of the Senate at Hamburg, September 1, 1899.

(F. & H. 13762.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, October 6, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for the Colonies, a copy of a Notice respecting quarantine issued by the Governor of Malta, viz. :—

Government Notice No. 268.

His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, having heard the opinion of the Board of Health, has been pleased to modify Government Notice No. 262 of the 22nd September 1899, and to direct that the following regulations be observed, viz. :—

1. Vessels which are not allowed to enter the Harbour, but are allowed to communicate in quarantine with the Islands of Comino and Cominotto under such restrictions as the Collector of Customs may direct.
  - (a) Vessels that have on board, or have had during the voyage, cases of cholera, yellow fever, or plague, or cases of a disease with symptoms resembling those of cholera, yellow fever, or plague.
  - (b) Vessels with pilgrims from the East.
  - (c) Vessels arriving from Arabian ports in the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf which have not been admitted to free pratique at Suez and Port Said.
2. Vessels which are allowed to enter the Quarantine Harbour to coal and take in provisions under quarantine restrictions.
  - (a) Vessels arriving from Indian ports without a doctor; but those that carry a doctor and have passed through the Suez Canal in quarantine shall be admitted to free pratique.
  - (b) Vessels arriving from any port without a clean bill of health, which do not fall under any of the preceding regulations.
  - (c) Vessels arriving from Egyptian ports, or from Portugal.

### 3. Medical Inspection.

All vessels arriving at Malta shall undergo strict medical inspection.

### 4. Passengers.

(a) Passengers arriving from Bombay, Kurrachee, and passengers from Calcutta, on board vessels that do not carry a doctor, shall be landed in one of the quarantine establishments, where they will be subjected to strict medical inspection until their clothing and all other articles of personal use, likely to retain infection, shall have been thoroughly disinfected.

(b) Passengers arriving from Indian ports on board vessels that carry a doctor, shall be permitted to land; but no luggage shall be landed before it is disinfected in one of the quarantine establishments.

(c) Every passenger or other person arriving at Malta shall, before being allowed to land, declare on oath before an Inspector of Marine Police or other superior officer that he has not been in Portugal within 21 days or in Egypt within 14 days: whenever such person does not make this declaration on oath, he shall undergo a quarantine on the ship of 21 days if arriving from Portugal and of 14 days if arriving from Egypt.



## 5. Goods.

The importation of coffee, beans or ground, coloured with substances injurious to health is prohibited.

The importation of cotton seed from any port subject to quarantine is forbidden.

The importation of rags is prohibited.

The importation is forbidden, before disinfection, of the following articles, *viz.*, wearing apparel, soiled linen and clothing, bedding materials, feathers, bones, and jute goods.

The importation of hides from any port subject to quarantine or from any place where cattle disease exists, is prohibited before disinfection.

The importation of vines, vine shoots, and fruit packed in vine leaves is prohibited. The importation of plants or roots from any port of the Mediterranean is prohibited unless the same are accompanied by a satisfactory certificate from the British Consular Authority that *Phylloxera* is not known to exist at the place of origin.

PALACE VALLETTA;

September 29, 1899.

By command,

F. VELLA,

*Acting Chief Secretary to Government.*

*The 10th November 1899.*

**No. 3111.**—WHEREAS the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Chidambaram in the South Arcot District of the Madras Presidency if pilgrims or other persons from the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Arudra Darsanam festival:

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act (111 of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Alapakam, Port Novo, Kille, Chidambaram, Coleroon and Shiyali on the South Indian Railway shall be sold from the 4th to the 18th December 1899 (both days inclusive) within the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States to any pilgrim or other person intending or believed to be intending to proceed on pilgrimage to the Arudra Darsanam festival at Chidambaram.

**No. 3119.**—WHEREAS the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Srirangam in the Trichinopoly District of the Madras Presidency if pilgrims or other persons from the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Vaikunta Ekadasi festival:

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act (111 of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Trichinopoly Fort, Trichinopoly Junction, Tiruverumbur and Elamanur on the South Indian Railway shall be sold from the 23rd November to the 23rd December 1899 (both days inclusive) within the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States to any pilgrim or other person intending or believed to be intending to proceed on pilgrimage to the Vaikunta Ekadasi festival at Srirangam.

**No. 3128.**—WHEREAS the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Ballia in the Ballia District of the North-Western Provinces if persons from the Salem and Coimbatore Districts of the Madras Presidency, the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Saran District in Bengal, the Jullundur and Hoshiarpur Districts of the Punjab, the Nagpur Division of the Central Provinces, and the

Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Dadri fair :

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Ballia and Bansdih Road on the Bengal and North-Western Railway shall be sold from the 12th to the 27th November 1899 (both days inclusive) within the Salem and Coimbatore Districts of the Madras Presidency, the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Saran District in Bengal, the Jullundur and Hoshiarpur Districts of the Punjab, the Nagpur District of the Central Provinces, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States to any person intending or believed to be intending to proceed to the Dadri fair at Ballia.

#### JUDICIAL.

*The 10th November 1899.*

No. 1609.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel A. K. Macpherson, Cantonment Magistrate, Kasauli, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the afternoon of the 29th November 1899.

#### POLICE.

*The 10th November 1899.*

No. 662.—The services of Lieutenant T. S. Tancred, 1st Regiment, Central India Horse are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment in the Burma Military Police.

No. 664.—The services of Lieutenant G. P. R. Beaman, 17th Madras Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment in the Burma Military Police.

#### ECCLESIASTICAL.

*The 9th November 1899.*

No. 489.—The Reverend Theodore Edward Fortescue Cole, a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, to be a Senior Chaplain, with effect from 4th November 1899.

*The 10th November 1899.*

No. 492.—The services of the Reverend T. E. F. Cole, a Senior Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 26th October 1899.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

#### DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

##### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### LAND SURVEYS.

*Calcutta, the 10th November, 1899.*

No. 2472—33-6.—Major F. B. Longe, R.E., Superintendent, 1st grade, is appointed Assistant Surveyor-General in charge of the Correspondence and Mathematical Instrument Offices, with effect from the 6th instant, *vice* Captain P. J. Gordon, I.S.C., transferred to No. 17 Party.

#### GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

*The 10th November, 1899.*

No. 3873—81-10.—Mr. G. F. Reader, who has been appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to be a mining specialist in the Geological Survey of India, joined his appointment on the forenoon of the 1st November, 1899.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 3rd November, 1899.*

No. 1728-G.—Captain G. Ramsay, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), is re-appointed, on return from furlough, to officiate as an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class and as Residency Surgeon and *ex-officio* Assistant to the Political Resident in Turkish Arabia, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 1730-G.—Major C G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st (Officiating Political Agent of the 3rd) class, and Political Agent in Maskat, is granted privilege leave for two months and thirty days, with effect from the 1st October 1899, or the subsequent date on which he availed himself of the leave.

No. 1731-G.—Captain P. Z. Cox, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (Officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class, is posted as Political Agent in Maskat, with effect from the 1st October, 1899.

No. 1736-G.—Captain H. L. Showers, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (Officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class and Political Agent in Zhob, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 1st November, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

H S BARNES,

*Offg Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Calcutta, the 7th November, 1899.*

No. 5091-P.—The privilege leave for one month and twenty-eight days granted to Mr. R. N. Ray, Officiating Deputy Auditor General, in the Notification in this Department, No. 4710-P., dated 16th October, 1899, is commuted to furlough for six months with effect from the 18th of September, 1899.

*The 9th November, 1899.*

No. 5106-P.—The following promotions and reversions of officers of the Account Department during the month of September, 1899, are notified:—

With effect from 4th September, 1899,

Mr. W. S. Adie to officiate in class II,

Mr. A. H. Anthony to revert to class III,

Mr. G. C. Ray to revert to class IV,

Mr. F. D. Gordon to officiate in class V, instead of in class IV, and

Mr. J. S. Chakravarti to officiate in class VI, instead of in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the same date,

Mr. F. J. Atkinson to revert to class II,

Mr. H. Oung to revert to class III,

Messrs. J. A. Robertson and K. B. Wagle to revert to class IV.

Rai Nriya Gopal Basu, Bahadur, to revert to class V, and

Mr. R. Waterfield to officiate in class VI, instead of in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the same date in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. L. E. Pritchard,

Messrs. J. A. Robertson and K. B. Wagle to officiate in class III,

Rai Nriya Gopal Basu, Bahadur, to officiate in class IV, and

Mr. R. Waterfield to officiate in class V of the Enrolled List.

With effect from 18th September, 1899,

Mr. F. J. Atkinson to officiate in class I,

Mr. H. Oung to officiate in class II,

Mr. G. C. Ray to officiate in class III,

Mr. F. D. Gordon to officiate in class IV, and

Mr. J. S. Chakravarti to officiate in class V of the Enrolled List.

*The 10th November, 1899.*

No. 5117-P.—Mr. F. C. Harrison is appointed to be Accountant General, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with effect from the 30th of October, 1899.

No. 5131-P.—Mr. K. L. Datta is posted as Assistant Accountant General, Bengal, with effect from the 3rd of November, 1899.

No. 5142-P.—The following appointments in the Postal Account Department are notified:—

Messrs. E. H. Burke and J. A. O'Brien to be Deputy Comptrollers, Post Office, with effect from the 6th and the 23rd of October, 1899, respectively.

Mr. J. O'Byrne to be Assistant Comptroller, Post Office, with effect from 2nd October, 1899.

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Fort William, the 10th November, 1899.*

## APPOINTMENTS.

## STAFF CORPS.

No. 1192.—The undermentioned officers, appointed to the Unattached List of the British Army for service in the Indian Staff Corps, are

posted as follows, with effect from the date of their arrival in India :—

*Punjab Command.*

Second-Lieutenant—J. Peters.

*Bengal Command.*

Second-Lieutenant—R. L. C. Sweeny.

**LONDON GAZETTE.**

No. 1193.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

"*London Gazette*," dated the 17th October, 1899, pages 6263, 6264, 6266 and 6267.

**WAR OFFICE, PALL MALL,**

17th October, 1899.

\* \* \* \*

*Indian Army*, Colonel Henry Wylie, C.S.I., Bengal Infantry, to be Major-General. Dated 10th October, 1899.

\* \* \* \*

**MEMORANDA.**

\* \* \* \*

The honorary rank of Lieutenant, conferred upon Deputy-Assistant (now Deputy) Commissary George Cooper, in the Gazette of 21st January, 1896, is antedated to 1st April, 1895.

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant George Cooper is granted the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 26th May, 1896.

Deputy Assistant-Commissary Henry Morrison is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 21st February, 1897.

\* \* \* \*

*India Office*, 17th October, 1899.

The Queen has approved of the following Promotions among the Officers of the Staff Corps, Indian Medical Service and Indian Army Departments, and Admissions to the Staff Corps made by the Government of India :—

**INDIAN STAFF CORPS.**

*Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels*

Dated 24th July, 1899.

Frederick Power Lawrence White.

Dated 3rd August, 1899.

Robert Francis Gartside-Tipping.

Dated 9th August, 1899.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Valens Congreve Tonnochy.

Malcolm John Meade.

John deCourcy Dashwood Meade.

Harry Everard Passy.

Eustace Edward Melville Lawford.

Francis William Egerton.

Edward Montgomerie Nedham.

Stuart Brownlow Beatson, C.B.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel George Henry Robinson.

Arthur Wilbraham Twining Radcliffe.

*Captains to be Majors.*

Dated 2nd July, 1899.

John Strachey.

Dated 9th July, 1899.

Brevet Major Percy Gerald Walker

Richard Stuart Alexander.

Dated 23rd July, 1899.

Francis William Dawson.

Richard Pasley Colomb.

Dated 6th August, 1899.

William Paul Anderson.

Dated 13th August, 1899.

Brevet Major Frederick Campbell, D.S.O.

George Herbert Weller.

Harry John Bremner.

George Patrick Runken.

Brevet Major Colin Powys Campbell.

John Murchison Fleming.

William Wilson Battiscombe.

William Annesley Burton Dennys.

John Lampen.

William Hugh Dobbie.

Norman Chichester Perkins.

John Vans-Agnew.

Thomas Hall Plumer.

Brevet Major William Gore Alban.

Edward Alexander Kettlewell.

Charles Grant Franco Edwards.

Brevet Major Robert Henry Twigg.

Henry Hamilton.

James Robert Dunlop-Smith.

Reginald Haugh Light.

Frederick William Repton.

Brevet Major Raleigh Gilbert Egerton.

Rolland Frederick Hart Anderson.

Brevet Major Richard Money Maxwell.

Thomas Henry Bairnsfather.

Edward Charles William Mackenzie-Kennedy.

Lindsay Sherwood Newmarch.

James Herbert Smith.

Willoughby Thuillier.

Alfred Earnest Stuart Searle.

Edward James Carter.

Lewis Ernest Cooper.

Edmund Boteler Burton.

George Francis Rowcroft, D.S.O.

William Prior.

Mark Ancrum Kerr.

Brevet Major Donald Charles Frederick Macintyre.

Arthur Robertson Browning.

Anthony Beale.

Charles Henry Cockburn Heyman.

John Russell Colquhoun Colvin.

William James Richard Wickham.

Henry George Sutton.

Percy Baldertson Vaughan.

*Lieutenants to be Captains.*

Dated 25th July, 1899.

Clement Stanley Duncan Leslie.

Dated 27th July, 1899.

Harry Coddington Sandford.

Henry Hercules Cobbe.

Dated 22nd August, 1899.

Frederick William Bagshawe.

Francis John Deloraine Henslowe.

Frederick Charles Rampini.

Hugh Frederick Archie Pearson.

Frederick Hugo Pigou.

Alan Playfair.

Hugh Kenneth Dalyell.

John Randall.

Albert Mangles Doveton.

Stanley Clay.

John Graham Crosthwaite.

John Holberton Whitehead.

Frederick William Barton Gray.

Lionel Arthur Watson.

John Lewis Randolph Gordon.

William George Cooper.

Henry Lawrence Anderson.

Cecil Patton Down.

James Gaisford.

Denys Brooke Blakeway.

Percy Edward Ricketts.

Alfred Colyer Ralph.

Orlando George Gunning.

John Alexander Stewart.

James Knighton Condon.

Thomas William Lightfoot.

Frederick George Clinton Humfrey.

Henry Perceval Ainslie.

George Henry Bell.

Alfred Ralph Nethersole.

Arthur Francis Ferguson-Davie, D.S.O.

William Henry Francis Basevi.

*To be Lieutenants.*

Lieutenant John Francis Bennett, from the Gloucestershire Regiment. Dated 5th October, 1897, but to rank from 18th May, 1894.

Lieutenant Herbert Augustine Carter, from the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry. Dated 21st May, 1899, but to rank from 14th March, 1899.

Lieutenant Lewis Eales Denning, from the 4th Hussars. Dated 2nd May, 1899, but to rank from 5th April, 1899.

*Second-Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.*

Edward Ernest Forbes. Dated 14th November, 1897. (This cancels the promotion of this Officer, as notified in the London Gazette of 5th August 1898.)

Leonard Lane Wheatley, D.S.O. Dated 22nd April, 1898.

Charles James White. Dated 20th June, 1899.

Frederick Gratton Moore. Dated 10th July, 1899.

Charles Aston James. Dated 16th July, 1899.

William Weymouth Van Someren, D.S.O. Dated 22nd July, 1899.

*To be Second-Lieutenants.*

Second-Lieutenant Clement Arthur Milward, from the Unattached List. Dated 20th June, 1899, but to rank from 4th August, 1897.

Second-Lieutenant Gregory Day McCormick, from the Hampshire Regiment. Dated 8th June, 1899, but to rank from 23rd February, 1898.

## INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

*Lieutenants to be Captains.*

Dated 29th July, 1899.

## BENGAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Herbert James Walton.

Hugh Ainsworth.

Albert Edwin Hayward Pinch.

John Stewart Stevenson.

## MADRAS ESTABLISHMENT.

John Wolfran Cornwall.

Alfred Miller.

Frederick Arthur Lucas Hammond.

Henry Robert Brown.

Walter Guyon Richards.

Sydney Price James.

Archibald Nicol Fleming.

Peter Dee.

Felix Oswald Newton Mell.

Frank Dennis Browne.

Maxwell Dick.

## BOMBAY ESTABLISHMENT.

Frank Addinsell Smith.

## INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

## BENGAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, to be Senior Assistant Surgeons, with the honorary rank of Captain:—

James Kelly. Dated 3rd March, 1899. (This cancels the promotion of this Officer as notified in the London Gazette of 12th September, 1899).

Robert Duncan Crabbe. Dated 12th March, 1899.

*To be Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.*

First Class Assistant-Surgeon John Hickie. Dated 12th March, 1899.



## INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

*To be Deputy-Commissary with the honorary rank of Captain.*

Assistant-Commissary, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, John McDermott, Bengal Miscellaneous List. Dated 20th May, 1898. (This cancels the promotion of this Officer as notified in the London Gazette of 1st November, 1898.)

*Deputy Assistant-Commissaries, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, to be Assistant-Commissaries.*

Henry Morrison, Bengal Miscellaneous List. Dated 20th May, 1898.

Ired Cooper Lord, Public Works Department, Madras. Dated 1st June, 1899.

*Conductors to be Deputy Assistant-Commissaries, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.*

John Wiggins (since deceased), Bengal Miscellaneous List. Dated 20th May, 1898.

George Wheeler, Commissariat-Transport Department, Madras. Dated 5th May, 1899.

John Edward Patton, Public Works Department, Madras. Dated 1st June, 1899.

Alexander Sandilands, Ordnance Department, Bombay. Dated 1st August, 1899.

The Queen has approved of the transfer of the undermentioned Officers to the Half-Pay List.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Major Leonard Hugh Vidal. Dated 15th September, 1899.

Captain Edmund Johnston Drummond. Dated 2nd September, 1899.

The Queen has also approved of the retirement of the undermentioned Officers:—

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Colonel Henry Opie Woodhouse. Dated 1st August, 1899.

Colonel Walter John Morse. Dated 31st August, 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Hayes Sadler. Dated 11th March, 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Hope Young. Dated 30th May, 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Willock Chalmers. Dated 14th August, 1899.

Major Thomas Henry Bairnsfather. Dated 14th August, 1899.

Major Percy Balderton Vaughan. Dated 14th August, 1899.

## BOMBAY INFANTRY.

Major-General Walter Stuart Hore. Dated 10th October, 1899.

## INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Major Arthur George Edward Newland Madras Establishment. Dated 1st August 1899.

## INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

## MADRAS ESTABLISHMENT.

Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain, Henry Roberts. Dated 24th May, 1899.

## BOMBAY ESTABLISHMENT.

Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain, John Barry Maloney. Dated 9th March, 1899.

The date of retirement of Senior Assistant-Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, Anthony Philip Fernandez, notified in the London Gazette of 18th July, 1899, is altered to 13th May, 1899.

## INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Deputy-Commissary, with the honorary rank of Captain, William Henry Pitts, Public Works Department, Bombay. Dated 1st July, 1899.

*Deputy Assistant-Commissaries, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.*

William Doughty, Commissariat-Transport Department, Madras. Dated 5th May, 1899.

James Thomas Mantz, Ordnance Department, Bengal. Dated 24th September, 1899.

The date of retirement of Deputy-Commissary, with the honorary rank of Captain, James Fairley, Public Works Department, notified in the London Gazette of the 14th October, 1898, is altered to 23rd October, 1898.

## PROMOTIONS.

No. 1194.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

*Lieutenants to be Captains.*

10th November, 1899.

Armine Brereton Dew.

Edward Newnham Davis.

Herbert Stuart Shaw.

George Bloomfield Gough.

Cyril Compton Jackson.

Charles Levenax Haldane.

Ivan Frank Ross Thompson.

Wheaton Lipyeatt Raleigh Amesbury.

Edmund Gunning Jones.

Ewing Wrigley Grimshaw.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1195.—23rd (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry (Pioneers)—

Quarter-Master Havildar Jota Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Isar Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from 1st October, 1899.

## RETIREMENTS.

**No. 1196.**—Under the authority of the Secretary of State for India, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Robert Matheson Macpherson, Indian Staff Corps, is placed on the retired list, with effect from the 3rd November, 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

**No. 1197.**—Lieutenant-Colonel Sir George Scott Robertson, K.C.S.I., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from 22nd October, 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

**No. 1198.**—Captain Walter Cleland Scott, Indian Staff Corps, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to resign the service, with effect from 21st October, 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

## REWARDS.

## GOOD CONDUCT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICE.

**No. 1199.**—The undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers of the Bengal Unattached List are awarded silver medals for long service and good conduct for the quarter ending 31st December, 1899:—

*Without gratuity.*

1st Class Sergeant Instructor Samuel Lambourne, Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles.  
Acting Sergeant Major Alfred George Murphy, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.  
Sergeant Charles Bolton, Assistant Master, Thomason College.  
Barrack Sergeant Frank Slade, Military Works Department.

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

## APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

**No. 1200.**—*Rangoon Naval Volunteers*—  
Sub-Lieutenant John Goodall Dainty to be Lieutenant, *vice* Ballantine, resigned.

**No. 1201.**—*Calcutta Light Horse*—  
Lieutenant Emanuel Charalampus Apostolides to be Captain, with effect from 7th October, 1899, *vice* Walker, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

**No. 1202.**—*Cossipore Artillery Volunteers*—  
Second Lieutenant Thomas Tait Booth to be Lieutenant, with effect from 4th August, 1899, *vice* Prestwich, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

**No. 1203.**—*1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles*—  
Senior Assistant-Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant James Mackey, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, to be Captain, with effect from 22nd July, 1899, *vice* Banks, resigned.

**No. 1204.**—*Bangalore Rifle Volunteers*—  
Second Lieutenant Thomas Philip Archibald Rose to be Captain, *vice* Smith, promoted.

Second-Lieutenant Harry Oliver Whympere to be Captain, *vice* Leonard, resigned.

Second-Lieutenant George Aubrey Roberts to be Captain to fill an existing vacancy.

Second-Lieutenant Edward John Farmer to be Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy.

Second-Lieutenant William Parkin to be Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy.

Second-Lieutenant Charles Pusey Gay to be Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy.

Second-Lieutenant George Tate to be Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy.

George Hubert Boyne, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy.

**No. 1205.**—*Allahabad Volunteer Rifles*—

James Terence Fawls, Gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* Ostoché, resigned.

**No. 1206.**—*Vaini Tal Volunteer Rifles*—

Major Francis Lorraine Petre, Unattached List, resigns his commission.

**No. 1207.**—*Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteers*—

Henry Archibald Trimming, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy.

**No. 1208.**—*Moulmein Volunteer Rifles*—

Second-Lieutenant Richard Peel Wilcox to be Lieutenant, *vice* Long, promoted.

**No. 1209.**—*2nd Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteers*—

Lieutenant Arthur Thomas Houldcroft to be Captain, *vice* Spencer, transferred to the 1st Battalion.

**No. 1210.**—*Rangoon Volunteer Rifles*—

Captain Charles Gairdner, Unattached List, resigns his commission.

Second-Lieutenant William Alan Leonard to be Lieutenant, *vice* Turner, resigned.

**No. 1211.**—*Berar Volunteer Rifles*—

Arthur Barr, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Currie, promoted.

**No. 1212.**—*Malabar Volunteer Rifles*—

Major William Neill Black resigns his commission, with effect from 6th October, 1899.

Second-Lieutenant Eric Hale Cooper resigns his commission, with effect from 21st September, 1899.

**No. 1213.**—*Southern Mahratta Railway Rifles*—

Lieutenant Reginald Godfrey Peckitt resigns his commission.

**No. 1214.**—*Upper Burma Volunteer Rifles*—

Harry Smith Styan, Esquire, to be Captain, *vice* Sharpe, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

**No. 1215.—3rd (Presidency) Battalion,  
Calcutta Volunteer Rifles—**

Charles Bertram Hurst, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from 15th July, 1899, *vice* Little, transferred to the 2nd Battalion.

**No. 1216.—East Coast Rifle Volunteers—**

George Frederick Adami, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Littlewood, promoted.

**MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.**

**No. 1217.**—His Excellency the Governor General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned Officer of the Indian Volunteer Force who has been duly recommended for the same under the Royal Warrant of the 24th May, 1894 (India Army Circulars of 1894, clause 101):—

*Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles.*

Captain Henry Leadbeater Crossman.

**No. 1218.**—The undermentioned members of the Volunteer Force are granted the Volunteer long-service medal under the provisions of clause 152, India Army Circulars of 1895:—

*Calcutta Light Horse.*

Sergeant W. Warrington.

*Ghasipur Light Horse.*

Trooper J. R. C. Godfrey.

*Rangoon Volunteer Artillery.*

Major W. S. Paterson.

*Cossipore Artillery Volunteers.*

Quarter Master Sergeant J. Ruxton.

*Madras Volunteer Guards.*

Sergeant T. Joseph.

*Nagpore Volunteer Rifles.*

Volunteer E. S. Ludgwick.

*1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles.*

Orderly-room Sergeant J. Considine.

Sergeant W. Hawkins.

Corporal E. Lewis.

*East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.*

Color Sergeant J. Davies.

Sergeant J. W. Campbell.

" W. Fraser.

" T. H. Todd.

Corporal J. Brien.

Lance Corporal E. O. Hilton.

Volunteer T. Casey.

" C. J. Dickens.

" W. H. V. Hudson.

" C. Hyrapiet.

" H. B. Matthews.

" S. Smith.

*Oudh Volunteer Rifles.*

Second-Lieutenant E. J. Webb.

*Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifles.*

Paymaster Sergeant T. G. Smith.

Lance Corporal M. W. Vanovey.

*Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifles.*

Lance Corporal J. Rodrigues.

*Moulmein Volunteer Rifles.*

Sergeant-Major H. Whittam.

Color Sergeant B. Francis.

Sergeant A. Abreu.

" G. Gallope.

" J. Penna.

Lance Corporal D. Dias.

Volunteer W. Thompson.

*1st Battalion Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.*

Lieutenant H. G. Arnott.

*2nd Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.*

Volunteer J. W. Palmer.

*Rangoon Volunteer Rifles.*

Corporal G. R. Gordon.

*Nilgiri Volunteer Rifles.*

Quarter Master Sergeant J. Barnard.

Color Sergeant J. Closson.

" " C. W. Hiles.

Sergeant H. Bouvard.

Volunteer H. E. Somerville.

*Berar Volunteer Rifles.*

Quarter Master Sergeant C. Godfrey.

Color Sergeant J. Peters.

" " R. Thompson.

Sergeant J. Vincent.

Corporal A. Francis.

" E. Peters.

" S. Steinhoff.

Volunteer M. Alberts.

" A. Chinoy.

" J. Chamarett.

" V. Madeira.

" N. Murray.

" E. Richardson.

*Ghasipur Volunteer Rifles.*

Volunteer J. Joshua.

*North-Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.*

Lance Corporal J. McNally.

*Rohilkhand Volunteer Rifles.*

Sergeant J. C. Grange.

*Midland Railway Volunteers.*

Sergeant A. Irvine.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

## PROMOTIONS.

No. 39.—The following promotions are made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from 16th September, 1899 :—

*To be Commanders, and grade.*

Commander W. Mitchell (seconded).

„ G. A. Rose.

*To be Commander, 3rd grade.*

Lieutenant F. H. Elderton.

*To be Lieutenant.*

Sub-Lieutenant L. F. Philbrick.

E. DEBRATH, *Lieut.-Col.*,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Calcutta, the 10th November, 1899.*

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department between 4th and 10th November, 1899 :—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or intestate.	REMARKS.
Commissariat-Transport Department (Bengal). Indian Staff Corps	Lieutenant Philip McBrien	8th Oct., 1899	Simla . .	...	...
	Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Hay.	25th Oct., 1899	Nasick . .	...	...

E. DEBRATH, *Lieut.-Col.*,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Calcutta, the 6th November, 1899.*

No. 468.—Captain P. Ashworth, R.E., Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, temporary Rank, and Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Madras, is transferred to the Establishment under the Director of Railway Construction, for employment on the Khandwa-Akola-Basim Railway Survey.

*The 7th November, 1899.*

No. 469.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of India have been pleased to sanction surveys being undertaken for the following proposed lines of Railway in connection with the Dacca-Mymensingh Railway :—

- (i) Sherpur, *via* Netrakona, to Kishoriganj.
- (ii) Netrakona to Mymensingh.
- (iii) Dacca to a point on the Pudda river, opposite Goalundo.

2. The surveys have been placed under the control of the Director of Railway Construction, and will be known as the Dacca-Mymensingh Railway Extension Surveys.

*The 8th November, 1899.*

No. 471.—Mr. J. Woodside, Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, State Railways, is, on return from leave, appointed Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Bombay, until further orders.

No. 472.—The following promotions are ordered in the Superior Accounts Branch :—

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Major C. R. Hoskyn, R.E.	Examiner, 1st class, temporary.	Examiner, 1st class	Permanent	20th September, 1899.
D. W. McPherson	Examiner, 3rd class	Examiner, 2nd class	Ditto	Ditto.
W. B. Gray	Examiner, 4th class, 1st grade, permanent, and Examiner, 2nd class, temporary rank (super-numerary).	Examiner, 3rd class, and Examiner, 2nd class, temporary rank (super-numerary).	Ditto	Ditto.
Major C. A. R. Browne, R.E.	Examiner, 4th class, 1st grade, sub. pro tem.	Examiner, 4th class, 1st grade.	Ditto	Ditto.
G. C. Wolfe	Examiner, 4th class, 2nd grade, sub. pro tem.	Examiner, 4th class, 2nd grade.	Ditto	Ditto.
F. P. Dunne	Examiner, 4th class, 3rd grade, sub. pro tem.	Examiner, 4th class, 3rd grade	Ditto	Ditto.
J. Patch	Deputy Examiner, class I, sub. pro tem.	Deputy Examiner, class I.	Ditto	Ditto.
J. J. Connolly	Examiner, 3rd class, temporary.	Examiner, 3rd class	Sub. pro tem	Ditto.
G. W. Sweet	Examiner, 4th class, 2nd grade.	Examiner, 4th class, 1st grade.	Ditto	Ditto.
W. E. Durant	Examiner, 4th class, 3rd grade.	Examiner, 4th class, 2nd grade.	Ditto	Ditto.
A. L. Wright	Examiner, class IV, temporary.	Examiner, class IV	Ditto	Ditto.
Harprasad Dar	Deputy Examiner, class I, temporary.	Deputy Examiner, class I.	Ditto	Ditto.
Jai Kishan	Deputy Examiner, class I	Examiner, class IV	Temporary	29th September, 1899.
Colonel H. Clarke, R.E.	Examiner, 3rd class	Examiner, 2nd class	Permanent	17th October, 1899.
S. G. Wood	Examiner, 4th class, 1st grade, permanent, and Examiner, 2nd class, temporary.	Examiner, 3rd class, and Examiner, 2nd class, temporary.	Ditto	Ditto.
G. W. Sweet	Examiner, 4th class, 1st grade, sub. pro tem.	Examiner, 4th class, 1st grade.	Ditto	Ditto.
C. C. Swetenham	Examiner, 4th class, 3rd grade.	Examiner, 4th class, 2nd grade.	Ditto	Ditto.
A. L. Wright	Examiner, class IV, sub. pro tem.	Examiner, class IV	Ditto	Ditto.
Harprasad Dar	Deputy Examiner, class I, sub. pro tem.	Deputy Examiner, class I.	Ditto	Ditto.
E. A. Lee	Examiner, 4th class, 2nd grade.	Examiner, 4th class, 1st grade.	Sub. pro tem.	Ditto.
A. H. Wollaston	Examiner, 4th class, 3rd grade, temporary.	Examiner, 4th class, 3rd grade.	Ditto	Ditto.
C. E. Hubbard	Deputy Examiner, class I, temporary.	Deputy Examiner, class I.	Ditto	Ditto.

The 9th November, 1899.

No. 474.—Mr. A. Bewley, Executive Engineer, 2nd grade, State Railways, is, on return from leave, appointed to officiate as Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Madras, until further orders.

No. 475.—The six months' special leave on urgent private affairs granted to Mr. A. S. Jameson, Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, in class I, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, in Public Works Department Notification No. 240, dated the 31st May, 1899, has been commuted, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, into furlough on medical certificate and extended to 12 months.

No. 476.—Captain E. W. Walton, R.E., Executive Engineer, 2nd grade, State Railways, has been granted, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, furlough for ten months in extension of the one year's furlough granted him by the Government of Burma in Public Works Department (Railway Branch) Notification No. 1, dated the 3rd January, 1899.

No. 473.—The following is published for general information :—

No. 1089 R. T.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

Calcutta, the 8th November 1899.

General Rules of 1895 for working railways open for traffic.

READ—

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd



March 1895—the Government of India circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for all open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, and the amended rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 55, dated the 5th February 1897, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th February 1897—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 3, dated the 5th January 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th January 1898—the Government of India circular No. 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda to Appendix B, Part II, of the rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 32, dated the 28th January 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 29th January 1898—the Government of India resolution No. 84 R. T., dated the 25th January 1898, sanctioning the adoption on the railways worked by the Bengal and North-Western and Oudh and Rohilkhand railway administrations of an amended rule No. 110 of the General Rules referred to.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 104, dated the 10th March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 12th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. 1 Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule III, Appendix A, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 26th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, and the amended rules 231 and 232 of Part I, therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 197, dated the 5th May 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th May 1899—the Government of India circular No. I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 6-XIX, Appendix B, Part II, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 298, dated the 14th July 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 15th July 1899—the Government of India circular No. V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 14, Chapter III, and rule II (4), Appendix A, of the rules.

Letter from the Director of Railway Traffic, No. 1080 R. T., dated the 7th November 1899.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The Director of Railway Traffic has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in British India, which have been published under the Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895), as modified by the Government of India circulars Nos. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, resolution No. 84 R. T., dated the 25th January 1898, and circulars Nos. I Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, which were published under Public Works Department notifications Nos. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, 55, dated the 5th February 1897, 3, dated the 5th January 1898, 32, dated the 28th January 1898, 104, dated the 10th March 1898, 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, 197, dated the 5th May 1899, and 298, dated the 14th July 1899 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896, 6th February 1897, 8th January 1898, 29th January 1898, 12th March 1898, 26th March 1898, 6th May 1899, and 15th July 1899), may be made applicable to the Ghaziabad-Moradabad railway.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules for working railways open for traffic which may, for the time being and hereafter from time to time, be in force on the Oudh and Rohilkhand railway, to the Ghaziabad-Moradabad railway, with effect

from the date or dates on which the said railway or portions thereof may be opened for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

**ORDER.**—Ordered, that this resolution be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, also that the General Rules cited in the foregoing observations—which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*—be kept at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand railway, for information and guidance.

**F. R. UPCOTT,**

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 8th November, 1899.*

**No. 470.**—Mr. F. W. M. Scott, Executive Engineer, and grade, Rajputana and Central India, is, on return from furlough, transferred to the Central Provinces.

**T. HIGHAM,**

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 46.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General :—  
*Nothing for publication.*

PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Bills published under Rule 23 :—  
*Nothing for publication.*

PART VI.—Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations :—  
*Nothing for publication.*

SUPPLEMENT No. 46.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### ESTABLISHMENTS.

*Calcutta, the 17th November 1899.*

No. 625.—Mr. H. M. Bird has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 30th October 1899.

#### MEDICAL.

*The 15th November 1899.*

No. 1914.—Lieutenant L. T. R. Hutchinson, M.B., B.C., I.M.S., was employed on plague duty under the Government of Bombay from the 24th July to the 31st October 1899, both days inclusive.

## ECCLESIASTICAL.

*The 16th November 1899.*

No. 512.—The Reverend E. J. Warlow, M.A., a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal (Lahore) Ecclesiastical Establishment, to be a Senior Chaplain with effect from the 9th November 1899.

## EDUCATION.

*The 17th November 1899.*

## RESOLUTION.

No. 521.—The following papers are published for general information:—

- (1) Outline of a scheme for an Institute of Research in India.
- (2) Representation on the above subject submitted to His Excellency the Viceroy on his arrival in India.
- (3) Report of a Conference on the above subject held at Simla on 23rd and 25th October 1899 with the draft Bill as revised by them.

2. The Government of India accept the recommendations of the Conference; and they desire to place on record their appreciation of the generosity and public spirit displayed by Mr. J. N. Tata in making his munificent offer of an endowment for the proposed University of Research. They are confident that the proposed University will meet a great need and will contribute to the advancement of higher education and the development of the resources of the country. They will be ready to proceed to legislation as soon as the scheme has been matured in all its details; and they wish the undertaking every success.

3. In accordance with the request made in the last sentence of the Report of the Conference, the Government of India have requested the Government of Bombay to nominate an officer to arrange with Mr. Tata for the transfer of the property with which he proposes to endow the University.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## (1)

It is proposed to found an Institution which shall be, or correspond to, a Teaching University for India, its primary aim being to teach, and not to examine. The Diplomas, therefore, will be conferred on those who have completed a certain course of higher education.

This work of higher instruction will be conducted on the principles followed now in Europe, *e.g.*, in the *German Seminaría*, the *French Conférences*, and the English and American Research Classes. These courses will be the beginning of a purely specialist training.

In order not to interfere with the existing agencies, the new Institution will take up teaching where the Colleges of the existing Universities leave off—the new courses will be post-graduate.

New specialist courses, which are post-graduate, will naturally be professional and technical rather than simply liberal. A School of Sanitary Science and Practice for qualified medical men, a School of Pedagogics for those intending to be higher secondary teachers (inspectors, headmasters, etc.), and a School for higher Technical Studies are some of the obvious directions of development.

It is not proposed to take all these up at once; the order in which they may be proceeded with will be best arranged by a Committee.

It is not intended to cut off post-graduate students from education in Europe; it is contemplated to select the best for further training in Europe or America with a view to their future return to this country.

It will be necessary to make ample provision for Scholarships and Fellowships both for the students in the Institution and for those who proceed from it to Europe or America.

The development of a scheme so complex must entail a vast capital and annual expenditure. The construction of libraries, laboratories and museums—the invitation to specialists to teach and prosecute research—all this must require large sums of money.

To secure the necessary financial support by making a general appeal for funds, and to take the preliminary steps in connection with the scheme, and to obtain a short legislative enactment

enabling the Institute to hold property, the undermentioned gentlemen will be invited to form themselves into a provisional Local Committee :—

*Chairman*—THE VICE-CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

*Vice-Chairman*—THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE RANADE.

*Members*—THE HONOURABLE MR. P. M. MEHTA,

THE HONOURABLE DR. BHALCHANDRA,

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE BUDROODDIN TYEBJI,

THE HONOURABLE MR. R. M. SAYANI,

THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

MR. N. N. WADIA,

PROFESSOR GAJJAR,

MR. ARDESIR FRAMJI,

MR. B. M. MALABARI,

MR. JAMSETJI N. TATA,

The Principals of the Elphinstone, St. Xavier, Wilson, and Grant Medical Colleges,

DIVAN BAHADUR MANIBHAI JASBHAI,

DR. R. G. BHANDARKAR,

THE HONOURABLE MR. CHANDAVARKER,

MR. GRATTAN GEARY,

MR. T. J. BENNETT,

RAO BAHADUR MANSUKHRAM SURAJRAM, and

B. J. PADSHAH, *Hony. Secy.*

His Excellency the Governor and Chancellor of the University of Bombay has kindly consented to let it be known that the proposed scheme has his personal approval and sympathy.

#### SCHEME OF STUDIES.

ESPLANADE HOUSE,

December 13th, 1898.

#### MEMORANDUM.

The following is the scheme of studies recommended by the Sub-committee as that which should be put before the public in connection with the proposed University or Institute of Research :—

- I. Scientific and Technical Department.
- II. Medical Department.
- III. Philosophical and Educational Department.

#### SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.

##### (Details.)

1. For admission to the Research Institute (or University) students who have graduated in Arts with Mathematics or Physics and Chemistry as optional subjects; graduates in Science, Engineering and Medicine and students who have passed the Intermediate Examination for the Degree of B. Sc. and Diplomates in Agriculture should be eligible.

2. The subjects in which instruction is to be given and researches conducted should include the following :—

(a) Physics—Advanced courses in all Departments, including Mathematical Physics and Electric Engineering.

(b) Chemistry—(1) Advanced Inorganic Chemistry.

(2) Organic Chemistry.

(3) Analytical Chemistry.

(4) Agricultural Chemistry.

(c) Technological Chemistry applied to different Arts and Industries.

3. For the above courses the following Professorial Staff will be necessary :—

(a) One Professor.

One Assistant Professor.

(b) Two Senior Professors for (2) and (3).

Two Junior Professors for (1) and (4).

(c) One Professor.



#### 4. Laboratories, etc. :—

## One Physical Laboratory.

One Chemical Laboratory with various Departments.

## One Technological Museum.

**One Library.**

5. Estimate of probable expenditure for Staff and Laboratories :—

							Per annum.
							<i>R</i> <i>A</i>
Professor of Physics and Mathematics	.	.	.	.	.	.	18,000
Assistant Professor of Physics	.	.	.	.	.	.	9,000
Two Professors of Chemistry	.	.	.	.	.	.	36,000
Two Junior Professors	.	.	.	.	.	.	18,000
One Professor of Technology	.	.	.	.	.	.	27,000
							— 1,08,000

**Laboratories :—**

**Physical, Initial outlay Rs50,000 (apart from building) —**

Physical, Initial outlay (apart from building)	Rs. 50,000	Per annum.
		R
Maintenance		5,000
Demonstrators and Mechanician		5,000
Chemical, Initial outlay (apart from building) Rs. 1,00,000—		
Maintenance		10,000
Demonstrators and Glass blower, etc.		10,000
Technological Museum, Initial outlay (apart from building) Rs. 25,000—		
Maintenance		2,000
Salary of Curator		1,000
Library, Initial outlay (apart from building) Rs. 50,000 —		
Additions		5,000
Librarian		1,200

**Total Initial outlay R2,25,000, excluding buildings**

Total (annual)	•	1,47,200
Contingencies	•	4 800

(With adequate buildings, the initial outlay would be about 10 lakhs.)

**TOTAL . 1,52,000**

## II.—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

(Details.)

1. The subjects to be dealt with should be:—

### A.—Bacteriology.

### B.—Hygiene.

C.—Physiological and Pathological Chemistry.

2. The branch of Hygiene would include sanitation, examination of water, air, analysis of food-stuffs, etc. Branch C would embrace researches on the chemical constituents of the body, etc., in health, and of diseased tissues, etc., toxins and anti-toxins.

3. The Staff required will be—

The Staff required will be—													Per annum. R
A.—One Professor	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18,000
One Assistant	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6,000
B.—One Professor	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18,000
One Assistant	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3,600
C.—One Professor	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18,000
Two Assistants	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7,200
<b>TOTAL</b>													<b>70,800</b>

#### 4. Total Initial Outlay :—

Total Initial Outlay										
	Laboratories	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	R
Buildings	{ A Museum {	For Bacteriology	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	} 1,50,000
		For Hygiene	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
		A Library already provided for under I	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Apparatus		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	50,000
Books in the Library at the commencement		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10,000
TOTAL										2,10,000

#### 5. Annual Expenditure:—

	R
Salaries	70,800
Grants to the Museums and Laboratories	10,000
Additions to the Library	1,000
Contingencies	3,200
<b>Total (Annual)</b>	<b>85,000</b>

## III.—PHILOSOPHICAL AND EDUCATIONAL.

(Details.)

## 1. Subjects :—

- (a) Methods of Education.
- (b) Ethics and Psychology.
- (c) Indian History and Archaeology.
- (d) Statistics and Economics.
- (e) Comparative Philology.

## 2. Staff :—

5 Professors	R 60,000
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## 3 Annual Charge :—

Salaries	60,000
Additions to the Library	3,000
Total (Annual)	63,000

## 4 Initial Outlay :—

Books and manuscripts	1,00,000
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## TOTAL ESTIMATES.

(Initial)

Scientific and Technical	10,00,000
Medical	2,10,000
Philosophical and Educational	1,00,000
Total (Initial)	13,10,000

(Annual.)

Scientific and Technical	1,52,000
Medical	85,000
Philosophical and Educational	63,000
Total (Annual)	3,00,000

*Note.*—To this has to be added an Estimate for Scholarships, Fellowships, and Travelling Fellowships.

The order in which the various subjects will be introduced and the extent to which the Departments will be further developed will depend on the support received from the public.

B. J. PADSHAH,

Honorary Secretary.

(2)

On the 2nd January Lord Curzon received a deputation representing the Provisional Committee for carrying out Mr. Tata's scheme of an Imperial University for the development of post-graduate education at Government House, Malabar Point, in the afternoon. The deputation consisted of the Honourable Mr. Justice Cundy, Vice-Chancellor of the University, Mr. Jamsetjee N. Tata, the Revd. Dr. Mackichan, Mr. T. J. Bennett, the Honourable Dr. Bhalchandra and Mr. B. J. Padshah, the Honorary Secretary of the Committee. Prior to waiting upon His Lordship, the Committee had submitted the following representation :—

To the Right Honourable George Nathaniel, Baron Curzon of Kedleston, P.C., M.A., F.R.G.S., Viceroy and Governor General Elect of India.

May it please Your Lordship,—We, the undersigned, have been deputed by the Provisional Committee of the Imperial University or Research Institute (proposed to be established in India for the purpose of post-graduate instruction in higher Scientific and Technical branches of learning) to submit the following representation for the favourable consideration of Your Lordship :—

1. Frequent references have recently been made in Convocation addresses at the Indian Universities and elsewhere to the defects of the present system of higher education in this country; and it has been felt that some of our graduates ought to be trained for the higher branches of Scientific Research, to enable them to help the industrial development of which the country stands in such need.

2. Our colleague and townsman, Mr. Jamsetjee N. Tata, had his own thoughts turned in the same direction for some years; and about two years ago, in connection with a family settlement of his property which he contemplated, he decided to offer a property representing a capital of 30 lakhs, and calculated to yield a yearly income of about 1½ lakh of rupees, on

trust for an Imperial University or a Research Institute which would, with the help of the Government, the Native States, and the public generally, supply this long-left want of a higher course of post-graduate instruction in Scientific Research for the best students of our existing Universities. He consulted his friends in England and India, and, as the result of the advice received from them, he made his offer to His Excellency Lord Sandhurst, under certain conditions.

3. The original idea was to incorporate the new Institute in the existing Bombay University, and to open its classes to the students of the other Universities. But it was found difficult to give effect to this idea; and with the full concurrence of His Excellency the Governor, the scheme of a separate University or Institute, open to the graduates of all existing Universities, and fully equipped with the necessary staff of teachers and appliances, such as Laboratories, Museums, Libraries, etc., was taken into consideration.

4. A Provisional Committee, composed of the Vice-Chancellor of the University, Mr. Tata, the Director of Public Instruction, and other experienced gentlemen, official and non-official, has been formed, and they have prepared a draft Bill for the approval of the Government of India, together with a scheme of studies and estimates of probable initial and annual expenditure. We submit, herewith, the result of their deliberations in the shape of the accompanying draft Bill and a scheme of studies according to the following three-fold division: (i) Scientific and Technological; (ii) Medical and Sanitary; and (iii) Educational and Philosophical.

5. Your Lordship will perceive from the accompanying papers that the initial expenditure required comes to about 15 lakhs, whilst the annual charge in the three Departments (when fairly equipped) will require 3 lakhs of rupees. Mr. Tata's offer can go but a little way in furnishing the funds required for the scheme elaborated by the Committee. Both Mr. Tata and the Committee, however, hope that, if Your Lordship's Government promises its support, and the scheme is fairly placed before the Native Princes, the several Local Governments and the public generally, it will meet with such support as to ensure the chance of its being started at an early date, not perhaps equipped in all its Departments, but certainly in the more important ones. As more funds are forthcoming, and special chairs are founded by public and private munificence, other Departments will be taken up, and the scheme developed to its full measure. The Committee are aware that the Scheme of studies they have drawn up, and the provision they propose to make for the teaching staff, will admit of modifications and corrections when actual work begins. But subject to such modifications, the scheme will, it is hoped, furnish a general idea to the Government and the public of what is hoped to be accomplished.

6. It is to the draft Bill, prepared by the Provisional Committee, which is intended to be the Charter of the new University or Institute, that we beg Your Lordship to give a sympathetic consideration. As the endowment is to be made in connection with a family settlement, and as the investments are intended to be in landed and house property, special legislation is necessary to give effect to both these objects. This special legislation is also necessary with a view to confer upon the new Institution the power of granting degrees and diplomas, without which its effective working and popularity cannot be ensured. We are instructed that, as the funds are intended for an institution the benefits of which are intended for all India, including Native States, this legislation would have to be undertaken by the Supreme Council, more especially as the power of control and regulation are in the ultimate resort left to the Government of India. This Institution will be Imperial in its character, and will therefore have a claim for special consideration upon the Supreme Government. As it proposes to offer a strictly post-graduate course of studies, it will not, in any way, interfere with the working of any of the existing Universities, and thus there is no room for conflict with vested interests.

7. The Committee further request that the Government of India will see its way to sanction a grant-in-aid to the annual expenditure of the proposed Institute. The recent debates in Parliament have shown that English statesmen of the highest rank fully recognize the importance of a new departure in the direction of imparting technical and scientific instruction in higher studies. And the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India gave expression to sentiments which lead us to hope that, if Your Lordship's Government proposes to extend the grant-in-aid principle to the higher lines of study, the Secretary of State for India in Council will support Your Lordship's Government in this matter, which is of such immediate urgency in the interest of the further development of this country.

8. The Committee feel assured that the Native Princes will, in this matter, cordially co-operate with the Government of India. We are given to understand that there is already a large fund promised or collected for the Jubilee Health Institute, initiated by His Highness the Maharaja of Dholpur, and to which some of the Native Princes have made large contributions. The object of that Institute is Bacteriological Research, and it thus falls within the second of the three Departments of studies included in our draft scheme. There is some popular misapprehension as to the methods of Research favoured by that Institute, and it will be of great advantage if the Princes who have promised help to that Institute could be induced to join their resources to those made available by Mr. Tata, and the funds of the two Institutes were consolidated together under the same management.

9. Besides those of the proposed Health Institute, there are considerable funds raised in the Punjab and Hyderabad (Deccan) for Research purposes and for the promotion of higher Scientific and Literary Education. If Your Lordship's Government interests itself in the matter, and an amalgamation of these funds is to some extent possible, it will prove beneficial in the general interest of all India.

10. The Committee expect to be able to issue their appeal to the Local Governments, the Native Princes, the Chambers of Commerce, Mill Owners, Engineers and other Associations in the country shortly. The Rulers of two large Native States have been approached, and they are likely to give material help. The Committee, however, feel that the success of such an appeal depends no less on Your Lordship's interest and sympathy than upon the measure of support the Government of India may feel inclined to extend to this Institution which aims at advancing to a higher stage of completion that edifice of higher education which owes its beginning and its development to the generous instinct of the British Government for the prosperity and advancement of the people of this country.

In conclusion we beg to thank Your Lordship for your kindness in receiving this deputation on this the second day after your landing on Indian soil to assume charge of your high duties. It is an augury of hope that Your Lordship's term of office will prove of the highest benefit to the people of this country in the years to come.

We have, etc.,

E. T. CANDY, *Chairman.*

M. G. RANADE.

T. J. BENNETT.

D. MACKICHAN.

BHALCHANDRA KRISHNA.

JAMSETJEE N. TATA.

B. J. PADSHAH, *Hony. Secy.*

(3)

The gentlemen invited by the Government of India to meet in conference with Mr. J. N. Tata regarding the proposed Research University were present as follows:—

- (1) The Honourable Mr. T. Raleigh, presiding.
- (2) Mr. Jamsetji N. Tata (with his Secretary, Mr. Padshah).
- (3) The Honourable Mr. Justice Ranade, C.I.E.
- (4) Surgeon-General Harvey, C.B., D.S.O.
- (5) The Honourable Dr. Duncan, Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
- (6) Mr. Pedler, F.R.S., Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.
- (7) Mr. Sime, C.I.E., Director of Public Instruction, Punjab.
- (8) Principal MacMillan, Bombay.
- (9) Mr. A. H. L. Fraser, C.S.I., Officiating Home Secretary.

2. The Conference first discussed fully the manner in which the scheme should be launched, so as to keep in view the ultimate ideal and at the same time make progress as funds permit. The Conference were of opinion that it is an essential feature of the scheme to have a central institution for research, as well as a central authority to control the operations conducted under the scheme. And they were of opinion that there is ample room, and indeed a clear necessity for such a central institution.

3. At the same time, they realized the necessity for taking advantage of existing facilities for research, whether in the shape of special local facilities (as of trade, products, etc.) or in the shape of good laboratories or museums, and men qualified for scientific research. They acknowledged that, even under the unfavourable circumstances hitherto existing, students had shown in certain instances distinguished aptitude and capacity for research; and they believed that much good would be done by the grant of studentships, and also, where necessary, by assistance to the teaching and supervising staff. While, therefore, recognizing that a central institution is necessary, and that there are certain departments of research (such as Technical Chemistry) which must even from the very first be provided for at that central institution, they recommended that at the outset every effort should be made to utilize existing facilities and so economise funds and resources. It is undoubtedly clear that certain branches of research must be conducted away from the central institution. But the Conference are of opinion that that institution should be gradually strengthened as circumstances permit.

4. The Conference also concurred fully in the view accepted by the Provisional Committee that certain parts of the scheme should be first carried out, and that the rest should follow as funds permit. They concurred in giving preference to Parts I and II, and leaving Part III to follow, though they were of opinion that the promoters of the scheme and its governing body ought to keep in view the scheme in its entirety. They were also of opinion that the scheme of studies and of subjects should be stated in the most general terms, and that provision should be made for its revision from time to time, so as to leave the authorities in charge of the work as free a hand as possible in taking up subjects that seemed specially at any time to demand attention, and in conforming to the progress of Science. In regard to Bacteriology, they were quite prepared to postpone action, both because there are many subjects to which the funds may at the first be at least as usefully applied, and also because they understood that the Government of India are taking such action as seems at present necessary in regard to this subject. They think that probably the best application of their funds to this subject, for the present at least, will be the provision of studentships in the Government institutions.

5. The Conference considered the question of the site of the central institution. It seemed to them that of all the sites named the choice lay between Bombay and Bangalore. In regard to

the former the main considerations were (1) the fact that it is the home of the founder (who, however, rather favours Bangalore), (2) that it is a great centre of commercial and industrial activity, (3) that it is easy of access from all parts of India and from England, and (4) that a strong governing body could be easily obtained there. On the other hand, the climate, though not altogether unfavourable, is not bracing and is injurious to machinery and apparatus. It would not be so favourably regarded by Europeans as Bangalore, and in Bombay land is not available in sufficient quantity. If (as is believed) special concessions in respect to site, and aid in regard to the scheme generally, be made in Bangalore on condition of the institution being there, the Conference would recommend that site.

6. The Conference considered the name or title of the institution. There was a strong opinion in favour of the title "Institute" as more suitable than "University" to the objects in view. But in deference to the views of Mr. Tata, and in consideration of the sentiment of the educated community of India, the Conference decided that it was expedient to adopt the well-known title of "University." They therefore decided to recommend that the institution be styled "The Indian University of Research." They were, however, of opinion that it should maintain its post-graduate character, and that it should, therefore, grant not Degrees, but Fellowships.

7. The Conference are unanimously of opinion that there is great need for such an institution as has been indicated, that there is no reasonable ground for doubt that its work would be successful, that it would exercise a most beneficial influence on higher education and on the development of the resources of the country; and they strongly recommend it to the sympathy and support of the Government of India. They trust that the Government of India will express their favourable opinion on the scheme, and give the promise of necessary legislation to be carried out as soon as it is matured, so that an appeal may be made to the public for funds, and that the details of the scheme may be definitely settled.

8. The Conference then proceeded to revise the draft Bill, and determined to recommend the draft Bill as revised to the Government of India for publication. And at the request of Mr. Tata they resolved to ask the Government of India to nominate some officer to consult with him about the transfer of the property with which he proposed to endow the University.

Signed on behalf of the Conference.

T. RALEIGH,

Chairman.

25th October 1899.

#### DRAFT BILL.

Draft of a Bill to incorporate a University for the encouragement and promotion of advanced studies and research in India, under the name of "The Indian Research University," and to confirm and give effect to an Indenture for the endowment of the said University made between Jamsetjee Nusserwanji Tata of Bombay and others on behalf of the said University.

WHEREAS Jamsetjee Nusserwanji Tata of Bombay has proposed that a University may be established in India upon the lines and with the constitution suggested by him, and has offered, in case such University were established, to endow it with certain immoveable properties and securities of the aggregate value of Rs. 10 lakhs, subject to the terms of an Indenture already executed between the said Jamsetjee Nusserwanji Tata of the one part and

and others on behalf of the said University of the other, which said Indenture is set out in a schedule to this Act. AND WHEREAS the said proposal and offer have commended themselves to the Government of India, and it is expedient to pass an Act for effectuating the purposes of the said Indenture. It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called "The Indian Research University Act of 1900."

2. There shall be and is hereby constituted and founded a University with the name of "The Indian University of Research," by which name the Chancellor and members for the time being of the said University shall be and are hereby constituted and declared to be a body corporate by the name of "The Indian University of Research," having perpetual succession and a common seal, with power to acquire and hold property, moveable or immoveable, to transfer the same, to contract, and to do all other things necessary for the purposes of its constitution.

#### OBJECTS AND POWERS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

3. The said University shall have its seat in or near Bombay and shall have power, so far as the funds and opportunities at its command permit, from time to time, to institute or subsidise Chairs and Lecturerships in science, arts and literature, specially with a view to the promotion of original investigations in all branches of knowledge, and to provide or assist in the provision of suitable libraries laboratories and museums, and all other necessary appliances, and to take over from Government and other public bodies or private persons willing to transfer the same, any and all such libraries, laboratories, museums, collections, together with any endowments and other funds, properties and benefits belonging to such institutions respectively, with the attendant obligations and engagements if any; and subject to the provisions of this Act to enter, in this connection, into all such special arrangements as the said University may approve of.



4. The said University shall have the power, upon examinations or such other tests of competency as it may from time to time approve, to confer Fellowships upon persons whose preliminary qualifications to be admitted to such examinations or tests shall be determined by by-laws as hereafter provided.

5. In addition to the above purposes, the said University may apply its funds to all objects which have for their aim the advancement or diffusion of learning.

#### CONSTITUENT BODIES OF THE UNIVERSITY.

6. Subject to the powers hereinafter reserved to the Government of India, the management of the University shall vest in (a) a University Court and (b) a University Council.

7. His Excellency the Viceroy for the time being shall be *ex-officio* the Visitor of the University, and the Governor of Bombay shall be *ex-officio* the Chancellor.

The Chancellor shall appoint a Vice-Chancellor who shall hold office for two years.

8. The University Court shall consist of the following persons, namely:—

The University Court. *First*,—The Chancellor.

*Secondly*,—The Vice-Chancellor.

*Thirdly*,—One nominee of the Supreme Government.

*Fourthly*,—One nominee of the Local Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, North-Western Provinces, Punjab, Burma, Central Provinces and Assam.

*Fifthly*,—One nominee of each of the other Universities in India.

*Sixthly*,—One nominee of the said Jamsetjee Nusserwanji Tata; and on his death, one nominee of the five "Managers" of the Endowment Fund (referred to in the annexed indenture)

*Seventhly*,—Nominees of benefactors of the University, whether Princes, Local Governments, Local Bodies or Associations, Chambers of Commerce, or Private Donors.

Every person who contributes to the endowment of the University by a gift of property or securities yielding an annual income of not less than fifteen thousand rupees shall be entitled during his own life to nominate one member of the University Court.

Every person or body of persons making an annual subscription of not less than fifteen thousand rupees to the funds of the University shall be entitled to nominate one member of the University Court while the payment of such subscription is continued.

*Eighthly*,—Four nominees of the Professorial Council.

9. Every nominated member of the University Court not being the nominee of a benefactor shall be eligible for re-appointment. A person nominated by a benefactor to be a member of the University Court shall hold office for such period not exceeding the period for which the right of nomination subsists as the person or body of persons making the nomination may determine.

10. All members leaving India without intimating their intention of returning thereto within one year shall be considered to have resigned their office.

11. In the event of the death or resignation of any of the appointed persons of which the University Court shall consist before the term of office of such person has expired, the person, authority or body by whom the original appointment was made, may appoint another person to hold office for the then unexpired residue of the term for which the person so dying or resigning was originally appointed.

12. The University Council shall consist of the following persons, namely:—

The Professorial Council.

*First*,—All the Professors of the said University.

*Secondly*,—The nominees of the University Court not exceeding four in number, nor exceeding one-half of the number of Professorial Members of the Council.

*Thirdly*,—One representative to be elected by the Assistant Professors from their own number.

The University Court shall have power to nominate any person teaching or superintending any course of special study or research in connexion with the said University to be a Professor.

#### POWERS AND DUTIES.

13. Until by-laws are framed to regulate the proceedings of the University Court, that body shall meet at the summons of the Chancellor or Vice-Chancellor, and may make arrangements for its own adjournment and appoint committees. Five members shall form a quorum.

14. The University Court shall have the custody and control of the property and income of the University, and may confer Fellowships on candidates declared to be qualified by the University Council.

15. The University Court shall, within twelve months after its first meeting, make by-laws for the due and proper exercise of the powers conferred, and the performance of the duties imposed by this Act, and in particular enact by-laws for the nomination of nominated members of the Court for the regulation of the procedure to be observed at its meetings, for fixing the time and

mode of convening its meetings and the quorum thereat, for the determination of the mode in which votes shall be taken on questions submitted for its consideration for the regulation of its executive business, for the appointment of Professors and Fellows and of all such officers as may be deemed necessary, and the settlement of the terms on which all such officers shall hold their offices, for regulating appeals from the Professorial Council to the University Court and for prescribing the form, custody and conditions of use of the Common Seal; and touching all executive and financial matters whatsoever, but not so as to contravene the general objects and provisions of this Act. The University Court may from time to time amend or revoke any by-law so made and make for any of the purposes and objects abovementioned any additional by-law or by-laws. Provided always that all by-laws made as aforesaid and any by-law amending or revoking any such by-law shall have force or effect only if approved of by the Governor General in Council.

16. The Vice-Chancellor shall preside at all meetings of the Court in the absence of the Chancellor. In the absence of the Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor, the members of the Court who are present shall elect one of their number to be President.

17. The University Court shall hold an Ordinary General Meeting at least once a year to pass the budget of the year and transact any other business brought before it.

18. The University Court shall, for every appointment of a Professor in any branch of learning for which a Chair exists or is created, nominate a Committee in London of not less than three persons, two of whom at least shall be experts in that branch of learning. Nothing in this section shall apply to cases of re-appointment.

19. The appointments on the teaching staff below the rank of Professor shall be made by or with the sanction of the University Council, subject to the confirmation of the University Court, and officers so appointed shall be dismissed only with the concurrence of the Court.

20. The University Council shall frame courses of study and investigation in the said University, and shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, regulate the admission of students, their discipline, examinations and presentation to the University Court for the grant of Fellowships and diplomas, shall award Scholarships, and Travelling studentships and disburse moneys voted by the University Court for any purpose connected with the advancement of learning and original investigations: provided that moneys required for the said disbursements shall be specifically voted by the University Court in the Annual Budget.

21. The proceedings of the Professorial Council shall be regularly communicated to the University Court, which shall have the power to require the reconsideration of any decisions of the Professorial Council, except in matters relating to cases of discipline and courses of study and investigation.

22. No Professor shall be dismissed except with the concurrence of the University Court and the Council; or in case of disagreement by the Governor General in Council.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

23. The accounts of income and expenditure shall be submitted for audit and examination once every year to the Accountant General of Bombay, who shall examine and audit the same in the same manner as the accounts of any department or office, subject to the control of the Supreme Government.

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.*

#### DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

##### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### FORESTS.

*Calcutta, the 14th November, 1899.*

No 957—140-II-F.—On return from the privilege leave granted him in the Notification of this Department, No. 645 F., dated the 20th July last, Mr F. Gleadow resumed charge, in the afternoon of the 12th October, 1899, of the appointment of Deputy Director of the Imperial Forest School, Dehra Dun. From the same date Mr. A. F. Gradon, Officiating Deputy

Director, reverted to his substantive appointment of Instructor, and the services of Mr. R. McIntosh, Officiating Instructor, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

No 960—231-4.—Mr. F. B. Manson, Officiating Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, in charge of the Tenasserim Circle, Burma, is placed on special duty under the Inspector General of Forests, in connection with the Paris Exhibition of 1900, with effect from the afternoon of the 6th November, 1899.

Mr. H. B. Ward, Deputy Conservator, 1st grade, Burma, is appointed to officiate as Conservator, 3rd grade, in charge of the Tenasserim Circle, during Mr. Manson's absence or until further orders, with effect from the afternoon of the 2nd November, 1899.

## FAMINE.

*The 17th November, 1899.*

No. 180-F.—The services of the following Officers are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, for famine duty:—

Major H. Coape-Smith, 11th (Prince of Wales' Own) Regiment of Bengal Lancers.

Captain A. P. Shewell, 23rd Regiment of Bombay Infantry.

Captain A. H. D. Creagh, 21st Regiment of Bombay Infantry.

Captain M. B. Roberts, 39th (The Garhwal Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry.

Lieutenant B. F. R. Holbrooke, 24th (Baluchistan; Duchess of Connaught's Own) Regiment of Bombay Infantry.

Lieutenant J. A. Bliss, 21st Regiment of Madras Infantry (Pioneers)

Lieutenant W. C. H. Bunbury, 40th (Pathan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 9th November, 1899.*

No. 2921-F.—The services of Brevet-Major R. Harman, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Punjab, for employment as Commissioner of the Wana Levies.

No. 1757-G.—With reference to Foreign Department Notification No. 1089-G., dated the 3rd July, 1899, Mr. E. J. Foucar, Acting Consul for Germany at Moulmein, has resumed charge of his office.

No. 1765-G.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. F. Dobson, M.B., Indian Medical Service (Madras), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, and Residency Surgeon in Mysore, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 15th November, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 1768-G.—Major L. S. Newmarch, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, is posted, on return from privilege leave, as Political Agent in Bhopal, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 1770-G.—Lieutenant A. B. Dew, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, is posted as an Assistant to the Resident in Kashmir.

Lieutenant A. D. Macpherson, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, is posted as Assistant Political Agent at Chilas.

Lieutenant F. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, is posted as Assistant to the Political Agent in Gilgit.

*The 10th November, 1899.*

No. 1799 (a) E.-A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions of the Punjab Frontier Jagir Revenue Collection Regulation, 1874 (VII of 1874), to the territories administered by the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan as such Agent.

*The 11th November, 1899.*

No. 1783-G.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. C. Wyllie, C.I.C., Indian Staff Corps, a Resident of the 2nd class, is posted as Resident in the Western States of Rajputana, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

*The 13th November, 1899.*

No. 1784-G.—Mr. W. E. Jardine, of the Indian Civil Service, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, is posted, on return from privilege leave, as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

Captain C. J. Windham, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (Officiating 1st) class, is posted as an Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in Central India.

No. 3382-I.-B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the Notification of the Department cited on the margin, shall be held to apply to the lands which are occupied, or may hereafter be occupied, by the Hyderabad Godavari Valley Railway (including the lands occupied by stations and out-buildings and for all other purposes connected with the railway).

No. 3387-I.-B.—Whereas His Highness the Nawab of Bahawalpur has ceded to the British Government full and exclusive power and jurisdiction of every kind over the lands lying within his State which are, or may hereafter be, occupied by the Southern Punjab Railway (including the lands occupied by stations, by out-buildings, and for other railway purposes), and over all persons and things whatsoever within the said lands:

In exercise of such jurisdiction and of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to provide as follows for the administration of justice within the said lands:—

I.—All laws for the time being in force in the Multan District of the Punjab shall be in force in the said lands.

II.—The Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and all officers subordinate to the Government of the Punjab, for the time being exercising executive authority (other than in connection with the administration of the Police) within the Multan District, shall exercise the like authority within the said lands.

III.—All Courts having for the time being jurisdiction within the Multan District shall have the like jurisdiction within the said lands.

IV.—The administration of the police within the said lands shall be vested in the Assistant Inspector-General of Railway Police, or such other officer as the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab may appoint in that behalf, who shall exercise within the said lands the same police powers as the District Superintendent of Police may for the time being exercise in the Multan District, in subordination to the Deputy Commissioner of the Multan District and the Inspector-General of Police in the Punjab.

*The 14th November, 1899.*

No. 2056 F.—Captain G. O. Roos-Keppel, Indian Staff Corps, an Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd grade in the Punjab, is appointed to be Political Officer in the Khyber, with effect from the 15th September, 1899.

No. 1796 G.—Mr. C. S. Bayley, of the Indian Civil Service, a Resident of the 2nd Dakaiti, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-eight days, with effect from the 15th December 1899.

No. 1797 G.—Mr. D. E. McCracken, Assistant at Head-Quarters to the General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thagi and Dakaiti, is appointed to officiate temporarily as a Resident of the 2nd class and as General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thagi and Dakaiti, with effect from the date of assuming charge, and during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. C. S. Bayley, or until further orders.

H S BARNES,

*Offg Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Calcutta, the 13th November, 1899.*

No. 5165 P.—Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, I.C.S., is appointed substantively to class III of the Enrolled List, with effect from the 4th of November, 1899, and is posted as Assistant Comptroller, Central Provinces.

No. 5166 P.—Mr. G. D. Pedumjee, Deputy Accountant General, Punjab, is granted privilege leave for one month and four days, with effect from the 20th of November, 1899.

*The 14th November, 1899.*

No. 5197 P.—Mr. H. J. Brereton is appointed to officiate as Deputy Auditor General, with effect from the 10th of November, 1899.

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Fort William, the 17th November 1899.*

### APPOINTMENTS.

#### ARMY STAFF.

No. 1219.—Brevet Major W. H. Bowes, Royal Scots Fusiliers, Officiating Station Staff Officer, Rawal Pindi, to be a Deputy Assistant Adjutant General on the establishment, *vice* Major E. C. Bethune, appointed Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 30th October 1899.

No. 1220.—Captain H. L. Roberts, 1st Bengal Lancers, Officiating Deputy Assistant Adjutant General on the District Staff, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from 1st November 1899, *vice* Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel H. R. B. Donne, whose tenure has expired.

#### COMMAND DISTRICT.

No. 1221.—Colonel H. A. MacDonald, C.B., D.S.O., Aide-de-Camp to the Queen, British Service, is appointed to command a 2nd class district in India with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General while so employed, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 24th October 1899.

#### STATION.

No. 1222.—Colonel H. E. Penton, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Quarter Master General, Head-Quarters, Bombay Command, to be a Colonel on the staff in the Bombay Command, *vice* Colonel H. S. Tandy, who has resigned. Dated 3rd November 1899.

No. 1223.—Brevet Colonel L. R. H. D. Campbell, Indian Staff Corps, Colonel on the Staff, Chitral, to be a Colonel on the Staff in the Bengal Command, *vice* Colonel A. H. Turner, who has vacated. Dated 3rd November 1899.

### PROMOTIONS.

No. 1224.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

#### INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

*Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.  
12th November 1899.*

William Lambert.

Harry Leonard Dawson.

William Gordon Yate.  
Alexander Bulstrode Fenton.

No. 1225.—In G. G. O. No. 1071 of 1899, notifying promotions in the Public Works Department, Madras, in the place of Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant J. Kelly, retired, for "5th April 1899," read "4th April 1899."

#### NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1226.—17th (The Loyal) Regiment of Bengal Infantry.—

Jemadar Mirza Karam Ali Beg to be Subadar and Drill Havildar Husain Shah to be Jemadar, vice Maula Bahsh Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from 1st September 1899.

No. 1227.—21st (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry.—

Jemadar Warriam Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Pala Singh to be Jemadar, vice Ashnak Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from 1st September 1899.

No. 1228.—7th Regiment of Madras Infantry.—

Jemadar Narasimhasami to be Subadar and Havildar Venkiah to be Jemadar, vice David, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from 6th September 1899.

No. 1229.—16th Regiment of Madras Infantry.—

Jemadar Muhammad Yakub to be Subadar and Havildar Abdul Kadir to be Jemadar, vice Ghafur Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from 1st October 1899.

#### RETIREMENTS.

No. 1230.—In G. G. O. No. 1082 of 1899, notifying the retirement from the service of Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant J. Kelly, Public Works Department, Madras, for "5th April 1899," read "4th April 1899."

#### REWARDS.

##### GOOD CONDUCT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICE.

No. 1231.—The undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers of the Unattached List and local service are awarded the silver medal for long service and good conduct, with and without gratuity, for the quarter ended 30th September 1899:—

##### With gratuity.

Drum Major Lazarus Caszo, 22nd Madras Infantry.

##### Without gratuity.

Sergeant James Rowley, Bengal Unattached List, Telegraph Department.

First class Sergeant Instructor and Acting Sergeant-Major William Moran (Bombay Unattached List), Bengal Nagpore Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Sergeant George Thompson, } His Excel-  
Bombay Unattached List. } lency the Gov-  
Sergeant James Herron, } ernor's Band,  
Bombay Unattached List. } Bombay.

#### VOLUNTEER CORPS.

##### APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

No. 1232.—Calcutta Port Defence Volunteers.—

With reference to G. G. O. No. 1121, dated 13th October 1899, the following appointments are made:—

##### Honorary Colonel.

The Hon'ble Sir John Woodburn, K.C.S.I.

##### Staff.

Commander Eaton Wallace Petley, C.I.E. R.N. (retired).—Commandant.

Honorary Lieutenant Edward Jackson Beaumont, Commander, Royal Indian Marine,—Attached.

The Reverend Herbert Octavius Moore,—Honorary Chaplain.

Surgeon-Major Robert Forrest Dedrickson,—Medical Officer.

Lieutenant Horace Campbell Blaker,—Offg. Adjutant.

##### NAVAL DIVISIONS.

George Pointon.

##### Lieutenants.

William Bryant.

Horace Campbell Blaker.

##### Sub-Lieutenants.

William Ravenswood Cowper Jewell.

Godfrey Francis Thorpe.

John Knighton Chase.

Reginald Somerset Mead Curran.

Robert Graves MacIver.

##### Chief Engineer.

Graham Robertson.

##### Engineers.

Vincent Richard Carbery.

John Henry Bewa.

William Eikin.

##### ARTILLERY COMPANY.

##### Commandant.

Will be notified hereafter.

##### Captain.

William John Bradshaw.



**ENGINEER COY. (SUB MARINE MINING).***Commandant.*

Will be notified hereafter.

*Lieutenant.*

William Harold Edwards.

**No. 1233.—2nd (Cadet) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.—**

Cecil Dunlop Paul, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from 1st September 1899, *vice* Pritchard, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

**No. 1234.—Oudh Volunteer Rifles.—**

The Reverend George Adam Ford, Honorary Chaplain, resigns his commission, with effect from 4th October 1899.

**No. 1235.—Cawnpore Volunteer Rifles.—**

Lieutenant Thomas Edward Harwood to be Captain, *vice* Bevis, resigned.

**No. 1236.—2nd Battalion, Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteers.—**

Lt.-Col. Bagot William Blood resigns his Commission, and is permitted on retirement to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. (G. G. O. No. 722 of 1898 is hereby cancelled.)

Francis Graham Arnould, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Wood, transferred to the 1st Battalion.

Cecil Gascoyne Howsin, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Heath, transferred to the 1st Battalion.

**No. 1237.—Rangoon Volunteer Rifles.—**

Captain Henry Paul Todd-Naylor, C.I.E., from the Upper Burma Volunteer Rifles, to be Major, to complete the establishment.

**No. 1238.—Southern Mahratta Railway Rifles.—**

Lieutenant William Scrimgeour Scott to be Captain, to complete the establishment.

Second-Lieutenant Charles Patrick Molloy to be Lieutenant, *vice* Wood, resigned.

Second-Lieutenant Charles Rowbotham to be Lieutenant, *vice* Whitley, promoted.

Second-Lieutenant Beresford Charles Scott to be Lieutenant, *vice* W. S. Scott, promoted.

Second Lieutenant Albert Ashley Biggs to be Lieutenant, *vice* Peckitt, resigned.

Second-Lieutenant Albert William Edward Acres to be Lieutenant, on augmentation.

**No. 1239.—Upper Burma Volunteer Rifles.—**

Second-Lieutenant Samuel Bakewell Bates to be Lieutenant, *vice* Fleming, promoted.

**No. 1240.—East Coast Rifle Volunteers.—**

Lieutenant John Strode Wilson to be Captain, *vice* Romilly, promoted.

Lieutenant Archibald Henry Morin to be Captain, *vice* Gill, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

Second-Lieutenant Robert William Munro MacMillan to be Lieutenant, *vice* Parker, promoted.

Second-Lieutenant William John Littlewood to be Lieutenant, *vice* Gill, promoted.

Second-Lieutenant Montague Brown to be Lieutenant, *vice* Lacey, promoted.

**MARINE DEPARTMENT.****APPOINTMENTS.**

**No. 40.**—Lieutenant F. H. Elderton, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed Staff Officer, Bombay Dockyard, with effect from 7th October 1899, *vice* Commander G. E. Holland, D.S.O., on duty as Marine Transport Officer, Durban, or until further orders.

E. DEBRATH, *Lieut.-Col.*,  
for Secretary to the Government of India.

**MILITARY DEPARTMENT.****NOTIFICATION.**

Calcutta, the 17th November 1899.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department between the 11th and 17th November 1899:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
Indian Staff Corps, 1st Battalion, 2nd Gurkhas.	Colonel Eaton Aylmer Tra- vers.	9th November 1899.	Dehra Dun .	...	...
Royal Army Medical Corps	Colonel John Henry Hughes, M.D.	14th November 1899.	Babar .	...	...
Commissariat Department, Bengal.	Sub-Conductor George Hocknell.	1st November 1899.	Calcutta .	...	...

## Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 7th October and 17th November, 1899.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
John Ouseley Sherlock. (a)	Lieutenant	Indian Staff Corps, 17th Bombay Infantry.	4th July 1899	No Will found.	R s. p. 216 12 8	...	16th January 1900.

(a) Next-of-kin—

Mother.—Mrs. Emily Sherlock.  
34, Kempton Road, Bedford, England.

E. DEBRATH,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 13th November, 1899.

No. 477.—Mr. T. A. Blake, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, attached to the office of Examiner of Accounts, Public Works Department, is placed in charge of the office of Examiner of Accounts, State Railway Stores.

The 14th November, 1899.

No. 478.—Mr. F. K. Cunliffe, Storekeeper in class II, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is on relief of his duties as Officiating Storekeeper of Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway by Mr. S. H. M. Cole, appointed to officiate as Storekeeper of East Coast Railway, until further orders.

No. 479.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 478, dated 14th November, 1899, Mr. S. H. M. Cole, Officiating Storekeeper of the East Coast Railway in class II, grade 4 (temporary rank), of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, will, on relief of his duties by Mr. Cunliffe, revert to his substantive grade in class III, grade 3 (sub. *pro tem*), of that Establishment, and will continue to be employed on the East Coast Railway, until further orders.

The 16th November, 1899.

No. 485.—Mr. C. H. Hill, Locomotive Inspector and Officiating Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is appointed to officiate as District Locomotive Superintendent on that Railway during the absence of Mr. P. J. Dudgeon on one month's privilege leave, or until further orders.

No. 486.—It is hereby notified that, subject to the conditions laid down in Public Works Department Resolution No. 139-A.E., dated 17th June 1899, published in Notification No. 278, dated 29th June, 1899, one vacancy in the Superior Accounts Branch of the Public Works Department will be open to competition at the next examination for admission into that branch of the service.

F. R. UPCOTT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 16th November, 1899.

No. 480.—Mr. R. N. Burn, Deputy Accountant General, Public Works Department, and Under Secretary to the Government of India, is appointed to officiate as Accountant General, Public Works Department, and Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. A. K. Becher, or until further orders.

No. 481.—Major E. A. Waller, R.E., Deputy Accountant General for Inspection duty, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Accountant General, Public Works Department, and Under Secretary to the Government of India, *vice* Mr. R. N. Burn.

No. 483.—Mr. R. M. Slane, Accountant, 1st grade, and Assistant Examiner (honorary rank), attached to the office of the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bombay, is temporarily appointed to the Superior Accounts Branch, with the rank of Deputy Examiner, class I (new classification), with effect from the 3rd November, 1899, and until further orders.

No. 484.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 95, dated 9th March, 1899, Mr. F. W. Eicke, Officiating Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Assam, is confirmed in that appointment.

*The 17th November, 1899.*

No. 488.—Mr. A. H. Johnston, Supervisor, 2nd grade, Military Works Services, and Officiating Assistant Engineer, Punjab, Public Works Department, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade, and posted to Punjab.

#### TELEGRAPH.

*The 16th November, 1899.*

No. 482.—Mr. H. A. Kirk, Director, class III, Officiating, Indian Telegraph Department, reverted to Chief Superintendent, class IV, with effect from the 8th October, 1899.

No. 487.—Mr. E. D. Shave, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, Indian Telegraph Department, is promoted to the honorary rank of Assistant Superintendent, with effect from the 1st November, 1899.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 47.]

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**PART III.**—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

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*Nothing for publication.*

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*Nothing for publication.*

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*Nothing for publication.*

**SUPPLEMENT No. 47.**

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Calcutta, the 24th November, 1899.*

**No. 22.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67), and section 1 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892 (55 and 56 Vict., Cap. 14), the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. J. T. Woodroffe, Barrister-at-Law, Officiating Advocate General, Bengal, to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

**No. 23.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861

(24 and 25 Vict., C. 67), and section 1 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892 (55 and 56 Vict., C. 14), the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. J. Buckingham, C.I.E., Honorary Magistrate, Amguri, Sibsagar, to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

**No. 24.**—Mr. D. Chamier, Barrister-at-Law, sub. *pro tem.* Reporter for the Indian Law Reports in the High Court, Madras, is confirmed in that appointment.

J. M. MACRHERSON,  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## HOME DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## ESTABLISHMENTS.

*Calcutta, the 24th November 1899.*

No. 695.—Mr. J. Nugent has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 25th September 1899.

No. 700.—The Governor General in Council is pleased, under the 24th and 25th Vict., Cap. 67, section 26, to grant the Hon'ble Mr. C. M. Rivaz, C.S.I., an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, leave of absence on medical certificate for a period of four months, with effect from the 3rd December 1899, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 702.—Mr. A. H. L. Fraser, C.S.I., of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to officiate as Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, with effect from the date of assuming charge of that office.

## MEDICAL.

*The 21st November 1899.*

No. 1937.—The services of Lieutenant C. F. Templer, 1st Bombay Lancers, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

*The 22nd November 1899.*

No. 1965.—The portion of Home Department Notification No. 1774, dated the 25th October 1899, placing the services of Major P. J. H. Aplin temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is hereby cancelled. The services of Captain A. P. A. Elphinstone, 7th Bombay Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh for employment on plague duty.

*The 24th November 1899.*

No. 1975.—The services of Major J. O. Pinto, I.N.S. (Madras), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, with effect from the 13th November 1899.

No. 1978.—The services of Lieutenant L. B. H. Haworth, 9th Bombay Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 1979.—The services of Lieutenant C. G. Ames, 9th Madras Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

No. 1983.—The services of the under-mentioned officers are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department:—

Captain G. A. Brownrigg, 28th Bombay Pioneers.  
2nd Lieutenant W. P. M. Sargent, 14th Bombay Infantry.

No. 1984.—The services of Lieutenant J. D'Oyly, 19th Bombay Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

## PORT BLAIR.

*The 24th November 1899.*

No. 839.—Mr. M. V. Portman, Third Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair, is granted privilege leave for twenty days, with effect from the 4th January 1900.

## JUDICIAL.

*The 24th November 1899.*

No. 1681.—Mr. Richard Harington, Barrister-at-Law, took his seat as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the forenoon of the 20th November 1899.

## POLICE.

*The 22nd November 1899.*

No. 672.—The services of Mr. H. N. Alexander, Superintendent of Police, Bombay, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

J. P. HEWETT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE  
AND AGRICULTURE.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.

*Calcutta, the 23rd November, 1899.*

No. 2256—141-7.—Veterinary Major R. H. Ringe, Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is granted 42 days' privilege leave, under Articles 281(b) and 291, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th September, 1899.

No. 2257—141-7.—Veterinary Lieutenant A. Smith, Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, South Punjab, held charge of the Office of Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, in addition to his own duties, from the 19th September to the 20th October, 1899.

## FORESTS.

*The 24th November, 1899.*

No. 983—173 6-F.—On return from the privilege leave granted him in the Notification of this Department, No. 708 F., dated the 14th



August last, Mr. A. M. Reuther, Officiating Conservator, 3rd grade, resumed charge of the Pegu Forest Circle, Lower Burma, from Mr. E. S. Carr, Officiating Conservator, in the forenoon of the 16th November, 1899.

From the same date Mr. Carr reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Conservator, 1st grade, in Burma.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 17th November, 1899.*

No. 1810-G.—Notification No. 1706-G., dated the 30th October, 1899, which replaced the services of Captain J. A. Black, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), at the disposal of the Military Department, is hereby cancelled.

*The 18th November, 1899.*

No. 1816-G.—Lieutenant A. B. Drummond Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, is posted on return from privilege leave, as Assistant Political Agent and Assistant Commissioner in Quetta and Pishin, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 1818-G.—Captain P. T. A. Spence, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, is appointed, on return from special leave, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class, and is posted as Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 1819-G.—Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (Officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class, is posted as an Assistant to the Resident in Kashmir.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Fort William, the 24th November 1899.*

### APPOINTMENTS.

#### ARMY STAFF.

No. 1241.—Lieutenant-Colonel R. M. Greenfield, 2nd Battalion, Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, to be an Assistant Adjutant General on the

establishment, *vice* Colonel F. H. Whitby, appointed Assistant Adjutant General, Head Quarters, Punjab Command, dated 1st November, 1899.

### COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 1242.—Lieutenant A. Shairp, Indian Staff Corps, 11th Regiment of Madras Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 4th October, 1899.

[Joined his appointment on the 24th October, 1899.]

### PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 1243.—The following appointment has been made on the personal staff of the Honourable the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab:—

*To be Aide-de-Camp.*

Captain G. W. Rawlins, 12th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, dated 11th November, 1899.

### LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 1244.—The following extract is published for general information:—

*"London Gazette," dated the 27th October 1899, page 6463.*

### WAR OFFICE, PALL MALL.

27th October, 1899.

• • • • •

*Indian Staff Corps.*—Colonel Augustus Henry Turner, C.B., is transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List, dated 12th October, 1899.

• • • • •

### ORGANISATION.

#### NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1245.—The following is notified as the future class composition of the 3rd, 6th and 7th Bengal Cavalry:—

3rd B. C. 6th B. C. 7th B. C.  
Squadron. Squadron. Squadron.

Hindustani Mahomedans	...	1	1
Mahomedan Rajputs	• 1	...	...
Rajputs	• • • • 1	...	...
Jats	• • • • 1	1	1
Sikhs	• • • • 1	2	1
Dogra	• • • • ...	...	1

### PENSIONS.

#### WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 1246.—Conductor Charles Augustus Calvert, Miscellaneous Departments, India, has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 4th November, 1899.

## PROMOTIONS.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 1247.—Subject to Her Majesty's approval, the undermentioned Majors are granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel whilst serving as Regimental Commandants, Indian Army:—

Cecil Barry Brownlow, 27th September, 1899.

Herbert John James Middleton, 30th September, 1899.

No. 1248.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

*To be Captain.*

Lieutenant Murray Trent Elderton, 10th November, 1899.

*Second-Lieutenants to be Lieutenants, 4th November, 1899.*

John Cavendish Freeland.

Guss Conrad Morris.

Robert Crooks Gilchrist.

Wilfred Francis Seymour Casson.

Malcolm Stewart McQueen.

Ralph Mackie.

Charles John Bruce Hay.

Thomas MacCallum Nicholson.

Reginald Hugh Anderson.

Herbert Thompson Shaw Rogers.

Robert Charles Byam Yates.

Frederick George Edward Lumb.

Harold Scott Erskine Franklin.

Robert Aylmer Burrowes.

## COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 1249.—Deputy Assistant Commissary (Supernumerary Assistant Commissary) and Honorary Lieutenant George Henry Nelson is absorbed in the grade of Assistant Commissary.

Conductor Thomas Edwin Rogers to be Deputy Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

Sub-Conductor Henry Young to be Conductor.

Sergeant Mark William Tyler to be Sub-Conductor.

With effect from the 1st November, 1899, *vice* Assistant Commissary (Supernumerary Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain) James Ezechiel, retired.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1250.—15th (Cureton's Multani) Regiment of Bengal Lancers—

Dafadar Ali Ahmad Khan, to be Jemadar, *vice* Ahmad Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st August, 1899.

No. 1251.—2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment—

Havildar Singraj Karki, to be Jemadar, *vice* Gajbir Thapa, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st September, 1899.

No. 1252.—6th Regiment of Madras Infantry—

Jemadar Shaikh Amir to be Subadar and Havildar Muhammad Kasim to be Jemadar, *vice* Chidambarasami, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 4th September, 1899.

No. 1253.—6th Regiment of Bombay Cavalry (Jacob's Horse)—

Kote Dafadar Saleh Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th September 1899, to fill an existing vacancy.

## PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

No. 1254.—3rd Regiment of Sikh Infantry—

Jemadar Wazir Khan to be Subadar and Havildar Nijabat Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Muhammad Jan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 16th September, 1899.

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

## APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS, RESIGNATIONS, AND RETIREMENTS.

No. 1255.—Calcutta Light Horse—

Second-Lieutenant Loraine Geddes Dunbar to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 7th October 1899, *vice* Apostolides, promoted.

Norman McLeod, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the 7th October 1899, *vice* Dunbar, promoted.

No. 1256.—2nd Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles—

Major Robert Young Remfry resigns his commission with effect from the 25th September, 1899, and is permitted on retirement to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps.

No. 1257.—Bangalore Rifle Volunteers—

Ernest Sinclair Oliver, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Roberts, promoted.

Sidney Charlton Browne, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Gay, promoted.

No. 1258.—Sind Volunteer Rifles—

Captain Charles Napier Clifton resigns his commission.

No. 1259.—Poona Volunteer Rifles—

Lieutenant-Colonel James Edward Whiting resigns his commission, and is permitted on retirement to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

## APPOINTMENTS.

No. 41.—The services of Mr. W. Torrie, Chief Engineer, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment as 1st Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor under that Government, with effect from 2. th September 1898.

No. 42.—The services of Mr. C. F. Laslett, Engineer, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment as 2nd Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor under that Government, with effect from 16th November 1898.

## LEAVE.

No. 43.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Secretary of State for India:—

Assistant Engineer W. Madge, Royal Indian Marine, medical certificate, for 11 months.

## PROMOTIONS.

No. 44.—The following promotions are made in the Royal Indian Marine with effect from the 9th October 1899:—

*To be Chief Engineers on £400 per mensem.*

Chief Engineer T. Walmsley.

" W. W. Newman.

" C. Fuller.

No. 45.—The following promotion is made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 22nd October 1899:—

*To be Engineer.*

Assistant Engineer T. H. Avery.

E. DEBRATH, *Lieut.-Col.*

for Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Calcutta, the 24th November, 1899.*

Under clause\*53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers, on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department between 18th and 24th November 1899:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
Indian Sub-Medical Department (Bombay).	Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Gregory Deodata Lobo.	28th Sept. 1899	Poona . .	...	...
Indian Sub-Medical Department (Bengal).	Assistant Surgeon John Vincent James.	11th Nov. 1899	Calcutta . .	...	...
29th Madras Infantry	Lieutenant William Beauchamp Staunton.	19th Nov. 1899	Loikaw (Shan States).	...	...

E. DEBRATH, *Lieut.-Col.*

for Secretary to the Government of India.

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Calcutta, the 21st November, 1899.*

No. 5321-P.—Mr. P. G. Jacob, Probationer, is transferred to the Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General, with effect from the 16th November, 1899.

No. 5330-P.—Mr. J. Cornwall, Post Master General, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 7th of November, 1899.

*The 24th November, 1899.*

No. 5370-P.—The furlough for one year granted to Mr. I. C. Basu, an Officer in Class V of the Enrolled List of the Financial Department, in the Notification in this Department; No. 5688-Gl., dated 28th December, 1898, is extended by one year.

## ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

## ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

The 23rd November, 1899.

## No. 5362-A. Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

October 1899.

Lakhs of Rupees.

[For the explanation of these heads, see Gazette of India, dated 22nd December 1893, Part I, page 497.]

	IN OCTOBER		TO END OF OCTOBER		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	Budget, 1899-1900.	Actual Preliminary 1898-99.
<b>Civil Revenue.</b>						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	24	27	10.48	10.79	28.68	28.15
Opium	50	49	3.65	3.16	6.00	5.71
Salt	71	77	5.00	5.26	8.76	9.08
Stamps	29	35	2.82	2.86	4.90	4.22
Excise	46	45	3.32	3.25	5.78	5.70
Provincial Rates	11	10	1.68	1.73	3.95	3.91
Customs	38	38	2.64	2.65	4.65	4.74
Assessed Taxes	17	15	1.03	1.04	1.81	1.78
Forest (Madras and Bombay only)	3	3	.22	.21	.54	.44
Registration	3	3	.26	.28	.46	.44
Tributes from Native States	5	5	.31	.28	.94	.92
Other Civil Revenue	22	23	1.97	2.10	3.94	3.92
<b>TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS</b>	<b>3.19</b>	<b>3.30</b>	<b>33.38</b>	<b>33.61</b>	<b>70.41</b>	<b>69.98</b>
<b>Civil Expenditure.</b>						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	—5	—5	—1.95	—2.01	—3.78	—3.84
Opium	—4	—5	—2.40	—2.14	—2.05	—2.37
Famine Relief	—4	...	—4	+3	—61	—
Other Civil Expenditure	—2.14	—2.08	—14.47	—14.26	—27.73	—26.03
<b>TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS</b>	<b>—2.27</b>	<b>—2.18</b>	<b>—18.86</b>	<b>—18.38</b>	<b>—34.77</b>	<b>—32.28</b>
<b>Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments:</b>						
[The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.]						
Post Office (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than issues)	—6	—5	+39	—1	+37	—1
Forest, Marine (Net as above)	—9	+14	+2	+25	+32	+53
Military Receipts	+3	+6	+33	+42	+79	+79
Military Issues	—1.35	—1.35	—9.01	—9.07	—16.21	—16.85
Public Works Department—						
<b>Receipts.</b>						
Ordinary Branches	+9	+8	+1.59	+1.62	+24.45	+24.07
State Railways	+1.37	+1.15	+8.82	+8.42		+15.40
East Indian Railway	+46	+36	+3.72	+3.04		+5.37
Guaranteed and Subsidized Railways (Net as above)	+28	+17	+1.79	+2.19	+3.59	+3.88
Telegraph	+6	+6	+42	+39	+80	+73
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>+2.26</b>	<b>+1.82</b>	<b>+16.34</b>	<b>+15.66</b>	<b>+28.90</b>	<b>+28.25</b>
<b>Issues.</b>						
Ordinary Branches	—63	—50	—4.21	—3.80	—23.51	—7.40
State Railways	—90	—1.02	—7.19	—6.88		—12.55
East Indian Railway	—17	—23	—1.81	—1.65		—2.69
Repayment of Guaranteed Railways surplus profits, etc.	...	...	—30	—30	—47	—37
Telegraph	—6	—6	—37	—33	—85	—71
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>—1.76</b>	<b>—1.81</b>	<b>—13.88</b>	<b>—13.01</b>	<b>—24.83</b>	<b>—24.02</b>
<b>TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS</b>	<b>—97</b>	<b>—1.19</b>	<b>—5.81</b>	<b>—6.36</b>	<b>—10.60</b>	<b>—11.34</b>
<b>Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.</b>						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than payments)	—1	+1	—4	+1.09	—19	+60
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	+32	+1	+14	+18	...	+12
Exchange on Remittance Accounts	—1.29	—52	—5.75	—4.74	—8.42	—8.75
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs 10 per £	—2.49	—1.50	—10.27	—9.88	—17.20	—18.99
Other debt heads (Net as above)	+18	—9	+24	+34	+44	+1.01
<b>TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS</b>	<b>—3.29</b>	<b>—2.09</b>	<b>—15.68</b>	<b>—13.01</b>	<b>—25.37</b>	<b>—25.63</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES</b>	<b>—3.34</b>	<b>—2.16</b>	<b>—6.97</b>	<b>—4.14</b>	<b>—39</b>	<b>+7.99</b>
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	13.14	14.00	16.77	15.98	17.07	15.98
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	9.80	11.84	9.80	11.84	16.08	16.77

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Calcutta, the 20th November, 1899.*

No. 489.—Mr. J. Woodside, Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, State Railways, and Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Bombay, was granted, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, extraordinary leave, without pay, for seven days, in further extension of the twenty months' leave previously granted.

No. 491.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 63, dated 16th February, 1899, Mr. J. J. Inglis, Officiating District Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class II of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, reverted to his substantive appointment of Assistant Locomotive Superintendent in class III, grade 3, of that establishment, with effect from the 2nd October, 1899.

*The 21st November, 1899.*

No. 492.—Mr. T. W. Bartlett, Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, temporary rank, is, on relief of his duties as Officiating Engineer-in-Chief of the East Coast Railway, transferred to the Eastern Bengal State Railway, and appointed Engineer-in-Chief of the Dacca-Mymensingh Railway Extension Surveys.

No. 493.—Mr. J. Elston, Executive Engineer, 1st grade, State Railways, and Engineer-in-Chief, Ranaghat, Ganges and Katihar Railway Survey, is granted furlough for three months and 17 days under Articles 339A and 340 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 7th December, 1899, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 494.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 202, dated the 9th May, 1899, Mr. A. Upson, Assistant Traffic Superintendent in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, and Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, will continue to officiate as District Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class II of that establishment in the vacancy caused by the absence of Mr. C. J. Keene, on privilege leave, or until further orders.

*The 22nd November, 1899.*

No. 495.—Mr. F. Woll-y Dod, Executive Engineer, 1st grade, State Railways (on furlough), was permitted to retire from the service of Government, with effect from the forenoon of the 16th October, 1899, under the terms described in Public Works Department letter No. 955-G, dated the 5th July, 1899.

*The 23rd November, 1899.*

No. 497.—Mr. W. H. Robinson, Traffic Inspector, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the 3rd August, 1899, during the absence of Mr. J. H. Murray on privilege leave, or until further orders.

*The 24th November, 1899.*

No. 498.—Mr. A. Morse, Executive Engineer, 1st grade, State Railways, is, on return from leave, appointed to officiate as Deputy Engineer-in-Chief of the Northern Section of the North Western Railway, with the rank of Superintendent of Works.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.**The 20th November, 1899.*

No. 490.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, the Government of India are pleased to appoint the following temporary engineers, employed in the Punjab Irrigation Branch, to the permanent Engineer Establishment of that Branch, in the grades noted against each, with effect from the 15th July, 1899:—

Mr. C. B. Williams, Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.			
Mr. F. Bates,	"	"	2nd "
Mr. J. N. Taylor,	"	"	2nd "
Mr. E. R. Foy,	"	"	3rd "
Mr. W. Mulholland	"	"	3rd "

*The 23rd November, 1899.*

No. 496.—Mr. Charles Edward Prince Smith, Sub-Engineer, 3rd grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade, and posted to North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*





# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 48.]

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**PART I.**—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations.

**PART II.**—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

**PART III.**—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

**PART IV.**—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General :—

*Nothing for publication.*

**PART V.**—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Bills published under Rule 23 :—

*Nothing for publication.*

**PART VI.**—Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations :—

*Nothing for publication.*

**SUPPLEMENT No. 48.**

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### PUBLIC.

*Calcutta, the 29th November 1899.*

**No. 2781.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 1, sub-section (4), of the Indian Councils Act, 1892 (55 and 56 Vict., Cap. 14), and with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be substituted for Regulations II and III of the Regulations, promulgated with the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 359, dated the 17th March 1893, as to the conditions under which nominations of Councillors are to be made by the Lieute-

nant-Governor of the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William for his assistance in making Laws and Regulations :—

II.—The nominations to seven seats shall be made by the Lieutenant-Governor on the recommendation of the following bodies and Associations respectively, namely :—

A.—The Corporation of Calcutta ;

B.—Such Municipal Corporations or group or groups of Municipal Corporations, other than the Corporation of Calcutta, as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe by Notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* ;

C.—Such District Boards, or group or groups of District Boards as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe as aforesaid ;

D.—Such Association or Associations of landholders as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe as aforesaid ;

E.—Such Association or Associations of merchants, manufacturers or tradesmen as the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time prescribe as aforesaid ;

F.—The Senate of the University of Calcutta :

Provided that the bodies described above under A, B, C, D, E, and F, respectively, shall each (except as hereinafter provided in Rule 7) have at least one Councillor nominated upon its recommendation, and A, B, D, E, and F not more than one each.

III.—The Lieutenant-Governor may, at his discretion, nominate persons to such of the remaining seats as shall not be filled by officials in such manner as shall, in his opinion, secure a fair representation of the different classes of the community.

*The 1st December 1899.*

No. 2794.—The following Rules regarding the use of uniform by officers in civil employ are published for general information :—

#### RULES REGARDING THE USE OF UNIFORM BY OFFICERS IN CIVIL EMPLOY.

[ These Rules will not apply to officers holding purely political appointments, whose uniform will continue to be regulated by the orders issued in the Foreign Department. ]

I.—The uniform to be worn by officers in civil employ will be that shown in the Schedule appended to these Rules.

II.—Civil officers who do not hold purely political appointments, but merely have some political work to do in addition to the ordinary duties of their office, are not entitled to wear political uniform.

III.—An officer is not entitled to continue to wear the uniform of an office which he has ceased to hold.

IV.—Military officers in civil employ will continue to wear uniform under the existing orders (Military Department No. 2504-E., dated the 16th November 1887). But when a Military officer is appointed substantively to any civil office for which uniform is prescribed, he shall wear the uniform of that office.

V.—An officer appointed temporarily to an office for which a uniform is prescribed, need not wear that uniform.

## SCHEDULE.

OFFICES AND APPOINTMENTS THE HOLDERS OF WHICH ARE ENTITLED TO WEAR UNIFORM.

## PART I.

*Offices and appointments under the Government of India.*

Offices and appointments.	Uniform to be worn.
1. Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor General.	The uniform prescribed for officers of the third class in the Lord Chamberlain's "Schedule of Civil Uniforms," page 10 (extract annexed).  First class uniform as defined in the "Memorandum of Political Uniforms" attached to Foreign Department Circular No. 540-G., dated the 30th March 1893 (copy annexed).
2. Secretaries, Deputy Secretaries and Under Secretaries to the Government of India in the following Departments:— Home, Revenue and Agriculture, Finance and Commerce, Public Works, Legislative.	
3. Heads of Departments subordinate to the Government of India, viz.,— Director General of Telegraphs, Inspector-General of Forests, Director, Geological Survey, Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India, Comptroller and Auditor General, Director-General of the Post Office, Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.	

## PART II.

*Heads of Local Governments and Administrations and officers holding appointments subordinate to them.*

Offices and appointments.	Uniform to be worn.
1. The Governors of Madras and Bombay .	The uniform prescribed for officers of the first class in the Lord Chamberlain's "Schedule of Civil Uniforms," page 10 (extract annexed).
2. Lieutenant-Governors . . . . .	The uniform prescribed for officers of the second class in the Lord Chamberlain's "Schedule of Civil Uniforms," page 10 (extract annexed).
3. Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces and Assam.	First class uniform as defined in the "Memorandum of Political Uniforms" attached to Foreign Department Circular No. 540-G., dated the 30th March 1893 (copy annexed).
4. Ordinary Members of the Councils of the Governors of Madras and Bombay.	The uniform prescribed for officers of the third class in the Lord Chamberlain's "Schedule of Civil Uniforms," page 10 (extract annexed).
5. Secretaries. Heads of the principal Departments. Commissioners of Divisions and Revenue Officers superior to them. Private Secretaries to Governors.	First class uniform, as defined in the "Memorandum of Political Uniforms" attached to Foreign Department Circular No. 540-G., dated the 30th March 1893 (copy annexed).
6. Private Secretaries to Lieutenant-Governors. Under Secretaries in the Political Department.	Second class uniform as prescribed in the "Memorandum of Political Uniforms" attached to Foreign Department Circular No. 540-G., dated the 30th March 1893 (copy annexed).

A. H. L. FRASER,

*Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.*HOME DEPARTMENT,  
Dated Calcutta, the 22nd November 1899.

*Memorandum of political uniforms attached to Foreign Department Circular  
No. 540-G., dated the 30th March 1893.*

**CLASS I.**

**FULL DRESS.**

- COAT.**—Blue cloth, with lining of black silk; black velvet collar and cuffs; the coat embroidered in gold according to the pattern of 3rd class English Civil Levée uniform; embroidery to be three inches in width.
- TROUSERS.**—Blue cloth, with gold oak lace, two inches wide.
- HAT.**—Beaver cocked hat, with black silk cockade, black ostrich border feather; double gold bullion loop and plain gold tassel.
- SWORD.**—English pattern, with black scabbard and gilt mountings; sword-knot gold lace with bullion tassel.
- SWORD BELT.**—Silk shoulder, blue cloth frog for sword.
- STOCK.**—White.
- BUTTONS.**—Royal Arms, as per English pattern.

**UNDRESS—(Morning).**

- COAT.**—Blue cloth (frock), with black silk lining; black velvet collar and cuffs, and gilt buttons with Royal Arms; waistcoat white marsala, single-breasted, with buttons as above.
- HAT.**—Helmet, white felt, rim edged with gold; peak and neck-shade braided with gold; white silk puggree with gold fringe, according to sealed pattern.
- TROUSERS.**—Blue cloth, or white, according to circumstances, with gold oak-leaf one inch wide, straps and gilt swan-necked spurs.
- SWORD.**—Mameluke pattern. Brass scabbard.
- SWORD BELT.**—Sling Russia-leather one inch wide, covered with gold oak-leaf lace.
- FORAGE CAP.**—Blue cloth, with gold embroidered peak, and band of gold oak-leaf lace two inches wide round the cap.

**EVENING DRESS.**

- COAT.**—Blue cloth evening coat, black lining; velvet collar and cuffs; facings plain black silk; waistcoat white marsala, single-breasted, buttons as in morning undress.
- TROUSERS.**—Plain black cloth.

**CLASS II.**

**FULL DRESS.**

- COAT.**—Blue cloth, with black silk lining, black velvet collar and cuffs; the coat embroidered in gold according to the pattern of 5th class English Civil Levée uniform.
- TROUSERS.**—Blue cloth, with gold oak lace one inch wide.
- HAT.**—Beaver cocked hat, with black silk cockade, black ostrich border feather; double gold bullion loop and plain gold tassel.
- SWORD.**—English pattern, with black scabbard and gilt mountings; sword-knot gold lace with bullion tassel.
- SWORD BELT.**—Silk shoulder, blue cloth frog for sword.
- STOCK.**—White.
- BUTTONS.**—Royal Arms, as per English pattern.

**UNDRESS—(Morning).**

- COAT.**—Blue cloth (frock), with black silk lining; velvet collar and cuffs and gilt buttons with Royal Arms; waistcoat white marsala, single-breasted, with buttons as above.
- HAT.**—Helmet, white felt, rim edged with gold, with white silk puggree, according to sealed pattern.
- TROUSERS.**—Blue cloth, or white, according to circumstances, with gold oak-leaf half inch wide, straps and gilt swan-neck spurs.
- SWORD.**—Mameluke pattern. Steel scabbard.
- SWORD BELT.**—Sling, Russia-leather one inch wide, covered with gold oak-leaf lace.
- FORAGE CAP.**—Blue cloth, with gold embroidered peak, and band of gold oak-leaf lace two inches wide round the cap.

## EVENING DRESS.

COAT.—Blue cloth evening coat, black lining; velvet collar and cuffs, facings plain black silk; waistcoat white marsala, single-breasted, buttons as in morning undress.

TROUSERS.—Plain black cloth.

N.B.—The Helmet may be worn with full dress when the Officer is exposed to the sun.

*Extract from the Lord Chamberlain's "Schedule of Civil Uniforms," page 10.*

## FULL DRESS.

COAT.—Blue Cloth, lined with Black Silk, Black Velvet Collar and Cuffs, Gold Embroidery.

1st Class, 5 inches wide.

2nd " 4 " "

Same Coat, both for Full and Undress. { 3rd " 3 " "  
4th " 2 " "  
5th " 1 inch "

BREECHES.—White Kerseymere, with Covered Buttons at the Knees.

STOCKINGS.—White Silk.

SHOES.—With Gilt Buckles.

HAT.—1st Class—Black Beaver Cocked Hat, Black Silk Cockade, White Ostrich Border Feather, Treble Gold Bullion Loop, with Tassels and Hangers.

2nd Class—Same, but with Double Gold Bullion Loop, Plain Gold Tassels without Hangers.

3rd, 4th, and 5th Class—Same, but with Black Ostrich Border Feather and Plaited Gold Bullion Loop no Tassels.

SWORD.—Black Scabbard with Gilt Mountings, the Sword Knot Gold Lace Bullion Tassel.

SWORD BELT.—Silk Shoulder, with White Cloth Frog for Sword.

STOCK.—White.

BUTTONS.—1st and 2nd Class—With Supporters.

3rd, 4th, and 5th Class.—Without Supporters.

For the Ambassadors, the Full Dress have the addition of Embroidered Sleeves, and also the Back Seams.

## UNDRESS.

COAT.—Same width Embroidery as Full Dress, but only on Collar, Cuffs, and Pocket Flaps.

TROUSERS.—Blue Cloth, with Gold Oak Lace.

1st and 2nd Class, 2½ inches wide.

3rd and 4th " 2 " "

5th " 1 inch "

BOOTS.—are worn with undress.

SWORD BELT.—Silk Shoulder, with Blue Cloth Frog.

## ESTABLISHMENTS.

*The 1st December 1899.*

No. 715.—Mr. S. S. Thorburn has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 24th November 1899.

## MEDICAL.

*The 27th November 1899.*

No. 1998.—The services of Lieutenant A. K. Blair, 36th Sikhs, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty.

*The 30th November 1899.*

No. 2015.—The services of Captain C. M. Mathew, I.M.S. (Madras), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

*The 1st December 1899.*

No. 2029.—The services of Lieutenant E. B. Peacock, 31st Punjab Infantry, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of his duties under the Government of Bombay.

No. 2032.—The services of Captain R. W. C. Keays, 28th Madras Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on plague duty, with effect from the date on which he relinquished charge of his plague duties in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

No. 2037.—The services of Lieutenant W. H. Bingham, 8th Bengal Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces for employment on plague duty.



SANITARY.  
PLAQUE.

*The 1st December 1899.*

**No. 3305.**—The following Notices of the Board of Trade are published for general information :—

(F. & H. 14911.)\*

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, November 1, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at Sofia, enclosing the following Notice respecting Quarantine, viz. :—

Circulaire de la Direction Sanitaire Civile sub No. 4213 du 5 Octobre 1899.

A Messieurs les Médecins de quarantaine à Varna, Bourgas, Hibihtochevo et Silistra, les médecins d'arrondissement à Anhislo, Baltelik, Contrakan, Nicopol Rahovo, Tzaribrod, Doubnitza et Harmanly.

A tous les Préfets et Médecins de district, Directeurs de douanes et Chefs des postes douaniers.

Conformément à la décision du Conseil Médical Supérieur de la Principauté du 28 Septembre a. c. approuvée par Monsieur le Ministre de l'Intérieur, et en compliment des mesures quarantenaires édictées jusqu'à présent, seront appliquées à l'avenir les mesures sanitaires suivantes :

1°. Les marchandises qui proviennent de pays contaminés peuvent entrer en Bulgarie si elles sont parties de la localité contaminée avant 75 jours, si elles ont été déchargées dans les dépôts et entrepôts d'un port européen quelconque si elles ont reçu libre pratique dans tout ce pays et si elles sont arrivées dans les ports bulgares avec des navires ayant patente nette et n'ayant pas touché des localités contaminées. De pareilles marchandises devront être accompagnées de certificats qui doivent exactement mentionner leur provenance, la date de leur départ du pays contaminé et de leur arrivée dans les dépôts du pays européen, ainsi que le fait qu'elles ont reçu libre pratique dans tout le pays européen d'où elles ont été chargées et que dans ce pays il n'y a pas de maladies épidémiques comme peste, choléra ou fièvre jaune;

2°. Il est fait exception pour les sacs et le coton qui peuvent entrer sous les mêmes conditions et seulement après désinfection ;

3°. L'entrée des marchandises qui viennent directement de pays contaminés est interdite ; et

4°. Les marchandises qui sont accompagnées de certificats prouvant qu'elles sont des produits venant de pays non contaminés, et qu'elles sont arrivées avec des navires ayant patente nette et n'ayant pas touché de localités contaminées peuvent entrer librement en Bulgarie.

(F. & H. 14916.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, November 3, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at Therapia, intimating that the Constantinople Board of Health has suppressed the ten days' quarantine it had prescribed on departures from Basra for Moham-merah, which it intended to have applied at the Islet of Shemsumize, in the Shat-el-Arab. Departures from Basra, however, will be put in quarantine at a station called Mehemet Ali, north of Basra. Ships destined to Persian and other foreign ports will not be subjected to any restrictions at Basra.

\* *Note.*—For previous rules relating to Bulgaria see Home Department Notification No. 2871, dated the 18th October 1899, published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 14th idam.

## JUDICIAL.

*The 27th November 1899.*

No. 1697.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint Cecil Ansdell Wilkins, Esq., of the Indian Civil Service (Bengal Establishment), to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, with effect from the 19th October 1899, *vice* Mr. J. O'Kinealy, resigned.

*The 30th November 1899.*

No. 1712.—The services of Mr. J. Pratt, of the Indian Civil Service, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 20th November 1899.

## POLICE.

*The 1st December 1899.*

No. 683.—The services of Mr. A. E. O'Sullivan, an Assistant Superintendent of Police in Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

## EDUCATION.

*The 30th November 1899.*

No. 538.—Under section 12 of Act II of 1857, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to authorise the affiliation of the Church Missionary Society's College, Calcutta, to the Calcutta University in Arts up to the F. A. standard.

J. P. HEWETT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 22nd November, 1899.*

No. 1828-G.—Captain H. B. Peacock, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (Officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class, and Assistant to Resident in Mewar, officiated as a Resident of the 2nd class and Resident in Mewar, in addition to his own duties, from the 20th August to 15th October, 1899, both days inclusive.

*The 23rd November, 1899.*

No. 3503-I.-A.—The services of Captain R. W. C. Keays, 28th Madras Infantry, are replaced at the disposal of the Home Department, with effect from the date on which he relinquished charge of his plague duties in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

*The 24th November, 1899.*

No. 1835-G.—Lieutenant A. B. Minchin, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, is appointed, on return from furlough, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, and is posted as an Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana, with effect from the 20th November, 1899.

*The 27th November, 1899.*

No. 3645-F.—The services of Maulavi Ghafur Khan are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with effect from the 21st December, 1899.

*The 28th November, 1899.*

No. 1842-G.—With reference to Notifications Nos. 261 and 287-I., dated the 23rd January, 1894, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant A. B. Minchin, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, an Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana, to be the Magistrate of Abu, *vice* Lieutenant F. McConaghey, with effect from the 20th November, 1899.

*Fort William, the 1st December, 1899.*

No. 1851-G.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. C. Hummel, Commercial Agent for Brazil at Bombay, to hold charge of the Vice-Consulate for Brazil at Bombay, during the absence of Mr. G. A. F. Berends.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*FINANCE AND COMMERCE  
DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Calcutta, the 28th November, 1899.*

No. 5408-P.—Mr. C. H. Holford, Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 15th of December, 1899.

Mr. J. J. Darham, Superintendent, 1st grade, is appointed to act as Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Holford, or until further orders.

*The 30th November, 1899.*

No. 5447-P.—Mr. J. C. E. Branson is appointed to be Accountant General, Bengal, with effect from the 18th of November, 1899.

No. 5452-P.—The following promotions and reversions of officers of the Account Department during the month of October, 1899, are notified:—

With effect from the 2nd of October, 1899, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. G. H. R. Hart,

Mr. H. G. H. Keene to officiate in class I, and

Mr. A. H. Anthony to officiate in class II, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 3rd of October, 1899, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. C. W. C. Carson,

Mr. P. G. Jacob to officiate in class V of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 11th of October, 1899,

Mr. P. G. Jacob to officiate in class VI, instead of in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 23rd of October, 1899,

Mr. J. S. Chakravarti to officiate in class VI, instead of in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 30th of October, 1899,

Mr. T. H. Biggs to revert to class III of Accountants General.

Mr. M. F. Gauntlett to revert to class II,

Mr. A. H. Anthony to revert to class III,

Mr. G. C. Ray to revert to class IV,

Mr. F. D. Gordon to officiate in class V, instead of in class IV, and

Mr. R. Waterfield to officiate in class VI, instead of in class V, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 31st of October, 1899,

Mr. J. S. Milne to revert to class VI of the Enrolled List.

No. 5467-P.—Mr. J. S. Milne is posted as Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, with effect from the 14th of November, 1899.

No. 5468-P.—Mr. H. J. Tomkins is posted as Assistant Accountant General and Examiner of Local Fund Accounts, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with effect from the 18th of November, 1899.

## SEPARATE REVENUE.

### Cotton Duties.

*The 1st December 1899.*

No. 5483-S.R.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 7 of the Cotton Duties Act, II of 1896, and in supersession of the Notification in this Department, No. 677-S. R., dated the 13th February 1897, the Governor General in Council is pleased to fix, for the descriptions of cotton goods hereunder specified, tariff values as follows:—

### GREY GOODS.

	Tariff value per lb.	
	A.	P.
1. Chadars and cholas, plain, or with borders not exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ "	6	0
2. Ditto ditto, with borders exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ "	7	0
3. Commissariat, sail, and tent cloth	6	0
4. Dhutis, plain, or with borders not exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ "	6	0
5. Ditto, with borders exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ "	6	6
6. Ditto, black line border, calendered	6	3
7. Domestics	6	0
8. Dorias, including charkani and corded trousering	8	0
9. Drills, jeans, and twills	6	0
10. Dangari cloth, including khadi and double cloth	6	0
11. Jaconets	10	0
12. Longcloth, plain	6	0
13. Madapollams	6	6
14. Mulls	12	0
15. Printers	7	6
16. Ditto (bhagavad)	6	0
17. Sallas, including dhotars, dupattas, and uparnas	6	0
18. Sâris	6	0
19. Sheeting	6	0
20. Sheets, bed, plain (other than twills)	6	0
21. Shirtings, plain, or with borders not exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ "	6	0
22. Ditto, with borders exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ "	6	6
23. T-cloth, exceeding 20" in width, including China	6	0
24. Ditto not exceeding 20" in width	6	6
25. Zanzibar cloth, including American cloth	6	0

## FANCY AND COLOURED GOODS.

		Tariff value per lb.	
		A.	P.
26.	Bed ticking, plain or drilled	7	6
27.	Blankets and blanketing, grey, unraised	6	0
28.	Ditto ditto, coloured, ditto	7	0
29.	Ditto ditto, grey, raised	7	0
30.	Ditto ditto, coloured, ditto	8	0
31.	Charans	8	6
32.	Cholis and coloured saris (sallas)	10	0
33.	Drills and jeans, striped or checked	7	0
34.	Figured goods, grey, including table-cloths, bed covers, and quilts	7	0
35.	Ditto, coloured	8	6
36.	Flannelettes	8	0
37.	Galatea, Thana cloth, and leheria	8	6
38.	Napkins	7	0
39.	Sheets and twills, figured and striped	7	6
40.	Striped cloth (coloured stripes); including ordinary susi and susi checks	7	0
41.	Towels, Turkish	8	6
42.	Ditto, honeycomb and other sorts	7	0
43.	Fents, grey	5	0
44.	Ditto, coloured	6	0

Provided that any of the goods mentioned in the foregoing list when woven with borders of silk shall be assessed to duty *ad valorem*.

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Fort William, the 1st December 1899.*

## APPOINTMENTS.

## ARMY STAFF.

No. 1260.—Colonel H. A. Abbott, C.B., Indian Staff Corps, to command the Malakand Brigade, *vice* Colonel J. G. Kelly, C.B., A.D.C., appointed to officiate as Colonel on the Staff, Punjab Command. Dated 6th November 1899.

## STAFF CORPS.

No. 1261.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officers of the Unattached List are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:—

## Second-Lieutenants—

Walter James Evans. Dated 3rd October 1899.

Hugh Laurents Chenevix Baldwin. Dated 5th October 1899.

Henry Rowsell Watson. Dated 5th October 1899.

Herbert Claude McWatters. Dated 5th October 1899.

Benjamin Hubert Finnis. Dated 6th October 1899.

Leonard Sueton Hirsch Smithers. Dated 7th October 1899.

George Tristram Van der Gucht. Dated 7th October 1899.

Ernest Reginald Hayes-Sadler. Dated 9th October 1899.

Thomas Timbrell. Dated 9th October 1899.

Guy William Caswell Lucas. Dated 10th October 1899.

Arthur Salisbury Browne Roberts. Dated 10th October 1899.

Oliver Wardlaw White. Dated 11th October 1899.

John Henry Vere Barr. Dated 11th October 1899.

Edmund Malet Nixon. Dated 11th October 1899.

Henry Charles Swinburne Ward. Dated 12th October 1899.

Harry Dalzell McLaughlin. Dated 13th October 1899.

Frank Eustace George Talbot. Dated 13th October 1899.

Oriel William Erskine Bannerman. Dated 13th October 1899.

Cecil William Archibald Holmes. Dated 13th October 1899.

Anson Hugh McCleverty. Dated 14th October 1899.

Edgar Claude Kensington. Dated 15th October 1899.

Edmond Claude Elles. Dated 16th October 1899.  
 Napier George Barras Goodfellow. Dated 16th October 1899.  
 George Graster. Dated 16th October 1899.  
 Gerald Leslie Pepys. Dated 17th October 1899.  
 Arthur Deane Molony. Dated 17th October 1899.  
 Geoffrey Edward Holt Wilson. Dated 17th October 1899.  
 Maurice Eustace Stanley Johnson. Dated 18th October 1899.  
 Harold Middleton Drury Shaw. Dated 19th October 1899.  
 Hercules Neville Francis MacDonnell. Dated 19th October 1899.  
 Walter Edward Wilson-Johnston. Dated 19th October 1899.  
 Charles Kirkpatrick. Dated 20th October 1899.  
 John Gerald McConaghy. Dated 22nd October 1899.  
 Ashton Brandieth Eckford. Dated 24th October 1899.  
 George Elliot Minchin Hogg. Dated 25th October 1899.  
 Charles Holme Mowbray. Dated 26th October 1899.  
 Ernie Francis Drummond Money. Dated 28th October 1899.  
 James Lillie Costello. Dated 29th October 1899.  
 John George Cadell. Dated 2nd November 1899.  
 Richard Lockington Birdwood. Dated 3rd November 1899.

No. 1262.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant Frederick Lawrence Stanley Clarke, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), Officiating Wing Officer, 31st (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, 14th October 1899.

#### COMMANDS.

##### DISTRICT.

No. 1263.—Colonel J. S. Collins, 1st Battalion, Royal West Surrey Regiment, to officiate in command of a second class district in the Madras Command with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General while so employed, *vice* Brigadier-General Sir R. C. Hart, K.C.B., V.C., appointed to officiate in command of a first class district in the Bombay Command. Dated 30th October 1899.

#### HONORARY DISTINCTIONS.

No. 1264.—Her Majesty the Queen-Empress of India has been graciously pleased to approve of the 1st Bengal Lancers being designated in future "The 1st (The Duke of York's Own) Regiment of Bengal Lancers."

#### LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 1265.—The following extract is published for general information:—

"London Gazette," dated the 3rd November 1899, page 6693.

WAR OFFICE, PALL MALL,

3rd November 1899.

*Indian Staff Corps.* The undermentioned Majors are granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while serving as Regimental Commandants, Indian Army:—

W. Quentin. Dated 12th June 1898.

W. St. L. Chase, V.C. Dated 10th June 1899.

F. B. Mein. Dated 14th June 1899.

R. A. Cole. Dated 15th June 1899.

R. H. Rattray. Dated 12th July 1899.

The undermentioned Captains are granted the temporary rank of Major while serving as Regimental Commandants or Seconds-in-Command, Indian Army:—

F. C. Colomb. Dated 6th May 1899.

B. A. Johnstone. Dated 18th May 1899.

F. T. C. Hughes. Dated 15th June 1899.

M. A. Kerr. Dated 28th June 1899.

#### PROMOTIONS.

##### INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 1266.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

##### *Captains to be Majors.*

Edward Frere Matriott.—22nd August 1899.

Claude Cambridge Tennant.—26th November 1899.

##### INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

##### *Bombay.*

No. 1267.—The undermentioned third class Assistant Surgeon to be second class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 14th September 1899:—

Arthur Victor Marshall King.

##### ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

##### *Bombay.*

No. 1268.—Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant James Lacey, Head Overseer, Small Arms Ammunition Factory, Kirkee, *seconded*, to be Deputy Commissary, *seconded*, and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant Henry Staff, to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;



Deputy Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant Joseph Henry Wilbond to be Assistant Commissary;

Conductor Thomas John Scott, Head Overseer, Small Arms Ammunition Factory, Kirkee, *seconded*, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, *seconded*, and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Conductor Robert William Dyer, Head Overseer, Gun Carriage Factory, Poona Branch, *seconded*, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, *seconded*, and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Supernumerary Deputy Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant Thomas Legat to be absorbed;

Sub-Conductor George Harry Green to be Conductor;

Store-Sergeant William Edward Green to be Sub-Conductor;  
with effect from the 6th October 1899, *vice* Deputy Commissary with the honorary rank of Captain Charles Fletcher, retired.

#### NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1269.—30th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Havildar Gokul to be Jemadar, *vice* Shama, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 6th November 1899.

No. 1270.—31st (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Phuman Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Mastan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Partab Singh transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st November 1899.

No. 1271.—37th (Dogra) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Havildar Niku to be Jemadar, *vice* Guman, deceased, with effect from the 16th September 1899.

#### RETIREMENTS.

No. 1272.—Colonel Geoffrey Lawrence Elliot, Indian Staff Corps, Commissary General, Madras Command, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 8th January 1900, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 1273.—Captain A. E. H. Pinch, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), has been transferred by the Secretary of State for India to temporary half pay, with effect from the 17th December 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 1274.—The undermentioned departmental officers with honorary rank are permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Honorary Captain Joseph Harrison, Deputy Commissary, Ordnance Department, Bengal,—5th December 1899.

Honorary Captain Patrick Barrett, Senior Assistant Surgeon, Indian Subordinate Medical Department (Bengal),—5th September 1899.

Honorary Lieutenant John Joseph Young, Deputy Assistant Commissary, Public Works Department, India,—4th August 1899.

#### VOLUNTEER CORPS.

##### APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS, RESIGNATIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

No. 1275.—East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles—

Lieutenant Arthur Doggett to be Captain, with effect from the 15th September 1899, *vice* Gilliland, deceased.

Kenneth Smale Laurie, Esq., to be Captain, with effect from the 1st November 1899, *vice* Jenkins transferred to the Supernumerary List.

2nd Lieutenant Somers Howe Ellis resigns his commission.

2nd Lieutenant Isaac Enoch Lester resigns his commission.

No. 1276.—Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifles—

Captain and Honorary Major John Garratt, V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted on retirement to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps.

Lieutenant Brian Wildman Osborne Thompson to be Captain, *vice* Garratt resigned.

No. 1277.—Rangoon Volunteer Rifles—

Charles Lilburne Hill, Esq., to be Captain, *vice* Redmond, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

No. 1278.—East Coast Rifle Volunteers—

Lieutenant Stewart Binny Murray, Unattached List, resigns his commission.

Alexander Robertson Cumming, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, *vice* MacMillan, promoted.

#### MARINE DEPARTMENT.

##### APPOINTMENTS.

No. 46.—The following appointment to the Royal Indian Marine has been made by the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 16th October 1899:—

*To be Assistant Engineer.*

Alfred Henry Baker.

##### LEAVE.

No. 47.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant A. Hamilton, Royal Indian Marine, (p.a.) for 14 days.

E. DEBRATH, *Lieut.-Col.*,  
for Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Calcutta, the 1st December 1899.*

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Commissioned Officer on the date specified, was received in the Military Department between the 25th November and 1st December 1899:—

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
and Battalion, The Royal Irish Regiment.	Captain Thomas Louis Segrave.	29th November 1899.	Allahabad .	...	...

*Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 18th November and 1st December 1899.*

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
Charlton Macleod Cockcroft	Lieutenant	Indian Staff Corps, Commissariat Department.	20th March 1898.	Intestate .	R s. p. 3,089 15 4	...	...

E. DEBRATH, *Lieut.-Col.*,  
for Secretary to the Government of India.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Calcutta, the 27th November, 1899.*

No. 499.—Mr. H. L. Monk, Chief Engineer, 2nd class, State Railways, and Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Assam, is permitted to retire from the service of Government, under Article 720 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 12th November, 1899.

No. 500.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No 499, dated 27th November, 1899, Mr. C. F. Sykes, Executive Engineer, 2nd grade, State Railways, and Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Assam, is appointed to officiate as Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Assam, with the rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, temporary, until further orders.

No. 501.—The services of the undermentioned Assistant Engineers, 3rd grade, State Railways, are lent to the Delhi-Umballa-Kalka Railway Company, for employment on the Kalka-Simla Railway:—

Lieutenant F. G. Turner, R.E.

Lieutenant T. Gracey, R.E.

*The 30th November, 1899.*

No. 506.—Mr. W. G. G. Bayly, Examiner of Accounts, is, on the expiry of his privilege leave, transferred from the office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, to that of the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Punjab.

No. 507.—Lala Jai Kishan, Examiner of Accounts, is transferred from the office of the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Punjab, to that of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway.

*The 1st December, 1899.*

No. 508.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. White, R.E., Superintending Engineer, 1st class, State Railways, and Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, has been granted, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, furlough for nine months in extension of the eleven months and twenty days referred to in Public Works Department Notification No. 393, dated the 19th September, 1899.

*The 30th November, 1899.*

No. 505.—The following is published for general information :—

No. 1165 R. T.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

*Calcutta, the 28th November 1899.*

### General Rules of 1895 for working railways open for traffic.

#### READ—

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895—the Government of India circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for all open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, and the amended rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 6, dated the 6th January 1897, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 9th January 1897—the Government of India resolution No. 989 R. T., dated the 31st December 1896 sanctioning the application of the General Rules read above to the Bezwada extension of the East Coast (State) railway.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 55, dated the 5th February 1897, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th February 1897—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 3, dated the 5th January 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th January 1898—the Government of India circular No. 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897,—and the addenda and corrigenda to Appendix B, Part II, of the rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 104, dated the 10th March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 12th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. 1 Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule III, Appendix A, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 26th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, and the amended rules 231 and 232 of Part I, therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 252, dated the 3rd June 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 4th June 1898—the Government of India resolution No. 576 R. T., dated the 31st May 1898, sanctioning the application to the Bezwada extension of the East Coast (State) railway of the amended rules 231 and 232 of Part I of the General Rules, above referred to.

- Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 297, dated the 5th May 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th May 1899—the Government of India circular No. I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 6-XIX, Appendix B, Part II, of the rules.
- Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 298, dated the 14th July 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 15th July 1899—the Government of India circular No. V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 14, Chapter III, and rule II (4), Appendix A, of the rules.
- Memorandum from the Resident at Hyderabad, No. 506 R., dated the 21st November 1899, forwarding letter from the Agent and Manager of His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railways Company, No. 358C., dated the 18th November 1899.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The Agent and Manager of His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railways Company has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in British India, which have been published under the Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895), as modified by the Government of India circulars Nos. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, I Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, which were published under Public Works Department notifications Nos. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, 55, dated the 5th February 1897, 3, dated the 5th January 1898, 104, dated the 10th March 1898, 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, 197, dated the 5th May 1899, and 298, dated the 14th July 1899 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896, 6th February 1897, 8th January 1898, 12th March 1898, 26th March 1898, 6th May 1899, and 15th July 1899), may be made applicable to the Manmád-Sailu section of the Hyderabad-Godaveri Valley railway.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules for working railways open for traffic, which may, for the time being and hereafter from time to time, be in force on the Bezwada extension of the East Coast (State) railway, to such portions of the Hyderabad-Godaveri Valley railway as are situate in British territory with effect from the date or dates on which they may be opened for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that this resolution be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890; also that the General Rules cited in the foregoing observations—which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*—be kept at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Resident Hyderabad for information and guidance.

F. R. URCOTT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 28th November, 1899.

No. 502.—Mr. J. M. Ray, Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade, Minor Administration List, is promoted to Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, with effect from the 6th July, 1899.

No. 503.—Mr. K. H. Stephen, Executive Engineer, 1st grade, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer, with temporary rank in the 3rd class, with effect from the forenoon of the 13th November, 1899, during the absence on furlough of Mr. W. A. Inglis or until further orders.

No. 504.—Mr. Terence Arthur Bradley, a passed student of the Engineer class of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Rurki, having satisfactorily completed his course of practi-

cal training, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department, with effect from the 2nd August, 1899, as an Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade, and posted to the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

## TELEGRAPH.

*The 1st December, 1899.*

No. 509.—The following reversions are made in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the forenoon of the dates specified.—

Name.	From	To	Date.
Mr. F. G. Maclean .	Director General, class I, officiating.	Deputy Director General, class II.	25th October, 1899.
Mr. J. J. Allen .	Deputy Director General, class II, officiating.	Director, class III .	6th November, 1899.
Mr. F. Kinnaman .	Director, class III, officiating.	Chief Superintendent, class IV.	7th November, 1899.
Mr. W. Sutherland .	Superintendent, class V, 2nd grade, officiating.	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, 2nd grade.	5th November, 1899.
Mr. W. J. Donaghey .	Superintendent, class V, 2nd grade, officiating.	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, 2nd grade.	4th November, 1899.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*





# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 49.]

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**PART II.**—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

**PART III.**—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

**PART IV.**—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General :—  
*Nothing for publication.*

**PART V.**—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Bills published under Rule 23 :—  
*Nothing for publication.*

**PART VI.**—Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations :—  
*Nothing for publication.*

**SUPPLEMENT No. 49.**

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Calcutta, the 7th December, 1899.*

**No. 25.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 17 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Friday, the 22nd December, 1899, at 11 A.M. as the time, and the Council Chamber in the Government House, Calcutta, as the place, for a meeting of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

**No. 26.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67), and section 1 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892 (55 and 56 Vict., Cap. 14), the Governor General is pleased to nominate the Hon'ble Mr. H. F. Evans, C.S.I., of the Indian Civil Service, to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

J. M. MACPHERSON,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## HOME DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## PUBLIC.

*Calcutta, the 8th December 1899.*

**No. 2843.**—THE Governor General in Council hereby notifies that on the following days during 1900, which are not declared by the Government of Bengal to be "public holidays" under section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, the offices directly subordinate to the Government of India at Calcutta, with the exception of—

- (1) the Office of Issue of the Paper Currency Department,
  - (2) the Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General,
- shall be closed :—

*I.—Muhammadan Holidays.*

**Id-ul-fitr**—On the 2nd February; but if the moon be not visible on the 1st, then on the 3rd February.

**Id-uz-zuha**—On the 11th April; but if the moon be not visible on the 1st April, then on the 12th April.

**Muharram**—On the 10th and 11th May; but if the moon be visible on the 30th April, then on the 9th and 10th May.

**Fatiha-e-Duázdaham**—On the 11th July; but if the moon be visible on the 28th June, then on the 10th July.

*II.—Hindu Holidays.*

**Durga and Lakshmi Pujas**.—September 20th, October 5th, 6th and 10th.

*III.—Other Holiday.*

**Second day following Christmas**.—December 27th.

## ESTABLISHMENTS.

*The 4th December 1899.*

**No. 723.**—A temporary vacancy having occurred in the office of an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General by the departure on leave of the Hon'ble Mr. C. M. Rivaz, C.S.I., the Governor General in Council has been pleased, under the provisions of Act 24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67, section 27, to appoint Mr. Denzil Ibbetson, C.S.I., to act temporarily as an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India.

Mr. Ibbetson has, on this day, taken upon himself the execution of his office under the usual salute.

**No. 724.**—Mr. G. L. Smith is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 6th January, 1900, or the subsequent date on which he may sail from India or relinquish charge of office in the event of his not taking subsidiary leave.

*The 8th December 1899.*

**No. 733.**—Mr. A. H. L. Fraser, C.S.I., of the Indian Civil Service, received charge of the office of Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces from Mr. Denzil Ibbetson, C.S.I., on the afternoon of the 27th November, 1899.

## EXAMINATIONS.

*The 7th December 1899.*

**No. 732.**—THE following is substituted for Home Department Notification No. 239, dated the 29th May 1895, which is hereby cancelled :—

With a view to encourage the study of the Chinese language among officers of the Burma Commission, the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that any officer of the Commission who shall pass an examination in the Chinese

language according to the standard fixed by Home Department Notification No. 240, dated the 29th May 1895, shall be entitled to a reward of R2,000. The Governor General in Council is also pleased to notify that an officer who, by passing an elementary examination in Chinese, the standard of which will be fixed by the Government of Burma, evinces thereby his intention to become a candidate for the reward of R2,000, may, on application, be granted leave, on the allowances admissible during privilege leave, to China for fifteen months in order that he may spend a full year in Peking for the purpose of studying the Chinese language. The leave will be granted on the distinct understanding that it is to be spent in China, and will count as duty qualifying for privilege leave, provided that the examination for which it is granted is successfully passed. An officer will be eligible for such leave only once. After passing the preliminary examination in Burma, the candidate will proceed to Peking, where his studies will be under the superintendence of the Chinese Secretary at Her Majesty's Legation. The final examination will be in Pekingese, and will be held under the orders of the Chinese Secretary before the candidate leaves Peking. A fee of £35 will be payable to the Chinese Secretary at the Legation in respect of each candidate on account of the supervision of his studies and the conduct of the final examination.

After passing in Pekingese, an officer will be permitted to gain a further reward of R2,000 by qualifying by the same standard in a second dialect to be approved by the Government of Burma.

## MEDICAL.

*The 2nd December 1899.*

No. 2042.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay:—

Captain D. C. Johnston, I.M.S. (Bombay).

Captain F. A. Smith, M.B., I.M.S. (Bombay).

*The 4th December 1899.*

No. 2057.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal:—

Captain W. D. Hayward, M.B., I.M.S. (Bengal).

Captain A. W. R. Cochrane, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S. (Bengal).

*The 7th December 1899.*

No. 2078.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Madras:—

Captain T. H. Foulkes, I.M.S. (Madras).

Captain C. B. Harrison, M.B., I.M.S. (Madras).

*The 8th December 1899.*

No. 2083.—Major J. T. W. Leslie, M.B., I.M.S. (Bengal), Secretary to the Director General Indian Medical Service, and Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, is granted furlough out of India for two years under Article 340 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations from the 5th January or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

## SANITARY.

## PLAGUE.

*The 5th December 1899.*

No. 3324.—Whereas the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Conjeeveram in the Chingleput District of the Madras Presidency if pilgrims or other persons from the Mysore State are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Kumbabhishegam festival of Sri Ekambaranatha Swami:

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Arkonam Junction, Pallur, Conjeeveram, Walajabad, Villiyampakkam and Chingleput on the South Indian Railway shall be sold from the 21st January to the 4th February 1900 both days inclusive) within the Mysore State to any pilgrim or other person intending or believed to be intending to proceed on pilgrimage to the Kumbabhishegam festival of Sri Ekambaranatha Swami.

## JUDICIAL.

*The 6th December 1899.*

No. 1744.—Lieutenant W. F. C. Tayler, 1st Punjab Cavalry, Officiating Cantonment Magistrate, Peshawar, is confirmed as a Cantonment Magistrate, with effect from the 30th November 1899.

## POLICE.

*The 6th December 1899.*

No. 690.—Consequent on the grant of furlough to Mr. F. T. Coode, District Superintendent of Police of the 3rd class in Berar, Mr. A. Herbert, Assistant Superintendent of Police of the 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police of the 5th class, with effect from the 11th November 1899, until further orders.

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

### NOTIFICATION.

#### FORESTS.

*Calcutta, the 7th December, 1899.*

**No. 1021—193-21-F.**—On return from the furlough granted him in Notification No. 267-F., dated the 15th April, 1898, Mr. G. F. Prevost, Deputy Conservator of Forests, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate in the 3rd grade of Conservators, and is placed in charge of the Southern Forest Circle in the Central Provinces, with effect from the forenoon of the 30th November, 1899, when he relieved Mr. N. Hearle, Officiating Conservator, 3rd grade, of the charge of that Circle.

From the same date Mr. Hearle availed himself of subsidiary leave preparatory to proceeding on furlough for 1 year and 9½ months.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Simla, the 30th November, 1899.*

**No. 1848 G.**—Captain F. G. Beville, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class and Assistant Commissioner of Merwara, is granted furlough for one year, under Article 340 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 15th December, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the furlough.

*Fort William, the 6th December, 1899.*

**No. 1865-G.**—Mr. H. N. Alexander, Superintendent of Police, Bombay, is appointed to officiate as Assistant at Head Quarters to the General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thagi and Dakaiti, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

*The 7th December, 1899.*

**No. 1867-G.**—Lieutenant-Colonel H. M. Temple, Indian Staff Corps, a Resident of the 2nd class, and Agent to the Governor General of India for Khorassan and Seistan, is granted privilege leave for one month and eighteen days, with effect from the 10th October, 1899.

**No. 1869-G.**—With reference to Notification No. 456-G., dated the 19th April, 1898, Mr. C. W. Simson, Consular Agent for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Coconada, resumed charge of his office on the 25th November, 1899.

**No. 1873-G.**—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the provisional appointment of Mr. Adolph Rehling as Consul for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Rangoon.

*The 8th December, 1899.*

**No. 3610-I. B.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Indian Factories Act, 1881 (XV of 1881), as applied to the railway lands in the territories of His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad (other than the railway lands in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts and those referred to in the Notifications of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 4564-I., dated the 18th November, 1891, and No. 3214-I. B., dated the 26th August, 1897) by the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1249-I. B., dated the 12th May, 1899, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prescribe a fee of four annas as the fee payable to a certifying surgeon by a person employed or desirous of being employed in a factory within the said lands for examining him and granting him a certificate in accordance with the provisions of that section.

**No. 1901-E. A.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879 (XXI of 1879) and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to make the following additions to the Quetta Municipal Law, 1896:—

(i) After section 82 of the said Law the following shall be added, namely:—

"82A. The Committee may, by bye-law and with the previous sanction of the Agent to the Governor General—

- (a) prohibit the manufacture or preparation for sale of any specified articles of food or drink in any premises not licensed by the Committee;
- (b) regulate the grant and withdrawal of licenses to premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of such specified articles of food or drink;
- (c) regulate the hours and manner of transport within the Municipality of any specified articles of food or drink;
- (d) fix the places in which any specified article of food or drink may be sold or exposed for sale or the places in which it may not be sold or exposed for sale;
- (e) fix the conditions on which licenses under this section are to be granted and may be revoked:

Provided that no person shall be punishable for breach of any bye-law made under clause (a) or clause (d) of this section by reason of the continuance of such manufacture, preparation or exposure for sale or sale upon any premises which are, at the time of the making of such bye-law, used for such purpose until he has received from the Committee six months' notice in writing to discontinue such manufacture, preparation or exposure for sale or such sale in such premises."

(ii) In section 99, after the words "Whoever disobeys" the words "any bye-law issued under section 82A or" shall be inserted.

H. S. BARNES,

*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### SEPARATE REVENUE.

##### POST OFFICE.

*Calcutta, the 4th December, 1899.*

No. 5505-S.R.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 36 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following rule shall be substituted for rule 41 of the rules published in the Notification in this Department, No. 1429-C. S. R., dated the 30th March, 1899:—

41. (1) The sender of a registered article addressed to any country belonging to the Universal Postal Union shall be entitled to obtain an acknowledgment of its delivery by paying, at the time of posting the article, in addition to the postage and registration fee, a fee of one anna in the case of a registered article addressed to Ceylon, and of two annas in the case of a registered article addressed to any other such country.
- (2) When the sender of a registered article addressed to any country belonging to the Universal Postal Union has not paid, at the time of posting, the fee for an acknowledgment of its delivery and subsequently desires to have an enquiry made by the Post Office regarding the disposal of the article, he shall be entitled to this service on payment of the same fee as that chargeable for an acknowledgment of delivery.

### LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*The 5th December, 1899.*

No. 5537-P.—The following substantive promotions and appointments in the Accounts Department are notified:—

With effect from the 17th of October, 1899—

Mr. W. H. Dawson is promoted to class II,

Mr. M. F. Gauntlett, to class III, of the Enrolled List, and

Mr. W. S. Adie is appointed to class IV, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 24th of October, 1899—

Mr. F. C. Harrison is promoted to class II, and

Mr. R. A. Gamble, to class III, of Accountants General.

Mr. W. H. Dawson, to class I, and

Mr. M. F. Gauntlett, to class II, of the Enrolled List.

### ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

##### MINI.

*The 8th December, 1899.*

No. 5598 A.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Indian Coinage Act

(XXIII of 1870) and in modification of clauses (1) and (2) of paragraph 1 of the Notification in the Finance Department, No. 664, dated the 13th February, 1891, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorise every officer in charge of a district treasury or a sub-treasury to cut or break silver coin under that section.

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Fort William, the 8th December 1899.*

### APPOINTMENTS.

#### ARMY STAFF.

No. 1279.—Captain A. G. Medley, 19th Regiment of Bengal Lancers, Officiating Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quarter-Master General, Malakand Force, to be Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Head Quarters, Punjab Command, *vice* Major G. F. H. Dillon, appointed to a Regimental Command. Dated 11th November 1899.

### COMMANDS.

#### DISTRICT.

No. 1280.—Colonel C. R. Macgregor, C.B., D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, Colonel on the Staff, Ferozepore, officiating in command of the Assam District, to continue to officiate as a District Commander of the second class in the Bengal Command with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General while so employed, *vice* Brigadier-General A. J. F. Reid, C.B., Commanding the Malakand Force, and in relief of Brigadier General G. Henry, who has reverted to his substantive appointment of Colonel on the Staff. Dated 20th November 1899.

### LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 1281.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

*"London Gazette," dated the 10th November, 1899, page 6739.*

WAR OFFICE, PALL MALL,  
*10th November, 1899.*

\* \* \* \* \*

*Indian Army, Colonel Robert Austice Priedeaux, Bombay Infantry, is transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 28th October, 1899.*

\* \* \* \* \*

### BREVET.

Lieutenant-Colonel Atwell R. Porter, Indian Staff Corps, to be Colonel. Dated 15th October, 1899.

\* \* \* \* \*



## PENSIONS.

## INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1282.—First class Assistant Surgeon William Mann, Indian Subordinate Medical Department (Bengal), has been transferred to the pension establishment.

## WARRANI OFFICERS.

No. 1283.—Conductor Edward Stewart and Sub-Conductor Alfred Hale, Public Works Department, India, have been transferred to the pension establishment.

## PROMOTIONS.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 1284.—Subject to Her Majesty's approval, the undermentioned Captain is granted the temporary rank of Major whilst serving as Regimental Commandant or Second-in-Command, Indian Army :—

Aubrey Arbutnot Jones, 16th October 1899.

No. 1285.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

*Lieutenants to be Captains.*

5th December 1899.

Augustus Hodson Coke.

6th December 1899.

William Christian Anderson.

8th December 1899.

George Davenport Latham Chatterton.  
Lancelot Hamilton Ricketts.  
Herbert Hastings Harington.  
William Edward Gordon Lillingston.  
George Aubrey Strahan.  
Reginald Merton Braff.  
Richard Anson Firth.  
Guy deHerriez Smith.

*Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.—*

3rd January 1899.

Francis Arthur Magniac.

20th April 1899.

Archibald Mactavish.

4th November 1899.

Philip Howell.

William George Broughton Ischia Hawley.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.  
*Bombay.*

No. 1286.—The undermentioned military pupil, having passed his final examination, is admitted into the service as 4th class Assistant Surgeon with effect from the 1st October, 1899 :—

Alfred Henry Limpus.

## ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

*Bengal.*

No. 1287.—Conductor Allen Mitham to be Deputy Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Sub-Conductor Thomas Freeman to be Conductor;

Store Sergeant William Thomas Hewitt to be Sub-Conductor;

with effect from the 24th September, 1899, *vice* Deputy Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant J. T. Mantz, retired.

No. 1288.—Sub-Conductor Samuel Robert Allwright, Officiating Chief Clerk, Office of the Inspector General of Ordnance, Punjab Command, *seconded*, to be Conductor, *seconded*;

Sub-Conductor James O'Brien to be Conductor;

Store-Sergeant John Robert Elam, Assistant Overseer, Small Arms Ammunition Factory, Dum-Dum, *seconded*, to be Sub-Conductor, *seconded*;

Store Sergeant Lee Horsley to be Sub-Conductor;

with effect from the 6th October, 1899, *vice* Conductor John Dow, retired.

*Bombay.*

No. 1289.—Store Sergeant Frederick Dillow to be Sub Conductor, with effect from the 20th October 1899, *vice* Sub-Conductor J. W. Dennis, *seconded* on appointment as second-class clerk in the Office of the Inspector General of Ordnance, Bombay Command.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1290.—3rd (or Palamcottah) Regiment of Madras Light Infantry—

Jemadar Mutyalu to be Subadar, and No. 1322, Havildar Venkatacalapati to be Jemadar, *vice* Subadar Adinarayadu, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 9th October 1899.

No. 1291.—7th Regiment of Bombay Infantry—

Havildar Arjun Kandarker to be Jemadar, *vice* Bala Musorkar, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st October, 1898.

Havildar Chandru Ram to be Jemadar, *vice* Bir Singh, promoted, with effect from the 18th June, 1899.

No. 1292.—25th Regiment of Bombay Infantry (3rd Battalion, Rifle Regiment)—

Jemadar Thakur Khangar Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Lal Singh Jat deceased, with effect from the 16th October, 1899.

## PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

No. 1293.—3rd Regiment of Punjab Cavalry—

Jemadar Phina Singh to be Ressaidar, and Duffadar Harditt Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Gurditt Singh, transferred to the pension establishment with effect from the 8th November, 1899.

## RETIREMENTS.

No. 1294.—Lieutenant-Colonel William Flood Murray, M. B., Indian Medical Service, Bengal, Civil Surgeon, Shahabad, is permitted to retire from the service with effect from the 18th December, 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 1295.—Major William Stewart, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander, 10th Regiment of Bengal (The Duke of Cambridge's Own) Lancers, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service with effect from the 4th December, 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

## REWARDS.

## GOOD CONDUCT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICE.

No. 1296.—The undermentioned non-commissioned officers of the Unattached List, Madras Command, and 20th Madras Infantry are awarded silver medals for long service and good conduct with and without gratuity for the quarter ending 30th September, 1899 :—

*With gratuity of £5.*

Fife Major Loftus Edge, 20th Madras Infantry.

*Without gratuity.*

Sergeant George Neild, Commissariat Transport Department.

Sergeant John Hanly, Chief Warder, Military Prison, Thayetmyo.

Acting Sergeant Major William Wortt, Moulmein Volunteer Rifles.

First class Sergeant Instructor James Hopla, Rangoon Volunteer Artillery.

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

## APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

No. 1297.—5th Administrative Battalion, N.-W. P. and Oudh Volunteers—

Lieutenant-Colonel James Armstrong, Indian Medical Service, resigns his commission.

No. 1298.—East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles—

Arthur Stowey Bailey, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 5th April, 1899, *vice* Walker, promoted.

John Arthur Hill, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, with effect from the 15th November, 1899, *vice* Ellis, resigned.

Philip Arthur Manley Nash, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant with effect from the 15th November, 1899, *vice* Lester, resigned.

Alexander White Robertson, Gentleman, to be Surgeon Lieutenant, with effect from the 15th November, 1899, *vice* Guinness, resigned.

No. 1299.—Oudh Volunteer Rifles—

William Herbert Greenland Padfield, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st November, 1899, *vice* Durham, resigned.

Ellis Marlow Slane, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st November, 1899, *vice* Langan, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

No. 1300.—Cawnpore Volunteer Rifles—

2nd Lieutenant John Harold Abbott to be Lieutenant, *vice* Calnan, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

Leonard Bertram Kennedy, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, *vice* Bevis, promoted.

Henry Thomson, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, *vice* Duckworth, promoted.

Justin Glynn Ryan, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, *vice* Ward, promoted.

No. 1301.—South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles—

Hugh Patrick O'Shaughnessy, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, to complete the establishment.

No. 1302.—3rd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles—

Lieutenant Alexander Thomas Maitland Topping resigns his commission, with effect from the 20th October, 1899.

David McNabb Urquhart, Esq., to be Captain, with effect from the 10th July, 1899, *vice* Clifford, resigned.

## MILITARY WORKS SERVICES.

No. 1303.—Deputy Assistant Commissary (Honorary Lieutenant) J. E. Patton is promoted to Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, with effect from the 1st June, 1899.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-Genl.,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 4th December, 1899.

No. 511.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, under section 16 (r) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, the use of locomotive engines and of rolling stock to be drawn or propelled thereby, on such portions of the Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal railway as are situate in British territory.

No. 512.—Mr. Frederick Eustace Cole, passed student of the Engineer class of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Rurki, having satisfactorily completed his course of practical training, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade, with effect from the 29th October, 1899, and posted to the establishment under the Director of Railway Construction for employment on the North Western Railway.

**No. 510.**—The following is published for general information :—

No. 1177 R. T.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

*Calcutta, the 30th November 1899.*

**READ—**

Sections 3 (4), 16 (2), 47 and 148 (1) of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890.  
Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 480½, dated the 30th October 1890, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890—the Government of India resolution No. 736 R. T., dated the 17th October 1890, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 4, dated the 6th January 1898—published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th January 1898—appointing the Director of Railway Traffic as the officer who, in the case of a railway administered by Government, is to make General Rules under section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Letter No. 1107 R. T., dated the 13th November 1899, from the Director of Railway Traffic.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The Director of Railway Traffic has applied for leave to adopt the General Rules for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods, which rules were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, under Public Works Department notification No. 480½, dated the 30th October 1890, on the Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal railway.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules which are referred to in the foregoing observations to such portions of the Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal railway as are situate in British territory.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that the General Rules, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection, free of any charge, in the office of the engineer in charge of the construction of the railway.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Engineer-in-Chief, Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal railway, for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

*The 7th December, 1899.*

**No. 517.**—The following is published for general information :—

Circular No. X Railway.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

*Calcutta, the 1st December 1899.*

**General Rules of 1895 for working open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government.**

**Addition of a proviso to rule 2 III (e) of Appendix B—Rules to regulate the transport and importation of explosives.**

**READ—**

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd

March 1895—the Government of India circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, and the General Rules, therewith promulgated, for all open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government.

READ ALSO—

Government of India, Home Department, notification No. 1393 (Public), dated the 8th July 1897, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 10th July 1897—revised rules to regulate the transport and importation of explosives under the Indian Explosives Act, 1884.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 3, dated the 5th January 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 7th January 1898—the Government of India circular No. 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, sanctioning certain modifications of Appendix B to the General Rules referred to above.

Government of India, Home Department, notification No. 2399, dated the 13th October 1899,—published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 14th October 1899,—directing the addition of a proviso to Rule 2 III (e) of the Rules to regulate the transport and importation of explosives which were published with the notification by the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1393, dated the 8th July 1897, above referred to.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—In the notification by the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 2399 (Public), dated the 13th October 1899, it was directed that a proviso be added to Rule 2 III (e) of the rules to regulate the transport and importation of explosives under the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, which were promulgated with that Department's notification No. 1393, dated the 8th July 1897, read above.

**RESOLUTION.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 47 (4) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, the Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the adoption, on the railways to which the General Rules of 1895 for working open lines of railway in British India apply, of the accompanying addendum to Appendix B to the said General Rules which were promulgated with the Government of India circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, as modified by Government of India circular No. 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that this circular, with the accompanying addendum, be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India* as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, and that a copy thereof be kept open for inspection as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section.

Ordered, also, that this circular, and its enclosure be communicated to the Local Governments and Administrations, and to the officers noted in the margin, for information and guidance, and to the Governments of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh and the Punjab, the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, the Resident in Mysore, the Agents to the Governor General in Central India and Baluchistan, and to the Accountant General, Public Works Department, for information.

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal and Burma.  
The Chief Commissioner of Assam.  
The Resident at Hyderabad.  
The Agent to the Governor General for Rajputana.  
The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, Lucknow and Assam.  
The Managers of the North Western, Oudh and Rohilkhand, Eastern Bengal, and East Coast (State) Railways.

*Document accompanying*

Addendum to Appendix B to the Government of India circular No. 9 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, as modified by Government of India circular No. 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897.

[Enclosure to Government of India circular No. X Railway, dated the 1st December 1899.]

Addendum to Appendix B to Part II of the General Rules for open lines of railway in British India, which were promulgated with the Government of India circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, as modified by the Government of India's circular No. 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897.

(To be cut out and pasted on the original circular.)

To rule 2 III (c)—

Add—

"Provided that, in the case of detonators, the following further rules shall also be observed, namely:—

- (a) The detonators, and the spaces between the detonators and between the sides of the inner package and the detonators, shall all be filled, as far as practicable, with fine sawdust or other similar material. A layer of cotton wool or other soft elastic material shall be placed between both ends of all the detonators and the interior of the inner package in which the detonators are placed, in such manner and so secured that both ends of the detonators will rest upon the said cotton wool or other material. Every inner package, if of metal, shall be lined throughout with paper or other soft material.
- (b) Where the number of detonators packed for conveyance exceeds in all one thousand (1,000), or such greater number as may from time to time be assigned with the consent of, and under conditions approved by, an Inspector of Explosives, all the inner packages as aforesaid shall be placed inside a substantial case of wood or metal, made and closed, so as to prevent any of the inner packages escaping therefrom, and the case shall be placed inside such outer packages as is required by the above general rule relating to the packing for conveyance of explosives of the 3rd division of the 6th (ammunition) class, in such manner and so secured as to leave a clear space of not less than three inches between every part of the interior of the said outer package, notwithstanding that such clear space may, if preferred, be filled with sawdust, straw or other similar material, or may contain a light framework or battens of wood to keep the case aforesaid in position in the outer package."

F. R. UPCOTT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 6th December, 1899.

No. 516.—The services of the following Military Works Officers, who have been deputed temporarily to the Public Works Department for employment on Famine Relief Works, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces:—

Major H. Appleton, R.E.

Captain W. F. Tilley, R.E.



## TELEGRAPH.

*The 5th December, 1899.*

**No. 513.**—The following promotions and reversions are ordered in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department with effect from the dates specified :—

NAME.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Mr. S. H. C. Hutchinson	Superintendent, class V, 1st grade.	Chief Superintendent, class IV.	Temporary	21st June, 1899.
Mr. R. Meredith	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, 2nd grade, and Officiating Superintendent, class V, 2nd grade.	Superintendent, class V, 2nd grade.	Temporary	21st June, 1899.
Mr. S. H. C. Hutchinson	Chief Superintendent, class IV, temporary rank.	Superintendent, class V, 1st grade.	...	4th August, 1899.
Mr. R. Meredith	Superintendent, class V, 2nd grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, 2nd grade, and Officiating Superintendent, class V, 2nd grade.	...	4th August, 1899.

**No. 514.**—That portion of Public Works Department Notification No. 325, dated 1st August 1899, which relates to the officiating promotion of Mr. S. H. C. Hutchinson, and Public Works Department Notification No. 339, dated 11th August 1899, are cancelled.

*The 6th December, 1899.*

**No. 515.**—The following temporary and officiating promotions are ordered in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified and until further orders :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. M. A. Thompson	Assistant Superintendent, class VII, 1st grade, and temporary class VI, 2nd grade.	Superintendent, class V, 2nd grade, officiating.	13th October, 1899.
Mr. S. H. C. Hutchinson	Superintendent, class V, 1st grade	Chief Superintendent, class IV, temporary rank.	21st October, 1899.
Mr. N. U. K. Leslie	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, 2nd grade, and Officiating Superintendent, class V, 2nd grade.	Superintendent, class V, 2nd grade, temporary rank.	21st October, 1899.

*The 8th December, 1899.*

**No. 518.**—Mr. H. A. Armstrong, Officiating Superintendent, class V, 2nd grade, Indian Telegraph Department, reverted to Assistant Superintendent, class VI, 2nd grade, with effect from the forenoon of the 21st November, 1899.

T. HIGHAM.

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 50.]

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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**PART II.**—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

**PART III.**—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

**PART IV.**—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General :—  
*Nothing for publication.*

**PART V.**—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Bills published under Rule 23 :—  
*Nothing for publication.*

**PART VI.**—Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations :—  
*Nothing for publication.*

SUPPLEMENT No. 30.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATION.

##### JUDICIAL.

*Calcutta, the 15th December 1899.*

**No. 1804.**—THE following Proclamation by His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 14th December 1899, is published for general information :—

#### PROCLAMATION.

I, George Nathaniel, Baron Curzon of Kedleston, Governor General of India and *ex-officio* Vice-Admiral therein, being satisfied thereof by information received by me, do hereby proclaim that war has broken out between Her Majesty and the South African Republic and the Orange Free State.

CURZON OF KEDLESTON.

J. P. HEWETT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## ESTABLISHMENTS.

*Calcutta, the 15th December 1899.*

No. 737.—Mr. G. E. Manisty has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 1st November 1899.

## MEDICAL.

*The 11th December 1899.*

No. 2093.—The services of the undermentioned officers are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department:—

Major A. E. S. Searle, 14th Bombay Infantry.

Captain E. G. R. Wilkins, 14th Bombay Infantry.

*The 12th December 1899.*

No. 2107.—The services of Lieutenant H. H. Sproule, 1st Bengal Lancers, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 2108.—The services of Captain A. P. Bateman-Champain, 2nd Battalion, 3rd Gurkha Rifles, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, for employment on plague duty.

*The 13th December 1899.*

No. 2111.—The services of Major A. R. W. Sedgefield, M.B., I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

*The 15th December 1899.*

No. 2122.—The services of Lieutenant F. P. C. Keily, 1st Bombay Infantry, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 1st December, 1899.

## SANITARY.

## PLAGUE.

*The 11th December 1899.*

No. 3340.—WHEREAS the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Benares if pilgrims or other persons from the Madras Presidency, the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Saran District of Bengal, the Jullundur District of the Punjab, the Nagpur Division of the Central Provinces and the Hyderabad, Mysore and Baroda States are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Lunar Eclipse:

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Mogal Sarai, Kashi, Benares Cantonment, and Shitpur on the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway and Alampur (Benares City) on the Bengal and North-Western Railway, shall be sold from the 11th December to the 15th December 1899 (both days inclusive) within the Madras Presidency, the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Saran District of Bengal, the Jullundur District of the Punjab, the Nagpur Division of the Central Provinces, and the Hyderabad, Mysore and Baroda States to any pilgrim or other person intending or believed to be intending to proceed on pilgrimage to Benares.

## JAILS.

*The 13th December 1899.*

No. 537.—Under the provisions of section 33 of the Prisoners' Act, 1871 (V of 1871), as amended by section 2 of the Prisoners' Act Amendment Act, 1882 (IX of 1882), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the following jails in the Madras Presidency as places to which persons sentenced to transportation may be sent:—

The Central Jails at Rajahmundry, Vellore, Salem, Trichinopoly, Coimbatore and Cannanore and Her Majesty's Penitentiary at Madras.

2. Home Department Notification No. 953, dated the 11th June 1868, is hereby cancelled.

No. 539.—Under the provisions of section 33 of the Prisoners' Act, 1871 (V of 1871), as amended by section 2 of the Prisoners' Act Amendment Act, 1882 (IX of 1882), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the following jails in Bengal as places to which persons sentenced to transportation may be sent:—

All Central Jails, and the Presidency Jail in Calcutta.

2. Home Department Notifications No. 153, dated the 26th January 1870, and No. 1481, dated the 28th August 1873, are hereby cancelled.

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND  
AGRICULTURE.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## FAMINE.

*Calcutta, the 13th December, 1899.*

No. 318—84-23-F.—The services of the following officers have been placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces for famine duty:—

Captain F. H. Domenichetti, 28th Regiment of Madras Infantry.

Captain C. H. R. Coles, 37th (Dogra) Regiment of Bengal Infantry.

Lieutenant R. E. Bond, 4th (Prince Albert Victor's) Rajput Regiment of Bengal Infantry.

## LAND SURVEYS.

*The 13th December, 1899.*

No. 2788—27-9.—The services of Lieutenant B. R. Daunt, I.S.C., Probationary Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, Survey of India Department, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department with effect from the 15th November, 1899.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Fort William, the 14th December, 1899.*

No. 1913-G.—Captain P. J. Lumsden, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), is appointed, on return from furlough, to be an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, and is posted as Agency Surgeon in Haraoti and Tonk, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

*The 15th December, 1899.*

No. 1947-E.B.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of the United States of America has decided that it is necessary for all British subjects visiting the Philippine Islands to provide themselves with passports to prove their nationality.

The Consul-General for the United States at Singapore has received instructions to notify the Masters and Agents of steamers clearing for the Philippines to issue passage tickets only to those persons whose papers have been visaed at the American Consulate at Singapore.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## STATISTICS AND COMMERCE.

## CUSTOMS.

*Calcutta, the 15th December 1899.*

No. 5720-S.R.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 8A of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894, as amended by Acts III of 1896 and XIV of 1899), and in supersession of the rates of additional duty on the kinds of sugar mentioned against Germany in the Notification in this Department, No. 3934 S. R., dated the 23rd August 1899, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the rates shall be revised as follows, with effect from the date of this Notification:—

*For*

Kinds of sugar.	Bounties bestowed.	Additional duties to be levied.
		Per cwt. Rs. a. p.
• Raw sugar of at least 90 per cent polarization	2.40 marks per 100 kilograms.	0 14 7
Refined sugar under 98 per cent, and of at least 90 per cent, polarization.	2.50 marks per 100 kilograms.	0 15 3
Candy and sugar in white, hard loaves, blocks, crystals, etc., of at least 90½ per cent polarization.	3.55 marks per 100 kilograms.	1. 6 0
All other sugar of at least 98 per cent polarization.	3 marks per 100 kilograms	1 2 0

## Read

Kinds of sugar.	Counties bestowed.	Additional duties to be levied.
		Per cwt. R a. p.
Raw sugar of at least 90 per cent polarization	2.40 marks per 100 kilograms.	0 14 4
Refined sugar under 98 per cent, and of at least 90 per cent, polarization.		
Candy and sugar in white, hard loaves, blocks, crystals, etc., of at least 99½ per cent polarization.	3.44 marks per 100 kilograms.	1 4 7
All other sugar of at least 98 per cent polarization.	2.89 marks per 100 kilograms.	1 1 3

## SEPARATE REVENUE.

## STAMPS.

The 15th December 1899.

**No. 5713-S.R.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 9, clause (a), of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (11 of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to remit the duty chargeable under the said Act on any apprenticeship-deed whereby a person is bound apprentice to the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, to learn the business of a distributor or of a compositor.

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 15th December 1899.

## APPOINTMENTS.

## ARMY STAFF.

**No. 1304.**—Brevet Colonel S. H. P. Graves, 40th (Pathan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, officiating Assistant Adjutant General on the District Staff, is confirmed in that appointment, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel E. A. Young, whose extended tenure has expired. Dated 15th December, 1899.

## COMMISSARIAT TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

**No. 1305.**—Lieutenant G. H. Davis, I.S.C., 2nd (Prince of Wales's Own) Regiment of Bombay Infantry (Grenadiers), to be Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, on probation, with effect from the 27th September, 1899.

[Joined his appointment on the 25th October, 1899.]

## MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

**No. 1306.**—Lieutenant-Colonel B. M. Blennerhassett, Royal Army Medical Corps, to officiate on the Administrative Medical Staff of the Army with the temporary rank of Colonel, *vice* Colonel J. H. Hughes, Royal Army Medical Corps, deceased. Dated 23rd November, 1899.

## PERSONAL STAFF.

**No. 1307.** The Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the 11th December, 1899 :—

*To be Military Secretary.*

Major the Hon'ble E. Baring, 10th Hussars, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. Sandbach, Royal Engineers, who has resigned.

**No. 1308.**—The following appointment has been made on the Personal Staff of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Burma :—

Lieutenant J. S. S. Dunlop, 2nd Battalion, South Staffordshire Regiment, to be Aide-de-Camp *vice* Captain R. A. B. Fryer, on field service. Dated 14th October, 1899.



## STAFF CORPS.

No. 1309.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the regulations published with clause 92, India Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officers of the Unattached List are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India :—

## Second-Lieutenant—

Arthur Franklyn Lushington. Dated 31st October, 1899.

John Arthur Campbell Hennessey. Dated 11th November, 1899.

Frederick Fraser Hunter. Dated 18th November, 1899.

No. 1310.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India :—

Lieutenant Lindsay Elliott Lumley Burne, The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire) Regiment, Officiating Wing Officer, 32nd Regiment (4th Burma Battalion) of Madras Infantry, —14th November, 1899.

## NATIVE ARMY.

5th Regiment of Bengal (Light) Infantry—

No. 1311.—The following direct appointment is made with effect from date of joining :—

Inamullah Khan, to be Jemadar, on probation, to fill an existing vacancy.

## LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 1312.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated the 17th November, 1899, pages 6906 and 6907.

WAR OFFICE, PALL MALL;  
17th November, 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel W. H. Lyster, Indian Staff Corps, to command a Second Class District in India, with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed, and to have the substantive rank of Colonel in the Army, *vice* Major-General G. C. Hogg, C.B., who has vacated that appointment. Dated 16th September, 1899.

Indian Staff Corps.—The undermentioned Officers are transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List :—

Colonel Jacob Peter Deney's Vanrenen. Dated 5th November, 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Henry Dawes Jones. Dated 4th November, 1899.

## MEMORANDA.

Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant D. J. Meagher, Commissariat-Transport Department, Bengal, is granted the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 18th November, 1899.

India Office, 17th November, 1899.

The Queen has approved of the following Promotions among the Officers of the Staff Corps, the Indian Medical Service, and Indian Army Departments, Admissions to the Staff Corps, and Appointments to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers made by the Government of India :—

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

*To be Lieutenant-Colonel.*

Major Alexander MacWhirter Renny. Dated 11th September, 1899.

*Lieutenants to be Captains*

Dated 12th September, 1899.

Frederick John Fraser.

Roderick George Macpherson.

Dated 19th September, 1899.

Bertram Clarke Waterfield.

Cecil Norris Baker.

Stuart George Knox.

James Leslie Alexander.

*To be Lieutenants.*

Lieutenant William Edmund Pye, from the Derbyshire Regiment. Dated 26th February, 1898, but to rank from 13th January, 1893.

Lieutenant Horace George Thomson Costley, from the Dorsetshire Regiment. Dated 4th January, 1898, but to rank from 1st January, 1894.

Lieutenant Vernon Aubrey Scott Keighley, from the Scottish Rifles. Dated 5th June, 1899, but to rank from 22nd December, 1897.

Lieutenant Guy Edmund Bladensberg Oldfield, from the East Surrey Regiment. Dated 27th July, 1899, but to rank from 21st June, 1899.

Second Lieutenant Horace Fairfax Moresby Browne. Dated 10th July, 1899.

Second Lieutenant Hugh Hoskyns Bury. Dated 15th August, 1899.

*To be Second Lieutenants.*

Second Lieutenant James Pearson Stockley, from the Connaught Rangers. Dated 20th June, 1899, but to rank from 8th September, 1897.

Second Lieutenant Cron Hope Baillie Wright, from the West Riding Regiment. Dated 27th June, 1899, but to rank from 15th December, 1897.

Second Lieutenant Robert Geoffrey Baker, from the Royal Irish Rifles. Dated 25th June, 1899, but to rank from 16th February, 1898.

Second Lieutenant Stanley Malcolm Bruce, from the 4th Dragoon Guards. Dated 17th June, 1899, but to rank from 16th February, 1898.

#### INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

##### BOMBAY ESTABLISHMENT.

Senior Assistant Surgeons, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, to be Senior Assistant Surgeons, with the honorary rank of Captain.

Manoel Santa Anna Caldeira. Dated 9th March, 1899.

Augustus Xavier Dias. Dated 17th March, 1899.

First Class Assistant Surgeons to be Senior Assistant Surgeons, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Henry Dumrie Walker. Dated 9th March 1899.

Dominic Bernard Fonseca. Dated 17th March, 1899.

#### INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

To be Deputy Assistant Commissary, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Conductor Edwin Lean, Public Works Department, India. Dated 4th August 1899.

The promotion of the undermentioned Officers of the Public Works Department, Madras, notified in the *London Gazette* of the 17th October 1899, is antedated to the 5th April 1899:—

Assistant Commissary, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, Alfred Cooper Lord.

Deputy Assistant Commissary, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, John Edward Patton.

#### INDIAN ARMY RESERVE OF OFFICERS.

The undermentioned Gentlemen to be Second Lieutenants:—

##### CAVALRY.

Edward Percy Stebbing. Dated 8th September, 1899.

Arthur Mowbray Berkeley. Dated 8th September, 1899.

##### INFANTRY.

John Frederick Willans. Dated 25th August, 1899.

The Queen has also approved of the retirement from the service of the undermentioned Officers:—

#### INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

##### BENGAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Hotson Cadge. Dated 15th November, 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir George Scott Robertson, K.C.S.I. Dated October, 1899.

#### INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Deputy Commissary, with the honorary rank of Captain, Charles Fletcher, Ordnance Department, Bombay. Dated 6th October, 1899.

Deputy Commissary, with the honorary rank of Captain, James Ezechiel, Commissariat-Transport Department, Bombay. Dated 1st November, 1899.

Assistant Commissary, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, John Kelly, Public Works Department, Madras. Dated 5th April, 1899.

Deputy Assistant Commissary, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, Joseph Edward Newell, Ordnance Department, Bombay. Dated 1st August, 1899.

The Queen has also approved of the resignation of the service by the undermentioned Officer:—

#### INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Captain Walter Cleland Scott. Dated 21st October, 1899.

"*London Gazette*," dated the 21st November, 1899, page 7017.

WAR OFFICE, PALL MALL;  
21st November, 1899.

*Indian Staff Corps.*—The undermentioned Majors are granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel whilst serving as Regimental Commandants, Indian Army:—

H. Godfray, dated 23rd July, 1899.

A. C. O'Donnell, dated 30th July, 1899.

J. H. Plumer, dated 13th August, 1899.

R. H. Light, dated 13th August, 1899.

E. C. W. Mackenzie-Kennedy, dated 13th August, 1899.

#### PROMOTIONS.

##### COLONEL'S ALLOWANCE.

No. 1313.—Colonel Arthur Melville Hogg Indian Staff Corps, is admitted to the Colonel's allowance, with effect from the 12th December, 1899.

##### INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

No. 1314.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

*Lieutenant to be Captain.*

28th November, 1899.

Harry deBurgh Codrington.

*Second-Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.*

9th October, 1899.

Hector Cambell.

4th November, 1899.

Cyril Norman Macmullen.

No. 1315.—In G. G. O. No. 1285 of 1899, for Lieutenant R. M. Briff read Lieutenant R. M. Barff.

## BARRACK DEPARTMENT.

*Madras.*

No. 1316.—Sub-Conductor Frederick Bartells to be Conductor, with effect from the 30th October, 1899.

## INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bengal.*

No. 1317.—Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant William Hyde to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

First class Assistant Surgeon William Thompson to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

with effect from the 5th September, 1899, consequent on the retirement of Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain P. Barrett.

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1318.—15th (Curston's Multani) Regiment of Bengal Lancers—

The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred on Kote-Dafadar Shamasuddin Khan, on retirement, with effect from the 15th November, 1899.

No. 1319.—31st (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Bahadur Ali to be Subadar, and Havildar Dilawar Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Sayyid Ahmad Shah Bahadur, transferred to the pension establishment with effect from the 16th November, 1899.

No. 1320.—33rd (Punjabi Muhammadan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Havildar Gharib Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Ilahi Bakhsh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st August, 1899.

## RETIREMENTS.

No. 1321.—Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Fawcett, Indian Medical Service (Madras), is permitted to retire from the service with effect from the 28th December, 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 1322.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service with effect from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Lambart John Browne, Indian Staff Corps—29th November, 1899.

\* Captain William Browne, Indian Staff Corps. Wing Officer, 6th Regiment of Madras Infantry—14th January, 1900.

## REWARDS.

## JAGIRS.

No. 1323.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to notify that the title of "Bahadur" is conferred on the following Native Officers under the Resolution of the Government of India

in the Military Department, No. 867-B. dated the 27th February, 1893:—

Ressaidar Sharbat Ali, Corps of Guides Cavalry.

Pensioned Subadar Shams-ud-din, 21st Madras Infantry.

Pensioned Subadar-Major Srinivasulu, 22nd Madras Infantry.

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

## APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 1324.—*Rangoon Naval Volunteers*—Montagu Norman Providence Jull, Gentleman, to be Sub-Lieutenant, *vice* Dainty, promoted.

No. 1325.—*Behar Light Horse*—Captain Townley Richard Filgate to be Major, *vice* MacLeod, deceased.

No. 1326.—*Cannore Light Horse*—Second Lieutenant Charles Turner Allen to be Lieutenant, *vice* Warburton, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

Frank Hanish Dunbar, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, *vice* Allen, promoted.

Arthur Reginald Harris, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant on augmentation.

No. 1327.—*Cossipore Artillery Volunteers*—

William Arthur Ranken Michael McRae, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, with effect from the 3th August, 1899, *vice* Booth, promoted.

No. 1328.—*Nagpur Volunteer Rifles*—

Percy Douglas Kirkham, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, *vice* Robertson, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

No. 1329.—2nd (Cadet) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles—

Reginald Charles Stewart Dorman, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant with effect from the 21st October, 1899, *vice* Hancock, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

No. 1330.—*East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles*—

Lieutenant Alexander Macdonell to be Captain, with effect from the 27th November, 1899, *vice* Doggett, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

No. 1331.—*Oudh Volunteer Rifles*—

Lieutenant Gerald James Watt Smyth, R.E., to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st December, 1899, *vice* Gardner, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

No. 1332.—*Maulmein Volunteer Rifles*—

Percy Edward Plunkett, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, *vice* Dawson, transferred to the Upper Burma Volunteer Rifles.

Douglas Hume Allan, Gentleman, to be 2nd Lieutenant, *vice* Symms, resigned.

No. 1333.—*Dacca Volunteer Rifles*—

George Morgan, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st October, 1899, *vice* Savage, promoted.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-Genl.,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Calcutta, the 9th December, 1899.*

No. 519.—The services of Mr. J. M. Montague, Executive Engineer, 1st grade, have been lent to the Bengal Dooars Railway Company, Limited, with effect from the 29th September, 1899.

*The 13th December, 1899.*

No. 520.—Mr. J. Kirby, Sub-Engineer, 1st grade, and Honorary Assistant Engineer, State Railways, is permitted to retire from the service of Government, with effect from the afternoon of the 27th December, 1899.

No. 523.—The services of the Officers named below are, on their return from leave, temporarily placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on Famine Relief Works:—

Mr. H. T. Gwyther, Executive Engineer, 1st grade, State Railways.

Mr. B. P. Milsom, Executive Engineer, 1st grade, State Railways.

F. R. UPCOTT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.**The 13th December, 1899.*

No. 521.—The services of Mr. N. F. Mackenzie, Executive Engineer, 1st grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, have, on his return from leave, been temporarily placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment on Famine Relief Works.

No. 522.—The services of Mr. D. H. Coblaw, Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, Bengal, have, on his return from leave, been temporarily placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, for employment on Famine Relief Works.

*The 14th December, 1899.*

No. 525.—The services of the Officers named below have been temporarily placed at the disposal of the Agent to the Governor General for Rajputana for employment on Famine Relief Works:—

Mr. W. R. Foy, Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, Burma.

Mr. H. G. Billings, Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, Burma.

Mr. W. E. Knight, Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, Assam.

*The 15th December, 1899.*

No. 526.—Mr. W. J. Britts, Accountant, 1st grade, attached to the Office of the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Punjab, is granted the honorary rank of Assistant Examiner of Accounts.

## TELEGRAPH.

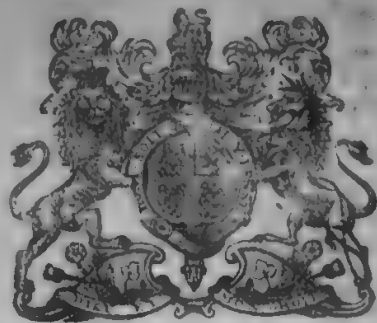
*The 14th December, 1899.*

No. 524.—The undermentioned qualified Apprentice is appointed to the Indian Telegraph Department as Assistant Superintendent, class VII, 2nd grade, Provincial Service, with effect from the 30th September, 1899:—

Mr. Cecil Octavius Jolly.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 51.]

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT No. 51.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

## MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

### NOTIFICATION.

*Calcutta, the 18th December 1899.*

No. 1257-M.—Notice is hereby given that Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Lady Curzon's Drawing Room notified for Wednesday, the 27th December 1899, is postponed to Friday, the 29th December 1899, at 9-30 P.M.

By Command,

E. BARING, Major,  
Military Secretary to the Viceroy.



## LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Calcutta, the 19th December, 1899.*

No. 27.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., C. 67), and section 1 of the

Indian Councils Act, 1892 (55 and 56 Vict., C. 14), the Governor General is pleased to nominate Rai Bahadur Bipin Krishna Bose, C.I.E., to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

J. M. MACPHERSON,  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## HOME DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## MEDICAL.

*Calcutta, the 20th December 1899.*

No. 2146.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh :—

Major W. H. E. Woodwright, F.R.C.S.I.,  
I.M.S. (Bengal).

Major J. K. Close, M.D., I.M.S. (Bengal).

*The 21st December 1899.*

No. 2152.—The services of Captain W. C. Lockhart-Mure, 4th Bombay Cavalry, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

*The 22nd December 1899.*

No. 2156.—Major A. E. Roberts, M.B., I.M.S. (Bengal), is appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Director General, Indian Medical Service, and Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, during the absence on furlough of Major J. T. W. Leslie, M.B., I.M.S. (Bengal), or until further orders.

No. 2159.—The services of Major C. C. Manifold, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 15th January 1900.

## SANITARY.

## PLAGUE.

*The 22nd December 1899.*

No. 3416.—The following Notices of the Board of Trade are published for general information :—

(F. & H. 15888.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, November 24, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at St. Vincent, intimating that the port is closed against all ports infected with plague.

(F. & H. 15890.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, November 24, 1899.*

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at Zanzibar, intimating that the following regulations respecting plague have been issued by the Governor of German East Africa, viz. —

Translation.

Plague Regulations.

Whereas it appears that Indians and other Asiatics arriving from plague-stricken countries, in order to evade the disinfection of their household goods and wares, give false information in regard to the country of original embarkation, landing at Mombassa or Zanzibar, and there shipping again by coast steamship or dhow, in order that they may arrive in German territory without being subject to the disinfection of their belongings. And whereas this is a source of great peril to the territory, inasmuch as the plague can the more easily be brought in, it is hereby decreed that the above danger shall be met by the following regulations :—

Asiatics (Indians, Goanese, Persians, Arabs, Beloochis, Chinese, etc.) arriving by sea in German territory are required to produce a proof of the land

of original departure from some German District Officer, Custom House Official, or a German or Foreign Consular Officer. Failing to do so, they shall be treated as arriving from plague-stricken countries, and their household goods, baggage, etc., will be disinfected according to Inclosure 2 of Circular No. F 3212 of 5th May, 1898, especially in cases where the articles are those mentioned in Circular No. F 2144 of 3rd May, 1897.

Whether such people shall be liable to further control and observation will be according to circumstances. Circular F No. 3212 of 5th May, 1898, Inclosure No. 2, specifies the particulars in regard to the above. As it is impossible because of existing circumstances to provide quarantine and disinfecting stations, at all the ports, it is hereby decreed, that permission will only be given to land at Tanga and Dar-es-Salam, to people arriving from plague-stricken countries, or of those without a certificate showing the land of their origin.

Only those, after receiving a certificate to the effect that their goods have been disinfected, and all necessary regulations complied with, will be allowed to proceed into other parts of the territory, or visit different ports.

Asiatics arriving by sea with household goods and wares, not having observed the above regulations, will be required to return immediately on board with the same and proceed to Dar-es-Salam or Tanga. If this is not possible and disinfection is deemed necessary, there being no facilities for disinfecting goods, the same are to be destroyed by fire.

No damages can on this account be claimed. Exceptions may be made in cases where the emigrant is personally known to the official supervising the disinfection, and if he is of opinion that the owner and his wares have not arrived from a plague-infected country. The responsibility for permission to land rests then entirely on the official in question.

In every case of disinfection, whether it concerns an Asiatic or European, etc., the officer superintending the same is permitted to charge a fee from ten rupees and not to exceed twenty-five rupees. Officers and Government Officials of the Colony, as also the Imperial Navy, are exempt from payment.

DARES-SALAM; }  
September 2, 1899. }

LIEBERT, *Imperial Governor.*

**No. 3417.**—WHEREAS the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Allahabad in the North-Western Provinces if pilgrims or other persons from the Madras Presidency, the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Saran District of Bengal, the Jullundur District of the Punjab, the Nagpur Division of the Central Provinces, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Magh Mela during the months of January and February 1900:

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Allahabad, Naini, Karchana, Jasra and Bamhrauli on the East Indian Railway shall be sold during the months of January and February 1900 within the Madras Presidency, the Bombay Presidency (including Sind), Calcutta and the Saran District of Bengal, the Jullundur District of the Punjab, the Nagpur Division of the Central Provinces, and the Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore States to any pilgrim or other person intending or believed to be intending to proceed on pilgrimage to the Magh Mela at Allahabad.

#### JUDICIAL.

*The 21st December 1899.*

**No. 1833.**—The services of Captain C. W. Field, Cantonment Magistrate, Mian Meer, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his duties.

J. R. HEWETT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND  
AGRICULTURE.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

## LAND SURVEYS.

*Cakulla, the 20th December, 1899.*

No. 2841—169-2.—Mr. E. G. Little, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, Survey of India Department, to be Extra Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade (Supernumerary), with effect from the 26th September, 1899.

## GENERAL.

*The 22nd December, 1899.*

No. 4475—247-2.—Mr. F. B. Bryant, Assistant Inspector-General of Forests and Superintendent of Working Plans, is granted furlough for twenty months under Article 340 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, together with the usual subsidiary leave, with effect from the 4th March, 1900, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Fort William, the 19th December, 1899.*

No. 1936-G.—Captain F. W. P. Macdonald, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class, is appointed, on return from special leave, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class, and is posted as Political Agent in Zhob, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

*The 21st December, 1899.*

No. 1953-G.—Captain E. Le Mesurier, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, is appointed to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class, and is posted as an Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in

Rajputana, with effect from the 25th November, 1899.

Captain E. Le Mesurier, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, is posted as Assistant Commissioner in Merwara.

*The 22nd December, 1899.*

No. 1961-G.—With reference to Notification No. 182-G., dated the 9th February, 1899, Dr. J. W. von Waldthausen, Consul-General for Germany for British India and Ceylon, resumed charge of his office on the 13th December, 1899.

No. 1964-G.—With reference to Notification No. 1545-G., dated the 2nd October, 1899, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr. A. Scholl as Consul for Belgium at Madras has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

No. 1967-G.—The following substantive changes are made in the graded list of the Political Department:—

Consequent on the seconding of Captain C. F. Minchin, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, for employment in Africa under the British West Charterland Company, Limited, the promotions of the undermentioned officers to the grade of Political Assistant, 2nd class, are antedated as follows:—

Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, from the 4th June 1898 to the 7th April 1898.

Captain A. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, from the 26th March 1899 to the 4th June 1898.

Captain H. T. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, from the 4th April 1899 to the 26th March 1899.

Consequent on the appointment of Mr. J. A. Crawford, of the Indian Civil Service, a Resident of the 2nd class and Revenue and Judicial Commissioner in Baluchistan, to be Commissioner of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, and with effect from the 4th April 1899:—

Mr. E. G. Colvin, of the Indian Civil Service, a Political Agent of the 1st class, is confirmed as a Resident of the 2nd class and Revenue and Judicial Commissioner in Baluchistan.

Lieutenant-Colonel T. C. Pears, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd class, to be a Political Agent of the 1st class.

Mr. A. F. deLassöe, C.M.G., C.I.E., a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to be a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Captain J. Ramsay, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class, to be a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, to be a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain P. T. A. Spence, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to be a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain A. D'A. G. Bannerman, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to be a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the death of Lieutenant-Colonel A. M. Muir, Indian Staff Corps a Political Agent of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 16th May 1899—

Major P. J. Melvill, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to be a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, a Political Agent of the 4th class, to be a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Mr. W. E. Jardine, of the Indian Civil Service, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, to be a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Mr. R. B. Hughes, of the Indian Civil Service, to be a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

[This supersedes that portion of Notification No. 934-G., dated the 9th June 1899, which relates to appointments and promotions *vice* Mr. Crawford and Lieutenant-Colonel Muir.]

Consequent on the replacement at the disposal of the Military Department of the services of Lieutenant-Colonel N. C. Martelli, Indian Staff Corps, a Resident of the 2nd class, and Resident at Baroda, and with effect from the 10th August 1899—

Colonel H. A. Vincent, Indian Staff Corps, a temporary Resident of the 2nd class, to be a Resident of the 2nd class.

Major L. S. Newmarch, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to be a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Major J. R. C. Colvin, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class (seconded), to be a Political Agent of the 3rd class (seconded).

Captain C. Archer, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class, to be a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain W. M. Cubitt, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, to be a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain B. E. M. Gurdon, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to be a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain R. B. Berkeley, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to be a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the replacement at the disposal of the Military Department of the services of Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Newill, Indian Staff Corps, a Resident of the 2nd class, and Resident at Gwalior, and with effect from the 12th September 1899—

Major H. A. Deane, C.S.I., Indian Staff Corps, a temporary Resident of the 2nd class (on furlough), to be a Resident of the 2nd class.

Captain J. Manners Smith, V.C., C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to be a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Captain K. D. Erskine, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class (on furlough), to be a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain F. E. Younghusband, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, to be a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain H. L. Showers, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to be a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain P. Z. Cox, Indian Staff Corps, First Assistant to the Resident at Baroda, to be a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to be an Additional Resident of the 2nd class, and Resident at Indore, and with effect from the 4th October 1899—

Major W. H. M. Stewart, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class, to be a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain J. L. Kaye, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st class (seconded), to be a Political Agent of the 4th class (seconded).

Captain C. A. Kemball, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, to be a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain F. G. Beville, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to be a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain J. F. Whyte, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to be a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the retirement from the service of Lieutenant-Colonel Sir G. S. Robertson, K.C.S.I., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), a Political Agent of the 1st class, and with effect from the 22nd October 1899—

Major C. Herbert, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd class, to be a Political Agent of the 1st class.

Mr. H. V. Cobb, of the Indian Civil Service, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to be a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Mr. E. M. S. Clarke, a Political Agent of the 4th class (on furlough), to be a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Major C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, to be a Political Agent of the 4th class.

These arrangements are made without prejudice to superior acting appointments held by any of the above-mentioned officers on the dates specified.

No. 1968-G.—Captain C. F. Ducat, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, held the appointment of First Assistant to the Resident at Baroda substantively *pro tempore* from the 12th September to the 17th October 1899, both days inclusive.

No. 1970-G.—The following changes are made in the graded list of the Political Department :—

Consequent on the reversion of Major P. J. Melvill, Indian Staff Corps, from officiating Resident of the 2nd class, and his appointment (hereby ordered) to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 1st April 1899—

Captain A. F. Pinhey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Mr. W. E. Jardine, of the Indian Civil Service, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 4th class.

Mr. R. B. Hughes, of the Indian Civil Service, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain A. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant A. B. Dew, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Mr. E. H. S. Clarke, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, and with effect from the 1st April 1899—

Captain C. H. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Agent of the 4th class.

Major C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Captain F. C. Webb Ware, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel A. M. Muire, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd (officiating 1st) class, to officiate as a Resident of the 2nd class and Resident in Nepal, and with effect from the 2nd April 1899—

Major P. J. Melvill, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 1st class.

Captain A. F. Pinhey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Captain C. H. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Major C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.



Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain F. C. Webb Ware, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of special leave to Captain O. Archer, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, and with effect from the 4th April 1899—

Mr. W. E. Jardine, of the Indian Civil Service, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Mr. R. B. Hughes, of the Indian Civil Service, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain A. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant A. B. Dew, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Captain R. L. Kennion, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 10th April 1899—

Lieutenant A. B. Drummond, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of furlough to Captain R. B. Berkeley, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, and with effect from the 11th April 1899—

Lieutenant V. de V. Hunt, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Captain W. O. R. Stratton, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, and with effect from the 16th April 1899—

Captain J. Ramsay, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Captain F. W. P. Macdonald, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain P. T. A. Spence, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain J. F. Whyte, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain R. A. E. Benn, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of furlough to Lieutenant-Colonel Sir G. S. Robertson, K.C.S.I., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), a Political Agent of the 1st class, and with effect from the 19th April 1899—

Major L. S. Newmarch, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 1st class.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Captain L. Impey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain B. E. M. Gurdon, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain R. L. Kennion, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class (on privilege leave), to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Consequent on the return from deputation of Mr. A. F. deLæssøe, C.M.G., C.I.E., a Political Agent of the 2nd class, and his appointment (hereby ordered) to officiate as a Political Agent of the 1st class, and with effect from the 28th April 1899—

Major L. S. Newmarch, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, an officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain L. Impey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain B. E. M. Gurdon, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain R. L. Kennion, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class (on privilege leave), reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Captain R. L. Kennion, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, and with effect from the 28th April 1899—

Lieutenant V. de V. Hunt, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the grant of furlough to Captain K. D. Erskine, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, and with effect from the 2nd May 1899—

Captain L. Impey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the grant of furlough to Captain E. W. P. MacDonald, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, and with effect from the 2nd May 1899—

Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain B. E. M. Gurdon, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain R. L. Kennion, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant V. de V. Hunt, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of special leave to Captain P. T. A. Spence, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st (officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class, and with effect from the 3rd May 1899—

Captain H. L. Showers, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain C. J. Windham, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, and with effect from the 1st June 1899—

Captain W. M. Cubitt, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain F. G. Beville, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain S. G. Knox, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant A. P. Trevor, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of furlough to Captain L. Impey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, and with effect from the 1st June 1899—

Captain F. E. Younghusband, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class (on privilege leave), to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain H. B. Peacock, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Consequent on the appointment of Mr. F. C. Crump, of the Indian Civil Service, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 5th June 1899—

Lieutenant A. P. Trevor, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Captain W. O. R. Stratton, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, and with effect from the 6th June 1899—

Captain J. Ramsay, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain F. E. Younghusband, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class (on privilege leave), reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain H. B. Peacock, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain S. G. Knox, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the appointment of Major P. J. Melvill, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd (officiating 1st) class, to officiate as a Resident of the 2nd class and Political Resident in Turkish Arabia, and with effect from the 11th June 1899—

Major L. S. Newmarch, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 1st class.

Captain J. Ramsay, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Captain F. E. Younghusband, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain H. B. Peacock, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain S. G. Knox, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the appointment (hereby ordered) of Lieutenant A. D. Macpherson, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 1st July 1899—

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Captain F. G. Reville, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class, and with effect from the 1st July 1899—

Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain F. C. Webb Ware, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Major O. Herbert, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 2nd July 1899—

Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Major O. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain A. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain R. A. E. Benn, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant F. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Major C. Herbert, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 12th July 1899—

Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, an officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Major O. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain A. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain R. A. E. Benn, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant F. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, and with effect from the 14th July 1899—

Captain F. E. Younghusband, O.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain F. C. Webb Ware, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the grant of special leave to Captain H. T. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (officiating 1st) class, and with effect from the 25th July 1899—

Captain F. C. Webb Ware, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the appointment of Mr. G. R. Irwin of the Indian Civil Service, a Resident of the 2nd class, to be Political Agent in Alwar, in addition to his own duties, and with effect from the 27th July 1899.

Captain F. G. Beville, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class (on privilege leave), reverts to officiating Political Assistant, 1st class.

Captain F. C. Webb Ware, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Captain F. G. Beville, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (officiating 1st) class, and with effect from the 31st July 1899—

Captain S. G. Knox, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.



Consequent on the grant of furlough to Colonel H. A. Vincent, Indian Staff Corps, a Resident of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 4th August 1899—

Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Captain F. E. Younghusband, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain F. G. Beville, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain S. G. Knox, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the replacement at the disposal of the Home Department of the services of Mr. H. Jowers, of the Indian Civil Service, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, and with effect from the 11th August 1899—

Captain H. B. Peacock, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain F. C. Webb Ware, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Captain A. B. Dew, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 17th August 1899—

Lieutenant McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the appointment of Captain S. F. Bayley, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st (officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class, and Political Agent in Bikaner, to be First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana, in addition to his own duties, and with effect from the 18th August 1899—

Captain H. B. Peacock, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain F. C. Webb Ware, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, Indian Staff Corps, Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the appointment of Captain H. B. Peacock, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd (officiating 1st) class, to officiate tem-

porarily as a Resident of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 20th August 1899—

Captain F. C. Webb Ware, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant S. B. A. Patterson, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, a Political Agent of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, and with effect from the 26th August 1899—

Major W. H. M. Stewart, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Major C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain R. A. E. Benn, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant C. E. Luard, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the appointment of Captain O. G. Ievers, Indian Staff Corps, to officiate temporarily as a Political Agent of the 3rd class and First Assistant and Secretary for Berar to the Resident at Hyderabad, and with effect from the 8th September 1899—

Major C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain R. A. E. Benn, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant C. Luard, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Major L. S. Newmarch, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd (officiating 1st) class, and with effect from the 9th September 1899—

Captain J. Manners Smith, V.C., C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 1st class.

Mr. E. H. S. Clarke, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Major C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain P. Z. Cox, Indian Staff Corps, First Assistant to the Resident at Baroda (on return from furlough), to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Mr. W. E. Jardine, of the Indian Civil Service, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 3rd) class, and with effect from the 10th September 1899—

- Captain S. F. Bayley, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.
- Captain A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.
- Captain B. A. E. Benn, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant C. E. Luard, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the appointment (hereby ordered) of Captain A. H. McMahon, C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 1st class, and with effect from the 12th September 1899—

Captain J. Manners Smith, V.O., C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 1st class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of furlough to Mr. E. H. S. Clarke, a Political Agent of the 4th (officiating 2nd) class, and with effect from the 13th September 1899—

Major G. F. Chenevix Trench, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

To fill an existing vacancy with effect from the 3rd October 1899—

Captain A. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain A. B. Dew, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant F. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Lieutenant A. B. Drummond, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, and with effect from the 21st September 1899—

Lieutenant A. D. G. Ramsay, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Mr. O. H. Hill, of the Indian Civil Service, a Political Agent of the 3rd (officiating 1st) class, and with effect from the 8th October 1899—

Captain J. Manners Smith, V.O., C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 1st class.

Captain C. H. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Captain B. E. M. Gurdon, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain J. F. Whyte, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Mr. F. C. Crump, of the Indian Civil Service, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant A. P. Trevor, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the appointment of Captain C. Archer, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd class, and with effect from the 12th October 1899—

Captain C. H. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 2nd class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain B. E. M. Gurdon, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain J. F. Whyte, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Mr. F. C. Crump, of the Indian Civil Service, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant A. P. Trevor, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the reversion of Captain H. B. Peacock, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Resident of the 2nd class, to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 2nd class, and his appointment (hereby ordered) to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class, with effect from the 16th October 1899—

Captain A. D'A. G. Bannerman, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain A. B. Dew, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant A. D. G. Ramsay, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the reversion of Captain O. T. Ducat, Indian Staff Corps (on privilege leave), First Assistant to the Resident at Baroda, substantive *pro tempore*, to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class, and his appointment (hereby ordered) to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class, with effect from the 18th October 1899—

Captain R. A. E. Benn, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant F. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the appointment of Major C. Herbert, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 2nd class, to be a Political Agent of the 1st class, and with effect from the 22nd October 1899—

Captain J. Manners Smith, V.C., C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Consequent on the appointment of Captain L. Impey, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class, and with effect from the 24th October 1899—

Captain S. F. Bayley, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, reverts to officiating Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain P. Z. Cox, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain F. C. Webb Ware, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant O. E. Luard, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the appointment of Captain R. B. Berkeley, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class, and with effect from the 25th October 1899—

Captain S. G. Knox, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, reverts to officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Lieutenant A. D. Macpherson, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, reverts to his substantive grade of Political Assistant of the 3rd class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Major O. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, and with effect from the 31st October 1899—

Captain S. F. Bayley, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Agent of the 4th class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Captain P. Z. Cox, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 1st class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Captain S. G. Knox, Indian Staff Corps, an officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Lieutenant A. D. Macpherson, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

Notifications Nos. 935-G., 1088-G., 1341-G. and 1463-G., dated, respectively, the 9th June, 1st July, 18th August, and 8th September 1899, are hereby cancelled.

No. 1971-G.—Mr. E. G. Colvin, of the Indian Civil Service, a Resident of the 2nd class, and Revenue and Judicial Commissioner in Baluchistan, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 4th December, 1899, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 1972-G.—Captain J. Ramsay, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, a Political Agent of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, and Political Agent and Deputy Commissioner in Quetta and Pishin, is appointed to officiate as a Resident of the 2nd class and as Revenue and Judicial Commissioner in Baluchistan, with effect from the date of assuming charge, and during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. E. G. Colvin, or until further orders.

No. 1973-G.—Captain H. L. Showers, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 1st (officiating Political Agent of the 4th) class, is posted, on return from privilege leave, as Political Agent and Deputy Commissioner in Quetta and Pishin, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 1975-G.—The following promotions are made in the Resident's Escort (Nepal), with effect from the 1st December, 1899.

Jemadar Brahmdeo Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Subadar Shiuraj Singh, transferred to the pension establishment.

Havildar Bhriagu Nath Dube to be Jemadar, *vice* Brahmdeo Singh, promoted.

No. 1978-G.—Captain J. F. Whyte, Indian Staff Corps, a Political Assistant of the 3rd (officiating 2nd) class, officiated, in addition to his own duties, as a Resident of the 2nd class, and as Agent to the Governor General of India for Khorassan and Seistan, from the 16th October to the 9th December, 1899, both days inclusive, during the absence on privilege leave of Lieutenant-Colonel H. M. Temple.



**No. 3347-I.B.**—In accordance with the provisions of section 3, sub-section (2), of the Moorshedabad Act, 1891 (XV of 1891), and section 23 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897), the following draft Notification, which it is proposed to issue by virtue of the powers conferred by section 3, sub-section (1), of the Act, hereinbefore first mentioned, is published for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. It is further notified that the said draft will be taken into consideration on the twenty-third day of February 1900, together with any objections or suggestions that may have been received with respect to it before that date.

*Draft Notification.*

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3, sub-section (1), of the Moorshedabad Act, 1891 (XV of 1891), the Governor General in Council is pleased, on the written request of the Nawab Bahadur of Moorshedabad, to add the immoveable property enumerated in the following list to the First Schedule appended to the Deed of Settlement annexed to the said Act.

*List of immoveable property added to Schedule I of the Deed of Settlement annexed to Act XV of 1891.*

(TO PART 1.)

Consecutive number.	NAME OF ESTATE.	Pargana.	District.	Number of district tauzi.	Area.	Sadar jama.	Name recorded.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
18	Pargana Fatehsingh.	Fatehsingh.	Murshidabad	253	B. K. CH. 150,150 13 1	Rs. A. P. 46,307 9 0	Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad.	Thirteen annas of the pargana only belong to the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad, and the remaining three annas to his sons, Sahabzada Syed Nasir Ali Mirza and Sahabzada Syed Asif Ali Mirza. The whole of the area and whole of the Government revenue payable for the pargana have been shown in columns 6 and 7.
19	Sherpur Fatehkhan.	Fatehkhan.	Malda	224	3,642 2 4	307 9 11	Ditto	Five annas and four pies share of the entire mahal.
20	Shimgram	Sultan Ojal	Birbhum	928	657 4 12	232 7 0	Ditto	Eight annas share of the entire mahal.
21	Sainkhali	Ashodnagar	Murshidabad	1,677	59 10 8	17 15 2	Ditto	
22	Haudampur	Ditto	Ditto	586	250 6 12	236 13 9	Ditto	
23	Gholia Barhatti	Rokanpur	Ditto	1,071	230 9 10	24 6 4	Ditto	Four annas share of the entire mahal.

(TO PART 2.)

Consecutive number.	NAME OF TENURE.	Pargana.	District.	Number of district tauzi.	Area.	Annual rental payable to zamindars.	Name recorded.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
7	Kismet Bhakori	Chunakhali	Murshidabad	1,502	B. K. CH. 267 16 4	Rs. A. P. 116 13 9	Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad.	Ten annas 6 gundas 1 kara and 1 kranti share of the entire mahal. Mahal No. 1502, sadar jama Rs. 13-13-9; recorded proprietor Benowarlal Thakur.
8	Taraf Ballalpur	Kakjole	Ditto	294	13,214 3 4	3,193 0 0	Ditto	Mahal No. 294, sadar jama Rs. 1,135-0-5. The mahal is held in trust by the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad from Dorat Ali Khan, the recorded proprietor.

(To Part 8.)

Conservative number.	NAME OF MAHAL.	Mauza.	Tarif.	Fargana.	ABVAL.			Revtl. payable to zamindars per annum.	To whom rent is payable.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	Lakbiraj.	Kheraji.	Total.	9	10	11
121	Dilwarpur alias Khanpur.	Khanpur	Dilwarpur alias Khanpur.	Assadnagar	B. K. CH. 1,751 4 12½	B. K. CH. 1,751 4 12½	8	9	10	
122	Ramnagar Katkuri.	Ramnagar Katkuri.	Mallikpur	Rokanpur	125 3 12	20 0 0	145 3 12	22 8 0	Zamindar of Mallikpur.	
123	Chatter Painsbagh	Chatter Painsbagh	Shampur	Assadnagar	15 11 3	3 14 0	19 5 3	15 6 0	Wazid Hossain and Hossain Bukh.	
124	Chatter Painsbagh	Chatter Painsbagh	Shampur	Assadnagar	15 11 3	3 14 0	19 5 3	15 6 0	Wazid Hossain and Hossain Bukh.	
125	Meghtuli	Meghtuli	Ditto	Ditto	13 7 10	.....	13 7 10	.....		
126	Ramnagar	Ramnagar	Ditto	Ditto	3 5 0	.....	3 5 0	.....		
127	Bowaniapur	Bowaniapur	Ditto	Ditto	1 7 12	.....	1 7 12	2 4 3	Zamindar of Ramnagar.	
128	Shampur	Shampur	Ditto	Ditto	1 13 9	.....	1 13 9	2 3 3	Government khas mahal.	
129	Alinagar	Alinagar	Urdubazar	Ditto	.....	2 6 9	2 6 9	11 11 1½	Ditto.	
130	Katgaur	Katgaur	Ditto	Ditto	3 0 8	.....	3 0 8	.....		
131	Bazar Golan Hossain Khan.	Bazar Golan Hossain Khan.	Kumarpur	Ditto	2 14 6	6 15 12	9 9 12	49 4 6½	Government khas mahal.	Rs. A. P. 26 6 6½
132	Kokahar	Kokahar	Ditto	Ditto	2 4 11	.....	2 4 11	.....	Rs-tate Dorab Ali Khan	23 14 0
133	Kalauderbagh.	Kalauderbagh.	Ditto	Ditto	0 13 0	7 17 0	8 10 0	12 12 1	Zamindar of Kandiapur.	
134	Chawk-jama Muralpur alias Panchbagau.	Chawk-jama Muralpur alias Panchbagau.	Mallikpur	Rokanpur	.....	514 7 4	514 7 4	325 0 0	Zamindar of Mallikpur.	
135	Dargapara	Dargapara	Behrangauj	Chunathali	30 8 1	.....	30 8 1	.....		Rs. A. P. 5 8 0
136	Shabanagar.	Shabanagar.	Shabanagar	Ditto	.....	2 14 5	2 14 5	31 14 0	Rejoni Kanda Chowdhari	5 8 0
137	Elahiganj	Elahiganj	Gangarambati	Rokanpur	.....	43 19 0	43 19 0	15 0 0	Purba Chandra Labiri	4 15 0
138	Kaitaugh	Kaitaugh	Shainkuli	Assadnagar	.....	.....	.....	.....	Kali Kumar Bordhan	3 7 6
139	Rajbarpur	Rajbarpur	Rajbarpur alias Radbaugur	Shah-jadpur	.....	58 0 0	58 0 0	55 1 1	Golet Chandra Bose	1 13 7½
140	Porabati	Porabati	Rajbati	Rajbati	21 10 0	.....	21 10 0	.....	Kailas Chandra Bose	0 9 10½
									Mitu Sheikh	3 0 0
									Rejoni Kanda Chowdhari	10 0 0
									Hara Ethari Sheikh	3 8 0
									Ram Chandra Shaba.	.....
									Government khas mahal	.....

[illegible]

Total quantity of land of this garden is 996.9k., out of which 976.14k. is shown in No 22 of Part I, Schedule I.

Total quantity of land of this garden is 466. 18<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>. 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> a., out of which 176. 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> a. is shown in No. 121, Part III, Schedule I.

Total quantity of land of this garden is 646. 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> a., out of which 308. 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> a. is shown in No. 121, Part III, Schedule I.

Sl. No.	NAME OF MAHAL	MANA.	TARAF.	PARGANA.	ARZA.			Rental payable to zamindars per annum.	To whom rental payable.	Remarks.
					Lakhs.	Kheraji.	Total.			
1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
169	Bangola bagh.	Katkiola	.....	Asadnagar	B. K. CH.	B. K. CH.	B. K. CH.	Rs. A. P.		
170	Paharsingh bagh.	Karimabad	.....	Rokanpur	3 15 0	.....	3 15 0	.....		
171	Zaur bagh.	Kasba	.....	Shahjodpur	25 0 0	.....	25 0 0	.....		
172	Hariganj bagh.	Kasba	.....	Chunakuli	26 17 12	.....	26 17 12	.....		
173	Takshamir	Hariganj	.....	.....	22 17 13	.....	22 17 13	.....		
174	Durga Bhai's bagh.	Topkhana	.....	Asadnagar	4 19 8	5 7 12	10 7 4	7 1 7	Navab Zainulabdin, Khan Bahadur.	
175	Chowp bagh.	Jamshuddipur	.....	Rokanpur	64 3 9	.....	64 3 9	.....		
176	Dada Asmat bagh	Hosainabad	.....	Asadnagar	1 6 3	.....	1 6 3	.....		
		Ranjitnara	.....	Ditto	.....	32 7 18	33 7 13	19 12 0	Estate Dorab Ali Khan	Total quantity of land of this bagh is 536. 84. 94a., out of which 208. 124a. is shown in No. 121, Part III, Schedule I.
177	Begum bagh	Medhousdanbati	Kasba	Shahjodpur	11 8 0	4 8 11	15 16 11	2 0 0	Ram Chandra Sen	
178	Gaultoli	Gaultoli	Kumrapur	Asadnagar	.....	0 19 2	0 19 12	7 7 0	Pranketo Nasipuri	Re. A. P. 0 2 2
179	Kuorpara	Kuorpara	Dikarapur alias Kharpur.	Ditto	.....	0 7 13	0 7 13	0 9 0	Mathurandhan Thakacharji	0 10 8
180	Barakhana (Fatma Begum).	Barakhana	Ditto	Ditto	.....	3 11 5	0 11 5	1 4 0	Estate Rasant Ali Khan	1 3 2
181	Chandipara bagh (Nazimuddin Begum).	Chandipara	Ditto	Ditto	.....	1 7 14	1 7 14	8 3 3	Ditto	Total quantity of land of this is 62. 34a. out of which 56. 174a. 34a. is shown in No. 121, Part III, Schedule I.
182	Hata Sarangerber	Chandipara	Ditto	Ditto	.....	17 14 6	17 14 6	13 8 0	Ditto	Total quantity of land of this bagh is 26. 44. 94a., out of which 164. 114a. is shown in No. 121, Part III, Schedule I.
183	Sani Baharpara	Topkhana	.....	Ditto	.....	25 1 8	25 1 8	8 1 11	Ditto	Total quantity of land of this is 286. 74a. out of which 106. 124a. 104a. is shown in No. 121, Part III, Schedule I.
184	Basar Basanta Khajote.	Shahadnagar	Akharpur	Chunakuli	0 6 2	.....	0 6 2	.....	Ditto	
185	Bokriguli Mahalla	Kumrapur	Kumrapur	Asadnagar	3 5 0	.....	3 5 0	.....		
186	Kulnita	Kharakoti	Ditto	Ditto	4 18 2	.....	4 18 2	.....		
187	Sunkoli Muaid	Asurbhana	Urdu Bazar	Ditto	3 15 14	.....	3 15 14	.....		





Consecutive number.	NAME OF MAHAL.	Mauza.	Tasaf.	Pargana.	ABRA.			Rental payable to zamindars per annum.	To whom rental payable.	Remarks.
					Lakhiraj.	Kheraj.	Total.			
1	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
206	Taras Gobindpur .	Kuorpara Sheikpara Handanganj Sherjungpara Ranjupara mat Sindibanga Talpapuriar mat Hazolk uorer mat Jati Mohesvaripur Jisubona Kalikapur Kadankhandi Chackar mat, etc. Debipur Kirtikona Ekraganj (Sultan Gatiarab Begum).	Dilwarpur after Talguchi-Gobindapur.	Asdnagar	478 0 15	..	478 0 15	..	.....	
209	Kumrapur .		Kunorapur	Ditto	..	2 9 4	2 9 4	16 10 94	Owner of Kumrapur.	
210	Kirtikona .		..	Bokanpur	8 0 0	..	8 0 0	..	.....	
211	Ekraganj .		..	Asdnagar	9 10 10	..	9 10 10	..	.....	
212	Filkhana begm (Sultan Gatiarab Begum).		Dilwarpur	Ditto	15 17 2	6 12 15	22 10 1	16 0 0	Estate Dorab Ali Khan.	
213	Ramdaspur (Sultan Gatiarab Begum).		Huda Ramdaspur	Ditto	..	24 8 10	24 8 10	15 3 6	Zamindar of Huda Ramdaspur.	
214	Jote Patel Padmal .		Nurmohomedpur	Ditto	..	4 12 0	4 12 0	7 0 0	Ditto of Nurmohomedpur.	
215	Kamat Bhakuri .		..	Chaukhatti	15 5 14	..	15 5 14	..	.....	
216	Bhagureshi Jalur .	.....	..	Ditto	..	..	..	..	.....	It is a lakhiraj mahal, and it extends from Mabinagar to Amaniganj Koelghat, about 4 miles in length, as per Faisala of the Lakhiraj Jalur No. 9 of 1860-61 of the Murchidebad Collectorate—vide Kawa dated the 29th Falgun 1296 B.S.
217	Jote Ram Nath Pal .	Bazar Mansur Khan.	Kumrapur	Ditto	..	37 12 8	37 12 8	54 12 11	Zamindar of Kumrapur.	

## (TO PART 4.)

Consentive number.	NAME OF MAHAL.	Mauza.	Pargana.	District.	Area.			Rental payable to zamindars per annum.	To whom rental payable.	REMARKS.
					Lakhtaj.	Kharaji.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	Kamat Sberpur	Sberpur . . . . .	Sberpur Fatch-khaui . . . . .	Maida . . . . .	B. K. CH. 65 0 0	P. K. CH. .....	B. K. CH. 65 0 0	Rs. A. P. .....	.....	.....
13	26, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	.....	.....	Calcutta . . . . .	.....	0 3 10 and 14 s. ft.	0 3 10 and 14 s. ft.	1 9 8	Calcutta Collectorate	With buildings.
14	17, Elvina Row, Calcutta.	.....	.....	Ditto . . . . .	4 7 13	.....	4 7 13	...	.....	Ditto.
15	47, Park Street, Calcutta.	.....	.....	Ditto . . . . .	.....	3 14 7 and 3 s. ft.	3 14 7 and 3 s. ft.	5 4 3	Calcutta Collectorate	Ditto.
16	182, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta (Maniktola Imambars).	.....	.....	Ditto . . . . .	0 7 1	.....	0 7 1	...	.....	.....

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.  
ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Calcutta, the 22nd December, 1899.

## No. 5835-A.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

November 1899.

Lakhs of Rupees

	IN NOVEMBER		TO END OF NOVEMBER		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	Budget, 1899-1900.	Actual, 1898-99.
<b>Civil Revenue.</b>						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	70	65	11.18	11.44	28.68	28.68
Opium	52	51	4.17	3.67	0.00	5.00
Salt	77	76	5.78	0.02	8.76	9.76
Stamps	39	34	3.21	3.20	4.90	4.90
Excise	39	42	3.71	3.07	5.78	5.78
Provincial Rates	21	18	1.89	1.90	3.95	3.95
Customs	36	38	3.00	3.03	4.05	4.05
Assessed Taxes	18	17	1.21	1.22	1.51	1.51
Forest (Madras and Bombay only)	3	3	25	24	54	54
Registration	3	3	29	31	40	40
Tributes from Native States	2	2	33	30	94	94
Other Civil Revenue	30	31	2.28	2.41	3.94	3.94
<b>TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS</b>	<b>3.90</b>	<b>3.80</b>	<b>37.30</b>	<b>37.41</b>	<b>70.41</b>	<b>69.41</b>
<b>Civil Expenditure.</b>						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	-57	-57	-2.52	-2.57	-3.78	-3.78
Opium	-1	-2	-2.40	-2.10	-2.05	-2.05
Famine Relief	-9	...	-15	+3	-01	...
Other Civil Expenditure	-1.97	-1.92	-16.42	-16.19	-27.73	-26.19
<b>TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS</b>	<b>-2.64</b>	<b>-2.51</b>	<b>-21.49</b>	<b>-20.89</b>	<b>-34.77</b>	<b>-32.41</b>
<b>Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments:</b>						
[The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.]						
Post Office (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than issues)	-3	+9	+38	+8	+37	...
Forest, Marine (Net as above)	+1	+7	+4	+32	+32	+52
Military Receipts	+2	+6	+40	+48	+79	+79
Military Issues	-1.30	-1.38	-10.38	-11.00	-10.21	-10.80
Public Works Department—						
<b>Receipts.</b>						
Ordinary Branches	+9	+10	+1.70	+1.72	+24.45	+2.97
State Railways	+1.31	+1.43	+10.18	+9.85		+15.24
East Indian Railway	+45	+53	+4.17	+3.88		+5.50
Guaranteed and Subsidized Railways (Net as above)	+30	+28	+2.11	+2.47		+3.84
Telegraph	+6	+7	+88	+40	+80	+73
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>+2.21</b>	<b>+2.41</b>	<b>+18.64</b>	<b>+18.08</b>	<b>+28.90</b>	<b>+28.24</b>
<b>Issues.</b>						
Ordinary Branches	-75	-50	-4.98	-4.30	-23.51	-7.44
State Railways	-79	-95	-8.17	-7.83		-12.54
East Indian Railway	-22	-19	-1.97	-1.84		-2.99
Repayment of Guaranteed Railways surplus profits, etc.	...	-1	-32	-31		-31
Telegraph	-6	-6	-43	-44	-85	-77
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>-1.82</b>	<b>-1.71</b>	<b>-15.87</b>	<b>-14.72</b>	<b>-24.83</b>	<b>-24.04</b>
<b>TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS</b>	<b>-97</b>	<b>-46</b>	<b>-6.79</b>	<b>-6.82</b>	<b>-10.60</b>	<b>-11.34</b>
<b>Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.</b>						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than payments)	-1	...	-6	+1.09	-19	+9
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	+23	...	+33	+18	...	+11
Exchange on Remittance Accounts	-83	-56	-0.40	-5.30	-8.42	-8.74
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs 10 per £	-1.69	-96	-11.96	-10.85	-17.20	-18.94
Other debt heads (Net as above)	+1.04	+12	+1.19	+47	+44	+1.01
<b>TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS</b>	<b>-1.20</b>	<b>-1.40</b>	<b>-16.96</b>	<b>-14.41</b>	<b>-25.37</b>	<b>-25.66</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES</b>	<b>-97</b>	<b>-57</b>	<b>-7.94</b>	<b>-4.71</b>	<b>-39</b>	<b>+7</b>
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	9.80	11.84	16.77	15.98	17.07	15.98
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	8.83	11.27	8.83	11.27	10.08	16.77

## LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*The 16th December, 1899.*

No. 5729-P.—Mr V. C. Scott-O'Connor is posted as Assistant Accountant General and Inspector of Local Fund Accounts, Burma, with effect from the 5th of December, 1899.

*The 21st December, 1899.*

No. 5798-P.—The following substantive promotions and appointments are made in the Postal Department, with effect from the 28th of September, 1899:—

Mr. C. Stewart Wilson is promoted to the 1st grade, and

Mr. A. T. Forbes is appointed to the 2nd grade of Post Masters General.

J. F. FINLAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

*Fort William, the 22nd December 1899.*

## APPOINTMENTS.

## ARMY STAFF.

No. 1334.—Lieutenant-Colonel H. B. Mortimer, North Staffordshire Regiment, officiating Assistant Adjutant General on the District Staff, is confirmed in that appointment, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. Sherston, deceased. Dated 5th December 1899.

## COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 1335.—Lieutenant B. H. Ryves, 14th (The Ferozepore Sikh) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 4th October 1899.

[Joined his appointment on the 24th October 1899.]

No. 1336.—Lieutenant G. A. Hawks, 1st Regiment of Madras Infantry (Pioneers), to be Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 20th October 1899.

[Joined his appointment on the 27th November 1899.]

## MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1337.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. Young, M.B., I.M.S., to officiate as a District Principal Medical Officer, with the temporary rank of Colonel with effect from the 20th November 1899, during the absence, on leave, of Colonel J. C. G. Carmichael, M.D., Principal Medical Officer, Presidency District.

## MILITARY SECRETARIAT.

No. 1338.—Captain H. T. Kenny, and Regiment of Bombay Lancers, officiating Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General for Mobilisation, to officiate as Assistant Secretary, *vice* Captain F. G. Cardew, appointed to officiate as 2nd Deputy Secretary. Dated 2nd December 1899.

## ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 1339.—Captain H. D. Larmore, R.A., to officiate as an Ordnance Officer, 4th class, to fill an existing vacancy, with effect from the 7th December 1899.

No. 1340.—Lieutenant E. W. Plummer, R.A., to officiate as an Ordnance Officer, 4th class, to fill an existing vacancy, with effect from the 25th November 1899.

## STAFF CORPS.

No. 1341.—With reference to paragraph 6 of the Regulations published with clause 92, Indian Army Circulars, 1891, the undermentioned officers of the Unattached List are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:—

## Second Lieutenants. —

Fraser George Melliss. Dated 13th October 1899.

Charles John Gwynne Bird. Dated 28th October 1899.

Charles Richard Capel Sandys. Dated 10th November 1899.

## PROMOTIONS.

## INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

*To be Captain.*

No. 1342.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

8th December 1899.

Lieutenant Godfrey Lambert Carter.

*Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.*

4th November 1899.

Laurence Ballour Cloete.

Mervyn Robert Howe Webber.

No. 1343.—In G. G. O. No. 1314 of 1899, for Second-Lieutenant Hector Campbell read Second Lieutenant Hector Campbell.

## INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

*Bombay.*

No. 1344.—The undermentioned Military Pupils having passed their final examination are admitted into the service as fourth class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 1st October 1899:—

Leslie Ernest Ashley Emile.

Joseph Henry Arnold Donnelland.

Alfred George Lawrence.

Geoffrey Carl Rehling.

Charles Thompson.

Charles William Taylor Montgomery

## NATIVE ARMY.

No. 1345.—14th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Bahadur Rana to be Subadar, and Color Havildar Nawal Sing Rana to be Jemadar, *vice* Durga Datt, deceased, with effect from the 30th August 1899.

**No. 1346.—16th Regiment of Madras Infantry—**

Jemadar Shaikh Ismail to be Subadar, and No. 1933 Havildar Muhammad Sharif, to be Jemadar, *vice* Ibfahim Khan, transferred to the Pension establishment, with effect from the 16th October 1899.

**No. 1347.—24th Regiment of Madras Infantry—**

No. 548, Havildar Sriramula to be Jemadar, *vice* Ramdas, transferred to the Pension establishment, with effect from the 4th October 1899.

**RETIREMENTS.**

**No. 1348**—The undermentioned departmental officers with honorary rank are permitted to retire from the service with effect from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Honorary Major James Forsyth, Senior Assistant Surgeon, Indian Subordinate Medical Department (Bengal), 17th October 1899.

Honorary Captain Henry Isaac Finnermore, Senior Assistant Surgeon, Indian Subordinate Medical Department (Bengal), 11th October 1899.

Honorary Lieutenant Patrick Sweeny, Deputy Assistant Commissary, Ordnance Department (Madras), 1st November 1899.

**REWARDS.****GOOD SERVICE PENSIONS.**

**No. 1349**—On the recommendation of the Government of India, Her Majesty's Government have been pleased to confer a good service pension on the undermentioned officer, with effect from the date specified.

From the 25th July 1899, in room of General Sir H. N. D. Prendergast, K.C.B., V.C., Royal (late Madras) Engineers, succeeded to the Colonel's allowance.

MAJOR GENERAL DONALD JAMES SIM MCLEOD, C.B., D.S.O., GENERAL LIST, CAVALRY.

**Dates of Commissions.**

Cornet	20th July 1861.
Lieutenant	20th " 1862.
Brevet-Captain	20th " 1873.
Captain	4th November 1874.
Major	20th July 1881.
Lieutenant-Colonel	20th " 1887.
Colonel	12th August 1893.
Major-General	11th February 1899.

**Appointments.**

Regimental duty, 1861-64.

Aide-de-Camp to General Officer Commanding 1st class District, 1864-67.

Officiating Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, District Staff, 1867-69.

Regimental duty, 1869-70.

Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, District Staff, 1870-76.

Special duty (Quartermaster-General's Department), compiling Route Book, 1876-77.

Assistant Quartermaster-General, District Staff, 1877-81.

Deputy Quartermaster-General, Headquarters, Madras Army, 1882-88.

Regimental duty, 1888-93.

Assistant Adjutant-General, District Staff, 1893-94.

Officiating Secretary to Government, Military Department, 1894-95.

Brigadier-General Commanding the Bangalore District, 1895-97.

Brigadier-General officiating in Command of the Burma District, 1897-98.

Commanding Bangalore District, 1898 to date.

**War Services.**

**Burma Expedition, 1886-87.**—As Deputy Quartermaster-General on the staff of the Commander-in-Chief, while commanding in Burma. Despatches, *London Gazette*, 2nd September, 1887. Medal and clasp; D.S.O.

**SPECIAL.**

**No. 1350.**—With reference to Article 280, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part I, the undermentioned officers, having been absent from military duty for ten years, are transferred to the supernumerary list, with effect from the dates specified:—

Captain S. H. Godfrey, Political Assistant, 1st class, 25th April 1899.

Captain B. E. M. Gurdon, D.S.O., Political Assistant, 1st class, 26th October 1899.

Captain H. B. Peacock, Political Assistant, 2nd class, 15th December 1899.

**VOLUNTEER CORPS.****APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.****No. 1351.—1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles.—**

Lieutenant Herbert Henry Beatley to be Captain, *vice* Rogers, transferred to the Supernumerary List.

**No. 1352.—2nd (Cadet) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.—**

Lieutenant-Colonel John James Meade, V.D., to be Commandant, with effect from the 27th September 1899.

**No. 1353.—North Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.—**

Lieutenant-Colonel Stephen Finney, from the Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifles, to be Commandant, with effect from the 25th June 1899, *vice* Brackenbury, resigned.

**No. 1354.—3rd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.—**

Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph Binning, V. D., to be Commandant, with effect from the 27th September 1899.

**MARINE DEPARTMENT.****LEAVE.**

**No. 48.**—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Secretary of State for India:—

Assistant Engineer W. Madge, Royal Indian Marine, medical certificate, for one month.

**RETIREMENTS.**

**No. 49.**—Commander H. B. Hooper, Royal Indian Marine, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service with effect from the 16th September 1899.

(This cancels G. G. O. No. 36 of 1899.)

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-Genl.,  
Secretary to the Government of India.



## MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATION.

*Calcutta, the 22nd December, 1899.*

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Commissioned Officer, on the date specified, was received in the Military Department between the 2nd and 22nd December, 1899:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
Indian Staff Corps, 1st Bn, 5th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment.	Captain Charles Hugh Davies.	15th December 1899.	Chilas . .	...	...

*Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 2nd and 22nd December, 1899.*

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
Arthur Bentinck Murray.	Captain	Indian Staff Corps (10th Madras Infantry).	28th April 1894.	An unat- tested Will left.	R a. p. 197 7 3	...	Assets paid to Admi- nistrator General, Madras.
Frederick Gerald Griffiths Griffin. (a)	Captain	1st Battalion, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.	27th June 1899	Not known	315 1 6	...	21st Feb- ruary 1900.

(a) Widow—Mrs. Clara Elizabeth Griffin.  
Children—Nellie Metcalfe Griffin,  
Forrester Metcalfe Griffin,  
Gladys Metcalfe Griffin.  
Address—C/o Messrs. King, King & Co., Bombay.

P. J. MAITLAND, *Major-General,*  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

*Calcutta, the 19th December, 1899.*

No. 527.—Mr. G. H. List, Chief Engineer, 2nd Class, State Railways, and Engineer-in-Chief, North Western Railway, is permitted to retire from the service of Government under Article 720 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 27th December, 1899.

*The 21st December, 1899.*

No. 532.—Mr. J. J. Inglis is promoted from class III, grade 3, to class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, with effect from the 30th September, 1899.

Mr. Inglis will continue to officiate as District Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class II, until further orders.

F. R. UPCOTT,  
*Secretary to the Government of India.*

*The 21st December, 1899*

No. 533.—Babu Juananjan Saha, passed student, Sibpur Civil Engineering College, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as an Apprentice Engineer, with effect from the 22nd August 1899, and posted to Bengal.

*The 22nd December 1899.*

No. 535.—With reference to Notification No. 521, dated 13th instant, the service of Mr. N. F. Mackenzie, Executive Engineer, 1st grade, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

#### TELEGRAPHS.

*The 20th December, 1899.*

No. 528.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further alterations be made in the rules, under the said Act, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department (Telegraphs), No. 245, dated the 25th June, 1897, and amended by the like Notifications Nos. 63, 273, 344, 552, 186, 314 and 345, dated respectively the 10th February, the 16th June, the 27th July, the 5th December, 1898, the 28th April, the 25th July and the 14th August, 1899 :—

(1) Section II, rule 65, shall read as follows :—

*Telegraph stamps.*—Telegraph stamps are printed so as to form two distinct portions, *viz.*, the upper half and the lower half. The upper half is returned on the receipt (whereby the sender receives a guarantee that his telegram has not been suppressed for the sake of the stamps) and the lower half is affixed to the telegram as a voucher to Government that it has been prepaid. The following are the Telegraph stamps in use: one anna, two annas, four annas, eight annas, one rupee, R2, R5, R10, R25, R50. They can be purchased at all Treasuries and Government Telegraph Departmental Offices.

(2) The note to rule 92 in the same section shall be cancelled.

(3) The note to rule 88 in section III (Foreign telegrams) shall be cancelled.

(4) The note to rule 122 in section III shall be cancelled.

No. 529.—Mr. M. A. Thompson, Officiating Superintendent, class v, 2nd grade, Indian Telegraph Department, reverted to Assistant Superintendent, class VI, 2nd grade, temporary rank, with effect from the forenoon of the 28th November, 1899.

No. 530.—The services of Mr. H. Whitby Smith, Superintendent, Class V, 2nd grade, Indian Telegraph Department, are permanently transferred to the Indo-European Telegraph Department, with effect from the forenoon of the 15th December, 1899.

*The 21st December, 1899.*

No. 531.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further alteration be made in the rules, under the said Act, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department (Telegraphs), No. 245, dated the 25th June, 1897, and amended by the like Notifications Nos. 63, 273, 344, 552, 186, 314, 345, and 528, dated respectively the 10th February, the 16th June, the 27th July, the 5th December, 1898, the 28th April, the 25th July, the 14th August and the 20th December, 1899.

To rule 179 in section II (Foreign telegrams), the following shall be added, namely :—

(j) South Africa (*via* Bombay-Aden).

*The 22nd December, 1899.*

No. 534.—Mr. R. Meredith, Assistant Superintendent, Class VI, 2nd grade, Indian Telegraph Department, is promoted to Superintendent, Class V, 2nd grade, temporary rank, with effect from the 24th October, 1899.

T. HIGHAM,

*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.*



# The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 52.]

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1899.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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*Nothing for publication.*

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*Nothing for publication.*

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*Nothing for publication.*

SUPPLEMENT No. 52.

## PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### PUBLIC.

*Calcutta, the 29th December 1899.*

**No. 3038.**—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following rule be substituted for Rule 6-VI (e) of the rules to regulate the transport and importation of explosives, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1393, dated the 8th July 1897:—

**Rule 6-VI (e).**—Explosives may be carried by mixed trains on any line on which goods trains are not running, subject to the conditions that they are loaded in properly constructed powder vans; that not more than one powder van containing explosives is forwarded at any one time by a mixed train; that there are not less than three vehicles between the powder van and either the engine or the passenger coaches; that the powder van is close-coupled to the adjoining vehicles; and that directly a powder van containing explosives arrives at a section on which goods trains are running, it is detached from the mixed train.

## ESTABLISHMENTS.

*The 28th December 1899.*

No. 774.—The services of Mr. W. Maxwell of the Indian Civil Service, Officiating Post Master General, Bombay, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his present duties.

*The 29th December 1899.*

No. 776.—The services of Mr. E. H. Blakesley, of the Indian Civil Service, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

## EXAMINATIONS.

*The 29th December 1899.*

No. 783.—It is hereby notified for general information that the rules published in Home Department Notification No. 529, dated the 8th September 1899, for the regulation of appointments in the Secretariat Clerical Service of the Government of India and attached offices will not apply to the office of the Director General of Statistics when that office fills vacancies by recruitment of officers already holding clerical appointments in any Government Account office. When the office of the Director General of Statistics does not recruit in this manner, the rules will apply.

## JUDICIAL.

*The 29th December 1899.*

No. 1850.—UNDER the provisions of section 20, sub-section (2), of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased, in supersession of the Notification of this Department, No. 1079, dated the 2nd August 1890, to prescribe the following form of certificate of verification of petroleum-testing apparatus:—

This is to certify that the apparatus stamped by me with the No.                      and with the date                      and provided with                      slides marked A and B and thermometers numbered on the stem 1, 2, 3 and 4, respectively, has been verified and compared with the Model Test Apparatus kept at the Chemical Examiner's Department, Calcutta, with the following results:—

1. When slide A is used with thermometer No. 1, the apparatus records the flashing point of an oil \*
2. When slide A is used with thermometer No. 2, the apparatus records the flashing point of an oil \*
3. When slide A is used with thermometer No. 3, the apparatus records the flashing point of an oil \*
4. When slide B is used with thermometer No. 1, the apparatus records the flashing point of an oil \*
5. When slide B is used with thermometer No. 2, the apparatus records the flashing point of an oil \*
6. When slide B is used with thermometer No. 3, the apparatus records the flashing point of an oil \*
- For Viscid Oil, with extra side thermometer (cylindrical bulbed) No. 4.*
7. When slide A is used with thermometer No. 4, the apparatus records the flashing point of an oil \*
8. When slide B is used with thermometer No. 4, the apparatus records the flashing point of an oil \*

\* If the apparatus records correctly, enter here the word "correctly." If the apparatus records the flashing point above or below the truth as ascertained by comparison with the Model Test Apparatus, enter here "..... (degrees and decimals) too high" (or "too low," as the case may be).

The thermometers and aneroid barometer accompanying this apparatus have been standardised as in the attached cards.

J. P. HEWETT,  
Secretary to the Government of India.

## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

### NOTIFICATION.

#### FAMINE.

*Calcutta, the 29th December, 1899.*

No. 440—106—5.F.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment on famine duty:—

Lieutenant R. L. Morris, 3rd Regiment of Bengal Cavalry.

2nd Lieutenant H. F. M. Browne, 21st (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry.

T. W. HOLDERNESS,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Fort William, the 29th December, 1899.*

No. 3955-I.A.—Under Section 5 of the Bangalore Municipal Law, 1897, the Governor-General in Council notifies that the following buildings and lands within the limits of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore are in the exclusive possession of the Military authorities for Military purposes:—

Royal Horse Artillery Barracks.

Royal Artillery Barracks.

Camp Equipage Store.

Barrack Sergeant's Quarters.

Barrack Master's Quarters.

British Cavalry Barracks.

Station Hospital.

Military Prison.

Transport Lines.

Commissariat Sergeant's House.

Agram Fortified Post.

British Infantry Barracks.

No. 1 Section Hospital and Boyce lines in Shoolay Sappers' Barracks.

6th Madras Infantry Lines.

Military Works Department buildings.

17th Madras Infantry Lines.

Cantonment Main Guard.

Garrison Hospital.

Cantonment Hospital.

Native Hospital.

Garrison Hospital.

Garrison School.

Commissariat Buildings and Slaughter House in Nilsandra Road.

Ulsoor Water-Works.

Ulsoor Dhobie Wells.

Agram Range.

Sapper Practice Ground.

South Madras Cavalry Lines.

1st Madras Pioneers' Lines.

General Parade Ground.

Artillery Practice Ground.

Sappers' Parade Ground.

Sappers' Bridging Ground and Old Military Wells in land to the south.

High Ground between the Residency and Ali Askar Road.

Victoria Park.

B. R. Volunteers Head Quarter Office and Armoury.

No. 1999-G.—Rai Bahadur Pandit Bhag Ram, C.I.E., Judicial Assistant, Ajmer, is granted furlough for one year, under Article 371 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st January, 1900.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

#### LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

*Calcutta, the 27th December, 1899.*

No. 5850-P.—The services of Mr. W. Maxwell, Officiating Post Master General, Bombay, are replaced at the disposal of the Home Department, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his present duties.

No. 5867-P.—Mr. H. Oung is posted as Deputy Accountant General, Burma, with effect from the 14th of December 1899.

No. 5868-P.—Mr. W. B. Rostan, a Superintendent in the Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General, is appointed to act as a Supernumerary Chief Superintendent, with effect from the 5th of December 1899, and is posted to the Outside Audit Branch of the office of the Comptroller and Auditor General.

*The 28th December, 1899.*

No. 5874-P.—The following reversions and promotions of Officers of the Account Department during the month of November 1899 are notified:—

With effect from the 2nd of November 1899,

Mr. H. G. H. Keene to revert to class II,

Mr. H. Oung to revert to class III,

Mr. K. B. Wagle to revert to class IV,

Rai N. G. Basu Bahadur to revert to class V, and Mr. W. D. Woollam to revert to class VI, of the Enrolled List.



- With effect from the 4th of November 1899, Mr. F. G. H. Anderson to officiate in class II,
- Mr. W. S. Adie to officiate in class III, instead of in class II,
- Messrs. L. E. Pritchard and J. A. Robertson to revert to class IV,
- Mr. H. G. Tomkins to revert to class V, and Mr. M. K. Ghatak to revert to class VI, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the same date,

Mr. J. C. E. Branson to revert to class II, and Mr. R. A. Gamble to revert to class III, of Accountants General.

With effect from the 18th of November 1899, Mr. W. H. Michael to revert to class II, of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 20th of November 1899, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr. G. D. Pudumjee,

Messrs. L. E. Pritchard and J. A. Robertson to officiate in class III,

Mr. H. G. Tomkins to officiate in class IV, and Mr. M. K. Ghatak to officiate in class V, of the Enrolled List.

No. 5875-P.—Mr. U. L. Majumdar is posted as Assistant Accountant General, Bengal, with effect from the 21st of December 1899.

No. 5877-P.—Mr. K. L. Datta is posted as Assistant Comptroller General, with effect from the 21st of December 1899.

### STATISTICS AND COMMERCE.

#### CUSTOMS.

The 29th December, 1899.

**No. 5896-S.R.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 22 and 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), in modification of the tariff values fixed by the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894) as amended by the Indian Tariff Act (1894) Amendment Act, 1896 (III of 1896) and as further altered from time to time by notifications of the Governor General in Council, and in supersession of all previous notifications exempting any goods imported into British India from the whole or any part of the customs duties leviable thereon, the Governor General in Council is pleased to fix for the articles specified in column 2 of the schedule hereto annexed, the tariff values stated in column 4 of the said schedule.

Provided that nothing in this notification shall affect any additional duty imposed under the powers conferred by section 8A of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894) as amended by the Indian Tariff Act Amendment Act, 1899 (XIV of 1899).

### SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF).

#### GENERAL DUTIES.

No.	Names of Articles.	For	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
	<b>Animals, living.</b>		<b>R a.</b>	
1	HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, and all other living animals of all kinds	...	...	Free.
	<b>Articles of Food and Drink.</b>			
2	COFFEES	cwt	30 0	Five per cent.
3	FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, except fresh fruits and vegetables not separately enumerated, which are free—			
	Almonds without shell	"	55 0	"
	" in the shell	"	14 0	"
	" (kagazi)	"	35 0	"
	Cashew or cajoo kernels	"	12 0	"
	Cocoanuts	thousand	30 0	"
	" kernel (khopra)	cwt	12 0	"
	Currents, in cases	"	14 0	"
	" in cans	"	23 0	"
	" other	"	14 0	"
	Dates, dry, in bags	"	5 8	"
	" wet "	"	4 0	"
	" in pots and boxes	"	8 8	"
	Figs, Persian, dried	"	12 0	"

Garlic



SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
			<i>R a.</i>	
	<b>Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines, and Narcotics, and Dyeing and Tanning Materials.</b>			
10	<b>CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS—</b>			
	Acid, sulphuric . . . . .	lb	0 1½	Five per cent.
	Alkali, country (sajji-khār) . . . . .	cwt	1 8	"
	Alum . . . . .	"	4 0	"
	Arsenic . . . . .	"	21 8	"
	" China mansil . . . . .	"	12 0	"
	Bicarbonate of soda . . . . .	"	6 8	"
	Copperas, green . . . . .	"	2 10	"
	Explosives, namely, blasting gelatine, dynamite, roburite, tonite, and all other descriptions, and including detonators and blasting fuse . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Sal ammoniac . . . . .	cwt	26 0	"
	Sulphate of copper . . . . .	"	20 0	"
	Sulphur (brimstone), flour . . . . .	"	5 8	"
	" ( " ), roll . . . . .	"	5 4	"
	" ( " ), rough . . . . .	"	4 8	"
	All other sorts of chemical products and preparations, including saltpetre and borax . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
11	<b>DRUGS, MEDICINES, AND NARCOTICS—</b>			
	Aloe, black . . . . .	cwt	20 0	"
	" Socotra . . . . .	"	30 0	"
	Aloe-wood . . . . .	lb	6 0	"
	Asafetida (hing) . . . . .	cwt	65 0	"
	" coarse (hingra) . . . . .	"	25 0	"
	Atāry, Persian . . . . .	"	15 0	"
	Bānslochan (bamboo camphor) . . . . .	lb	0 5	"
	Brimstone (amalsāra) . . . . .	cwt	35 0	"
	Calumba or Colombo root . . . . .	"	7 0	"
	Camphor, Bhimsaini (tarās) . . . . .	lb	65 0	"
	" refined, cake . . . . .	"	1 6	"
	" crude, in powder . . . . .	"	0 15	"
	Cassia lignea . . . . .	cwt	28 0	"
	China root (chobohini), rough . . . . .	"	9 8	"
	" ( " ), scraped . . . . .	"	15 0	"
	Cubeba . . . . .	"	13 0	"
	Galangal, China . . . . .	"	10 0	"
	Pellitory (akalkāra) . . . . .	"	33 0	"
	Peppermint crystals . . . . .	lb	7 0	"
	Quinine and other alkaloids of chinohona . . . . .	...	...	Free.
	Salap . . . . .	cwt	100 0	Five per cent.
	Senna leaves . . . . .	"	7 0	"
	Storax, liquid (rose mellose) . . . . .	"	44 0	"
	Tobacco, unmanufactured . . . . .	...	...	Free.
	" manufactured . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
	All other sorts of drugs, medicines, and narcotics, except opium (for which see Schedule III) . . . . .	...	"	"
12	<b>DYEING AND TANNING MATERIALS—</b>			
	Alizarine dye, dry, 40 per cent . . . . .	lb	1 1	"
	" " " 50 " . . . . .	"	1 3	"
	" " " 60 " . . . . .	"	1 7	"
	" " " 70 " . . . . .	"	1 10	"
	" " " 80 " . . . . .	"	1 14	"
	" " " 100 " . . . . .	"	2 4	"
	" " liquid, 10 " . . . . .	"	0 8½	"
	" " " 16 " . . . . .	"	0 4½	"
	" " " 20 " . . . . .	"	0 6½	"
	Aniline " " indigo blue . . . . .	"	0 8½	"
	" " dry . . . . .	"	1 4	"
	" salts . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Avar bark . . . . .	cwt	4 4	"
	Buzgand (gulpista) . . . . .	"	34 0	"
	Cochineal . . . . .	lb	0 14	"
	Gallnuts (myrabolams) . . . . .	cwt	3 0	"
	" Persian . . . . .	"	85 0	"
	Madder or manjit . . . . .	"	11 0	"
	Orobilla weed . . . . .	"	4 0	"
	Sappan wood and root . . . . .	"	5 8	"
	All other sorts of dyeing and tanning materials . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"

HARDWARE.

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
<b>Metals and Manufactures of Metals.</b>				
13	<b>HARDWARE AND CUTLERY</b> , including ironmongery and plated-ware, and also including machines, tools, and implements to be worked by manual or animal labour, except water-lifts, sugar-mills, oil-presses, and parts thereof, and any other machines and parts of machines ordinarily used in processes of husbandry, or for the preparation for use or for sale of the products of husbandry which the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, exempt, also the following articles used in the manufacture of cotton, namely, bobbing (warping), forks for looms, healds, heald cords, beald knitting needles, laces, lags and needles for dobbies, pickers (buffalo and others), picking bands, picking levers, picking sticks (over and under), reed pliers, reeds, shuttles (for power looms), springs for looms, strappings, and weft forks, all of which are free	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
14	<b>MACHINERY</b> , namely, prime-movers, and component parts thereof, including boilers and component parts thereof; also including locomotive and portable engines, steam-rollers, fire-engines and other machines in which the prime-mover is not separable from the operative parts " (and component parts thereof), meaning machines or sets of machines to be worked by electric, steam, water, fire, or other power not being manual or animal labour, or which before being brought into use require to be fixed with reference to other moving parts; Provided that the term does not include tools and implements to be worked by manual or animal labour, and provided also that only such articles shall be admitted as component parts of machinery as are indispensable for the working of the machinery and are, owing to their shape or to other special quality, not adapted for any other purpose. Note.—Machinery and component parts thereof made of substances other than metal are included in this entry.	...	...	Free.
15	<b>METALS</b> , unwrought and wrought, and articles made of metals—			
	Brass, beads, ghungri, China	thousand	0 12	Five per cent.
	" foil or dānkpana, white, 10½ in. x 4½ in.	hundred leaves	1 0	"
	" foil or dānkpana, coloured, 10½ in. x 4½ in.	"	1 4	"
	" old	cwt	26 0	"
	" sheets, flat or in rolls, very thin	"	105 0	"
	" wire	lb	0 8	"
	" all other sorts	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Copper, bolt	cwt	57 0	"
	" brazier's and sheets	"	55 0	"
	" nails and composition nails	"	55 0	"
	" old	"	35 0	"
	" pigs and slabs	"	38 0	"
	" sheathing, plate, and raised bottoms	"	57 0	"
	" tiles, ingots, cakes, and bricks	"	50 0	"
	" China, white, copperware	lb	1 2	"
	" foil or dānkpana, white, 10½ in. x 4½ in.	hundred leaves	1 12	"
	" foil or dānkpana, coloured, 10½ in. x 4½ in.	"	2 0	"
	" wire, including wire of phosphor-bronze	lb	0 9½	"
	" all other sorts, unmanufactured and manufactured, except current coin of the Government of India, which is free	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Gold bullion and coin	...	...	Free.
	Gold leaf	hundred leaves	2 12	Five per cent.
	Iron, anchors and cables	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	One per cent.
	" angle, T, and channel, other than Lowmoor or Swedish	ton	180 0	"
	" angle and T, other than Lowmoor or Swedish (if galvanised)	"	190 0	"
	" channel (if galvanised)	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" bar, Lowmoor	ton	375 0	"
	" " Swedish	"	165 0	"
	" " nail-rod, also round rod under half an inch in diameter	"	170 0	"
	" " other kinds	"	115 0	"
	" " nail-rod and round rod under half an inch in diameter	"	120 0	"
	" " " (if galvanised)	"	170 0	"
	" beams, joists, pillars, girders, bridge-works, and other such descriptions of iron imported exclusively for building purposes	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"

Iron,

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
			R a.	
	<b>Metals and Manufactures of Metals—<i>contd.</i></b>			
15	<b>Metals, unwrought and wrought, and articles made of metals—<i>contd.</i></b>			
	Iron, plate and sheet, Lowmoor	ton	500 0	One per cent.
	" " " " Swedish	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" " " " and hoops, other kinds	ton	140 0	"
	" hoops, other kinds, (if galvanised)	ton	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" plate " " (if tinned)	ton	210 0	"
	" " " " (if galvanised)	cwt	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" sheets " " (lead coated)	...	10 8	"
	" " " " (if galvanised)	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" bar, hoop, plate and sheet, Lowmoor and Swedish (if galvanised)	...	"	"
	" (including angle, T, and channel) hoop, plate and sheet (tinned)	...	"	"
	" nails, rose, wire and flat-headed	cwt	10 0	"
	" " clasp	"	17 0	"
	" " other sorts (including galvanised or tinned)	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" nuts and bolts	...	"	"
	" old	cwt	2 8	"
	" pig	ton	60 0	"
	" pipes and tubes, including fittings therefor, such as bends, boots, elbows, tees, sockets, flanges, and the like	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" rails, chairs, sleepers, and fish-plates, other than those described in No. 68, also spikes (commonly known as dog-spikes), switches, crossings, lever-boxes, clips and tie-bars	...	"	"
	" rice-bowls	...	"	"
	" ridging, galvanised	cwt	12 0	"
	" rivets and washers, Lowmoor	...	20 0	"
	" " " " (if galvanised)	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" " " " other kinds	cwt	10 0	"
	" " " " (if galvanised)	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" " " " (if tinned)	...	"	"
	" wire, including fencing wire and wire rope, but excluding wire netting	...	"	"
	" all other sorts, including wire-netting	...	"	Five per cent.
	Lametta	...	"	"
	Lead, ore, galena	cwt	14 0	"
	" pig	"	12 0	"
	" pipes	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" sheets	cwt	14 0	"
	" " for tea-chests	...	"	Free.
	Orsidue and brass leaves, European	lb	1 4	Five per cent.
	" " " " China	"	0 14	"
	Patent or "yellow metal, sheathing sheets, and bolts	cwt	45 0	"
	" " " " " old	"	27 0	"
	Quicksilver	lb	1 12	"
	Shot, bird	cwt	17 0	"
	Silver bullion or coin, except current coin of the Government of India, which is free	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Steel, angle, channel and spring	...	"	One per cent.
	" bar and blooms	...	"	"
	" basic, all sorts (other than galvanised or tinned basic steel sheets)	...	"	"
	" basic, sheets (if galvanised)	...	"	"
	" " (if tinned)	...	"	"
	" beams, joists, pillars, girders, bridge-works, and other descriptions of steel imported exclusively for building purposes	...	"	"
	" cast and blistered of any kind not specified in this number	...	"	"
	" hoops	ton	155 0	"
	" " (if galvanised)	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" nails	...	"	"
	" nuts and bolts and nailrods	ton	130 0	"
	" old	...	"	"
	" pipes and tubes, including fittings therefor, such as bends, boots, elbows, tees, sockets, flanges, and the like	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" plates and sheets	ton	145 0	"
	" " " " planished	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" " " " other than basic (if galvanised)	ton	210 0	"
	" " " " (if tinned)	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" rails, chairs, sleepers, and fish-plates other than those described in No. 68, also spikes (commonly known as dog-spikes), switches, crossings, lever-boxes, clips, and tie-bars	...	"	"
	" rivets and washers	ton	210 0	"

Steel



SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
<b>Metals and Manufactures of Metals—<i>contd.</i></b>				
16	<b>METALS, unwrought and wrought, and articles made of metals—<i>contd.</i></b>			
	Steel, rivets and washers (if galvanised)	ton	810 0	One per cent.
	" " " (if tinned)	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" T-bars	ton	135 0	"
	" " (if galvanised)	...	200 0	"
	" " (if tinned)	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" wire, excluding wire-netting	...	"	"
	" wire-rope	...	"	"
	" all other sorts, including wire-netting	...	"	Five per cent.
	Tin, block	cwt	90 0	"
	" foil, China	lb	0 12	"
	" other sorts	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Zinc or spelter, nails	cwt	20 0	"
	" " plates and other shapes, soft	"	20 0	"
	" " " " " hard	"	15 0	"
	" " sheet or sheathing	"	22 0	"
	" " all other sorts	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	All other sorts of metals	...	"	"
<b>Oils.</b>				
16	<b>OILS—</b>			
	Cajuputi	quart	1 12	"
	Cassia	lb	3 4	"
	Cocunut	cwt	16 0	"
	Linseed	Imperial gallon	1 12	"
	Other sorts	ounce	15 0	"
	Petroleum, including also naptha and the liquids commonly known by the names of rock-oil, Bangoon oil, Burma oil, kerosine, paraffin oil, mineral oil, petrolina, gasoline, benzol, benzoline, benzine, and any inflammable liquid which is made from petroleum, coal, schist, shale, peat or any other bituminous substance, or from any products of petroleum	Imperial gallon	...	One anna.
	" which has its flashing point at or above two hundred degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer and is proved to the satisfaction of the Customs-Collector to be intended for use exclusively for the batching of jute or other fibre or for lubricating purposes or fuel	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
	Whale (except spermaceti) and fish	cwt	15 0	"
	Wood	"	25 0	"
	All other sorts of oil, including paraffin wax	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
<b>Other Articles, unmanufactured and manufactured.</b>				
17	<b>APPAREL, including drapery, haberdashery, and millinery, and military and other uniforms and accoutrements; but excluding cotton-hosiery (for which see No. 37) and boots and shoes (for which see No. 53) and excluding also uniforms, and accoutrements appertaining thereto, imported by a public servant for his personal use, which are free</b>	...	"	"
18	<b>ART, WORKS OF, except statuary and pictures intended to be put up in a public place, which are free</b>	...	"	"
19	<b>BAMBOOS, common, grass, hay, rushes, straw, and leaves</b>	...	"	Free.
20	<b>BEADS, of all materials except glass, for which see No. 44, and brass, for which see No. 15—</b>			
	Beads, China, Ankadana	133½ lb	27 0	Five per cent.
	" " Dagri	"	24 0	"
	" " Gudgadia	"	22 0	"
	" " Kamrakhi	"	24 0	"
	" " Lalhi	"	35 0	"
	" " Naksi	"	32 0	"
	" " Pakhavaji	"	28 0	"
	" " Sulamani	"	30 0	"
	All other sorts	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
			<i>R a.</i>	
	Other Articles, unmanufactured and manufactured— <i>contd.</i>			
21	BELTING of cotton, leather, or other material, for driving machinery . . . . .	...	...	Free.
22	Books, printed, including covers for printed books, maps, charts, and plans, proofs, music, and manuscripts . . . . .	...	...	"
23	BRISTLES AND FIBRE, for brushes and brooms . . . . .	...	...	"
24	BRUSHES AND BROOMS, all sorts . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
25	BUILDING AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS, namely, asphalt, bricks and tiles, cement of all kinds, fire-clay, earthenware piping, lime, and other kinds not otherwise described . . . . .	...	"	"
26	CABINET-WARE AND FURNITURE . . . . .	...	"	"
27	CANDLES, paraffin . . . . .	lb	0 6	"
	" spermaceti . . . . .	"	0 7	"
	" wax . . . . .	"	1 0	"
	" all other sorts . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
28	CANES AND RATTANS, ARTICLES MADE OF CANE OR RATTAN, AND BASKET WORK— Canes, Malacca . . . . .	dozen	7 0	"
	Rattans . . . . .	cwt	10 0	"
	All other sorts . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
29	CARRIAGES AND CARTS, including bicycles, tricycles, jinrikshas, Bath chairs, perambulators, trucks, wheel-barrows, and all other sorts of conveyances, and component parts thereof . . . . .	...	"	"
30	CHINESE AND JAPANESE-WARE, including lacquered-ware, but excluding earthenware, china, and porcelain (for which see No. 39) . . . . .	...	"	"
31	CLOCKS, WATCHES, and other time-keepers, and parts thereof . . . . .	...	"	"
32	COAL, COKE, AND PATENT FUEL . . . . .	...	...	Free.
33	COIR AND ARTICLES MADE OF COIR, EXCEPT CABLES AND ROPE (for which see No. 35)— Yarn of all kinds . . . . .	cwt	6 8	Five per cent.
	All other sorts . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
34	CORAL, real . . . . .	...	"	"
35	CORDAGE, ROPE, and TWINE made of any vegetable fibre— Coir, cables, tarred . . . . .	cwt	17 0	"
	" rope . . . . .	"	10 0	"
	Cordage, hemp, European . . . . .	"	25 0	"
	" Manila . . . . .	"	28 0	"
	All other sorts of cordage, rope, and twine . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
36	CORK, AND ARTICLES MADE OF CORK— Bottle-corks . . . . .	gross	1 8	"
	Vial corks . . . . .	"	0 6	"
	All other sorts . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
37	COTTON, AND ARTICLES MADE OF COTTON— " raw . . . . .	...	...	Free.
	" twist and yarn . . . . .	...	...	"
	" sewing thread . . . . .	...	...	"
	" piece-goods, hosiery, and all other manufactured cotton goods not otherwise described . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Three and one-half per cent.
38	EARTH, COMMON CLAY, AND SAND . . . . .	...	...	Free.
39	EARTHENWARE (except earthenware piping, for which see No. 25), china, china clay, porcelain, and imitation or false coral . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
40	FANS OF ALL KINDS, except common palm-leaf fans, which are free . . . . .	...	"	"
41	FIREWORKS, all sorts, including fulminating-powder . . . . .	...	"	"

FLAX

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty
			<i>R a.</i>	
	<b>Other Articles, unmanufactured and manufactured—<i>contd.</i></b>			
42	FLAX, AND ARTICLES MADE OF FLAX, including linen-thread . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
43	FURNITURE, TACKLE, AND APPAREL, not otherwise described, for steam, sailing, rowing and other vessels . . . . .	...	"	"
44	GLASS, GLASS-WARE, AND FALSE PEARLS—			
	Glass, China, all colours . . . . .	1334 lb	38 0	"
	Pearls, false, bájria . . . . .	lakh	8 0	"
	" " boria . . . . .	thousand	0 10	"
	" " janria . . . . .	lakh	6 0	"
	" " lolakh . . . . .	thousand	0 8	"
	" " nathia . . . . .	"	0 8	"
	" " táohia . . . . .	"	0 8	"
	" " wattanah . . . . .	lakh	10 0	"
	All other sorts of glass and manufactures of glass, including false pearls and glass beads . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
45	GUMS, GUM-RESINS, and articles made of gum or gum-resin—			
	Copal . . . . .	cwt	70 0	"
	Cutch and gambier . . . . .	"	14 0	"
	Gamboge . . . . .	"	0 15	"
	Gum Ammoniac . . . . .	cwt	15 0	"
	" Arabic . . . . .	"	22 0	"
	" Bdellium . . . . .	"	13 0	"
	" Benjamin . . . . .	"	40 0	"
	" Benzoin (coarse myrrh) . . . . .	"	23 0	"
	" Olibanum or frankincense . . . . .	"	...	Free.
	" Persian (false) . . . . .	cwt	9 0	Five per cent.
	" Kino . . . . .	"	10 0	"
	Myrrh . . . . .	"	28 0	"
	Rosin . . . . .	"	4 4	"
	All other sorts of gums, gum-resins, and articles made of gum or gum-resin, including caoutchouc and gutta-percha . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
46	HEMP, including Manila hemp, and articles made therefrom (except cordage, rope, and twine, for which see No. 35) . . . . .	...	"	"
47	HIDES AND SKINS (except raw or salted hides and skins, which are free)—			
	Hides, border . . . . .	each	33 0	"
	" buffalo . . . . .	score	70 0	"
	" cow . . . . .	"	60 0	"
	Skins, including parchment and vellum, gold-beaters' skins, and all other descriptions of hides or skins . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
48	HORN . . . . .	...	...	Free.
	articles made of, not otherwise described . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
49	INSTRUMENTS, APPARATUS AND APPLIANCES, and parts thereof—			
	Computing, Dental, Distilling, Diving, Drawing, Educational, Electric, Electric lighting, Galvanic, Measuring, Musical, Optical, Philosophical, Phonographic, Photographic (including materials for Photography), Scientific, Surgical, Surveying, Telegraphic, Telephonic, Typewriters, and all other sorts, except Telegraphic instruments and apparatus, and parts thereof, when imported by or under the orders of a railway company, and any instruments, apparatus and appliances when imported by a passenger as part of his personal baggage and in actual use by him in the exercise of his profession or calling, which are free . . . . .	...	"	"
50	IVORY AND IVORY-WARE—			
	Unmanufactured—			
	Elephants' grinders . . . . .	cwt	350 0	"
	Elephants' tusks (other than hollows, centres and points) each exceeding 20 lb in weight, and hollows, centres, and points each weighing 10 lb and over . . . . .	"	750 0	"
	Elephants' tusks (other than hollows, centres, and points) not less than 10 lb and not exceeding 20 lb each, and hollows, centres and points each weighing less than 10 lb . . . . .	"	650 0	"
	Elephants' tusks, each less than 10 lb (other than hollows, centres and points) . . . . .	"	500 0	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
			R a.	
	Other Articles, unmanufactured and manufactured— <i>contd.</i>			
50	IVORY AND, IVORY-WARE— <i>contd.</i>			
	Unmanufactured— <i>contd.</i>			
	Sea-cow or moya teeth, each not less than 4lb . . . . .	cwt	200 0	Five per cent.
	" " " " 3lb and under 4lb . . . . .	"	185 0	"
	" " " " less than 3lb . . . . .	"	135 0	"
	All other sorts, manufactured and unmanufactured . . . . .	...	ad valorem	"
51	JEWELLERY AND JEWELS, including plate and other manufactures of gold and silver—			
	Silver-ware, plain . . . . .	toia	1 0	"
	" " " " embossed or chased } other than European . . . . .	"	1 4	"
	All other sorts, except precious stones and pearls, unset, which are free . . . . .	...	ad valorem	"
52	JUTE, raw . . . . .	...	...	Free.
	" articles made of, except second-hand or used gunny bags, which are free . . . . .	...	ad valorem	Five per cent.
53	LEATHER, and articles made of leather, including boots and shoes, harness and saddlery, except saddlery of a military pattern imported by an officer of Her Majesty's regular forces and forming part of the equipment with which he is required to supply himself under Army Regulations, which is free . . . . .	...	"	"
54	MANURES of all kinds, including animal bones . . . . .	...	...	Free.
55	MATS AND MATTING—			
	Floor-matting, China and Singapore, of all sorts . . . . .	hundred	60 0	Five per cent.
	All other sorts, except coir-matting (for which see No. 38) . . . . .	...	ad valorem	"
56	OILCAKE, also bran, fodder, and cattle-food of all kinds . . . . .	...	...	Free.
57	OIL-CLOTH AND FLOOR-CLOTH, including lincrusta, linoleum, and tarpaulins . . . . .	...	ad valorem	Five per cent.
58	PAINTS, COLOURS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, and compositions for application to leather, wood, and metals—			
	Ochre, other than European, all colours . . . . .	cwt	1 4	"
	Paints, composition . . . . .	"	55 0	"
	" " patent driers . . . . .	"	11 0	"
	Red lead, dry . . . . .	"	14 0	"
	Turpentine . . . . .	Imperial gallon	2 6	"
	Verdigris . . . . .	cwt	70 0	"
	Vermilion, Canton . . . . .	box of 90 bundles	100 0	"
	White lead, dry . . . . .	cwt	16 0	"
	White zinc, dry . . . . .	"	25 0	"
	All other sorts, including glue and putty . . . . .	...	ad valorem	"
59	PAPER, PAPERBOARD, MILLBOARD, AND CARDBOARD of all kinds, including ruled or printed forms and account and manuscript books, labels, advertising circulars, sheet or card almanacs and calendars, Christmas, Easter, and other cards, including cards in booklet form, including also waste paper and old newspapers for packing . . . . .	...	"	"
	" articles made of paper and papier-mâché . . . . .	...	"	"
60	PERFUMERY—			
	Gowla, husked and unhusked . . . . .	cwt	40 0	"
	Kapurkachri (zedoary) . . . . .	"	12 0	"
	Patch leaves (patchouli) . . . . .	"	12 0	"
	Rose-flowers, dried . . . . .	"	14 0	"
	Rose-water . . . . .	Imperial gallon	2 0	"
	All other sorts, except perfumed spirit (for which see Schedule III) . . . . .	...	ad valorem	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
			<i>R. a.</i>	
61	Other Articles, unmanufactured and manufactured— <i>contd.</i>			
	PITCH, TAR, AND DAMMER—			
	Bitumen . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
	Dammer . . . . .	cwt	5 0	"
	Pitch, American and European . . . . .	"	7 0	"
	" coal . . . . .	"	8 8	"
	Tar, American and European . . . . .	"	6 0	"
	" coal . . . . .	"	3 8	"
	" mineral . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
62	PLANTS AND BULBS, living, also dried for herbaria . . . . .	...	...	Free.
63	PRECIOUS STONES AND PEARLS, unset (including the stones generically known as Cambay stones, such as agates, cornelians, and onyx) . . . . .	...	...	"
64	PULP of wood, sticks, rags, paper, and other materials . . . . .	...	...	"
65	PRINTING AND LITHOGRAPHING MATERIAL, namely, presses, type, ink, brass rules, composing sticks, chases, imposing tables, and lithographic stones, but not including paper . . . . .	...	...	"
66	RAGS . . . . .	...	...	"
67	RACKS for the withering of tea leaf . . . . .	...	...	"
68	RAILWAY MATERIAL for permanent-way and rolling-stock, namely, cylinders, girders and other material for bridges, rails, sleepers, bearing and fish-plates, fish-bolts, chairs, spikes, crossings, sleeper fastenings, switches, interlocking apparatus, brake gear, couplings and springs, signals, turn-tables, weigh-bridges, engines, tenders, carriages, waggons, traversers, trollies, trucks, and component parts thereof; also the following articles when imported by or under the orders of a railway company, namely, cranes, water cranes, water tanks, and standards, wire and other materials for fencing: Provided that for the purpose of this exemption "railway" means a line of railway subject to the provisions of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, and includes a railway constructed in a Native State under the suzerainty of Her Majesty, and also such tramways as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, specifically include therein . . . . .	...	...	"
69	SEEDS—			
	Castor . . . . .	cwt	6 0	Five per cent.
	Cummin . . . . .	"	17 0	"
	" black . . . . .	"	18 0	"
	Linseed . . . . .	"	6 8	"
	Methi . . . . .	"	5 0	"
	Mustard, rape or carson . . . . .	"	8 0	"
	Puppy . . . . .	"	6 8	"
	Quince, bihidána . . . . .	"	75 0	"
	Sozirá . . . . .	"	28 0	"
	Til or jinjili . . . . .	"	7 0	"
	All other sorts . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
70	SHELLS AND COWRIES—			
	Chanks—large shells, for cameos . . . . .	hundred	7 0	"
	" white, live . . . . .	"	8 0	"
	" " dead . . . . .	"	4 0	"
	Cowries . . . . .	"	0 10	"
	Cowries, bazar, common . . . . .	cwt	2 8	"
	" Maldivé . . . . .	"	5 8	"
	" sankhla . . . . .	"	70 0	"
	" yellow, superior quality . . . . .	"	6 8	"
	Mother-of-pearl, nacre . . . . .	...	...	Free
	Nakhla . . . . .	cwt	55 0	Five per cent.
	Tortoise-shell . . . . .	lb	9 0	"
	" nakh . . . . .	"	3 0	"
	All other sorts, including articles made of shell, not otherwise described . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
71	SHIPS AND OTHER VESSELS for inland and harbour navigation, including steamers, steam-launches, boats, and barges, imported entire or in sections . . . . .	...	...	Free.

SILK



SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*concl'd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*concl'd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
<b>Other Articles, unmanufactured and manufactured—<i>concl'd.</i></b>				
72	<b>SILK, AND ARTICLES MADE OF SILK—</b>		<i>R a.</i>	
	Floss . . . . .	<i>D</i>	6 8	Five per cent.
	Piece-goods . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Raw silk—			
	Bokhara . . . . .	<i>D</i>	7 8	"
	Cháhram, Coochin-China, and Yellow Shanghai . . . . .	"	4 8	"
	Mathow . . . . .	"	2 0	"
	Other kinds of China . . . . .	"	6 8	"
	Waste and Kasbra . . . . .	"	1 4	"
	Panjam . . . . .	"	1 8	"
	Persian . . . . .	"	5 0	"
	Siam . . . . .	"	2 0	"
	Produced from the tasar or other wild worm . . . . .	"	2 8	"
	Sewing thread, China . . . . .	"	8 0	"
	All other sorts, including cocoons . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
73	SOAP . . . . .	...	"	"
74	SPECIMENS ILLUSTRATIVE OF NATURAL SCIENCE, including also antique coins and medals . . . . .	...	...	Free.
75	STATIONERY, excluding paper (for which see No. 59) . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
76	STONE AND MARBLE, and articles made of stone and marble . . . . .	...	"	"
77	TALLOW AND GREASE, including stearine . . . . .	<i>awt</i>	20 0	"
78	TEA-CHESTS of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in sections, provided that the Customs-Collector is satisfied that they are imported for the purpose of the packing of tea for transport in bulk . . . . .	...	...	Free.
79	TEXTILE FABRICS not otherwise described . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
80	TOILET REQUISITES not otherwise described . . . . .	...	"	"
81	TOYS, including toy-books, and requisites for all games . . . . .	...	"	"
82	UMBRELLAS, parasols, and sunshades of all kinds . . . . .	...	"	"
83	WALKING STICKS and sticks for umbrellas, parasols, and sunshades, of all kinds, mounted and unmounted, driving, riding, and other whips, fishing rods and lines . . . . .	...	"	"
84	WOOD AND TIMBER (except fire-wood, which is free), and articles made of wood not otherwise described . . . . .	...	"	"
85	WOOL, raw . . . . .	...	...	Free.
	" articles made of, including felt . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
86	ALL OTHER ARTICLES, manufactured or unmanufactured, not described in this Schedule . . . . .	...	"	"

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

**MILITARY DEPARTMENT.***Fort William, 1st 29th December 1899.***APPOINTMENTS.****COMMISSARIAT TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.**

No. 1355.—Lieutenant-Colonel H. M. P. Hawkes, I.S.C., Commissary General for Transport, to officiate as Commissary General with effect from the 8th December 1899, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel G. Wingate, I.S.C., officiating Commissary General on special duty.

**JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.**

No. 1356.—The following appointments are made in the Judge Advocate General's Department in India:—

Lieutenant-Colonel E. Balfe, Deputy Judge Advocate General, 1st circle, Punjab Command, to be Judge Advocate General in India, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. F. Macmullen, whose tenure has expired,—

Major R. F. H. Anderson, Assistant Judge Advocate General, 4th circle, Allahabad, to be a Deputy Judge Advocate General, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel E. Balfe,—

Captain H. C. B. Dann, 10th Regiment of Bombay (Light) Infantry, to be an Assistant Judge Advocate General, *vice* Major R. F. H. Anderson,—

with effect from 20th December 1899.

**MILITARY SECRETARIAT.**

No. 1357.—Captain T. A. Harrison, Indian Staff Corps, Military Accountant, 4th class, officiating Assistant Secretary, Military Department, is confirmed in the latter appointment, *vice* Major H. F. S. Ramsden reverted to the Military Accounts Department, dated 21st November 1899.

**PERSONAL STAFF.**

No. 1358.—The Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the 10th November 1899:—

*To be Officiating Military Secretary.*

Captain R. G. T. Baker-Carr, Rifle Brigade, Aide-de-camp, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. Sandbach, Royal Engineers, proceeded to South Africa.

No. 1359.—The Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff:—

*To be Extra Aide-de-Camp.*

Lieutenant A. W. F. Knox, 5th Regiment of Punjab Infantry. Dated 5th December 1899.

**NATIVE ARMY.**

*8th (Rajput) Regiment of Bengal Infantry.*

No. 1360.—The following direct appointment is made with effect from date of joining:—  
Jaskaran Singh to be Jemadar, on probation, to fill an existing vacancy.

**COMMANDS.****STATION.**

No. 1361.—Colonel E. G. Barrow, C.B., 1st Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, to be Colonel on the Staff Commanding the Kohat Kurram Force, *vice* Colonel W. J. Vousden, V.C., who has vacated. Dated 4th December 1899.

**PROMOTIONS.****INDIAN STAFF CORPS.**

No. 1362.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

*Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants—*

*3rd July 1899.*

Robert William de Clanay Rennick.

*2nd October 1899.*

Henry Baliol Cheyne.

Frederick Francis Innes-Lillingston.

*4th November 1899.*

Bertrand Richard Moberly.

*21st November 1899.*

Theobald Mathew.

**INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.***Bengal.*

No. 1363.—Supernumerary Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Timothy Baptist to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Isaac Burns to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

First class Assistant Surgeon George Garstin to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to Her Majesty's approval;

With effect from 26th September 1899, consequent on the retirement of Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain R. F. Knight.

**RETIREMENTS.**

No. 1364.—Major Leonard Hugh Vidal, Indian Staff Corps, (temporary half pay) has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service with effect from the 17th November 1899, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

## VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND  
RESIGNATIONS.No. 1365.—*Gorakhpore Light Horse*—

Farquhar Mackinnon, Gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant with effect from the 1st November 1899, *vice* Stuart transferred to the Supernumerary List.

No. 1366.—*Oudh Light Horse*—

Second Lieutenant Theodore Alban Henry Way resigns his commission.

No. 1367.—*1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles*—

Second Lieutenant Arthur Evill to be Lieutenant, *vice* P. A. Raynor retired.

Robert William Hodges, Gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* Evill promoted.

No. 1368.—*1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles*—

James Frederick Simmons, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant with effect from the 7th October 1899, to complete the establishment.

Alfred Leslie Hall, Gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant with effect from the 7th October 1899, to complete the establishment.

No. 1369.—*2nd (Cadet) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles*—

George Edward Marklew, Gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant with effect from the 25th November 1899, *vice* Barker resigned.

No. 1370.—*East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles*—

Second Lieutenant Bertram Vernon Radley, to be Lieutenant with effect from the 14th June 1899, *vice* Duffill promoted.

Augustus Baldwin Baker Whaley, Gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant with effect from the 14th June 1899, *vice* Radley promoted.

No. 1371.—*Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifles*—

Major Alfred Edward Adie, V.D., is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

No. 1372.—*Burma Railways Volunteer Corps*—

Henry Arthur Foy, Gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* Barrie promoted.

No. 1373.—*South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles*—

Lieutenant Daniel Grant McConechy, to be Captain, *vice* Bell transferred to the Supernumerary List.

Second Lieutenant Samuel Joseph Mercer, to be Lieutenant, *vice* McConechy promoted.

No. 1374.—*Malabar Volunteer Rifles*—

Lieutenant Douglas Norman Morison resigns his commission.

## MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 1375.—His Excellency the Governor General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the under-mentioned officers of the Indian Volunteer Force who have been duly recommended for the same under the Royal Warrant of the 24th May 1894 (India Army Circulars of 1894, clause 101):—

*Naini Tal Volunteer Rifles.*

Major Robert James Alfred Seymour Elliott.

*Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifles.*

Major Walter Raleigh Haughton.

## MARINE DEPARTMENT.

## APPOINTMENTS.

No. 50.—The following appointments to the Royal Indian Marine have been made by the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 7th November 1899:—

*To be Sub-Lieutenants.*

Hubert Mainwaring Keir Moilliet.

\*William Henry Farrington Warren.

Charles Richard Goad.

\* Subject to passing a Medical Board.

P. J. MAITLAND, Major-Genl.,

Secretary to the Government of India.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 29th December, 1899.

No. 537.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (s) of the second schedule to the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that crude India rubber shall be added to the said schedule.



*The 23rd December, 1899.*

No. 536.—The following is published for general information—

No. 1265 R. T.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

*Calcutta, the 20th December 1899.*

### General Rules of 1895 for working railways open for traffic.

#### READ—

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895—the Government of India circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, and the General Rules therewith promulgated for all open lines of railway in British India administered by the Government.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, and the amended rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 55, dated the 5th February 1897, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th February 1897—the Government of India circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 3, dated the 5th January 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 8th January 1898—the Government of India circular No. 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, and the addenda and corrigenda to Appendix B, Part II, of the rules therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 32, dated the 28th January 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 29th January 1898—the Government of India resolution No. 84 R. T., dated the 25th January 1898, sanctioning the adoption on the railways worked by the Bengal and North-Western and Qudh and Rohilkhand railway administrations of an amended rule No. 110 of Part I of the General Rules referred to.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 104, dated the 10th March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 12th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. 1 Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule III, Appendix A, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 26th March 1898—the Government of India circular No. III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, and the amended rules 231 and 232 of Part I, therewith promulgated.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 418, dated the 13th September 1898, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 17th September 1898—the Government of India resolution No. 961 R. T., dated the 5th September 1898, sanctioning the adoption on such portions of the North Western railway and of the railways worked by it as are situate in British territory of the amended rule No. 110 of Part I of the open line General Rules read above.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 197, dated the 5th May 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 6th May 1899—the Government of India circular No. I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 6-XIX, Appendix B, Part II, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 298, dated the 14th July 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 15th July 1899—the Government of India circular No. V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, and the modification therewith promulgated of rule 14, Chapter III, and rule II (4), Appendix A, Part II, of the rules.

Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 517, dated the 7th December 1899, publishing—in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 9th December 1899—the Government of India circular No. X Railway, dated the 1st December 1899, and the addendum therewith promulgated to rule 2-III(2), Appendix B, Part II, of the rules.

Letter from the Director of Railway Traffic, No. 1140 R. T., dated the 18th November 1899.

**OBSERVATIONS.**—The Director of Railway Traffic has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in British India, which have been published under the Government of India, Public Works Department, notification No. 118, dated the 21st March 1895 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd March 1895), as modified by the Government of India circulars Nos. 3 Railway, dated the 22nd May 1896, 3 Railway, dated the 3rd February 1897, 12 Railway, dated the 9th December 1897, resolution No. 84 R. T., dated the 25th January 1898, and circulars Nos. I Railway, dated the 3rd March 1898, III Railway, dated the 15th March 1898, I Railway, dated the 26th April 1899, V Railway, dated the 3rd July 1899, and X Railway, dated the 1st December 1899, which were published under Public Works Department notifications Nos. 257, dated the 28th May 1896, 55, dated the 5th February 1897, 3, dated the 5th January 1898, 32, dated the 28th January 1898, 104, dated the 10th March 1898, 134, dated the 23rd March 1898, 197, dated the 5th May 1899, 298, dated the 14th July 1899, and 517, dated the 7th December 1899 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 30th May 1896, 6th February 1897, 8th January 1898, 29th January 1898, 12th March 1898, 26th March 1898, 6th May 1899, 15th July 1899, and 9th December 1899), may be made applicable to the Toba Tek Singh-Khanewal section of the Lyallpur-Khanewal extension of the Wazirabad-Lyallpur railway.

**RESOLUTION.**—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules for working railways open for traffic which may, for the time being and hereafter from time to time, be in force on the North Western (State) railway, to the Toba Tek Singh-Khanewal section of the Lyallpur-Khanewal extension of the Wazirabad-Lyallpur railway, with effect from the date or dates on which the said section or portions thereof may be opened for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods.

**ORDER.**—Ordered that this resolution be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, also that the General Rules cited in the foregoing observations—which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*—be kept at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section.

Ordered, also, that this resolution be communicated to the Manager, North Western (State) railway, for information and guidance.

F. R. UPCOTT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

